SENATE BILL NO. 27 BY SENATOR PEACOCK

1 AN ACT 2 To amend and reenact R.S. 37:1272(2) and to enact Part I - C of Chapter 15 of Title 37 of 3 the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, to be comprised of R.S. 37:1310.1, relative to the practice of medicine; to provide for certain qualifications of applicants who 4 5 wish to practice medicine; to provide for authority to enter into the Interstate Medical Licensure Compact; to provide for enactment of the model language required to 6 7 participate in the compact; to provide for definitions; to provide for eligibility, application, and renewal process; to provide for a coordinated information system; 8 9 to provide for investigations and disciplinary actions; to provide for membership, powers, and duties of the Interstate Medical Licensure Compact Commission; to 10 11 provide for oversight and enforcement of the compact; to provide for withdrawal and 12 dissolution of the compact; to provide for severability; to provide for an effective 13 date; and provide for related matters. 14 Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana: 15 Section 1. R.S. 37:1272(2) is hereby amended and reenacted and Part I - C of 16 Chapter 15 of Title 37 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, comprised of R.S. 17 37:1310.1, is hereby enacted to read as follows: §1272. Qualifications of applicants 18 19 Any person who wishes to practice medicine shall: 20 (2) Be a citizen of the United States or possess valid and current legal 21 22 authority to reside and work in the United States duly issued by the 23 commissioner of the Immigration and Naturalization Service of the United 24 States pursuant to the federal Immigration and Nationality Act and the 25 commissioner's regulations thereunder; 26

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1	PART I - C. INTERSTATE MEDICAL LICENSURE COMPACT
2	§1310.1. Interstate Medical Licensure Compact; adoption
3	The Interstate Medical Licensure Compact is hereby recognized and
4	enacted into law and entered into by this state with all states legally joining
5	therein in the form substantially as follows:
6	SECTION 1. PURPOSE
7	In order to strengthen access to health care, and in recognition of the
8	advances in the delivery of health care, the member states of the Interstate
9	Medical Licensure Compact have allied in common purpose to develop a
10	comprehensive process that complements the existing licensing and regulatory
11	authority of state medical boards, provides a streamlined process that allows
12	physicians to become licensed in multiple states, thereby enhancing the
13	portability of a medical license and ensuring the safety of patients. The compact
14	creates another pathway for licensure and does not otherwise change a state's
15	existing medical practice act. The compact also adopts the prevailing standard
16	for licensure and affirms that the practice of medicine occurs where the patient
17	is located at the time of the physician-patient encounter, and therefore, requires
18	the physician to be under the jurisdiction of the state medical board where the
19	patient is located. State medical boards that participate in the compact retain
20	the jurisdiction to impose an adverse action against a license to practice
21	medicine in that state issued to a physician through the procedures in the
22	<u>compact.</u>
23	SECTION 2. DEFINITIONS
24	In this compact:
25	(a) "Bylaws" means those bylaws established by the Interstate
26	Commission pursuant to Section 11.
27	(b) "Commissioner" means the voting representative appointed by each
28	member board pursuant to Section 11.
29	(c) "Conviction" means a finding by a court that an individual is guilty
30	of a criminal offense through adjudication, or entry of a plea of guilt or no

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1	contest to the charge by the offender. Evidence of an entry of a conviction of a
2	criminal offense by the court shall be considered final for purposes of
3	disciplinary action by a member board.
4	(d) "Expedited license" means a full and unrestricted medical license
5	granted by a member state to an eligible physician through the process set forth
6	in the compact.
7	(e) "Interstate commission" means the interstate commission created
8	pursuant to Section 11.
9	(f) "License" means authorization by a member state for a physician to
10	engage in the practice of medicine, which would be unlawful without
11	authorization.
12	(g) "Medical practice act" means laws and regulations governing the
13	practice of allopathic and osteopathic medicine within a member state.
14	(h) "Member board" means a state agency in a member state that acts
15	in the sovereign interests of the state by protecting the public through licensure,
16	regulation, and education of physicians as directed by the state government.
17	(i) "Member state" means a state that has enacted the compact.
18	(j) "Practice of medicine" means that clinical prevention, diagnosis, or
19	treatment of human disease, injury, or condition requiring a physician to obtain
20	and maintain a license in compliance with the medical practice act of a member
21	<u>state.</u>
22	(k) "Physician" means any person who:
23	(1) Is a graduate of a medical school accredited by the Liaison
24	Committee on Medical Education, the Commission on Osteopathic College
25	Accreditation, or a medical school listed in the International Medical Education
26	Directory or its equivalent;
27	(2) Passed each component of the United States Medical Licensing
28	Examination (USMLE) or the Comprehensive Osteopathic Medical Licensing
29	Examination (COMLEX-USA) within three attempts, or any of its predecessor
30	examinations accepted by a state medical board as an equivalent examination

