SLS 18RS-319 ENGROSSED

2018 Regular Session

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SENATE BILL NO. 203

BY SENATOR PEACOCK

PHYSICAL THERAPISTS. Provides relative to the Physical Therapy Licensure Compact. (gov sig)

AN ACT

2	To enact Part II of Chapter 29 of Title 37 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, to be
3	comprised of R.S. 37:2425, relative to the Physical Therapy Licensure Compact; to
4	provide for enactment of the model language required to participate in the compact;
5	to designate Chapter 29 of Title 37 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950,
6	comprised of R.S. 37:2401 through 2424, "PART I. PHYSICAL THERAPISTS"; to
7	provide for an effective date; and to provide for related matters.
8	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
9	Section 1. The provisions of Chapter 29 of Title 37 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes
10	of 1950, comprised of R.S. 37:2401 through 2424, are hereby designated "PART I.
11	PHYSICAL THERAPISTS".
12	Section 2. Part II of Chapter 29 of Title 37 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of
13	1950, comprised of R.S. 37:2425, is hereby enacted to read as follows:
14	PART II. PHYSICAL THERAPY LICENSURE COMPACT
15	§2425. Physical Therapy Licensure Compact; adoption
16	The Physical Therapy Licensure Compact is hereby recognized and
17	enacted into law and entered into by this state with all states legally joining

1	therein in the form substantially as follows:
2	SECTION 1. PURPOSE
3	The purpose of this compact is to facilitate interstate practice of physical
4	therapy with the goal of improving public access to physical therapy services.
5	The practice of physical therapy occurs in the state where the patient/client is
6	located at the time of the patient/client encounter. The compact preserves the
7	regulatory authority of states to protect public health and safety through the
8	current system of state licensure.
9	This compact is designed to achieve the following objectives:
10	(1) Increase public access to physical therapy services by providing for
11	the mutual recognition of other member state licenses.
12	(2) Enhance the states' ability to protect the public's health and safety.
13	(3) Encourage the cooperation of member states in regulating multi-state
14	physical therapy practice.
15	(4) Support spouses of relocating military members.
16	(5) Enhance the exchange of licensure, investigative, and disciplinary
17	information between member states.
18	(6) Allow a remote state to hold a provider of services with a compact
19	privilege in that state accountable to that state's practice standards.
20	SECTION 2. DEFINITIONS
21	As used in this compact, and except as otherwise provided, the following
22	definitions shall apply:
23	(1) "Active duty military" means full-time duty status in the active
24	uniformed service of the United States, including members of the National
25	Guard and Reserve on active duty orders pursuant to 10 U.S.C. Section 1209
26	and 1211.
27	(2) "Adverse action" means disciplinary action taken by a physical
28	therapy licensing board based upon misconduct, unacceptable performance, or
29	a combination of both.

1	(3) "Alternative program" means a nondisciplinary monitoring or
2	practice remediation process approved by a physical therapy licensing board.
3	This includes but is not limited to substance abuse issues.
4	(4) "Compact privilege" means the authorization granted by a remote
5	state to allow a licensee from another member state to practice as a physical
6	therapist or work as a physical therapist assistant in the remote state under its
7	laws and rules. The practice of physical therapy occurs in the member state
8	where the patient/client is located at the time of the patient/client encounter.
9	(5) "Continuing competence" means a requirement, as a condition of
10	license renewal, to provide evidence of participation in, and/or completion of,
11	educational and professional activities relevant to practice or area of work.
12	(6) "Data system" means a repository of information about licensees,
13	including examination, licensure, investigative, compact privilege, and adverse
14	action.
15	(7) "Encumbered license" means a license that a physical therapy
16	licensing board has limited in any way.
17	(8) "Executive board" means a group of directors elected or appointed
18	to act on behalf of, and within the powers granted to them by, the commission.
19	(9) "Home state" means the member state that is the licensee's primary
20	state of residence.
21	(10) "Investigative information" means information, records, and
22	documents received or generated by a physical therapy licensing board
23	pursuant to an investigation.
24	(11) "Jurisprudence requirement" means the assessment of an
25	individual's knowledge of the laws and rules governing the practice of physical
26	therapy in a state.
27	(12) "Licensee" means an individual who currently holds an
28	authorization from the state to practice as a physical therapist or to work as a
29	physical therapist assistant.

