SLS 24RS-397 **ORIGINAL**

2024 Regular Session

SENATE BILL NO. 324

BY SENATOR REESE

1

WORKERS' COMPENSATION. Provides relative to accident reporting and access to medical records and information related to claims. (8/1/24)

AN ACT

2	To amend and reenact R.S. 23:1127, 1301, and 1306, relative to workers' compensation; to
3	provide relative to access to medical information in workers' compensation claims;
4	to establish deadlines; to provide relative to the reporting of injury or death; to
5	provide for penalties; and to provide for related matters.
6	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
7	Section 1. R.S. 23:1127, 1301, and 1306, are hereby amended and reenacted to read
8	as follows:
9	§1127. Release of medical records and information
10	A. It is the policy for the efficient administration of the workers'
11	compensation system that there be reasonable access to medical information for all
12	parties to coordinate and manage the care for the injured worker and to facilitate his
13	return to work.
14	B. Consistent with the policy of reasonable access to medical information
15	for all parties set forth in Subsection A of this Section, and notwithstanding the
16	provisions of Louisiana Code of Evidence Article 510 or any other law to the
17	contrary, the employee shall, within ten business days of receiving a request for

1	medical information from the employer or its agent or representative, sign and
2	return an authorization to release medical records on a form promulgated by
3	the office of workers' compensation.
4	(1) Failure to comply with this Subsection shall result in suspension of
5	all benefits due under this Chapter until either:
6	(a) the employee complies with the request to sign and return the form.
7	(b) Following an expedited hearing, the workers' compensation judge has
8	rendered a decision determining that there is good cause for the employee's
9	refusal to comply. For the purposes of this Section, good cause may be
10	established if the employee proves that he is not required to comply, or that he
11	was prevented from complying due to circumstances outside his control.
12	(2) In the absence of good cause for the employee's refusal, following the
13	expedited hearing provided for in Paragraph B(1) of this Section, the workers'
14	compensation judge shall order the employee to sign and return the release, and
15	shall further require the employee to reimburse all costs and attorney fees
16	incurred by or on behalf of the employer as a result of the refusal.
17	$\underline{\mathbf{C}}$.(1) In any claim for compensation, a health care provider who has at any
18	time treated the employee related to the compensation claim shall release any
19	requested medical information and records relative to the employee's injury, to any
20	of the following persons:
21	(a) The employee, his agent, or his representative.
22	(b) A licensed and approved vocational rehabilitation counselor assigned to
23	the employee's claim.
24	(c) Another health care provider examining the employee.
25	(d) The employer, his agent, or his representative.
26	(e) The employer's workers' compensation insurer or its agent or
27	representative.
28	(2) Any information relative to any other treatment or condition shall be
29	available to the employer or his workers' compensation insurer by subpoena or

through a written release by the claimant.

ED.(1) Consistent with the policy of reasonable access to medical information for all parties set forth in Subsection A of this Section and notwithstanding the provisions of Article 510 of the Louisiana Code of Evidence or any other law to the contrary, a health care provider, without the necessity of a subpoena or other discovery device, shall verbally discuss medical information regarding the injured employee with another health care provider examining the employee, a case manager, or a vocational rehabilitation counselor assigned to provide rehabilitation for that injured worker. No health care provider or his employee or agent shall be held civilly or criminally liable for disclosure of the medical information conveyed pursuant to this Section. This Paragraph shall not apply to examinations conducted by medical examiners appointed by the assistant secretary pursuant to R.S. 23:1123.

- (2) In any verbal communication or personal conference between the vocational rehabilitation counselor and any health care provider, for the purpose of providing rehabilitation services, the employee or his agent or representative shall cooperate in scheduling a reasonable date and time for such communication or conference and the employee or his agent or representative shall be given fifteen days notice of any such communication or conference, and shall be given the opportunity to attend or participate in the communication or conference. Irrespective of the number of persons attending the conference, the health care provider shall only charge a reasonable single fee.
- (3) In addition to any other duty or responsibility provided by law, a case manager or vocational rehabilitation counselor who is a party to a verbal communication with the health care provider regarding an employee, as authorized by Paragraph (1) of this Subsection, shall, within five working days of the communication, mail a written summary of the communication and any work restrictions or modifications required for the employee's reasonable return to employment to the employee, his representative, and the health care provider. The

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

1 summary shall be mailed by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the employee 2 or his representative, or by electronic mail if the employee or his representative 3 consents in writing to such method of transmission. It shall include a narration of any diagnosis or opinion given or discussed, any conclusions reached concerning the 4 5 vocational rehabilitation plan, any return to work opportunities discussed consistent with the vocational rehabilitation plan, and the medical evaluation of the health care 6 provider. 7 8 (4) Any medical information released in writing shall be furnished to the 9 employee at no cost to him simultaneously with it being furnished to the employer, 10 its insurer, agent, or representative. Any such records or information furnished to the 11 employer or insurer or any other party pursuant to this Section shall be held 12 confidential by them and the employer or insurer or any other party shall be liable 13 to the employee for any actual damages sustained by him as a result of a breach of this confidence up to a maximum of one thousand dollars, plus all reasonable 14 attorney fees necessary to recover such damages. An exception to this breach of 15 16 confidentiality shall be any introduction or use of such information in a court of law, or before the Office of Workers' Compensation Administration or the Louisiana 17 Workers' Compensation Second Injury Board.

