Health Care. Provides for certain requirements which must be met by a physician who performs an abortion. (gov sig)

**AN ACT**

To amend and reenact R.S. 40:1299.35.1(7), 1299.35.2(A), and 1299.35.19(introductory paragraph) and (1) and to enact R.S. 40:1299.35.2.1, relative to abortions; to amend the definition of "physician"; to provide for certain requirements which must be met by a physician who performs an abortion; to provide for drugs or chemicals used; to provide for penalties; and to provide for related matters.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:

Section 1. R.S. 40:1299.35.1(7), 1299.35.2(A), and 1299.35.19(introductory paragraph) and (1) are hereby amended and reenacted and R.S. 40:1299.35.2.1 is hereby enacted to read as follows:

§1299.35.1. Definitions

As used in R.S. 40:1299.35.0 through 1299.35.19, the following words have the following meanings:

* * *

(7) "Physician" means a person licensed to practice medicine in the state of Louisiana who meets the requirements of R.S. 40:1299.35.2.

* * *
§1299.35.2. Abortion by physician; determination of viability; ultrasound test required; exceptions; penalties

A. Physician requirement. No person shall perform or induce an abortion unless that person is a physician licensed to practice medicine in the state of Louisiana and is board certified or eligible in obstetrics and gynecology. Any outpatient abortion facility that knowingly or negligently employs, contracts with, or provides any valuable consideration for the performance of an abortion to in an outpatient abortion facility by any person who is not a physician licensed to practice medicine in the state of Louisiana, does not meet the requirements of this Section is subject to having its license denied, non-renewed, or revoked by the Department of Health and Hospitals in accord with R.S. 40:2175.6.

§1299.35.2.1. Drugs or chemicals used; penalties

A. When any drug or chemical is used for the purpose of inducing an abortion as defined in R.S. 40:1299.35.1(1), the physician who prescribed the drug or chemical shall be in the same room and in the physical presence of the pregnant woman when the drug or chemical is initially administered, dispensed, or otherwise provided to the pregnant woman.

B. Any person who knowingly performs or attempts to perform an abortion without complying with the requirements of this Section shall be subject to penalties pursuant to R.S. 40:1299.35.19. No penalty may be assessed against the woman upon whom the abortion is performed or attempted to be performed.

§1299.35.19. Penalties

Whoever violates the provisions of this Part shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars per incidence or occurrence, or imprisoned for not more than two years, or both. In addition to whatever remedies are otherwise available under the law of this state, failure to comply with the provisions of this Part shall:

Coding: Words which are struck through are deletions from existing law; words in boldface type and underscored are additions.
(1) Provide a basis for a civil malpractice action. Such action may be brought by the woman on whom the abortion was performed, the natural or biological father of the unborn child, or the maternal grandparents of the unborn child. Any intentional violation of this Part shall be admissible in a civil suit as prima facie evidence of a failure to comply with the requirements of this Part.

When requested, the court shall allow a woman to proceed using solely her initials or a pseudonym and may close any proceedings in the case and enter other protective orders to preserve the privacy of the woman upon whom the abortion was performed.

* * *

Section 2. If any provision or item of this Act, or the application thereof, is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions, items, or applications of the Act which can be given effect without the invalid provision, item, or application and to this end the provisions of this Act are hereby declared severable.

Section 3. This Act shall become effective upon signature by the governor or, if not signed by the governor, upon expiration of the time for bills to become law without signature by the governor, as provided by Article III, Section 18 of the Constitution of Louisiana. If vetoed by the governor and subsequently approved by the legislature, this Act shall become effective on the day following such approval.

The original instrument and the following digest, which constitutes no part of the legislative instrument, were prepared by Christopher D. Adams.

DIGEST

Mills (SB 90)

Present law defines a "physician" to mean a person licensed to practice medicine in the state of Louisiana.

Proposed law amends present law to define a "physician" to mean a person licensed to practice medicine in the state of Louisiana and is board certified or eligible in obstetrics and gynecology.

Proposed law provides when any drug or chemical is used for the purpose of inducing an abortion as defined in present law, the physician who prescribed the drug or chemical shall be in the same room and in the physical presence of the pregnant woman when the drug or chemical is initially administered, dispensed, or otherwise provided to the pregnant woman.

Proposed law provides any person who knowingly performs or attempts to perform an abortion without complying with proposed law shall be subject to penalties pursuant to present law. No penalty may be assessed against the woman upon whom the abortion is
performed or attempted to be performed.

Present law provides whoever violates the provisions of present law shall be fined not more than $1,000, or imprisoned for not more than two years, or both. In addition to whatever remedies are otherwise available under the law of this state, failure to comply with the provisions of present law shall provide a basis for a civil malpractice action. Any intentional violation of present law shall be admissible in a civil suit as prima facie evidence of a failure to comply with the requirements of present law. When requested, the court shall allow a woman to proceed using solely her initials or a pseudonym and may close any proceedings in the case and enter other protective orders to preserve the privacy of the woman upon whom the abortion was performed.

Proposed law amends present law to whoever violates the provisions of present law shall be fined not more than $1,000 per incidence or occurrence, or imprisoned for not more than two years, or both. In addition to whatever remedies are otherwise available under the law of this state, failure to comply with the provisions of present law shall provide a basis for a civil malpractice action. Such action may be brought by the woman on whom the abortion was performed, the natural or biological father of the unborn child, or the maternal grandparents of the unborn child. Any intentional violation of present law shall be admissible in a civil suit as prima facie evidence of a failure to comply with the requirements of present law. When requested, the court shall allow a woman to proceed using solely her initials or a pseudonym and may close any proceedings in the case and enter other protective orders to preserve the privacy of the woman upon whom the abortion was performed.

Effective upon signature of the governor or lapse of time for gubernatorial action.

(Amends R.S. 40:1299.35.1(7), 1299.35.2(A), and 1299.35.19(intro para) and (1) and adds R.S. 40:1299.35.2.1)

Summary of Amendments Adopted by Senate

Committee Amendments Proposed by Senate Committee on Health and Welfare to the original bill

1. Deletes requirement that the attending physician give certain written instructions to pregnant woman regarding follow-up visit and the requirement relative to medical records notation.

2. Removes negligence as a cause for penalties for non-compliance or attempted non-compliance with the requirements regarding drugs or chemicals to induce an abortion.

3. Technical change.