1	(13) "Member state" means a state that has enacted the compact.
2	(14) "Party state" means any member state in which a licensee holds a
3	current license or compact privilege or is applying for a license or compact
4	privilege.
5	(15) "Physical therapist" means an individual who is licensed by a state
6	to practice physical therapy.
7	(16) "Physical therapist assistant" means an individual who is
8	licensed/certified by a state and who assists the physical therapist in selected
9	components of physical therapy.
10	(17) "Physical therapy", "physical therapy practice", and "the practice
11	of physical therapy" mean the care and services provided by or under the
12	direction and supervision of a licensed physical therapist.
13	(18) "Physical Therapy Compact Commission" or "commission" means
14	the national administrative body whose membership consists of all states that
15	have enacted the compact.
16	(19) "Physical therapy licensing board" or "licensing board" means the
17	agency of a state that is responsible for the licensing and regulation of physical
18	therapists and physical therapist assistants.
19	(20) "Remote state" means a member state other than the home state,
20	where a licensee is exercising or seeking to exercise the compact privilege.
21	(21) "Rule" means a regulation, principle, or directive promulgated by
22	the commission that has the force of law.
23	(22) "State" means any state, commonwealth, district, or territory of the
24	United States of America that regulates the practice of physical therapy.
25	SECTION 3. STATE PARTICIPATION IN THE COMPACT
26	A. To participate in the compact, a state must:
27	(1) Participate fully in the commission's data system, including using the
28	commission's unique identifier as defined in rules.
29	(2) Have a mechanism in place for receiving and investigating complaints

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about licensees.

(3) Notify the commission, in compliance with the terms of the compact
and rules, of any adverse action or the availability of investigative information
regarding a licensee.

(4) Fully implement a criminal background check requirement, within

- (4) Fully implement a criminal background check requirement, within a time frame established by rule, by receiving the results of the Federal Bureau of Investigation record search on criminal background checks and use the results in making licensure decisions in accordance with Section 3(B).
  - (5) Comply with the rules of the commission.

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- (6) Utilize a recognized national examination as a requirement for licensure pursuant to the rules of the commission.
- (7) Have continuing competence requirements as a condition for license renewal.
- B. Upon adoption of this statute, the member state shall have the authority to obtain biometric-based information from each physical therapy licensure applicant and submit this information to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a criminal background check in accordance with 28 U.S.C. §534 and 42 U.S.C. §14616.
- C. A member state shall grant the compact privilege to a licensee holding

  a valid unencumbered license in another member state in accordance with the

  terms of the compact and rules.
- D. Member states may charge a fee for granting a compact privilege.

## 23 <u>SECTION 4. COMPACT PRIVILEGE</u>

- A. To exercise the compact privilege under the terms and provisions of the compact, the licensee shall:
- 26 <u>(1) Hold a license in the home state.</u>
- 27 (2) Have no encumbrance on any state license.
- 28 (3) Be eligible for a compact privilege in any member state in accordance 29 with Sections 4(D), (G), and (H).

1	(4) Have not had any adverse action against any license or compact
2	privilege within the previous two years.
3	(5) Notify the commission that the licensee is seeking the compact
4	privilege within a remote state(s).
5	(6) Pay any applicable fees, including any state fee, for the compact
6	privilege.
7	(7) Meet any jurisprudence requirements established by the remote
8	state(s) in which the licensee is seeking a compact privilege.
9	(8) Report to the commission adverse action taken by any nonmember
10	state within thirty days from the date the adverse action is taken.
11	B. The compact privilege is valid until the expiration date of the home
12	license. The licensee must comply with the requirements of Section 4(A) to
13	maintain the compact privilege in the remote state.
14	C. A licensee providing physical therapy in a remote state under the
15	compact privilege shall function within the laws and regulations of the remote
16	state.
17	D. A licensee providing physical therapy in a remote state is subject to
18	that state's regulatory authority. A remote state may, in accordance with due
19	process and that state's laws, remove a licensee's compact privilege in the
20	remote state for a specific period of time, impose fines, and/or take any other
21	necessary actions to protect the health and safety of its citizens. The licensee is
22	not eligible for a compact privilege in any state until the specific time for
23	removal has passed and all fines are paid.
24	E. If a home state license is encumbered, the licensee shall lose the
25	compact privilege in any remote state until the following occur:
26	(1) The home state license is no longer encumbered.
27	(2) Two years have elapsed from the date of the adverse action.
28	F. Once an encumbered license in the home state is restored to good
29	standing, the licensee must meet the requirements of Section 4(A) to obtain a