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1	for licensure purposes;
2	(3) Successfully completed graduate medical education approved by the
3	Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or the American
4	Osteopathic Association;
5	(4) Holds specialty certification or a time-unlimited specialty certificate
6	recognized by the American Board of Medical Specialties or the American
7	Osteopathic Association's Bureau of Osteopathic Specialists;
8	(5) Possesses a full and unrestricted license to engage in the practice of
9	medicine issued by a member board;
10	(6) Has never been convicted, received adjudication, deferred
11	adjudication, community supervision, or deferred disposition for any offense by
12	a court of appropriate jurisdiction;
13	(7) Has never held a license authorizing the practice of medicine
14	subjected to discipline by a licensing agency in any state, federal, or foreign
15	jurisdiction, excluding any action related to non-payment of fees related to a
16	license;
16 17	<u>license;</u> (8) Has never had a controlled substance license or permit suspended or
17	(8) Has never had a controlled substance license or permit suspended or
17 18	(8) Has never had a controlled substance license or permit suspended or revoked by a state or the United States Drug Enforcement Administration; and
17 18 19	(8) Has never had a controlled substance license or permit suspended or revoked by a state or the United States Drug Enforcement Administration; and (9) Is not under active investigation by a licensing agency or law
17 18 19 20	(8) Has never had a controlled substance license or permit suspended or revoked by a state or the United States Drug Enforcement Administration; and (9) Is not under active investigation by a licensing agency or law enforcement authority in any state, federal, or foreign jurisdiction.
17 18 19 20 21	 (8) Has never had a controlled substance license or permit suspended or revoked by a state or the United States Drug Enforcement Administration; and (9) Is not under active investigation by a licensing agency or law enforcement authority in any state, federal, or foreign jurisdiction. (1) "Offense" means a felony, gross misdemeanor, or crime of moral
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 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 	(8) Has never had a controlled substance license or permit suspended or revoked by a state or the United States Drug Enforcement Administration; and (9) Is not under active investigation by a licensing agency or law enforcement authority in any state, federal, or foreign jurisdiction. (1) "Offense" means a felony, gross misdemeanor, or crime of moral turpitude. (m) "Rule" means a written statement by the interstate commission promulgated pursuant to Section 12 of the compact that is of general
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	(8) Has never had a controlled substance license or permit suspended or revoked by a state or the United States Drug Enforcement Administration; and (9) Is not under active investigation by a licensing agency or law enforcement authority in any state, federal, or foreign jurisdiction. (1) "Offense" means a felony, gross misdemeanor, or crime of moral turpitude. (m) "Rule" means a written statement by the interstate commission promulgated pursuant to Section 12 of the compact that is of general applicability, implements, interprets, or prescribes a policy or provision of the
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	 (8) Has never had a controlled substance license or permit suspended or revoked by a state or the United States Drug Enforcement Administration; and (9) Is not under active investigation by a licensing agency or law enforcement authority in any state, federal, or foreign jurisdiction. (1) "Offense" means a felony, gross misdemeanor, or crime of moral turpitude. (m) "Rule" means a written statement by the interstate commission promulgated pursuant to Section 12 of the compact that is of general applicability, implements, interprets, or prescribes a policy or provision of the compact, or an organizational, procedural, or practice requirement of the
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1	(0) "State of principal license" means a member state where a physician
2	holds a license to practice medicine and which has been designated as such by
3	the physician for purposes of registration and participation in the compact.
4	SECTION 3. ELIGIBILITY
5	(a) A physician must meet the eligibility requirements as defined in
6	Section 2(k) to receive an expedited license under the terms and provisions of
7	the compact.
8	(b) A physician who does not meet the requirements of Section 2(k) may
9	obtain a license to practice medicine in a member state if the individual
10	complies with all laws and requirements, other than the compact, relating to the
11	issuance of a license to practice medicine in that state.
12	SECTION 4. DESIGNATION OF STATE OF PRINCIPAL LICENSE
13	(a) A physician shall designate a member state as the state of principal
14	license for purposes of registration for expedited licensure through the compact
15	if the physician possesses a full and unrestricted license to practice medicine in
16	that state, and the state is:
16	that state, and the state is:
16 17	that state, and the state is: (1) The state of principal residence for the physician, or
16 17 18	that state, and the state is: (1) The state of principal residence for the physician, or (2) The state where at least twenty-five percent of the practice of
16 17 18 19	that state, and the state is: (1) The state of principal residence for the physician, or (2) The state where at least twenty-five percent of the practice of medicine occurs, or
16 17 18 19 20	that state, and the state is: (1) The state of principal residence for the physician, or (2) The state where at least twenty-five percent of the practice of medicine occurs, or (3) The location of the physician's employer, or
16 17 18 19 20 21	that state, and the state is: (1) The state of principal residence for the physician, or (2) The state where at least twenty-five percent of the practice of medicine occurs, or (3) The location of the physician's employer, or (4) If no state qualifies under subsection (1), subsection (2), or subsection
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 	that state, and the state is: (1) The state of principal residence for the physician, or (2) The state where at least twenty-five percent of the practice of medicine occurs, or (3) The location of the physician's employer, or (4) If no state qualifies under subsection (1), subsection (2), or subsection (3), the state designated as state of residence for purpose of federal income tax.
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 	that state, and the state is: (1) The state of principal residence for the physician, or (2) The state where at least twenty-five percent of the practice of medicine occurs, or (3) The location of the physician's employer, or (4) If no state qualifies under subsection (1), subsection (2), or subsection (3), the state designated as state of residence for purpose of federal income tax. (b) A physician may redesignate a member state as state of principal
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 	that state, and the state is: (1) The state of principal residence for the physician, or (2) The state where at least twenty-five percent of the practice of medicine occurs, or (3) The location of the physician's employer, or (4) If no state qualifies under subsection (1), subsection (2), or subsection (3), the state designated as state of residence for purpose of federal income tax. (b) A physician may redesignate a member state as state of principal license at any time, as long as the state meets the requirements of subsection (a).
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	that state, and the state is: (1) The state of principal residence for the physician, or (2) The state where at least twenty-five percent of the practice of medicine occurs, or (3) The location of the physician's employer, or (4) If no state qualifies under subsection (1), subsection (2), or subsection (3), the state designated as state of residence for purpose of federal income tax. (b) A physician may redesignate a member state as state of principal license at any time, as long as the state meets the requirements of subsection (a). (c) The interstate commission is authorized to develop rules to facilitate
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	that state, and the state is: (1) The state of principal residence for the physician, or (2) The state where at least twenty-five percent of the practice of medicine occurs, or (3) The location of the physician's employer, or (4) If no state qualifies under subsection (1), subsection (2), or subsection (3), the state designated as state of residence for purpose of federal income tax. (b) A physician may redesignate a member state as state of principal license at any time, as long as the state meets the requirements of subsection (a). (c) The interstate commission is authorized to develop rules to facilitate redesignation of another member state as the state of principal license.
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	that state, and the state is: (1) The state of principal residence for the physician, or (2) The state where at least twenty-five percent of the practice of medicine occurs, or (3) The location of the physician's employer, or (4) If no state qualifies under subsection (1), subsection (2), or subsection (3), the state designated as state of residence for purpose of federal income tax. (b) A physician may redesignate a member state as state of principal license at any time, as long as the state meets the requirements of subsection (a). (c) The interstate commission is authorized to develop rules to facilitate redesignation of another member state as the state of principal license. SECTION 5. APPLICATION AND ISSUANCE OF EXPEDITED LICENSURE

