The original instrument and the following digest, which constitutes no part of the legislative instrument, were prepared by Whitney Kauffeld.

DIGEST 2023 Regular Session

SB 111 Original

Duplessis

<u>Present law</u> provides for the expungement of records of arrest and misdemeanor and felony convictions in certain circumstances.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that the effect of an expunged record of arrest or conviction does not limit or impair the subsequent use of any expunged record of any arrests or convictions by a judge, magistrate, or commissioner for the purpose of setting bail or sentencing.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides for automated expungement of qualifying records. Requires the La. Bureau of Criminal Identification and Information (bureau) to identify within its criminal repository database all records with final dispositions for individuals eligible for an expungement pursuant to the provisions of <u>present law</u>.

<u>Proposed law provides</u> that on Aug. 1, 2024, and every 30 days thereafter, the bureau shall send the records with final dispositions for individuals eligible for an expungement pursuant to <u>present law</u> to the La. Supreme Court Case Management Information System.

<u>Proposed law</u> requires the La. Supreme Court Case Management Information System, within 30 days of receipt of records from the bureau, to send notice by U.S. mail or electronically of all records expunged by automation to the clerks of the district courts. Requires the clerks to verify and identify such records as expunged by automation. Further provides that if a clerk is unable to verify and identify any record identified for automatic expungement pursuant to <u>proposed law</u>, the clerk must notify the La. Supreme Court Case Management Information System within 30 days of receipt of the original notice pursuant to <u>proposed law</u>. Further requires the supreme court to notify the bureau that the record has not been expunged by automation.

<u>Proposed law</u> requires the clerks of the district courts to send notice by U.S. mail or electronically of all records expunged by automation to the district attorney of the parish of the person's conviction, the sheriff of the parish of the person's conviction, and the arresting agency. Requires the sheriff and the arresting agency to identify the records as expunged by automation. Requires the district attorney to acknowledge that the records have been expunged by automation. Further requires the clerks of the district courts to send notice by U.S. mail or electronically of all records expunged by automation to the La. Supreme Court Case Management Information System, which is to mark the records as expunged and notify the bureau by U.S. mail or electronically of all the expunged records. Requires the bureau to mark the records as expunged by automation.

<u>Proposed law</u> authorizes the office of state police to adopt and promulgate rules and regulations to carry out the provisions of <u>proposed law</u> for criminal records in district courts which date back to Jan. 1, 2000. Further urges and requests the supreme court to adopt rules to carry out the provisions

of proposed law.

Effective if an Act or Acts that originated in the 2023 Regular Session of the Legislature make specific appropriations to the office of state police and the La. Supreme Court for the implementation of <u>proposed law</u>. If such appropriations are contained in a single Act, <u>proposed law</u> becomes effective when the Act that made the appropriations becomes effective. If such appropriations are made in different Acts, <u>proposed law</u> becomes effective when the Act having the later effective date becomes effective.

(Amends C.Cr.P. Art. 973(E); adds C.Cr.P. Art. 985.2)