
The original instrument and the following digest, which constitutes no part of the legislative instrument, were prepared by Jerry J. Guillot.

DIGEST

Present constitution, relative to levee districts, authorizes the legislature to provide by law for the consolidation, division, or reorganization of existing levee districts or create new levee districts.

Proposed constitutional amendment retains present constitution and additionally authorizes the legislature to establish a regional flood protection authority and regions therein as authorized in proposed constitutional amendment.

Present constitution requires that the members of the board of commissioners of a district heretofore or hereafter created be appointed or elected from among residents of the district, as provided by law.

Proposed constitutional amendment retains present constitution, but provides that the district residence requirement shall not apply to any levee district within the territorial jurisdiction of a regional flood protection authority.

Present constitution provides that a levee district whose flood control responsibilities are limited to and which is situated entirely within one parish may be consolidated and merged into such parish under the terms and conditions and in the manner provided in Art. VI, Sec. 16 of the Constitution. Proposed constitutional amendment retains that authority for any levee district, not subject to the governing authority of a regional flood protection authority.

Proposed constitutional amendment authorizes the legislature, by law, to establish a regional flood protection authority for the purpose of constructing and maintaining levees, levee drainage, flood protection, hurricane flood protection and provide for its territorial jurisdiction, governing authority, powers, duties, and functions.

Provides that:

1. The governing authority of an authority may levy annually a tax on the dollar of the assessed valuation of all taxable property situated within the territorial jurisdiction of the authority. Requires that the necessity and the levy and rate of the tax, or any increase thereof, be submitted to the electors within the authority, and provides that the tax or increase shall take effect only if approved by a majority of the electors voting thereon in an election held for that purpose.
2. The governing authority of the authority may levy annually a tax on the dollar of the assessed valuation of all taxable property situated within the territorial jurisdiction of any region of the authority. Requires that the necessity and the levy and rate of the tax, or any increase thereof, be submitted to the electors within the region, and provides that the tax

or increase shall take effect only if approved by (a) a majority of the electors voting thereon within the region and (b) at least 75% of the parishes in the region, by a majority of electors voting in each parish, in an election held for that purpose.

Present constitution establishes the Wetlands Conservation and Restoration Fund and provides that the money in the fund may be appropriated for purposes consistent with the Wetlands Conservation and Restoration Plan developed by the Wetlands Conservation and Restoration Authority, or its successor. Further, no appropriation shall be made from the fund inconsistent with the purposes of the plan. Proposed constitutional amendment (Act 69 of 2005 1ES) pending vote of electorate on April 29, 2006 redesignates the fund as the Coastal Protection and Restoration Fund and provides that the money in the fund may be appropriated for purposes consistent with the Coastal Protection Plan developed by the Coastal Protection and Restoration Authority, or its successor. Further, no appropriation shall be made from the fund inconsistent with the purposes of the plan.

Proposed constitutional amendment provides that notwithstanding Art. VII, Sec. 10.2(D) of the Constitution, the legislature may appropriate to the authority up to \$500,000 annually from the Coastal Protection and Restoration Fund.

Proposed constitutional amendment provides that no action taken under proposed constitutional amendment shall impair the obligation of outstanding bonded indebtedness or of any other contract of a levee district.

Present constitution provides that:

1. Subject to State Bond Commission approval, the governing authority of a levee district may fund the proceeds of its taxes or other revenues into bonds or other evidences of indebtedness; with proceeds therefrom being used for the levee district purposes or for funding or payment of any outstanding indebtedness; provided that such bonds be sold as provided by law. (Art. IV, Sec. 40)
2. The governing authority of any levee district may cooperate with the federal government in constructing and maintaining levees in this state, under terms and conditions provided by the federal authorities and accepted by the governing authority. (Art. IV, Sec. 41)
3. Except for transfers provided for in Terrebonne Parish, lands and mineral interests of a levee district shall not be lost by prescription. (Art. IX, Sec. 4)

Proposed constitutional amendment provides that when "levee district" is used in Article VI, Secs. 40-41 and in Articles VII and IX of the Constitution, it includes a regional flood protection authority.

Present constitution provides that for the purpose of constructing and maintaining levees, levee drainage, flood protection, hurricane flood protection, and for all other purposes incidental thereto, the governing authority of a levee district may levy annually a tax not to exceed five

mills, except the Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District, which may levy annually a tax not to exceed two and one-half mills, on the dollar of the assessed valuation of all taxable property situated within the alluvial portions of the district subject to overflow.

Proposed constitutional amendment provides that for the purpose of constructing and maintaining levees, levee drainage, flood protection, hurricane flood protection, and for all other purposes incidental thereto, the governing authority of a levee district existing on the effective date of proposed constitutional amendment, or created thereafter outside of the territorial jurisdiction of the authority, may levy annually on the dollar of the assessed valuation of all taxable property situated within the alluvial portions of the district subject to overflow a tax not to exceed five mills or the maximum millage authorized for such district as of such date, except that the Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District, or its successor, may levy annually a tax not to exceed two and one-half mills or the maximum millage authorized for such district as of such date. Further, no provision of this Paragraph shall be construed or interpreted to make the taxes or other revenue of a levee district payable for the liability of another levee district or for any liability of a regional flood protection authority when acting on behalf of another levee district.

Specifies submission of the amendment to the voters at the statewide election to be held on April 29, 2006.

(Amends Const. Art. VI, Sec. 38(A) and 39(A) and adds Const. Art. VI, Sec. 38.1)