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1	(b) Upon receipt of an application for an expedited license, the member
2	board within the state selected as the state of principal license shall evaluate
3	whether the physician is eligible for expedited licensure and issue a letter of
4	qualification, verifying or denying the physician's eligibility, to the interstate
5	commission.
6	(1) Static qualifications, which include verification of medical education,
7	graduate medical education, results of any medical or licensing examination,
8	and other qualifications as determined by the interstate commission through
9	rule, shall not be subject to additional primary source verification where
10	already primary source verified by the state of principal license.
11	(2) The member board within the state selected as the state of principal
12	license shall, in the course of verifying eligibility, perform a criminal
13	background check of an applicant, including the use of the results of fingerprint
14	or other biometric data checks compliant with the requirements of the Federal
15	Bureau of Investigation, with the exception of federal employees who have
16	suitability determination in accordance with 5 CFR §731.202.
17	(3) Appeal on the determination of eligibility shall be made to the
18	member state where the application was filed and shall be subject to the law of
19	that state.
20	(c) Upon verification in subsection (b), physicians eligible for an
21	expedited license shall complete the registration process established by the
22	interstate commission to receive a license in a member state selected pursuant
23	to subsection (a), including the payment of any applicable fees.
24	(d) After receiving verification of eligibility under subsection (b) and any
25	fees under subsection (c), a member board shall issue an expedited license to the
26	physician. This license shall authorize the physician to practice medicine in the
27	issuing state consistent with the medical practice act and all applicable laws and
28	regulations of the issuing member board and member state.
29	(e) An expedited license shall be valid for a period consistent with the
30	licensure period in the member state and in the same manner as required for

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1	other physicians holding a full and unrestricted license within the member state.
2	(f) An expedited license obtained through the compact shall be
3	terminated if a physician fails to maintain a license in the state of principal
4	licensure for a non-disciplinary reason, without redesignation of a new state of
5	principal licensure.
6	(g) The interstate commission is authorized to develop rules regarding
7	the application process, including payment of any applicable fees, and the
8	issuance of an expedited license.
9	SECTION 6. FEES FOR EXPEDITED LICENSURE
10	(a) A member state issuing an expedited license authorizing the practice
11	of medicine in that state may impose a fee for a license issued or renewed
12	through the compact.
13	(b) The interstate commission is authorized to develop rules regarding
14	fees for expedited licenses.
15	SECTION 7. RENEWAL AND CONTINUED PARTICIPATION
16	(a) A physician seeking to renew an expedited license granted in a
17	member state shall complete a renewal process with the interstate commission
18	if the physician:
19	(1) Maintains a full and unrestricted license in a state of principal
20	<u>license;</u>
21	(2) Has not been convicted, received adjudication, deferred adjudication,
22	community supervision, or deferred disposition for any offense by a court of
23	appropriate jurisdiction;
24	(3) Has not had a license authorizing the practice of medicine subject to
25	discipline by a licensing agency in any state, federal, or foreign jurisdiction,
26	excluding any action related to non-payment of fees related to a license; and
27	(4) Has not had a controlled substance license or permit suspended or
28	revoked by a state or the United States Drug Enforcement Administration.
29	(b) Physicians shall comply with all continuing professional development
30	or continuing medical education requirements for renewal of a license issued by