> **DE**. Nothing in this Section shall be construed to authorize any case manager, vocational rehabilitation counselor assigned to provide rehabilitation services for the injured employee, or agent of the employer who is not treating the injured employee for his injuries to attend the injured employee's medical examinations.

§1301. Notice as prerequisite to institution of proceedings

A. No proceeding under this Chapter for compensation shall be maintained unless notice Notice of the injury has been shall be given to the employer as soon as possible but not more than within thirty days after the date of the injury or death. This notice may shall be given or made by any person claiming to be entitled to compensation or by anyone on his behalf.

1	B. If the person claiming to be entitled to compensation, or his
2	representative, fails to provide notice as required by this Section both of the
3	following shall apply:
4	(1) There shall be a rebuttable presumption that the injury or death did
5	not arise out of or occur in the course and scope of the employment.
6	(2) The failure shall bar any claim by the employee for penalties or
7	attorney fees based on the denial of benefits pending a judicial determination
8	of compensability.
9	C. Notwithstanding any provisions of law to the contrary, notice under
10	Subsection A of this Section shall not be required when the employer has
11	demonstrated actual knowledge of the injury or death by paying medical,
12	indemnity, or death benefits to or on behalf of the employee or his dependents
13	under this Chapter.
14	* * *
15	§1306. Employer reports
16	A. Within ten days of receiving the notice required under R.S. 23:1301 or
17	actual knowledge of injury resulting in death or in lost time in excess of one week
18	after the injury, the injury or death pursuant to R.S. 23:1301(B), the employer
19	shall send a report to the insurer or administrator of the employer's workers'
20	compensation claims, if any, on a form prescribed by the assistant secretary,
21	providing the following information:
22	(1) The name, address, and business of the employer.
23	(2) The name, Social Security number, street, mailing address, telephone
24	number, and occupation of the employee.
25	(3) The cause and nature of the injury or death.
26	(4) The date, time, and the particular locality where the injury or death
27	occurred.
28	(5) The wages, as defined in R.S. 23:1021, the worker was earning at the time
29	of the injury.

SLS 24RS-397

ORIGINAL
SB NO. 324

l	B. In the absence of good cause, failure to submit the report required
2	under Subsection A of this Section shall subject the employer to a penalty of five
3	hundred dollars per report, to be paid to the office of workers' compensation
4	administration. Such penalty shall be assessed against and paid by the employer
5	only.
6	$\underline{\mathbf{BC}}$.(1)(a) The insurer or the administrator of the employer's workers'
7	compensation claims, upon receipt of the first report of injury the report required
8	under Subsection A of this Section, shall submit the data in electronic data
9	interchange or EDI format to the office of workers' compensation administration at
10	a frequency to be determined by the assistant secretary.
11	(b) For the purposes of this Subsection, electronic data interchange or EDI
12	format shall be based on the International Association of Industrial Accident Boards
13	and Commissions (IAIABC) standards.
14	(2)(a) Submissions after December 31, 2012, may be in the EDI format.
15	Submissions after December 31, 2013, shall be in the EDI format.
16	(b) Any new EDI format developed by the IAIABC shall be adopted for use
17	at the discretion of the assistant secretary.
18	$\leftarrow \underline{\mathbf{D}}$. All information and records pursuant to this Section shall be confidential
19	and privileged, shall not be public records, and shall not be subject to subpoena.
20	However, nothing in this Section shall prevent the use of such information or records
21	for the compilation of statistical data wherein the identity of the individual or
22	employer is not disclosed.
23	E. Submission of the information required under this Section shall not
24	be deemed an admission of the occurrence or compensability of the alleged
25	injury or death.
	The original instrument and the following digest, which constitutes no part of the legislative instrument, were prepared by Yoursheka D. Butler.

DIGEST 2024 Regular Session

SB 324 Original

Reese

<u>Present law</u> provides that a health care provider must release an employee's medical records

Page 6 of 7

Coding: Words which are struck through are deletions from existing law; words in **boldface type and underscored** are additions.

to the employee or his agent, the rehabilitation counselor, another health care provider, the employer or his agent, or the workers' compensation insurer for the purpose of coordinated care for the employee.

Proposed law retains present law.

<u>Proposed law</u> requires the employee to sign and return an authorization form to release medical records within 10 business days to the employer. <u>Proposed law</u> further provides that an employee who fails to timely sign and return the authorization form will have his benefits suspended until he is in compliance.

<u>Present law</u> provides that notice of the injury must be given to the employer within 30 days.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and provides that there is a rebuttable presumption that the injury or death did not arise out of or occur in the course of the employment if notice of the death or injury is not provided within 30 days.

<u>Present law</u> requires that within 10 days of an injury resulting in death or lost time in excess of one week, the employer must send a report to the insurer with the name, address, and business of the employer, the name, social security number, street, mailing address, telephone number, and occupation of the employee, the cause and nature of the injury or death, the date, time, and where the injury or death occurred, and the wages the worker was earning at the time of the injury.

<u>Proposed law</u> deletes <u>present law</u> requiring an employer who receives notice or has actual knowledge of injury resulting in death or in lost time in excess of one week after the injury to send a report to the insurer.

Proposed law otherwise retains present law.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that in absence of good cause shown, employers must pay \$500 to the office of workers' compensation administration if they fail to timely submit the report.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that submission of the information required under <u>present law</u> and <u>proposed law</u> will not be deemed an admission of the occurrence or compensability of the alleged injury or death.

Effective August 1, 2024.

(Amends R.S. 23:1127, 1301, and 1306)