RÉSUMÉ DIGEST

ACT 377 (HB 568) 2023

2023 Regular Session

Phelps

Existing law requires the secretary, upon a determination that a vehicle is not covered by security as required by existing law or the owner or lessee has allowed the required security to lapse, to revoke the registration of the vehicle, impound the vehicle, and cancel the vehicle's license plate.

<u>Existing law</u> requires sanctions for a violation of <u>existing law</u> be imposed for a period ranging from 12 to 18 months until proof of required vehicle liability security is provided to the secretary and all reinstatement fees are paid.

<u>Existing law</u> requires a reinstatement fee of \$100 per violation if the vehicle was not covered by the required security for a period of 1-30 days, \$250 per violation if the vehicle was not covered by the required security for a period of 31-90 days, and \$500 per violation if the vehicle was not covered by the required security for a period of 31-90 days, and \$500 per violation if the vehicle was not covered by the required security for a period of 31-90 days.

<u>New law</u> provides that the reinstatement fee does not apply if the violation is the insured's first violation and the lapse of insurance coverage was for five days or less. Requires notice be transmitted to the insured through any digitized credentials authorized pursuant to <u>existing</u> law within one to five days before issuing the violation.

<u>New law</u> requires the Dept. of Public Safety and Corrections adopt and promulgate rules and regulations, in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act, to bring any existing administrative rules into conformity with the provisions of <u>new law</u>.

Effective June 14, 2023.

(Amends R.S. 32:863(A)(3)(a))