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1	<u>a member state.</u>
2	(c) The interstate commission shall collect any renewal fees charged for
3	the renewal of a license and distribute the fees to the applicable member board.
4	(d) Upon receipt of any renewal fees collected in subsection (c), a
5	member board shall renew the physician's license.
6	(e) Physician information collected by the interstate commission during
7	the renewal process will be distributed to all member boards.
8	(f) The interstate commission is authorized to develop rules to address
9	renewal of licenses obtained through the compact.
10	SECTION 8. COORDINATED INFORMATION SYSTEM
11	(a) The interstate commission shall establish a database of all physicians
12	licensed, or who have applied for licensure, under Section 5.
13	(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, member boards shall
14	report to the interstate commission any public action or complaints against a
15	licensed physician who has applied or received an expedited license through the
16	<u>compact.</u>
17	(c) Member boards shall report disciplinary or investigatory information
18	determined as necessary and proper by rule of the interstate commission.
19	(d) Member boards may report any non-public complaint, disciplinary,
20	or investigatory information not required by subsection (c) to the interstate
21	<u>commission.</u>
22	(e) Member boards shall share complaint or disciplinary information
23	about a physician upon request of another member board.
24	(f) All information provided to the interstate commission or distributed
25	by member boards shall be confidential, filed under seal, and used only for
26	investigatory or disciplinary matters.
27	(g) The interstate commission is authorized to develop rules for
28	mandated or discretionary sharing of information by member boards.
29	SECTION 9. JOINT INVESTIGATIONS
30	(a) Licensure and disciplinary records of physicians are deemed

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1	investigative.
2	(b) In addition to the authority granted to a member board by its
3	respective medical practice act or other applicable state law, a member board
4	may participate with other member boards in joint investigations of physicians
5	licensed by the member boards.
6	(c) A subpoena issued by a member state shall be enforceable in other
7	member states.
8	(d) Member boards may share any investigative, litigation, or
9	compliance materials in furtherance of any joint or individual investigation
10	initiated under the compact.
11	(e) Any member state may investigate actual or alleged violations of the
12	statutes authorizing the practice of medicine in any other member state in
13	which a physician holds a license to practice medicine.
14	SECTION 10. DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS
15	(a) Any disciplinary action taken by any member board against a
16	physician licensed through the compact shall be deemed unprofessional conduct
17	which may be subject to discipline by other member boards, in addition to any
18	violation of the medical practice act or regulations in that state.
19	(b) If a license granted to a physician by the member board in the state
20	of principal license is revoked, surrendered or relinquished in lieu of discipline,
21	or suspended, then all licenses issued to the physician by member boards shall
22	automatically be placed, without further action necessary by any member
23	board, on the same status. If the member board in the state of principal license
24	subsequently reinstates the physician's license, a license issued to the physician
25	by any other member board shall remain encumbered until that respective
26	member board takes action to reinstate the license in a manner consistent with
27	the medical practice act of that state.
28	(c) If disciplinary action is taken against a physician by a member board
29	not in the state of principal license, any other member board may deem the
30	action conclusive as to matter of law and fact decided, and:

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1	(1) Impose the same or lesser sanction(s) against the physician so long as
2	such sanctions are consistent with the medical practice act of that state; or
3	(2) Pursue separate disciplinary action against the physician under its
4	respective medical practice act, regardless of the action taken in other member
5	states.
6	(d) If a license granted to a physician by a member board is revoked,
7	surrendered or relinquished in lieu of discipline, or suspended, then any
8	license(s) issued to the physician by any other member board(s) shall be
9	suspended, automatically and immediately without further action necessary by
10	the other member board(s), for ninety days upon entry of the order by the
11	disciplining board, to permit the member board(s) to investigate the basis for
12	the action under the medical practice act of that state. A member board may
13	terminate the automatic suspension of the license it issued prior to the
14	completion of the ninety day suspension period in a manner consistent with the
15	medical practice act of that state.
16	SECTION 11. INTERSTATE MEDICAL LICENSURE
17	COMPACT COMMISSION
18	(a) The member states hereby create the "Interstate Medical Licensure
19	Compact Commission".
20	(b) The purpose of the interstate commission is the administration of the
21	interstate medical licensure compact, which is a discretionary state function.
22	(c) The interstate commission shall be a body corporate and joint agency
23	of the member states and shall have all the responsibilities, powers, and duties
24	set forth in the compact, and such additional powers as may be conferred upon
25	it by a subsequent concurrent action of the respective legislatures of the
26	member states in accordance with the terms of the compact.
27	(d) The interstate commission shall consist of two voting representatives
28	appointed by each member state who shall serve as commissioners. In states
29	where allopathic and osteopathic physicians are regulated by separate member

