## 2020 Regular Session

HOUSE BILL NO. 613

BY REPRESENTATIVE CHARLES OWEN AND SENATOR REESE AND REPRESENTATIVES COX, ADAMS, AMEDEE, BACALA, BAGLEY, BEAULLIEU, BROWN, BRYANT, BUTLER, CARRIER, GARY CARTER, ROBBY CARTER, WILFORD CARTER, CORMIER, COUSSAN, CREWS, DESHOTEL, DUBUISSON, DUPLESSIS, ECHOLS, EDMONDS, EDMONSTON, EMERSON, FARNUM, FIRMENT, FONTENOT, FREEMAN, FREIBERG, FRIEMAN, GAROFALO, GREEN, HARRIS, HORTON, HUGHES, ILLG, IVEY, JEFFERSON, JENKINS, MIKE JOHNSON, TRAVIS JOHNSON, JONES, KERNER, LARVADAIN, LYONS, MCCORMICK, MCKNIGHT, MCMAHEN, MIGUEZ, MINCEY, MOORE, NELSON, PRESSLY, RISER, ROMERO, SCHAMERHORN, SCHEXNAYDER, SELDERS, ST. BLANC, STAGNI, THOMAS, THOMPSON, WHITE, WILLARD, AND WRIGHT

LICENSING: Provides relative to the occupational licenses of military families

1	AN ACT
2	To amend and reenact R.S. 37:3651, relative to occupational licenses; to provide definitions;
3	to provide for licensure for members of the military; to provide for licensure for
4	spouses; to provide for licenses; to provide for other jurisdictions; to provide for
5	qualifications; to provide for rulemaking; to provide for similar experience; to
6	provide for appeals; to provide for exceptions; to provide for preemption; and to
7	provide for related matters.
8	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
9	Section 1. R.S. 37:3651 is hereby amended and reenacted to read as follows:
10	§3651. Licensure for individuals with military training and experience; licensure by
11	endorsement for military spouses and dependents; temporary license;
12	expedited process
13	A. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, a professional
14	or occupational licensing board shall issue a license, certification, permit pending
15	normal license, or registration to a military-trained applicant to allow the applicant

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1 to lawfully practice the applicant's occupation in this state a member of the military, 2 including United States Department of Defense civilian employees who have been 3 assigned to duty in Louisiana, or an applicant who is married to or is a dependent of 4 a member of the military or a United States Department of Defense civilian employee, if the member or United States Department of Defense civilian receives 5 6 military orders for a change of station to a military installation or assignment located 7 in this state or if the member or United States Department of Defense civilian has 8 established this state as his state of legal residence as reflected in the member's or 9 United States Department of Defense civilian's military record if, upon application 10 to the board, the applicant satisfies all of the following conditions:

11 (1) Has completed a military program of training, been awarded a military 12 occupational specialty, and performed in that specialty at a level that is substantially 13 equivalent to or exceeds the educational, examination, experience and other 14 requirements for licensure, certification, or registration of the professional or 15 occupational licensing board for which the applicant is seeking licensure, 16 certification, or registration in this state, provided the applicant has otherwise met 17 all of the minimum requirements for licensure, certification, or registration of the 18 licensing board. The applicant holds a current and valid occupational license in 19 another state in an occupation with a similar scope of practice, as determined by the 20 board in this state.

(2) Has engaged in the active practice of the occupation for which the person
 is seeking a license, certification, or permit from the board. The applicant has held
 the occupational license in the other state for at least one year.

24 (3) Has not been disciplined in any jurisdiction for an act that would have
25 constituted grounds for refusal, suspension, or revocation of a license to practice that
26 occupation in this state at the time the act was committed. The applicant has passed
27 any examinations, or met any education, training, or experience standards as required
28 by the board in the other state.

(4) The applicant is held in good standing by the board in the other state.

1	(5) The applicant does not have a disqualifying criminal record as
2	determined by the board in this state under the laws of this state.
3	(6) The applicant has not had an occupational license revoked by a board in
4	another state because of negligence or intentional misconduct related to the
5	applicant's work in the occupation.
6	(7) The applicant did not surrender an occupational license because of
7	negligence or intentional misconduct related to the person's work in the occupation
8	in another state.
9	(8) The applicant does not have a complaint, allegation, or investigation
10	pending before a board in another state which relates to unprofessional conduct or
11	an alleged crime. If the applicant has a complaint, allegation, or investigation
12	pending, the board in this state shall not issue or deny an occupational license to the
13	applicant until the complaint, allegation, or investigation is resolved, or the applicant
14	otherwise satisfies the criteria for licensure in this state to the satisfaction of the
15	board in this state.
16	(9) The applicant pays all applicable fees in this state.
17	(10) The applicant simultaneously applies for a permanent license; if the
18	applicant fails to qualify for a permanent license as determined by the occupational
19	or licensing board once the permanent application is vetted, the permit automatically
20	terminates.
21	B. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a professional or
22	occupational licensing board shall issue a license, certification, or registration to a
23	military-trained applicant to allow the applicant to lawfully practice an occupation
24	in this state if, upon application to a professional or occupational licensing board, the
25	applicant holds a current license, certification, or registration from another
26	jurisdiction and that jurisdiction's requirements for licensure, certification, or
27	registration are substantially equivalent to or exceed the requirements for licensure,
28	certification, or registration in this state. an occupational license, permit pending
29	normal license, or government certification to an applicant who is a member of the