1 compact privilege in any remote state. 2 G. If a licensee's compact privilege in any remote state is removed, the individual shall lose the compact privilege in any remote state until the 3 following occur: 4 5 (1) The specific period of time for which the compact privilege was removed has ended. 6 7 (2) All fines have been paid. 8 (3) Two years have elapsed from the date of the adverse action. 9 H. Once the requirements of Section 4(G) have been met, the licensee 10 must meet the requirements in Section 4(A) to obtain a compact privilege in a 11 remote state. SECTION 5. ACTIVE DUTY MILITARY PERSONNEL OR THEIR SPOUSES 12 13 A licensee who is active duty military or is the spouse of an individual who is active duty military may designate one of the following as the home state: 14 15 A. Home of record. 16 B. Permanent change of station (PCS). C. State of current residence if it is different than the PCS state or home 17 of record. 18 19 **SECTION 6. ADVERSE ACTIONS** 20 A. A home state shall have exclusive power to impose adverse action 21 against a license issued by the home state. 22 B. A home state may take adverse action based on the investigative information of a member state. 23 24 C. Nothing in this compact shall override a member state's decision that participation in an alternative program may be used in lieu of adverse action 25 and that such participation shall remain nonpublic if required by the member 26 27 state's laws. Member states must require licensees who enter any alternative 28 programs in lieu of discipline to agree not to practice in any other member state during the term of the alternative program without prior authorization from 29

1	such other member state.
2	D. Any member state may investigate actual or alleged violations of the
3	statutes and rules authorizing the practice of physical therapy in any other
4	member state in which a physical therapist or physical therapist assistant holds
5	a license or compact privilege.
6	E. A remote state shall have the authority to:
7	(1) Take adverse actions as set forth in Section 4(D) against a licensee's
8	compact privilege in the state.
9	(2) Issue subpoenas for both hearings and investigations that require the
10	attendance and testimony of witnesses, and the production of evidence.
11	Subpoenas issued by a physical therapy licensing board in a party state for the
12	attendance and testimony of witnesses, and/or the production of evidence from
13	another party state, shall be enforced in the latter state by any court of
14	competent jurisdiction, according to the practice and procedure of that court
15	applicable to subpoenas issued in proceedings pending before it. The issuing
16	authority shall pay any witness fees, travel expenses, mileage, and other fees
17	required by the service statutes of the state where the witnesses and/or evidence
18	are located.
19	(3) If otherwise permitted by state law, recover from the licensee the
20	costs of investigations and disposition of cases resulting from any adverse action
21	taken against that licensee.
22	F. Joint Investigations
23	(1) In addition to the authority granted to a member state by its
24	respective physical therapy practice act or other applicable state law, a member
25	state may participate with other member states in joint investigations of
26	<u>licensees.</u>
27	(2) Member states shall share any investigative, litigation, or compliance
28	materials in furtherance of any joint or individual investigation initiated under

the compact.

2	COMPACT COMMISSION
3	A. The compact member states hereby create and establish a joint public
4	agency known as the Physical Therapy Compact Commission:
5	(1) The commission is an instrumentality of the compact states.
6	(2) Venue is proper and judicial proceedings by or against the
7	commission shall be brought solely and exclusively in a court of competent
8	jurisdiction where the principal office of the commission is located. The
9	commission may waive venue and jurisdictional defenses to the extent it adopts
10	or consents to participate in alternative dispute resolution proceedings.
11	(3) Nothing in this compact shall be construed to be a waiver of sovereign
12	immunity.
13	B. Membership, voting, and meetings
14	(1) Each member state shall have and be limited to one delegate selected
15	by that member state's licensing board.
16	(2) The delegate shall be a current member of the licensing board, who
17	is a physical therapist, physical therapist assistant, public member, or the board
18	administrator.
19	(3) Any delegate may be removed or suspended from office as provided
20	by the law of the state from which the delegate is appointed.
21	(4) The member state board shall fill any vacancy occurring in the
22	commission.
23	(5) Each delegate shall be entitled to one vote with regard to the
24	promulgation of rules and creation of bylaws and shall otherwise have an
25	opportunity to participate in the business and affairs of the commission.
26	(6) A delegate shall vote in person or by such other means as provided
27	in the bylaws. The bylaws may provide for delegates' participation in meetings
28	by telephone or other means of communication.
29	(7) The commission shall meet at least once during each calendar year.