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1	member boards, or if the licensing and disciplinary authority is split between
2	multiple member boards within a member state, the member state shall appoint
3	one representative from each member board. A commissioner shall be a(n):
4	(1) Allopathic or osteopathic physician appointed to a member board;
5	(2) Executive director, executive secretary, or similar executive of a
6	member board; or
7	(3) Member of the public appointed to a member board.
8	(e) The interstate commission shall meet at least once each calendar year.
9	A portion of this meeting shall be a business meeting to address such matters as
10	may properly come before the commission, including the election of officers.
11	The chairperson may call additional meetings and shall call for a meeting upon
12	the request of a majority of the member states.
13	(f) The bylaws may provide for meetings of the interstate commission to
14	be conducted by telecommunication or electronic communication.
15	(g) Each commissioner participating at a meeting of the interstate
16	commission is entitled to one vote. A majority of commissioners shall constitute
17	a quorum for the transaction of business, unless a larger quorum is required by
18	the bylaws of the interstate commission. A commissioner shall not delegate a
19	vote to another commissioner. In the absence of its commissioner, a member
20	state may delegate voting authority for a specified meeting to another person
21	from that state who shall meet the requirements of subsection (d).
22	(h) The interstate commission shall provide public notice of all meetings
23	and all meetings shall be open to the public. The interstate commission may
24	close a meeting, in full or in portion, where it determines by a two-thirds vote
25	of the commissioners present that an open meeting would be likely to:
26	(1) Relate solely to the internal personnel practice and procedures of the
27	interstate commission;
28	(2) Discuss matters specifically exempted from disclosure by federal
29	<u>statute;</u>
30	(3) Discuss trade secrets, commercial, or financial information that is

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privileged or confidential;
(4) Involve accusing a person of a crime, or formally censuring a person;
(5) Discuss information of a personal nature where disclosure would
constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
(6) Discuss investigative records compiled for law enforcement purposes;
<u>or</u>
(7) Specifically relate to the participation in a civil action or other legal
proceeding.
(i) The interstate commission shall keep minutes which shall fully
describe all matters discussed in a meeting and shall provide a full and accurate
summary of actions taken, including record of any roll call votes.
(j) The interstate commission shall make its information and official
records, to the extent not otherwise designated in the compact or by its rules,
available to the public for inspection.
(k) The interstate commission shall establish an executive committee,
which shall include officers, members, and others as determined by the bylaws.
The executive committee shall have the power to act on behalf of the interstate
commission, with the exception of rulemaking, during periods when the
interstate commission is not in session. When acting on behalf of the interstate
commission, the executive committee shall oversee the administration of the
compact including enforcement and compliance with the provisions of the
compact, its bylaws and rules, and other such duties as necessary.
(1) The interstate commission shall establish other committees for
governance and administration of the compact.
SECTION 12. POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE
INTERSTATE COMMISSION
(a) Oversee and maintain the administration of the compact;
(a) Oversee and maintain the administration of the compact; (b) Promulgate rules which shall be binding to the extent and in the

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	SD NO. 27
1	opinions concerning the meaning or interpretation of the compact, its bylaws,
2	rules, and actions;
3	(d) Enforce compliance with compact provisions, the rules promulgated
4	by the interstate commission, and the bylaws, using all necessary and proper
5	means, including but not limited to the use of judicial process;
6	(e) Establish and appoint committees including, but not limited to, an
7	executive committee as required by Section 11, which shall have the power to
8	act on behalf of the interstate commission in carrying out its powers and duties;
9	(f) Pay, or provide for the payment of the expenses related to the
10	establishment, organization, and ongoing activities of the interstate commission;
11	(g) Establish and maintain one or more offices;
12	(h) Borrow, accept, hire, or contract for services of personnel;
13	(i) Purchase and maintain insurance and bonds;
14	(j) Employ an executive director who shall have such powers to employ,
15	select or appoint employees, agents, or consultants, and to determine their
16	qualifications, define their duties, and fix their compensation;
17	(k) Establish personnel policies and programs relating to conflicts of
18	interest, rates of compensation, and qualifications of personnel;
19	(1) Accept donations and grants of money, equipment, supplies,
20	materials, and services and to receive, utilize, and dispose of it in a manner
21	consistent with the conflict of interest policies established by the interstate
22	<u>commission;</u>
23	(m) Lease, purchase, accept contributions or donations of, or otherwise
24	to own, hold, improve or use, any property, real, personal, or mixed;
25	(n) Sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon, or
26	otherwise dispose of any property, real, personal, or mixed;
27	(o) Establish a budget and make expenditures;
28	(p) Adopt a seal and bylaws governing the management and operation
29	of the interstate commission;
30	(q) Report annually to the legislatures and governors of the member

