

1 offshore lease sales, the Gulf continues to be the nation's primary offshore source of oil and
2 gas, generating about ninety-seven percent of all United States Outer Continental Shelf oil
3 and gas production and since 2017, Gulf of Mexico lease sales have generated more than one
4 trillion dollars from offshore leasing; and

5 WHEREAS, since 1953, the United States Secretary of the Interior has been required
6 by law to prepare a five-year plan to set a schedule for oil and gas leases in United States
7 offshore waters based on a lengthy, multi-year regulatory process with multiple stages for
8 public comment, input, and consultation; and

9 WHEREAS, the Obama administration issued a five-year-plan for oil and gas leasing
10 that expires on July 1, 2022, which includes two remaining lease sales for the Gulf of
11 Mexico, Lease Sale 259 and Lease Sale 261; and

12 WHEREAS, the United States Department of Interior missed the deadline to issue
13 a notice of sale for Gulf of Mexico Lease Sale 259 in order to meet the expiration of the
14 current five-year plan; and

15 WHEREAS, on January 27, 2021, President Biden signed Executive Order 14008,
16 "Tackling the Climate Crisis" declaring a pause on leasing on federal lands and waters,
17 including the Outer Continental Shelf of the Gulf of Mexico; and

18 WHEREAS, the United States District Court issued a preliminary injunction on the
19 leasing pause and ordered federal oil and gas lease sales to proceed on June 15, 2021; and

20 WHEREAS, the Department of Interior held Lease Sale 257 on November 17, 2021;
21 however, on January 27, 2022, a ruling by the United States District Court for the District
22 of Columbia invalidated the sale and required the Department of Interior to reassess the
23 environmental impacts of Lease Sale 257; and

24 WHEREAS, the Department of Interior is not appealing the court ruling and
25 therefore there is no indication that leases will be awarded to the offshore companies from
26 Lease Sale 257; and

27 WHEREAS, there is no indication that the federal government will hold another Gulf
28 of Mexico offshore lease sale for the duration of the Biden administration's term and there
29 is no indication that the Department of Interior is working on the next five-year plan; and

30 WHEREAS, according to the most recent federal data, although U.S. crude output

1 fell slightly with a drop of nearly thirteen and one-half percent in offshore Gulf of Mexico
2 production from December 2019 through December 2021, the demand for oil climbed nine
3 and four-fifth percent from a year earlier; and

4 WHEREAS, oil and gas production in the Gulf of Mexico is the only reliable source
5 of funding for Louisiana's coastal programs such as the Gulf of Mexico Energy Security Act
6 that allows the Gulf states to share in offshore revenue generated from offshore oil activity
7 including bonus bid revenue; and

8 WHEREAS, over the past five years Louisiana approximately has received between
9 one hundred sixty million dollars and four hundred seven million dollars from bonus bids
10 alone; and

11 WHEREAS, it is estimated that in 2021 the state of Louisiana lost approximately
12 twenty to forty million dollars due to the cancelled lease sales and lost bonus bid revenue;
13 and

14 WHEREAS, Louisiana depends on Gulf of Mexico Energy Security Act revenues
15 to fund a fifty billion dollar coastal restoration plan; and

16 WHEREAS, delaying or cancelling Gulf of Mexico leasing negatively impacts
17 federal and state revenue, as well as Louisiana businesses and jobs; and

18 WHEREAS, drilling contractors will see impacts, dropping as many as twenty-five
19 percent of the remaining Gulf of Mexico rigs over the next several years, in addition to the
20 network of staff, supply boats, and other vendors that support and maintain drillships that
21 equates to roughly one thousand jobs per rig; and

22 WHEREAS, the Gulf of Mexico is the safest and cleanest oil produced anywhere in
23 the world; and

24 WHEREAS, halting domestic energy development in one of the lowest carbon
25 intensive energy producing regions in the world to shift production and capital investment
26 overseas undermines decades of environmental progress; and

27 WHEREAS, a 2016 Obama administration study conducted by Bureau of Ocean
28 Energy Management concluded that America's greenhouse gas emissions will be little
29 affected by leasing decisions on the bureau's offshore leasing program and could in fact
30 result in an increase of greenhouse gas emissions in the absence of new Outer Continental

