

## HOUSE SUMMARY OF SENATE AMENDMENTS

**HB 887**

**2016 Regular Session**

**Steve Carter**

SCHOOLS: Creates a residential school for certain at-risk students in grades six through twelve

### Synopsis of Senate Amendments

1. Add that the school shall be considered a public school for purposes of receiving funding through the minimum foundation program (MFP) in the same manner as for other public schools as contained in the MFP budget letter approved by BESE and the school shall also be eligible to receive such other funding as may be specifically appropriated by the legislature.
2. Delete proposed law that provided that funding for the school shall come from legislative appropriation made directly to the school or through funds appropriated for the MFP, or both.
3. Add that no student shall be enrolled without the written consent of the student's parent or legal guardian.

### Digest of Bill as Finally Passed by Senate

Proposed law establishes an independent, residential, public school (Thrive Academy) in Baton Rouge as a pilot school for certain at-risk students in grades six through 12. Provides for the enrollment of "at-risk" students who meet at least one of the following:

- (1) Is eligible for health benefits under Medicaid.
- (2) Is in the eighth grade or below and is reading two or more grade levels below grade level as determined by any test required pursuant to present law.
- (3) Has a documented history of truancy.
- (4) Is in foster care pursuant to placement through the Dept. of Children and Family Services.
- (5) Meets the criteria for a homeless student as defined in the federal McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act.
- (6) Is referred by a teacher, counselor, or principal.

Proposed law provides for a board of directors for the school and provides for membership and terms. Provides that the members shall not receive any compensation. Provides for powers and duties of the board including but not limited to adopting necessary rules, regulations, and policies for the operation of the school, annually preparing and adopting a formula to adequately fund the educational programs at the school, awarding certificates and issuing diplomas, determining student eligibility with preference given to students with the greatest need, and selecting a director for the school.

Proposed law provides that the director shall be the chief administrative officer and shall administer the rules, regulations, and policies adopted by the board. The director shall be responsible for all the administrative functions, duties, and needs of the board including but not limited to preparing an annual budget, exercising budgetary responsibility and allocating funds appropriated for the school, developing a student handbook, and determining faculty and staff positions.

Proposed law requires the board to create an advisory panel to advise and provide assistance to the board on matters affecting the school as determined by the board. Provides for panel membership to consist of a representative from each local public school system that has entered into an agreement with the board for the enrollment of a student who otherwise would have attended school in the local public school system.

Proposed law provides that the school shall be considered a public school for purposes of receiving funding through the minimum foundation program (MFP) in the same manner as for other public schools as contained in the MFP budget letter approved by BESE and the school shall also be eligible to receive such other funding as may be specifically appropriated by the legislature. Permits the board to accept federal and private funds.

Proposed law provides that the school shall offer extracurricular activities. Provides that the East Baton Rouge Parish public school system shall, to the extent practicable, allow the students of the school to participate in any extracurricular activities the system may offer which the school cannot. Further provides that students shall be eligible to participate in any extracurricular activity at a nonpublic school that is located within the attendance zone of the school provided that such nonpublic school is approved by the State Bd. of Elementary and Secondary Education.

Proposed law provides that the school shall be subject to the same laws, rules, regulations, and other requirements applicable to public schools as specifically provided for in present law (relative to charter schools).

Effective July 1, 2017, except that proposed law relative to the creation and functions of the board of directors is effective October 1, 2016.