
The original instrument was prepared by J. Ashley Mitchell Carter. The following digest, which does not constitute a part of the legislative instrument, was prepared by Tim Prather.

SB 84 Engrossed

DIGEST
2016 Regular Session

Gatti

Present law provides that the appointing authority will discharge from service any employee whom he deems guilty of violating any one or more of the provisions of present law. The civil service board (board) may, upon its own initiative, investigate any officer or employee in the classified service whom it reasonably believes guilty of violating any one or more of the provisions of present law. Any citizen, taxpayer, municipal officer, or employee may file with the board detailed charges in writing against any employee in the classified service for violating any one or more of the provisions of present law.

Present law provides that the board will, within 30 days after receiving the written charges, hold a public hearing and investigation and determine whether such charges are true and correct. If the board finds upon its investigation of any employee that he has violated any of the provisions of present law, the board will order the appointing authority to discharge the guilty employee from the service and the appointing authority will discharge the employee.

Present law provides that whoever violates present law will be subject to the penalties provided in present law. In addition any employee in the classified service who is discharged because of violating present law will not be eligible for employment or public office in the classified service for a period of six years from the time of his discharge.

Proposed law provides that the appointing authority will conduct an investigation of any person alleged to have violated present law, unless a request by the appointing authority is made to the board to conduct such an investigation. If as a result of such investigation the employee is determined to be guilty of violating one or more provisions of present law, he will be suspended for 30 work days without pay for a first violation or discharged for a second violation. However, any employee found to have violated present law, relative to being a candidate for nomination or election to public office, will be terminated upon the determination of a violation of the offense.

Proposed law provides that the board may, upon its own initiative, or upon the request of the appointing authority, investigate any officer or employee in the classified service whom it reasonably believes guilty of violating any one or more of the provisions of present law. Any citizen, taxpayer, municipal officer, or employee may file with the board detailed charges in writing against any employee in the classified service for violating any one or more of the provisions of present law.

Proposed law provides that the board will, within 30 days after receiving the written charges, hold a public hearing and investigation and determine whether such charges are true and correct. If the board should find upon its investigation of any employee that he has violated any of the provisions of present law, the board will order the appointing authority to suspend the employee without pay

for 30 work days for a first violation and mandate educational training on prohibited political activities. If the board determines an employee has violated any of the provisions of present law a second time, the board will order the discharge of the employee from the service and the appointing authority will discharge the employee.

Proposed law provides that whoever is found to have violated present law twice will be subject to the penalties provided in proposed law. In addition, any employee in the classified service who is discharged because of violating present law will not again be eligible for employment or public office in the classified service for a period of six years from the time of his discharge.

Effective August 1, 2016

(Amends R.S. 33:2504(B) and (C) and 2564(B) and (C))

Summary of Amendments Adopted by Senate

Committee Amendments Proposed by Senate Committee on Senate and Governmental Affairs to the original bill

1. Provides that an appointing authority will conduct an investigation of any civil servant violating present law, unless the appointing authority requests the civil service board to conduct the investigation.
2. Provides penalties for first and second violations of present law.
3. Provides for termination of any civil servant for being a candidate for nomination or election to public office.