1	military, or an applicant who is married to or is a dependent of a member of the
2	military or United States Department of Defense civilian employee who has been
3	assigned duty in Louisiana, upon application based on work experience in another
4	state, if all the following apply:
5	(1) The applicant worked in a state that does not use an occupational license
6	or government certification to regulate a lawful occupation, but this state uses an
7	occupational license or government certification to regulate a lawful occupation with
8	a similar scope of practice, as determined by the board in this state.
9	(2) The applicant worked for at least three years in the lawful occupation.
10	(3) The applicant satisfies the requirements of Paragraphs (A)(6) through
11	(10) of this Section.
12	C. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a professional or
13	occupational licensing board shall issue a license, certification, or registration to a
14	military spouse to allow the military spouse to lawfully practice the military spouse's
15	occupation in this state, if, upon application to a professional or occupational
16	licensing board, the military spouse satisfies all of the following conditions: an
17	occupational license, permit pending normal license, or government certification to
18	an applicant who is a member of the military or a United States Department of
19	Defense civilian employee who has been assigned duty in Louisiana, or an applicant
20	who is married to or is a dependent of a member of the military or a United States
21	Department of Defense civilian employee, based on holding a private certification
22	and work experience in another state, if all the following apply:
23	(1) Holds a current license, certification, or registration from another
24	jurisdiction, and that jurisdiction's requirement for licensure, certification, or
25	registration are substantially equivalent to or exceed the requirements for licensure,
26	certification, or registration in this state. The applicant worked in a state that does not
27	use an occupational license or government certification to regulate a lawful
28	occupation, but this state uses an occupational license or government certification

1	to regulate a lawful occupation with a similar scope of practice, as determined by the
2	board in this state.
3	(2) Can demonstrate competency in the occupation through methods as
4	determined by the board, such as having completed continuing education units or
5	having had recent experience. The applicant worked for at least two years in the
6	lawful occupation.
7	(3) Has not been disciplined in any jurisdiction for an act that would have
8	constituted grounds for refusal, suspension, or revocation of a license to practice that
9	occupation in this state at the time the act was committed. The applicant holds a
10	current and valid private certification in the lawful occupation.
11	(4) Is in good standing and has not been disciplined by the agency that issued
12	the license, certification, or permit. The private certification organization holds the
13	applicant in good standing.
14	(5) The applicant satisfies the requirements of Paragraphs (A)(6) through
15	(10) of this Section.
16	D. A professional or occupational licensing board shall issue a temporary
17	practice permit to a military-trained applicant or military spouse licensed, certified,
18	or registered in another jurisdiction while the military-trained applicant or military
19	spouse is satisfying the requirements for licensure under the provisions of this
20	Section, if that jurisdiction has licensure, certification, or registration standards
21	substantially equivalent to the standards for licensure, certification, or registration
22	of a professional or occupational licensing board in this state. The military-trained
23	applicant or military spouse may practice under the temporary permit until a license,
24	certification, or registration is granted or until a notice to deny a license,
25	certification, or registration is issued in accordance with rules that shall be
26	promulgated by the applicable professional or occupational licensing board. Each
27	professional and occupational licensing board shall adopt rules in accordance with
28	the Administrative Procedure Act for the issuance of a temporary practice permit and
29	such rules shall ensure the public health and safety. Notwithstanding any other law,

1	the education, training, or experience requirements for an occupational license issued
2	pursuant to this Title are completely or partially satisfied, as determined by the
3	regulating occupational licensing board on presentation of satisfactory evidence that
4	the applicant received comparable education, training, or experience as a member of
5	the United States armed forces or any national guard or other reserve component.
6	E. An individual possessing a temporary practice permit under the provisions
7	of this Section shall receive priority processing of their application for license,
8	certification, or registration, in accordance with rules that shall be promulgated by
9	the applicable professional or occupational licensing board. The board may require
10	a person to pass a jurisprudential examination specific to relevant state laws that
11	regulate the occupation if an occupational license or government certification in this
12	state requires a person to pass a jurisprudential examination specific to relevant state
13	statutes and administrative rules that regulate the occupation.
14	F. A professional or occupational licensing board shall adopt rules in
15	accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act necessary to implement the
16	provisions of this Section. The board will provide the applicant with a written
17	decision regarding the application for an occupational license within thirty calendar
18	days after receiving an application.
19	G.(1) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to prohibit a military-trained
20	applicant or military spouse from proceeding under the existing licensure,
21	certification, or registration requirements established by a professional or
22	occupational licensing board in this state. The applicant may appeal any of the
23	following decisions made by the board, in a court of general jurisdiction:
24	(a) Denial of an occupational license.
25	(b) Determination of the occupation.
26	(c) Determination of the similarity of the scope of practice of the
27	occupational license issued.
28	(d) Any other determinations made pursuant to this Section.