SECTION 7. ESTABLISHMENT OF THE PHYSICAL THERAPY

1	Additional meetings shall be held as set forth in the bylaws.
2	C. The commission shall have the following powers and duties:
3	(1) Establish the fiscal year of the commission.
4	(2) Establish bylaws.
5	(3) Maintain its financial records in accordance with the bylaws.
6	(4) Meet and take such actions as are consistent with the provisions of
7	this compact and the bylaws.
8	(5) Promulgate uniform rules to facilitate and coordinate implementation
9	and administration of this compact. The rules shall have the force and effect of
10	law and shall be binding in all member states.
11	(6) Bring and prosecute legal proceedings or actions in the name of the
12	commission, provided that the standing of any state physical therapy licensing
13	board to sue or be sued under applicable law shall not be affected.
14	(7) Purchase and maintain insurance and bonds.
15	(8) Borrow, accept, or contract for services of personnel, including but
16	not limited to employees of a member state.
17	(9) Hire employees, elect or appoint officers, fix compensation, define
18	duties, grant such individuals appropriate authority to carry out the purposes
19	of the compact, and to establish the commission's personnel policies and
20	programs relating to conflicts of interest, qualifications of personnel, and other
21	related personnel matters.
22	(10) Accept any and all appropriate donations and grants of money,
23	equipment, supplies, materials and services, and to receive, utilize, and dispose
24	of the same; provided that at all times the commission shall avoid any
25	appearance of impropriety and/or conflict of interest.
26	(11) Lease, purchase, accept appropriate gifts or donations of, or
27	otherwise to own, hold, improve or use, any property, real, personal or mixed;
28	provided that at all times the commission shall avoid any appearance of
29	impropriety.

1	(12) Sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon, or
2	otherwise dispose of any property real, personal, or mixed.
3	(13) Establish a budget and make expenditures.
4	(14) Borrow money.
5	(15) Appoint committees, including standing committees composed of
6	members, state regulators, state legislators or their representatives, and
7	consumer representatives, and such other interested persons as may be
8	designated in this compact and the bylaws.
9	(16) Provide and receive information from, and cooperate with, law
10	enforcement agencies.
11	(17) Establish and elect an executive board.
12	(18) Perform such other functions as may be necessary or appropriate
13	to achieve the purposes of this compact consistent with the state regulation of
14	physical therapy licensure and practice.
15	D. The executive board
16	The executive board shall have the power to act on behalf of the
17	commission according to the terms of this compact.
18	(1) The executive board shall be comprised of nine members:
19	(a) Seven voting members who are elected by the commission from the
20	current membership of the commission.
21	(b) One ex-officio, nonvoting member from the recognized national
22	physical therapy professional association.
23	(c) One ex-officio, nonvoting member from the recognized membership
24	organization of the physical therapy licensing boards.
25	(2) The ex-officio members will be selected by their respective
26	organizations.
27	(3) The commission may remove any member of the executive board as
28	provided in bylaws.
29	(4) The executive board shall meet at least annually.

1	(5) The executive board shall have the following duties and
2	responsibilities:
3	(a) Recommend to the entire commission changes to the rules or bylaws,
4	changes to this compact legislation, fees paid by compact member states such
5	as annual dues, and any commission compact fee charged to licensees for the
6	compact privilege.
7	(b) Ensure compact administration services are appropriately provided,
8	contractual or otherwise.
9	(c) Prepare and recommend the budget.
10	(d) Maintain financial records on behalf of the commission.
11	(e) Monitor compact compliance of member states and provide
12	compliance reports to the commission.
13	(f) Establish additional committees as necessary.
14	(g) Other duties as provided in rules or bylaws.
15	E. Meetings of the commission
16	(1) All meetings shall be open to the public, and public notice of meetings
17	shall be given in the same manner as required under the rulemaking provisions
18	in Section (9).
19	(2) The commission or the executive board or other committees of the
20	commission may convene in a closed, nonpublic meeting if the commission or
21	executive board or other committees of the commission must discuss:
22	(a) Noncompliance of a member state with its obligations under the
23	compact.
24	(b) The employment, compensation, discipline or other matters, practices
25	or procedures related to specific employees or other matters related to the
26	commission's internal personnel practices and procedures.
27	(c) Current, threatened, or reasonably anticipated litigation.
28	(d) Negotiation of contracts for the purchase, lease, or sale of goods,
29	services, or real estate.