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1	states concerning the activities of the interstate commission during the
2	preceding year. Such reports shall also include reports of financial audits and
3	any recommendations that may have been adopted by the interstate
4	<u>commission;</u>
5	(r) Coordinate education, training, and public awareness regarding the
6	compact, its implementation, and its operation;
7	(s) Maintain records in accordance with the bylaws;
8	(t) Seek and obtain trademarks, copyrights, and patents; and
9	(u) Perform such functions as may be necessary or appropriate to
10	achieve the purpose of the compact.
11	SECTION 13. FINANCE POWERS
12	(a) The interstate commission may levy on and collect an annual
13	assessment from each member state to cover the cost of the operations and
14	activities of the interstate commission and its staff. The total assessment must
15	be sufficient to cover the annual budget approved each year for which revenue
16	is not provided by other sources. The aggregate annual assessment amount shall
17	be allocated upon a formula to be determined by the interstate commission,
18	which shall promulgate a rule binding upon all member states.
19	(b) The interstate commission shall not incur obligations of any kind
20	prior to securing the funds adequate to meet the same.
21	(c) The interstate commission shall not pledge the credit of any of the
22	member states, except by, and with the authority of, the member state.
23	(d) The interstate commission shall be subject to a yearly financial audit
24	conducted by a certified or licensed accountant and the report of the audit shall
25	be included in the annual report of the interstate commission.
26	SECTION 14. ORGANIZATION AND OPERATION OF
27	THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION
28	(a) The interstate commission shall, by a majority of commissioners
29	present and voting, adopt bylaws to govern its conduct as may be necessary or
30	appropriate to carry out the purposes of the compact within twelve months of

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	SD NO. 27
1	the first interstate commission meeting.
2	(b) The interstate commission shall elect or appoint annually from
3	among its commissioners a chairperson, a vice-chairperson, and a treasurer,
4	each of whom shall have such authority and duties as may be specified in the
5	bylaws. The chairperson, or in the chairperson's absence or disability, the
6	vice-chairperson, shall preside at all meetings of the interstate commission.
7	(c) Officers selected in subsection (b) shall serve without remuneration
8	for the interstate commission.
9	(d) The officers and employees of the interstate commission shall be
10	immune from suit and liability, either personally or in their official capacity, for
11	a claim for damage to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil
12	liability caused or arising out of, or relating to, an actual or alleged act, error,
13	or omission that occurred, or that such person had a reasonable basis for
14	believing occurred, within the scope of interstate commission employment,
15	duties, or responsibilities; provided that such person shall not be protected from
16	suit or liability for damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the gross
17	negligence or intentional or willful and wanton misconduct of such person.
18	(e) The liability of the executive director and employees of the interstate
19	commission or representatives of the interstate commission, acting within the
20	scope of such person's employment or duties for acts, errors, or omissions
21	occurring within such person's state, may not exceed the limits of liability set
22	forth under the constitution and laws of that state for state officials, employees,
23	and agents. The interstate commission is considered to be an instrumentality of
24	the states for the purpose of any such action. Nothing in this subsection shall be
25	construed to protect such person from suit or liability for damage, loss, injury,
26	or liability caused by the gross negligence or intentional or willful and wanton
27	misconduct of such person.
28	(f) The interstate commission shall defend the executive director, its
29	employees, and subject to the approval of the attorney general or other
30	appropriate legal counsel of the member state represented by an interstate

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1	commission representative, shall defend such interstate commission
2	representative in any civil action seeking to impose liability arising out of an
3	actual or alleged act, error or omission that occurred within the scope of
4	interstate commission employment, duties or responsibilities, or that the
5	defendant had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of
6	interstate commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that the
7	actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from gross negligence or
8	intentional or willful and wanton misconduct on the part of such person.
9	(g) To the extent not covered by the state involved, member state, or the
10	interstate commission, the representatives or employees of the interstate
11	commission shall be held harmless in the amount of a settlement or judgement,
12	including attorney's fees and costs, obtained against such persons arising out of
13	an actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of the
14	interstate commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that such
15	persons had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of
16	interstate commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that the
17	actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from intentional or willful
18	and wanton misconduct on the part of such person.
19	SECTION 15. RULEMAKING FUNCTIONS OF
20	THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION
21	(a) The interstate commission shall promulgate reasonable rules in order
22	to effectively and efficiently achieve the purpose of the compact.
23	Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event the interstate commission exercises
24	its rulemaking authority in a manner that is beyond the scope of the purposes
25	of the compact, or the powers granted hereunder, then such an action by the
26	interstate commission shall be invalid and have no force or effect.
27	(b) Rules deemed appropriate for the operations of the interstate
28	commission shall be made pursuant to a rulemaking process that substantially
29	conforms to the "Model State Administrative Procedure Act" of 2010, and
30	subsequent amendments thereto.