1	(2) The court shall determine all questions of law, including the		
2	interpretation of a constitutional or statutory provision or a rule adopted by a board,		
3	without regard to any previous determination that may have been made on the		
4	question in any action before the board.		
5	H. For the purposes of this Section, "professional or occupational licensing		
6	board" shall mean any state agency, board, commission, or substantially similar		
7	entity, involved in the licensing, certification, or registration of any regulate		
8	profession or occupation within the state of Louisiana. A person who obtains		
9	permit pending normal license, occupational license, or government certification		
10	pursuant to this Section is subject to all of the following:		
11	(1) The laws regulating the occupation in this state.		
12	(2) The jurisdiction of the board in this state.		
13	I. The provisions of this Section shall not apply to any applicant receiving		
14	a dishonorable discharge or a military spouse whose spouse received a dishonorable		
15	discharge. This Section does not apply to an occupation regulated by the state		
16	supreme court.		
17	J. The provisions of this Section shall not apply to a license issued and		
18	regulated under the authority of the judicial branch of government. This Section		
19	preempts laws by township, municipal, county and other governments in the state		
20	which regulate occupational licenses and government certification.		
21	K. A professional or occupational licensing board shall adopt rules in		
22	accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act necessary to implement the		
23	provisions of this Section.		
24	L. Nothing in this Section shall be construed to prohibit a military-trained		
25	applicant or military spouse or spouse of a United States Department of Defense		
26	civilian employee who has been assigned to duty in Louisiana from proceeding under		
27	the existing licensure, certification, or registration requirements established by a		
28	professional or occupational licensing board in this state.		

1	M. For the purposes of this Section, "professional or occupational licensing
2	board" shall mean any state agency, board, commission, or substantially similar
3	entity, involved in the licensing, certification, or registration of any regulated
4	profession or occupation within this state.
5	N. For the purposes of this Section, "military" means the armed forces or
6	reserves of the United States, including the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Coast
7	Guard, Air Force, and the reserve components thereof, the National Guard of any
8	state, the Military Reserves of any state, or the naval militia of any state.
9	O. The provisions of this Section shall not apply to any applicant receiving
10	a dishonorable discharge or a military spouse whose spouse received a dishonorable
11	discharge.
12	P. The provisions of this Section shall not apply to a license issued and
13	regulated under the authority of the judicial branch of government, to any person
14	covered under the Nurse Licensure Compact, or to any person that obtains licensure
15	or registration on a nationwide licensing or registry system.

# DIGEST

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

HB 613 Reengrossed	2020 Regular Session	Charles Owen
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Abstract: Regulates the process by which members of the military and their spouses may seek occupational licenses, certifications, permit pending normal licenses, or registrations to enable them to work in their field.

<u>Present law</u> requires a professional or occupational licensing board (hereinafter board) to issue licenses to a military-trained applicant to allow the applicant to lawfully practice the applicant's occupation in the state, if they meet certain requirements.

<u>Proposed law</u> deletes <u>present law</u> in part, and instead requires the licensing board to issue a license to a military member, including United States Department of Defense civilian employees who have been assigned to duty in Louisiana, or an applicant who is married to or is a dependent of a member of the military or a United States Department of Defense civilian employee, if the member receives military orders for a change of station to a military installation or assignment located in this state or if the member has established this state as his state of legal residence as reflected in the member's military record, if they meet certain requirements.

<u>Proposed law</u> deletes the conditions contained in <u>present law</u>, and requires the applicant to meet the following:

- (1) He has a current and valid occupational license in another state in an occupation with a similar scope of practice, as determined by the board.
- (2) He has held the occupational license in the other state for at least one year.
- (3) The board in the other state required the person to pass an examination, or to meet certain other standards.
- (4) The board in the other state holds the person in good standing.
- (5) He does not have a disqualifying criminal record as determined by the board in this state.
- (6) He has not had an occupational license revoked because of negligence or intentional misconduct related to the applicant's work in the occupation.
- (7) He has not surrendered an occupational license because of negligence or intentional misconduct related to the person's work in the occupation.
- (8) He does not have a complaint, allegation, or investigation pending before a board in another state which relates to unprofessional conduct or an alleged crime. If the applicant has a complaint, allegation or investigation pending, the board in this state shall not issue or deny an occupational license to the applicant until the complaint, allegation, or investigation is resolved, or the applicant otherwise satisfies the criteria for licensure in this state.
- (9) He pays all applicable fees.
- (10) He simultaneously applies for a permanent license; if the applicant fails to qualify for a permanent license as determined by the occupational or licensing board once the permanent application is vetted, the permit automatically terminates.

