

Existing law provides for an intensive incarceration program.

Prior law provided that a defendant in a felony case may be ordered to serve not more than six months in the intensive incarceration program.

Prior law provided that a defendant who is placed on probation by the drug division probation program and whose probation is revoked for a technical violation may be required to serve not more than six months in the intensive incarceration program.

New law retains prior law except it increases the length of time a person may be ordered to participate in the program from not more than six months to not more than one year.

Effective Aug. 1, 2014.

(Amends C.Cr.P. Arts. 895(B)(3) and 900(A)(6)(a))