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2file a petition for judicial review of the rule in the United States District Court3for the District of Columbia or the federal district where the interstate4commission has its principal offices, provided that the filing of such a petition5shall not stay or otherwise prevent the rule from becoming effective unless the6court finds that the petitioner has a substantial likelihood of success. The court7shall give deference to the actions of the interstate commission consistent with8applicable law and shall not find the rule to be unlawful if the rule represents9a reasonable exercise of the authority granted to the interstate commission.10SECTION 16. OVERSIGHT OF INTERSTATE COMPACT11(a) The executive, legislative, and judicial branches of state government12in each member state shall enforce the compact and shall take all actions13necessary and appropriate to effectuate the compact's purposes and intent. The14provisions of the compact and the rules promulgated hereunder shall have15standing as statutory law but shall not override existing state authority to16regulate the practice of medicine.17(b) All courts shall take judicial notice of the compact and the rules in18any judicial or administrative proceeding in a member state pertaining to the29ubject matter of the compact which may affect the powers, responsibilities or20actions of the interstate commission shall have standing to intervene in the21(c) The interstate commission shall have standing to intervene in the22<	1	(c) Not later than thirty days after a rule is promulgated, any person may
4 commission has its principal offices, provided that the filing of such a petition 5 shall not stay or otherwise prevent the rule from becoming effective unless the 6 court finds that the petitioner has a substantial likelihood of success. The court 7 shall give deference to the actions of the interstate commission consistent with 8 applicable law and shall not find the rule to be unlawful if the rule represents 9 a reasonable exercise of the authority granted to the interstate commission. 10 SECTION 16. OVERSIGHT OF INTERSTATE COMPACT 11 (a) The executive, legislative, and judicial branches of state government 12 in each member state shall enforce the compact and shall take all actions 13 necessary and appropriate to effectuate the compact's purposes and intent. The 14 provisions of the compact and the rules promulgated hereunder shall have 15 standing as statutory law but shall not override existing state authority to 16 regulate the practice of medicine. 17 (b) All courts shall take judicial notice of the compact and the rules in 18 any judicial or administrative proceeding in a member state pertaining to the 19 subject matter of the compact which may affect the powers, responsibilities or 20	2	file a petition for judicial review of the rule in the United States District Court
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29 (b) The interstate commission may, by majority vote of the	27	(a) The interstate commission, in the reasonable exercise of its discretion,
	28	shall enforce the provisions and rules of the compact.
30 <u>commissioners, initiate legal action in the United States Court for the District</u>	29	(b) The interstate commission may, by majority vote of the
	30	commissioners, initiate legal action in the United States Court for the District

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1	of Columbia, or, at the discretion of the interstate commission, in the federal
2	district where the interstate commission has its principal offices, to enforce
3	compliance with the provisions of the compact, and its promulgated rules and
4	bylaws, against a member state in default. The relief sought may include both
5	injunctive relief and damages. In the event judicial enforcement is necessary,
6	the prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such litigation including
7	reasonable attorney's fees.
8	(c) The remedies herein shall not be the exclusive remedies of the
9	interstate commission. The interstate commission may avail itself of any other
10	remedies available under state law or regulation of a profession.
11	SECTION 18. DEFAULT PROCEDURES
12	(a) The grounds for default include, but are not limited to, failure of a
13	member state to perform such obligations or responsibilities imposed upon it
14	by the compact, or the rules and bylaws of the interstate commission
15	promulgated under the compact.
16	(b) If the interstate commission determines that a member state has
16 17	(b) If the interstate commission determines that a member state has defaulted in the performance of its obligations or responsibilities under the
17	defaulted in the performance of its obligations or responsibilities under the
17 18	defaulted in the performance of its obligations or responsibilities under the compact, or the bylaws or promulgated rules, the interstate commission shall:
17 18 19	defaulted in the performance of its obligations or responsibilities under the compact, or the bylaws or promulgated rules, the interstate commission shall: (1) Provide written notice to the defaulting state and other member
17 18 19 20	defaulted in the performance of its obligations or responsibilities under the compact, or the bylaws or promulgated rules, the interstate commission shall: (1) Provide written notice to the defaulting state and other member states, of the nature of the default, the means of curing the default, and any
17 18 19 20 21	defaulted in the performance of its obligations or responsibilities under the compact, or the bylaws or promulgated rules, the interstate commission shall: (1) Provide written notice to the defaulting state and other member states, of the nature of the default, the means of curing the default, and any action taken by the interstate commission. The interstate commission shall
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 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 	defaulted in the performance of its obligations or responsibilities under the compact, or the bylaws or promulgated rules, the interstate commission shall: (1) Provide written notice to the defaulting state and other member states, of the nature of the default, the means of curing the default, and any action taken by the interstate commission. The interstate commission shall specify the conditions by which the defaulting state must cure its default; and (2) Provide remedial training and specific technical assistance regarding
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 	defaulted in the performance of its obligations or responsibilities under the compact, or the bylaws or promulgated rules, the interstate commission shall: (1) Provide written notice to the defaulting state and other member states, of the nature of the default, the means of curing the default, and any action taken by the interstate commission. The interstate commission shall specify the conditions by which the defaulting state must cure its default; and (2) Provide remedial training and specific technical assistance regarding the default.
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	defaulted in the performance of its obligations or responsibilities under the compact, or the bylaws or promulgated rules, the interstate commission shall: (1) Provide written notice to the defaulting state and other member states, of the nature of the default, the means of curing the default, and any action taken by the interstate commission. The interstate commission shall specify the conditions by which the defaulting state must cure its default; and (2) Provide remedial training and specific technical assistance regarding the default. (c) If the defaulting state fails to cure the default, the defaulting state
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	defaulted in the performance of its obligations or responsibilities under the compact, or the bylaws or promulgated rules, the interstate commission shall: (1) Provide written notice to the defaulting state and other member states, of the nature of the default, the means of curing the default, and any action taken by the interstate commission. The interstate commission shall specify the conditions by which the defaulting state must cure its default; and (2) Provide remedial training and specific technical assistance regarding the default. (c) If the defaulting state fails to cure the default, the defaulting state shall be terminated from the compact upon an affirmative vote of a majority of
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2 after all other means of securing compliance have been exhausted. Notice of 3 intent to terminate shall be given by the interstate commission to the governor, 4 the majority and minority leaders of the defaulting state's legislature, and each 5 of the member states. 6 (e) The interstate commission shall establish rules and procedures to 7 address licenses and physicians that are materially impacted by the termination 8 of a member state, or the withdrawal of a member state. 9 (f) The member state which has been terminated is responsible for all 10 due, obligations, and liabilities incurred through the effective date of 11 termination including obligations, the performance of which extends beyond the 12 effective date of termination. 13 (g) The interstate commission shall not bear any costs relating to any 14 state that has been found to be in default or which has been terminated from the 15 compact, unless otherwise mutually agreed upon in writing between the 16 interstate commission and the defaulting state. 17 (h) The defaulting state may appeal the action of the interstate 18 commission by petitioning the United States District Court for the District of 19 <th>1</th> <th>(d) Termination of membership in the compact shall be imposed only</th>	1	(d) Termination of membership in the compact shall be imposed only
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29 (a) Any state is eligible to become a member of the compact.	27	mediation and binding dispute resolution as appropriate.
	28	SECTION 20. MEMBER STATES, EFFECTIVE DATE AND AMENDMENT
30 (b) The compact shall become effective and binding upon legislative	29	(a) Any state is eligible to become a member of the compact.
	30	(b) The compact shall become effective and binding upon legislative