<u>Present law</u> requires the board to issue a license to a military-trained applicant, if he holds a current license from another jurisdiction, whose requirements for licensure are equivalent to this state's.

<u>Proposed law</u> deletes <u>present law</u> in part, and instead requires the board to issue the license or permit pending normal license to an applicant who is a member of the military, or an applicant who is married to or is a dependent of a member of the military or United States Department of Defense civilian employee who has been assigned to duty in Louisiana, upon application based on work experience in another state, if all the following apply:

- (1) The applicant worked in a state that does not use an occupational license or government certification to regulate a lawful occupation, but Louisiana uses an occupational license or government certification to regulate a lawful occupation with a similar scope of practice, as determined by the board.
- (2) The applicant worked for at least three years in the lawful occupation.
- (3) The applicant satisfies provisions of <u>proposed law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> requires the board to grant a license to a military spouse, if the spouse meets certain conditions.

<u>Proposed law</u> deletes <u>present law</u> in part, and requires the board to issue a license or permit pending normal license to an applicant who is a member of the military or a United States Department of Defense civilian employee, or an applicant who is married to or is a dependent of a member of the military or a United States Department of Defense civilian

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employee who has been assigned to duty in Louisiana, based on holding a private certification and work experience in another state, if they meet all of the following:

- (1) The applicant worked in a state that does not use an occupational license or government certification to regulate a lawful occupation, but Louisiana uses an occupational license or government certification to regulate a lawful occupation with a similar scope of practice, as determined by the board.
- (2) The applicant worked for at least two years in the lawful occupation.
- (3) The applicant holds a current and valid private certification in the lawful occupation.
- (4) The private certification organization holds the applicant in good standing.
- (5) The applicant satisfies provisions of <u>proposed law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for a temporary practice permit to be issued while the applicant is satisfying the requirements for licensure and tasks the boards with promulgating rules for issuance. <u>Present law</u> gives priority to applicants holding a temporary license.

Proposed law deletes present law.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that for education, training, or experience requirements for a license are considered satisfied, as determined by the board, if the applicant shows evidence that the applicant received comparable education, training, or experience in the military.

<u>Proposed law</u> allows the board to require the applicant to pass a jurisprudential exam relative to state laws that regulate the obligation, if that is required of all applicants.

<u>Proposed law</u> requires the board to provide the applicant with a written decision within 30 days.

<u>Present law</u> requires the board to adopt rules for implementation. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> but redesignates it.

<u>Present law</u> does not prohibit an applicant from proceeding under <u>present law</u>. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> but redesignates it.

Proposed law allows the applicant to appeal certain decisions by the board.

<u>Proposed law</u> requires the court to determine all questions of law without regard to previous determinations.

<u>Present law</u> defines "professional or occupational licensing board". <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> but redesignates it and adds a definition for "military".

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that a person who obtains a license under <u>proposed law</u> is subject to <u>present law</u> and the jurisdiction of the board.

<u>Present law</u> does not apply to applicants with a dishonorable discharge or his spouse. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> but redesignates it.

<u>Present law</u> does not apply to a license issued and regulated under the authority of the judicial branch of government. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> but redesignates it.

<u>Proposed law</u> does not apply to an occupation regulated by the state supreme court, to any person covered by the Nurse Licensure Compact, or to any person that obtains licensure or registration on a nationwide licensing or registry system.

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Proposed law preempts present law by various municipalities which regulate licenses.

(Amends R.S. 37:3651)

Summary of Amendments Adopted by House

- The Committee Amendments Proposed by <u>House Committee on Commerce</u> to the <u>original</u> bill:
- 1. Change references to federal government civilian employees to United States Department of Defense civilian employees.
- 2. Add permit pending normal license to the types of licensure that are covered by proposed law.
- 3. Specify that <u>proposed law</u> applies to United States Department of Defense civilian employees who have been assigned to duty in Louisiana.
- 4. Add the requirement that the applicant simultaneously apply for a permanent license.
- 5. Exempts any person that obtains licensure or registration on a nationwide licensing or registry system from proposed law.
- 6. Make technical changes.

# The House Floor Amendments to the engrossed bill:

- 1. Exempt any person covered by the Nurse Licensure Compact from the provisions of proposed law.
- 2. Make technical changes.