SENATE BILL NO. 172

BY SENATOR COLOMB

25

Prefiled pursuant to Article III, Section 2(A)(4)(b)(i) of the Constitution of Louisiana.

1	AN ACT
2	To amend and reenact Civil Code Arts. 96, 367, and 2333, R.S. 9:221, 253, and 255, and
3	Children's Code Arts. 1545, 1547, and 1548, and to enact Civil Code Art. 90.1,
4	relative to marriage; to provide for parental consent for a minimum age for marriage;
5	to provide for judicial limitations and authorization; to provide certain terms,
6	conditions, procedures, requirements, effects, and prohibitions; to provide for
7	evidence of human trafficking, sexual assault, domestic violence, coercion, duress
8	or undue influence; and to provide for related matters.
9	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
10	Section 1. Civil Code Arts. 96, 367 and 2333 are hereby amended and reenacted and
11	Civil Code Art. 90.1 is hereby enacted to read as follows:
12	Art. 90.1. Impediment of age
13	A minor under the age of sixteen may not contract marriage. A minor
14	sixteen or seventeen years of age may not contract marriage with a person of the
15	age of majority where there is an age difference of three years or greater
16	between them.
17	* * *
18	Art. 96. Civil effects of absolutely null marriage; putative marriage
19	An absolutely null marriage nevertheless produces civil effects in favor of a
20	party who contracted it in good faith for as long as that party remains in good faith.
21	When the cause of the nullity is one party's prior undissolved marriage, the civil
22	effects continue in favor of the other party, regardless of whether the latter remains
23	in good faith, until the marriage is pronounced null or the latter party contracts a
24	valid marriage. A When the cause of the nullity is an impediment of age, the

marriage produces civil effects in favor of a child of the parties. When the cause

l	of the nullity is another reason, a marriage contracted by a party in good faith
2	produces civil effects in favor of a child of the parties. A purported marriage between
3	parties of the same sex does not produce any civil effects.
4	* * *
5	Art. 367. Emancipation by marriage
6	A minor sixteen or seventeen years of age is fully emancipated by marriage.
7	Termination of the marriage does not affect emancipation by marriage. Emancipation
8	by marriage may not be modified or terminated.
9	* * *
10	Art. 2333. Minors.
11	Unless fully emancipated, a minor A minor under the age of sixteen may
12	not enter into a matrimonial agreement. A minor sixteen or seventeen years of
13	age may not enter into a matrimonial agreement without judicial authorization and
14	the written concurrence of his father and mother, or of the parent having his legal
15	custody, or of the tutor of his person.
16	Section 2. R.S. 9:221, 253, and 255 are hereby amended and reenacted to read as
17	follows:
18	§221. Authority to issue marriage license
19	$\underline{\mathbf{A}}$. A license authorizing an officiant to perform a marriage ceremony must
20	be issued by:
21	(1) The state registrar of vital records, or a judge of the city court, in the
22	Parish of Orleans;
23	(2) The clerk of court, in any other parish; or
24	(3) A district judge, if the clerk of court is a party to the marriage.
25	B. No marriage license for a minor under the age of sixteen shall be
26	issued. No marriage license for a minor of the age of sixteen or seventeen shall
27	be issued where there is an age difference of three years or greater between the
28	persons seeking the marriage license.
29	* * *
30	§253. Disposition and recordation of marriage certificates

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1	A. The officiant shall give one copy of the marriage certificate to the married
2	parties. Within ten days after the ceremony, he shall file the other two copies of the
3	certificate of marriage with the officer clerk of court who issued the marriage
4	license.
5	B. Upon receipt of these copies, this officer shall sign them and note thereon
6	the date the certificate was recorded by him.
7	C. He The clerk of court shall forward to the state registrar of vital records,
8	on or before the fifteenth day of each calendar month, all of the following:
9	(1) one One copy of each certificate of marriage filed with him during the
10	preceding calendar month.
11	(2) A copy of the application of marriage which indicates the dates of
12	birth of the husband and wife if either the husband or the wife is a minor.
13	* * *
14	§255. Tabulation of marriage statistics; annual report
15	A. The state registrar of vital records shall annually prepare, from the
16	information filed with him under the provisions of R.S. 9:224 and 9:252, 252, and
17	253, abstracts and tabular statements of the facts relating to marriages in each parish,
18	and embody them, with the necessary analysis, in his annual report to the state. His
19	annual report to the state shall include a state of marriage report.
20	B. The annual state of marriage report shall include the number of
21	minors married in each parish, the number of marriages approved by parental
22	consent, and the number of marriages approved by judicial authorization.
23	C. The annual state of marriage report shall be submitted to the speaker
24	of the House of Representatives and the president of the Senate.
25	Section 3. Children's Code Arts. 1545, 1547, and 1548 are hereby amended and
26	reenacted to read as follows:
27	Art. 1545. Necessary consent; parents; judicial authorization
28	A. An officiant may not perform a marriage ceremony in which a minor
29	sixteen or seventeen is a party unless the minor has judicial authorization and the
30	written consent to marry of either:

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1	(1) Both of his parents.
2	(2) The tutor of his person.
3	(3) A person who has been awarded custody of the minor.
4	(4) The juvenile court as provided in Article 1547.
5	B. A minor under the age of sixteen must also obtain written authorization
6	to marry from the judge of the court exercising juvenile jurisdiction in the parish in
7	which the minor resides or the marriage ceremony is to be performed. No marriage
8	ceremony shall be performed for a minor under the age of sixteen.
9	* * *
10	Art. 1547. Judicial authorization; compelling reasons
11	Upon application by the minor, a minor of the age of sixteen or seventeen,
12	the judge may authorize the marriage when there is a compelling reason why the
13	marriage should take place. The court shall consider the best interest of the minor
14	prospective spouse.
15	Art. 1548. Hearing; confidentiality; best interest of the minor; evidence of human
16	trafficking, sexual assault, domestic violence, coercion, duress, or
17	undue influence
18	$\underline{\mathbf{A}}$. The court shall hear a request for authorization for a minor to marry in
19	chambers.
20	B. The judge shall require that both the prospective husband and
21	prospective wife be present for the hearing and there shall be a separate in
22	camera interview of the prospective spouses.
23	C. In determining the best interest of the minor prospective spouse, the
24	court shall consider all of the following:
25	(1) Pregnancy of the prospective wife.
26	(2) If the prospective spouses are already living together.
27	(3) Housing and living conditions prior to the prospective marriage and
28	where the prospective spouses intend to live after the marriage.
29	(4) The ages of the prospective spouses.

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1	(b) How the prospective spouses came to know each other.
2	(7) The stated reasons why each of the prospective spouses desires to
3	marry one another.
4	(8) Consent of mother, father, or person having legal custody of the
5	minor.
6	D. The judge may require evidence of proof of residency, educational
7	attainment, juvenile offense history, or criminal history to be produced.
8	E. The judge shall conduct an inquiry to determine if there exists any
9	evidence that the minor is a victim of human trafficking, sexual assault,
10	domestic violence, coercion, duress, or undue influence. In conducting the
11	inquiry, the judge shall ask all of the following questions:
12	(1) Whether one prospective spouse is in a position of authority over the
13	other prospective spouse.
14	(2) Previous marriage or marriages of either of the prospective spouses.
15	(3) Residency and length of residency of the prospective spouses.
16	(4) How long the prospective spouses have known each other.
17	(5) Length of relationship between the prospective spouses.
18	(6) Any evidence of kidnaping, sexual assault, or domestic violence
19	between the prospective spouses.
20	(7) Whether one of the prospective spouses was the victim of a sexual
21	offense committed by the other prospective spouse.
22	(8) Evidence of domestic violence, spousal abuse, or sexual offenses
23	committed by either of the prospective spouses upon anyone.
24	(9) Criminal history of the prospective spouses.
25	(10) Whether either prospective husband or wife provided or promised
26	a third party anything of value in exchange for the marriage.
27	(11) Evidence of maturity and self-sufficiency of the prospective spouses
28	through educational attainment or employment.
29	(12) Evidence of at least eight hours of premarital counseling from the
30	prospective spouses.

1 (13) Any history of any medical condition or chemical dependency of
2 either of the prospective spouses.
3 F. If the judge finds any evidence of human trafficking, sexual assault,
4 domestic violence, coercion, or undue influence, he shall immediately report it
5 to local law enforcement or child protective services, and shall not authorize the marriage.

PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE

SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA

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APPROVED: