The original instrument and the following digest, which constitutes no part of the legislative instrument, were prepared by Hanna Gettys.

## DIGEST

SB 130 Original

## 2024 Regular Session

Bass

Present law (C.C.P. Art. 1732) provides that a trial by jury shall not be available in:

- (1) A suit where the amount of no individual petitioner's cause of action exceeds \$10,000 exclusive of interest and costs, except as follows:
  - (a) If an individual petitioner stipulates or otherwise judicially admits 60 days or more prior to trial that the amount of the individual petitioner's cause of action does not exceed \$10,000 exclusive of interest and costs, a defendant shall not be entitled to a trial by jury.
  - (b) If an individual petitioner stipulates or otherwise judicially admits for the first time less than 60 days prior to trial that the amount of the individual petitioner's cause of action does not exceed \$10,000 exclusive of interest and costs, any other party may retain the right to a trial by jury if that party is entitled to a trial by jury pursuant to <u>present law</u> and has otherwise complied with the procedural requirements for obtaining a trial by jury.
  - (c) If, as a result of a compromise or dismissal of one or more claims or parties which occurs less than 60 days prior to trial, an individual petitioner stipulates or otherwise judicially admits that the amount of the individual petitioner's cause of action does not exceed \$10,000 exclusive of interest and costs, a defendant shall not be entitled to a trial by jury.
- (2) (a) A suit commenced in a parish or city court, wherein the individual petitioner stipulates or otherwise judicially admits that the amount of the individual petitioner's cause of action does not exceed the amount in dispute to which the jurisdiction of the court is limited by present law, exclusive of interest, penalties, attorney fees, and costs.
  - (b) <u>Present law</u> shall not apply to delictual or quasi-delictual actions, which shall be governed by the <u>present law</u>.
- (3) A suit on an unconditional obligation to pay a specific sum of money, unless the defense thereto is forgery, fraud, error, want, or failure of consideration.
- (4) A summary, executory, probate, partition, mandamus, habeas corpus, quo warranto, injunction, concursus, workers' compensation, emancipation, tutorship, interdiction, curatorship, filiation, annulment of marriage, or divorce proceeding.

- (5) A proceeding to determine custody, visitation, alimony, or child support.
- (6) A proceeding to review an action by an administrative or municipal body.
- (7) All cases where a jury trial is specifically denied by law.

Proposed law retains present law but removes the limitation upon jury trials.

<u>Present law</u> provides that in a suit for damages arising from a delictual or quasi-delictual action where an individual petitioner stipulates or otherwise judicially admits that his cause of action exceeds \$10,000 and is less than \$50,000, a party may obtain a trial by jury by filing a pleading demanding a trial by jury and providing a cash deposit of \$5,000 no later than 60 days after filing the request for a trial by jury.

Proposed law retains present law but removes the limitation upon jury trials.

Effective August 1, 2024.

(Amends C.C.P. Arts. 1732 and 1733(A)(2)(a); repeals C.C.P. Art. 1732(7))