1	(e) Accusing any person of a crime or formany censuring any person.
2	(f) Disclosure of trade secrets or commercial or financial information
3	that is privileged or confidential.
4	(g) Disclosure of information of a personal nature where disclosure
5	would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.
6	(h) Disclosure of investigative records compiled for law enforcement
7	purposes.
8	(i) Disclosure of information related to any investigative reports
9	prepared by or on behalf of or for use of the commission or other committee
10	charged with responsibility of investigation or determination of compliance
11	issues pursuant to the compact.
12	(j) Matters specifically exempted from disclosure by federal or member
13	state statute.
14	(3) If a meeting, or portion of a meeting, is closed pursuant to this
15	provision, the commission's legal counsel or designee shall certify that the
16	meeting may be closed and shall reference each relevant exempting provision.
17	(4) The commission shall keep minutes that fully and clearly describe all
18	matters discussed in a meeting and shall provide a full and accurate summary
19	of actions taken, and the reasons therefore, including a description of the views
20	expressed. All documents considered in connection with an action shall be
21	identified in such minutes. All minutes and documents of a closed meeting shall
22	remain under seal, subject to release by a majority vote of the commission or
23	order of a court of competent jurisdiction.
24	F. Financing of the commission
25	(1) The commission shall pay, or provide for the payment of, the
26	reasonable expenses of its establishment, organization, and ongoing activities.
27	(2) The commission may accept any and all appropriate revenue sources,
28	donations, and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials, and services.
29	(3) The commission may levy on and collect an annual assessment from

each member state or impose fees on other parties to cover the cost of the operations and activities of the commission and its staff, which must be in a total amount sufficient to cover its annual budget as approved each year for which revenue is not provided by other sources. The aggregate annual assessment amount shall be allocated based upon a formula to be determined by the commission, which shall promulgate a rule binding upon all member states.

(4) The commission shall not incur obligations of any kind prior to securing the funds adequate to meet the same; nor shall the commission pledge the credit of any of the member states, except by and with the authority of the member state.

(5) The commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the commission shall be subject to the audit and accounting procedures established under its bylaws. However, all receipts and disbursements of funds handled by the commission shall be audited yearly by a certified or licensed public accountant, and the report of the audit shall be included in and become part of the annual report of the commission.

## G. Qualified immunity, defense, and indemnification

(1) The members, officers, executive director, employees, and representatives of the commission shall be immune from suit and liability, either personally or in their official capacity, for any claim for damage to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil liability caused by or arising out of any actual or alleged act, error or omission that occurred, or that the person against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties or responsibilities; provided that nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to protect any such person from suit and/or liability for any damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of that person.

1 (2) The commission shall defend any member, officer, executive director, 2 employee or representative of the commission in any civil action seeking to 3 impose liability arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, 4 5 or that the person against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or 6 7 responsibilities; provided that nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit that 8 person from retaining his or her own counsel; and provided further, that the 9 actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from that person's 10 intentional or willful or wanton misconduct. 11 (3) The commission shall indemnify and hold harmless any member, 12 officer, executive director, employee, or representative of the commission for 13 the amount of any settlement or judgment obtained against that person arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the 14 15 scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that such person 16 had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that the actual or alleged act, 17 error, or omission did not result from the intentional or willful or wanton 18 19 misconduct of that person. 20 **SECTION 8. DATA SYSTEM** 21 A. The commission shall provide for the development, maintenance, and 22 utilization of a coordinated database and reporting system containing licensure, adverse action, and investigative information on all licensed individuals in 23 24 member states. 25 B. Notwithstanding any other provision of state law to the contrary, a member state shall submit a uniform data set to the data system on all 26 27 individuals to whom this compact is applicable as required by the rules of the

commission, including:

(1) Identifying information.

