

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL OFFICE Fiscal Note

Fiscal Note On: **HB** 360 HLS 17RS

997

Bill Text Version: **ENGROSSED**

Opp. Chamb. Action:

Proposed Amd.: Sub. Bill For.:

Date: May 15, 2017 5:37 PM **Author:** IVEY

Dept./Agy.: Revenue

Subject: Single Tax Rate On Business Net Income Analyst: Greg Albrecht

TAX/CORP INCOME EG INCREASE GF RV See Note Page 1 of 1

Levies a flat tax on business income and provides relative to business entities subject to the tax

<u>Proposed law</u> levies a single 6% or 6.5% tax rate on corporate net income, including partnerships and S-corporations that flow their income through to individuals. This pass-through income would be excluded from tax at the individual level.

Applicable to all tax periods beginning on and after January 1, 2018. The single 6% tax rate is contingent upon adoption of a constitutional amendment proposed in an unspecified House bill of this session, otherwise the 6.5% single tax rate is effective.

Contingent upon adoption of a constitutional amendment proposed in an unspecified House bill of this session, as well as adoption of a constitutional amendment proposed in House Bill 356 of this session, and enactment of House Bills 357, 358, 359, 361, 362, 363, and 364 of this session.

EXPENDITURES	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	5 -YEAR TOTAL
State Gen. Fd.	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Agy. Self-Gen.	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Ded./Other	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Federal Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Local Funds	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Annual Total	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
REVENUES	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	5 -YEAR TOTAL
		2010 15	2013 20	2020 21	2021-22	3 - ILAK TOTAL
State Gen. Fd.	INCREASE	INCREASE	INCREASE	INCREASE	INCREASE	5 - TEAR TOTAL
State Gen. Fd. Agy. Self-Gen.	-					\$0
	INCREASE	INCREASE	INCREASE	INCREASE	INCREASE	
Agy. Self-Gen.	INCREASE \$0	INCREASE \$0	INCREASE \$0	INCREASE \$0	INCREASE \$0	\$0
Agy. Self-Gen. Ded./Other	INCREASE \$0 \$0	INCREASE \$0 \$0	INCREASE \$0 \$0	INCREASE \$0 \$0	INCREASE \$0 \$0	\$0 \$0

EXPENDITURE EXPLANATION

The Dept. of Revenue estimates that tax system programming modifications (paper and online filing), revision and promulgation of withholding tables, and testing will involve some \$51,000 of staff costs. Additional resources may be required by the department dependent upon the cumulative amount of changes enacted in the session.

REVENUE EXPLANATION

Change {S&H}

The Dept. of Revenue estimated the impact of this bill under both scenarios that the federal income tax deduction is eliminated and a 6% single tax rate is levied, that the federal income tax deduction is not eliminated and a 6.5% single tax rate is levied. Under both scenarios, partnership and S-corp income was subject to tax at the business entity level, and not subject to tax at the individual level. The analysis was done in two parts, one part recalculating the existing corporate returns filed during FY14, and a second part estimating the bill's tax implications on partnership and S-corp passthrough income.

The recalculation of corporate returns under the two scenarios resulted in a \$98 million reduction in tax liabilities at the 6.5% rate and retention of the federal income tax deduction, and a \$32 million reduction in tax liabilities at the 6% rate and elimination of the federal income tax deduction.

The analysis of pass-through income resulted in additional tax liabilities of \$594 million at the 6.5% rate and retention of the federal income tax deduction, and additional tax liabilities of \$548 million at the 6% rate and elimination of the federal income tax deduction. Offsetting the gains was the loss of tax at the individual level; a reduction in tax liabilities of \$178 million. The net effect of these changes on pass-through income was additional tax liabilities of \$318 million at the 6.5% rate and retention of the federal income tax deduction, and additional tax liabilities of \$338 million at the 6% rate and elimination of the federal income tax deduction.

Combining the two components of the analysis results in additional tax liabilities of \$220 million at the 6.5% rate and retention of the federal income tax deduction, and additional tax liabilities of \$306 million at the 6% rate and elimination of the federal income tax deduction. Changes to quarterly declarations will likely result in some revenue gains during FY18.

Corporate income tax is particularly volatile, and estimates based on any one year of returns is not likely to be indicative of liabilities and collections in any subsequent year. In addition, a number of assumptions had to be made in order to make a rough estimate of the tax implications for pass-through income, and insufficient data meant that pass-through income to non-resident individuals could not be considered.

<u>Senate</u>	<u>Dual Referral Rules</u>	<u>House</u>	John D. Capater
13.5.1 >= \$	100,000 Annual Fiscal Cost {S&H}	\bigcirc 6.8(F)(1) >= \$100,000 SGF Fiscal Cost {H & S}	
x 13.5.2 >= \$	500,000 Annual Tax or Fee	\Box 6.8(G) >= \$500,000 Tax or Fee Increase	John D. Carpenter

or a Net Fee Decrease {S}