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1	enactment of the compact into law by no less than seven states. Thereafter, it
2	shall become effective and binding on a state upon enactment of the compact
3	into law by that state.
4	(c) The governors of non-member states, or their designees, shall be
5	invited to participate in the activities of the interstate commission on a
6	non-voting basis prior to adoption of the compact by all states.
7	(d) The interstate commission may propose amendments to the compact
8	for enactment by the member states. No amendment shall become effective and
9	binding upon the interstate commission and the member states unless and until
10	it is enacted into law by unanimous consent of the member states.
11	SECTION 21. WITHDRAWAL
12	(a) Once effective, the compact shall continue in force and remain
13	binding upon each and every member state; provided that a member state may
14	withdraw from the compact by specifically repealing the statute which enacted
15	the compact into law.
16	(b) Withdrawal from the compact shall be by the enactment of a statute
16 17	(b) Withdrawal from the compact shall be by the enactment of a statute repealing the same, but shall not take effect until one year after the effective
17	repealing the same, but shall not take effect until one year after the effective
17 18	repealing the same, but shall not take effect until one year after the effective date of such statute and until written notice of the withdrawal has been given
17 18 19	repealing the same, but shall not take effect until one year after the effective date of such statute and until written notice of the withdrawal has been given by the withdrawing state to the governor of each other member state.
17 18 19 20	repealing the same, but shall not take effect until one year after the effective date of such statute and until written notice of the withdrawal has been given by the withdrawing state to the governor of each other member state. (c) The withdrawing state shall immediately notify the chairperson of the
17 18 19 20 21	repealing the same, but shall not take effect until one year after the effective date of such statute and until written notice of the withdrawal has been given by the withdrawing state to the governor of each other member state. (c) The withdrawing state shall immediately notify the chairperson of the interstate commission in writing upon the introduction of legislation repealing
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1	upon the withdrawing date reenacting the compact or upon such later date as
2	determined by the interstate commission.
3	(g) The interstate commission is authorized to develop rules to address
4	the impact of the withdrawal of a member state on licenses granted in other
5	member states to physicians who designated the withdrawing member state as
6	the state of principal license.
7	SECTION 22. DISSOLUTION
8	(a) The compact shall dissolve effective upon the date of the withdrawal
9	or default of the member state which reduces the membership of the compact
10	to one member state.
11	(b) Upon the dissolution of the compact, the compact becomes null and
12	void and shall be of no further force or effect, and the business and affairs of the
13	interstate commission shall be concluded, and surplus funds shall be distributed
14	in accordance with the bylaws.
15	SECTION 23. SEVERABILITY AND CONSTRUCTION
16	(a) The provisions of the compact shall be severable, and if any phrase,
17	clause, sentence, or provision is deemed unenforceable, the remaining
18	provisions of the compact shall be enforceable.
19	(b) The provisions of the compact shall be liberally construed to
20	effectuate its purposes.
21	(c) Nothing in the compact shall be construed to prohibit the
22	applicability of other interstate compacts to which the member states are
23	members.
24	SECTION 24. BINDING EFFECT OF COMPACT AND OTHER LAWS
25	(a) Nothing herein prevents the enforcement of any other law of a
26	member state that is not inconsistent with the compact.
27	(b) All laws in a member state in conflict with the compact are
28	superseded to the extent of the conflict.
29	(c) All lawful actions of the interstate commission, including all rules and
30	bylaws promulgated by the commission, are binding upon the member states.

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1	(d) All agreements between the interstate commission and the member
2	states are binding in accordance with their terms.
3	(e) In the event any provision of the compact exceeds the constitutional
4	limits imposed on the legislature of any member state, such provision shall be
5	ineffective to the extent of the conflict with the constitutional provision in
6	question in that member state.
7	Section 2. This Act shall become effective on July 1, 2021.

PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE

SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA

APPROVED: _____