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1	(2) Licensure data.
2	(3) Adverse actions against a license or compact privilege.
3	(4) Nonconfidential information related to alternative program
4	participation.
5	(5) Any denial of application for licensure, and the reason(s) for such
6	denial.
7	(6) Other information that may facilitate the administration of this
8	compact, as determined by the rules of the commission.
9	C. Investigative information pertaining to a licensee in any member state
10	will only be available to other party states.
11	D. The commission shall promptly notify all member states of any
12	adverse action taken against a licensee or an individual applying for a license.
13	Adverse action information pertaining to a licensee in any member state will be
14	available to any other member state.
15	E. Member states contributing information to the data system may
16	designate information that may not be shared with the public without the
17	express permission of the contributing state.
18	F. Any information submitted to the data system that is subsequently
19	required to be expunged by the laws of the member state contributing the
20	information shall be removed from the data system.
21	SECTION 9. RULEMAKING
22	A. The commission shall exercise its rulemaking powers pursuant to the
23	criteria set forth in this Section and the rules adopted thereunder. Rules and
24	amendments shall become binding as of the date specified in each rule or
25	amendment.
26	B. If a majority of the legislatures of the member states rejects a rule, by
27	enactment of a statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt the
28	compact within four years of the date of adoption of the rule, then such rule
29	shall have no further force and effect in any member state

1	C. Rules or amendments to the rules shall be adopted at a regular or
2	special meeting of the commission.
3	D. Prior to promulgation and adoption of a final rule or rules by the
4	commission, and at least thirty days in advance of the meeting at which the rule
5	will be considered and voted upon, the commission shall file a notice of
6	proposed rulemaking:
7	(1) On the website of the commission or other publicly accessible
8	platform.
9	(2) On the website of each member state physical therapy licensing board
10	or other publicly accessible platform or the publication in which each state
11	would otherwise publish proposed rules.
12	E. The notice of proposed rulemaking shall include:
13	(1) The proposed time, date, and location of the meeting in which the rule
14	will be considered and voted upon.
15	(2) The text of the proposed rule or amendment and the reason for the
16	proposed rule.
17	(3) A request for comments on the proposed rule from any interested
18	person.
19	(4) The manner in which interested persons may submit notice to the
20	commission of their intention to attend the public hearing and any written
21	comments.
22	F. Prior to adoption of a proposed rule, the commission shall allow
23	persons to submit written data, facts, opinions, and arguments, which shall be
24	made available to the public.
25	G. The commission shall grant an opportunity for a public hearing
26	before it adopts a rule or amendment if a hearing is requested by:
27	(1) At least twenty-five persons;
28	(2) A state or federal governmental subdivision or agency; or
29	(3) An association having at least twenty-five members.

1	H. If a hearing is held on the proposed rule or amendment, the
2	commission shall publish the place, time, and date of the scheduled public
3	hearing. If the hearing is held via electronic means, the commission shall
4	publish the mechanism for access to the electronic hearing.
5	(1) All persons wishing to be heard at the hearing shall notify the
6	executive director of the commission or other designated member in writing of
7	their desire to appear and testify at the hearing not less than five business days
8	before the scheduled date of the hearing.
9	(2) Hearings shall be conducted in a manner providing each person who
10	wishes to comment a fair and reasonable opportunity to comment orally or in
11	writing.
12	(3) All hearings will be recorded. A copy of the recording will be made
13	available on request.
14	(4) Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring a separate
15	hearing on each rule. Rules may be grouped for the convenience of the
16	commission at hearings required by this Section.
17	I. Following the scheduled hearing date, or by the close of business on the
18	scheduled hearing date if the hearing was not held, the commission shall
19	consider all written and oral comments received.
20	J. If no written notice of intent to attend the public hearing by interested
21	parties is received, the commission may proceed with promulgation of the
22	proposed rule without a public hearing.
23	K. The commission shall, by majority vote of all members, take final
24	action on the proposed rule and shall determine the effective date of the rule,
25	if any, based on the rulemaking record and the full text of the rule.
26	L. Upon determination that an emergency exists, the commission may
27	consider and adopt an emergency rule without prior notice, opportunity for
28	comment, or hearing, provided that the usual rulemaking procedures provided

