LEGISLATIVE FISCAL OFFICE Louisiana egislative 🛉 **Fiscal Note** Fiscal HB HLS 242ES Fiscal Note On: 6 17 Office Fiscal Bill Text Version: REENGROSSED Notes Opp. Chamb. Action: Proposed Amd.: Sub. Bill For.: Date: February 21, 2024 6:09 PM Author: MUSCARELLO Dept./Agy.: Corrections Subject: Death Sentences - Execution Methods & Records Analyst: Daniel Druilhet **RE INCREASE GF EX See Note** CRIMINAL/PROCEDURE Page 1 of 1 Provides relative to the methods of execution and for confidentiality of records or information relating to the execution of a death sentence (Item #15) Current law states that every sentence of death executed in the state prior to 9/15/91, shall be by electrocution, and after 9/15/91, by intravenous lethal injection. Proposed law amends current law by reintroducing and providing the secretary of the Department of Public Safety & Corrections (DPS&C) the discretion to administer death sentences by intravenous lethal injection, nitrogen hypoxia, and electrocution (and removes any preference for any method of execution); mandates the secretary of DPS&C to, within 7 days of receipt of the warrant of execution, provide written notice to the person condemned of the manner of execution; does not subject the purchase of drugs or any other materials necessary to carry out executions to the Louisiana Procurement Code; exempts manufacturers, pharmacists, practitioner pharmacists, and out-of-state pharmacists that dispense, supply, distribute, manufacture, or compound drugs used in executions from culpability; mandates confidentiality of identifying information of any person involved in a death sentence execution and any information related to it not discoverable or admissible in any proceeding; permits a person involved in an execution or his immediate family member whose identity is disclosed to have a civil cause of action against the disclosing person & make them subject to no more than 2 years imprisonment and \$50,000 in fines; mandates that DPS&C provide counseling services to anyone involved in executions. EXPENDITURES 2027-28 **5 -YEAR TOTAL** 2024-25 2025-26 2026-27 2028-29 **SEE BELOW SEE BELOW SEE BELOW SEE BELOW SEE BELOW** State Gen. Fd. Agy. Self-Gen. \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 Ded./Other \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 Federal Funds

SEE BELOW

2026-27

**SEE BELOW** 

\$0

\$0

\$0

\$0

SEE BELOW

2027-28

SEE BELOW

\$0

\$0

\$0

\$0

SEE BELOW

2028-29

**SEE BELOW** 

\$0

\$0

\$0

\$0

**5 -YEAR TOTAL** 

\$0

\$0

\$0

\$0

## **EXPENDITURE EXPLANATION**

Local Funds

REVENUES

Annual Total

State Gen. Fd.

Agy. Self-Gen.

Federal Funds

Local Funds Annual Total

Ded./Other

**SEE BELOW** 

2024-25

SEE BELOW

\$0

\$0

\$0

\$0

SEE BELOW

2025-26

SEE BELOW

\$0

\$0

\$0

\$0

<u>Proposed law</u> may result in an indeterminable increase in SGF expenditures in the Department of Public Safety & Corrections - Corrections Services (DPS&C-CS) if a person is convicted and subsequently incarcerated for disclosing the identity of a person involved in an execution. <u>Proposed law</u> may also result in an indeterminable increase in SGF expenditures in the DPS&C-CS, to the extent that they provide counseling services to those who are involved in death sentence executions and seek those services. The exact impact of the passage of this legislation on SGF expenditures is indeterminable, because there is no way to determine the number of persons who would be convicted and subsequently incarcerated for disclosing the identity of persons involved in executions, or the number of persons involved in death execution sentences that will seek counseling services.

SGF expenditures will increase by \$107.60 per offender per day to the extent that an offender is convicted and then housed in a state facility or \$26.39 per offender per day for an offender housed in a local facility. An offender sentenced to the custody of the DPSC – CS for one year would increase expenditures by \$39,274 (\$107.60 per day x 365 days) if housed in a state facility and \$9,632.35 (\$26.39 per day x 365 days) if housed in a local facility.

*Note:* The LFO is working with DPS&C-CS to determine the extent to which counseling services can be absorbed within existing services available within the department. This fiscal note will be updated once additional information is received.

<u>Proposed law</u> may result in an indeterminable increase in costs to local courts, as it provides for a civil cause of action for plaintiffs who participate in executions and whose identities are disclosed. To the extent that potential plaintiffs choose to pursue civil causes of action under <u>proposed law</u>, local courts will assume higher workloads from processing and hearing matters related to these civil actions. Because it is unknown the number of future plaintiffs that may pursue these civil causes of action under <u>proposed law</u>, the fiscal impact to local courts is indeterminable.

## **REVENUE EXPLANATION**

<u>Proposed law</u> may result in an indeterminable increase in local revenues as a result of potential fines for convictions of disclosing the identity of a person involved in an execution. The maximum fine for disclosing the identity of a person involved in an execution. The maximum fine because there is no way to determine the number of persons who would be convicted and subsequently fined for disclosing the identity of those involved in executions. The potential revenue will accrue to the local governing authority.

<u>Senate</u>	Dual Referral Rules	House	Some Thomas
13.5.1 >=	\$100,000 Annual Fiscal Cost {S & H}	6.8(F)(1) >= \$100,000 SGF Fiscal Cost {H & S}	
13.5.2 >=	\$500,000 Annual Tax or Fee	6.8(G) >= \$500,000 Tax or Fee Increase	Patrice Thomas
	Change {S & H}	or a Net Fee Decrease {S}	Deputy Fiscal Officer