The original instrument and the following digest, which constitutes no part of the legislative instrument, were prepared by Michelle Ridge.

DIGEST

SB 141 Original

2024 Regular Session

Cloud

Present law provides for disposition after adjudication of a felony-grade delinquent act.

<u>Present law</u> provides that the court may reprimand and warn the child and release him into the custody of his parents, reprimand and warn the child and release him in to the custody of some other suitable person, or place the child on probation in the custody of his parents or some other suitable person. Provides that the court may impose any other term and condition considered in the best interests of the child and the public.

Present law provides that the court may commit the child to the custody of:

- (1) A private or public institution or agency.
- (2) The Department of Public Safety and Corrections, with or without a recommendation that the child be placed in alternative care facilities through the department's client placement process, or be referred to appropriate placement resources in the state available through other public or private agencies.

<u>Present law</u> provides that the court may impose but suspend the execution in whole or in part of any order of commitment and place the child on probation subject to any of the terms and conditions authorized by <u>present law</u>.

Proposed law retains present law.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that upon a determination by the court that a juvenile shall be confined in secure placement, the office of juvenile justice must comply with the order of secure placement.

Effective August 1, 2024.

(Amends Ch.C. Art. 897(E); adds Ch.C. Art. 897(F))