The original instrument and the following digest, which constitutes no part of the legislative instrument, were prepared by Brandi Cannon.

DIGEST

SB 210 Reengrossed

2023 Regular Session

Boudreaux

<u>Present law</u> provides for the La. State Board of Optometry Examiners (board) to be comprised of five actively licensed optometrists and one consumer member. <u>Proposed law</u> adds one additional member who will be an actively licensed minority optometrist.

<u>Present law</u> provides that one licensed optometrist member shall be appointed by the governor from each of the five board districts. Further provides for the nomination and appointment process. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and provides that the minority licensed optometrist member shall be selected from the state at large and appointed by the governor. Further provides that any person interested in serving in this position may apply directly to the office of the governor.

<u>Present law</u> provides that the consumer member shall be selected from the state at large and appointed by the governor. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and specifies that the consumer member shall be a representative of minority consumers.

<u>Present law</u> requires an applicant for renewal of a license to complete 12 hours of continuing education pertaining to the subjects required for licensing or subjects pertaining to current visual and healthcare practices applicable to the practice of optometry. <u>Proposed law</u> increases the continuing education requirement to 16 hours if the licensee is authorized to diagnose and treat pathology and to use and prescribe therapeutic pharmaceutical agents.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that half of the required hours of continuing education for all licensees shall pertain to ocular and systemic pharmacology and current diagnosis and treatment of ocular disease and shall be obtained through an in-person classroom setting. <u>Proposed law</u> further provides that no licensee shall obtain more than six hours from online education sources.

<u>Proposed law</u> requires the continuing education to be obtained, whether in-person or online, through any continuing education program that is one of the following:

- (1) Offered by a nationally recognized optometric association.
- (2) Offered by a state affiliate of a nationally recognized optometric association or a regional council composed of state affiliates of a nationally recognized optometric association.
- (3) Offered by a school or college of optometry accredited by the American Optometric Association Accreditation Council on Optometric Education.
- (4) Accredited by a nationally recognized organization.

Effective August 1, 2023.

(Amends R.S. 37:1042(A), (B)(1), and (D)(1) and 1056(2))

Summary of Amendments Adopted by Senate

<u>Committee Amendments Proposed by Senate Committee on Health and Welfare to the</u> <u>original bill</u>

- 1. Delete proposed law adding two additional consumer members.
- 2. Provide for the consumer member to be a representative of minority consumers.
- 3. Delete <u>proposed law</u> relative to licensure reciprocity.
- 4. Require certain continuing education hours be obtained in-person.
- 5. Prohibit a licensee from obtaining more than six hours of continuing education online.
- 6. Provide for permissible sources of continuing education.
- 7. Make technical changes.

Senate Floor Amendments to engrossed bill

1. Change the permissible sources of continuing education.