in the compact and in this Section shall be retroactively applied to the rule as

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1	soon as reasonably possible, in no event later than ninety days after the effective
2	date of the rule. For the purposes of this provision, an emergency rule is one
3	that must be adopted immediately in order to:
4	(1) Meet an imminent threat to public health, safety, or welfare;
5	(2) Prevent a loss of commission or member state funds;
6	(3) Meet a deadline for the promulgation of an administrative rule that
7	is established by federal law or rule; or
8	(4) Protect public health and safety.
9	M. The commission or an authorized committee of the commission may
10	direct revisions to a previously adopted rule or amendment for purposes of
11	correcting typographical errors, errors in format, errors in consistency, or
12	grammatical errors. Public notice of any revisions shall be posted on the website
13	of the commission. The revision shall be subject to challenge by any person for
14	a period of thirty days after posting. The revision may be challenged only on
15	grounds that the revision results in a material change to a rule. A challenge
16	shall be made in writing, and delivered to the chair of the commission prior to
17	the end of the notice period. If no challenge is made, the revision will take effect
18	without further action. If the revision is challenged, the revision may not take
19	effect without the approval of the commission.
20	SECTION 10. OVERSIGHT, DISPUTE RESOLUTION,
21	AND ENFORCEMENT
22	A. Oversight
23	(1) The executive, legislative, and judicial branches of state government
24	in each member state shall enforce this compact and take all actions necessary
25	and appropriate to effectuate the compact's purposes and intent. The provisions
26	of this compact and the rules promulgated hereunder shall have standing as
27	statutory law.
28	(2) All courts shall take judicial notice of the compact and the rules in
29	any judicial or administrative proceeding in a member state pertaining to the

1	subject matter of this compact which may affect the powers, responsibilities of
2	actions of the commission.
3	(3) The commission shall be entitled to receive service of process in any
4	such proceeding, and shall have standing to intervene in such a proceeding for
5	all purposes. Failure to provide service of process to the commission shall
6	render a judgment or order void as to the commission, this compact, or
7	promulgated rules.
8	B. Default, technical assistance, and termination
9	(1) If the commission determines that a member state has defaulted in
10	the performance of its obligations or responsibilities under this compact or the
11	promulgated rules, the commission shall:
12	(a) Provide written notice to the defaulting state and other member
13	states of the nature of the default, the proposed means of curing the default
14	and/or any other action to be taken by the commission; and
15	(b) Provide remedial training and specific technical assistance regarding
16	the default.
17	(2) If a state in default fails to cure the default, the defaulting state may
18	be terminated from the compact upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the
19	member states, and all rights, privileges, and benefits conferred by this compact
20	may be terminated on the effective date of termination. A cure of the default
21	does not relieve the offending state of obligations or liabilities incurred during
22	the period of default.
23	(3) Termination of membership in the compact shall be imposed only
24	after all other means of securing compliance have been exhausted. Notice of
25	intent to suspend or terminate shall be given by the commission to the governor
26	the majority and minority leaders of the defaulting state's legislature, and each
27	of the member states.
28	(4) A state that has been terminated is responsible for all assessments.

obligations, and liabilities incurred through the effective date of termination,

including obligations that extend beyond the effective date of termination.

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2 (5) The commission shall not bear any costs related to a state that is 3 found to be in default or that has been terminated from the compact, unless agreed upon in writing between the commission and the defaulting state. 4 5 (6) The defaulting state may appeal the action of the commission by 6 petitioning the United States District Court for the District of Columbia or the 7 federal district where the commission has its principal offices. The prevailing 8 member shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including reasonable 9 attorney fees. 10 C. Dispute resolution 11 (1) Upon request by a member state, the commission shall attempt to 12 resolve disputes related to the compact that arise among member states and 13 between member and nonmember states. (2) The commission shall promulgate a rule providing for both mediation 14 15 and binding dispute resolution for disputes as appropriate. 16 D. Enforcement (1) The commission, in the reasonable exercise of its discretion, shall 17 enforce the provisions and rules of this compact. 18 19 (2) By majority vote, the commission may initiate legal action in the 20 **United States District Court for the District of Columbia or the federal district** 21 where the commission has its principal offices against a member state in default 22 to enforce compliance with the provisions of the compact and its promulgated rules and bylaws. The relief sought may include both injunctive relief and 23 24 damages. In the event judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing member 25 shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including reasonable attorney fees. (3) The remedies herein shall not be the exclusive remedies of the 26 27 commission. The commission may pursue any other remedies available under 28 federal or state law. 29 SECTION 11. DATE OF IMPLEMENTATION OF THE

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1	INTERSTATE COMMISSION FOR PHYSICAL THERAPY PRACTICE
2	AND ASSOCIATED RULES, WITHDRAWAL, AND AMENDMENT
3	A. The compact shall come into effect on the date on which the compact
4	statute is enacted into law in the tenth member state. The provisions, which
5	become effective at that time, shall be limited to the powers granted to the
6	commission relating to assembly and the promulgation of rules. Thereafter, the
7	commission shall meet and exercise rulemaking powers necessary to the
8	implementation and administration of the compact.
9	B. Any state that joins the compact subsequent to the commission's
10	initial adoption of the rules shall be subject to the rules as they exist on the date
11	on which the compact becomes law in that state. Any rule that has been
12	previously adopted by the commission shall have the full force and effect of law
13	on the day the compact becomes law in that state.
14	C. Any member state may withdraw from this compact by enacting a
15	statute repealing the same.
16	(1) A member state's withdrawal shall not take effect until six months
17	after enactment of the repealing statute.
18	(2) Withdrawal shall not affect the continuing requirement of the
19	withdrawing state's physical therapy licensing board to comply with the
20	investigative and adverse action reporting requirements of this Act prior to the
21	effective date of withdrawal.
22	D. Nothing contained in this compact shall be construed to invalidate or
23	prevent any physical therapy licensure agreement or other cooperative
24	arrangement between a member state and a nonmember state that does not
25	conflict with the provisions of this compact.
26	E. This compact may be amended by the member states. No amendment
27	to this compact shall become effective and binding upon any member state until
28	it is enacted into the laws of all member states.

**SECTION 12. CONSTRUCTION AND SEVERABILITY** 

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SB 203 Engrossed

This compact shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate the purposes thereof. The provisions of this compact shall be severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence, or provision of this compact is declared to be contrary to the constitution of any party state or of the United States or the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person, or circumstance is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of this compact and the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person, or circumstance shall not be affected thereby. If this compact shall be held contrary to the constitution of any party state, the compact shall remain in full force and effect as to the remaining party states and in full force and effect as to the party state affected as to all severable matters.

Section 3. This Act shall become effective upon signature by the governor or, if not signed by the governor, upon expiration of the time for bills to become law without signature by the governor, as provided by Article III, Section 18 of the Constitution of Louisiana. If vetoed by the governor and subsequently approved by the legislature, this Act shall become effective on the day following such approval.

The original instrument and the following digest, which constitutes no part of the legislative instrument, were prepared by Christine Arbo Peck.

DIGEST 2018 Regular Session

Peacock

<u>Proposed law</u> enacts the Physical Therapy Licensure Compact. <u>Proposed law</u> allows Louisiana to join a multi-state compact for physical therapists to obtain multi-state license privileges to practice in participating compact states to decrease redundancies in the consideration and issuance of physical therapist licenses and provide opportunity for interstate practice by physical therapists who meet the uniform licensure requirements.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that each participating state in the compact adopt similar requirements for criminal background checks, licensure, and education. <u>Proposed law</u> requires verification of licensure information through the commission's data system, including the use of the commission's unique identifiers, and exchange of information regarding discipline and adverse actions by all participating states.

<u>Proposed law</u> requires a physical therapist leaving his home state to practice in a participating state comply with the laws of the participating state. <u>Proposed law</u> provides for a home state license and process for changing home state and location of primary residence. <u>Proposed law</u> provides that the home state is responsible for taking adverse action against physical therapists in violation of practice act requirements, including deactivation of multistate licensure privileges.

<u>Proposed law</u> establishes the Physical Therapy Compact Commission and grants each participating state a single seat on the commission.

Effective upon signature of the governor or lapse of time for gubernatorial action.

(Adds R.S. 37:2425)