2024 Regular Session

HOUSE BILL NO. 723

BY REPRESENTATIVE SCHLEGEL

## PARDON/PAROLE: Provides relative to clemency procedures

1	AN ACT
2	To amend and reenact R.S. 15:572(A), 572.4(B)(1)(a) and (3) and (C) through (E), 572.5(B),
3	and 572.6 and to enact 572.4(F) and (G), relative to clemency; to provide relative to
4	notification procedures; to provide relative to the approval or rejection of a favorable
5	recommendation for commutation or pardon; to provide relative to application
6	procedures; to provide relative to clemency hearings; to provide relative to clemency
7	investigations; to provide relative to the finality of clemency determinations; and to
8	provide for related matters.
9	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
10	Section 1. R.S. 15:572(A), 572.4(B)(1)(a) and (3) and (C) through (E), 572.5(B), and
11	572.6 are hereby amended and reenacted and 572.4(F) and (G) are hereby enacted to read
12	as follows:
13	§572. Powers of governor to grant reprieves and pardons; automatic pardon for first
14	offender; payment of court costs required
15	A.(1) The governor may grant reprieves to persons convicted of offenses
16	against the state and, upon recommendation of the Board of Pardons as hereinafter
17	provided for by this Part, may commute sentences, pardon those convicted of
18	offenses against the state, and remit fines and forfeitures imposed for such offenses.
19	Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the governor shall not grant
20	any pardon to any person unless that person has paid all of the court costs which

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1	were imposed in connection with the conviction of the crime for which the pardon
2	is to be issued.
3	(2) The governor shall notify the following individuals at least thirty days
4	before commuting a criminal sentence or granting a pardon to any person:
5	(a) The attorney general, the district attorney, the sheriff of the parish in
6	which the applicant was convicted, and, in Orleans Parish, the superintendent of
7	police.
8	(b) The victim or the spouse or next of kin of a deceased victim.
9	(3) The governor shall approve or reject a favorable recommendation for
10	commutation or pardon within one hundred eighty days of receipt of the
11	recommendation from the Board of Pardons.
12	* * *
13	§572.4. Board of Pardons; rules, regulations, and procedures; notice; restrictions on
14	applications; time periods for additional review
15	* * *
16	B.(1) Before considering the application for pardon or commutation of
17	sentence of any person, the board shall give written notice of the date and time at
18	which the application will be heard and considered, at least thirty <u>ninety</u> days prior
19	to the hearing, to the following:
20	(a) The <u>attorney general, the</u> district attorney, the sheriff of the parish in
21	which the applicant was convicted, and in Orleans Parish, the superintendent of
22	police.
23	* * *
24	(3) The <u>attorney general, the</u> district attorney, and any other persons who
25	desire to do so shall be given a reasonable opportunity to attend the meeting and be
26	heard.
27	C. Before setting a hearing on an application for pardon or commutation of
28	sentence, notice of application to the board for <del>clemency</del> <u>pardon</u> or commutation of
29	sentence shall be published on three separate days within a thirty-day period of time,

without cost to the state, in any newspaper recognized, at any time during the six month period prior to or following the publication of the first notice, as the official
 journal of the governing authority of the parish where the offense occurred for which
 the person was convicted.

5 D.(1) Notwithstanding any provisions of law to the contrary Except as 6 provided in Paragraph (2) of this Subsection, any applicant who has been sentenced 7 to life imprisonment shall not be eligible to apply to the board for a pardon or 8 commutation of sentence for a period of fifteen years after being sentenced by the 9 trial court, except that periods of time prior to the imposition of the sentence in 10 which the defendant was in actual custody for the offense for which he was 11 sentenced to life imprisonment shall be included in computing the fifteen-year 12 period.

13 (2) Any applicant who has been sentenced to life imprisonment for an 14 offense that is either a crime of violence as defined in R.S. 14:2(B) or a sex offense 15 as defined in R.S. 15:541 shall not be eligible to apply to the board for a pardon or 16 commutation of sentence for a period of twenty-five years after being sentenced by 17 the trial court, except that periods of time prior to the imposition of the sentence in 18 which the defendant was in actual custody for the offense for which he was 19 sentenced to life imprisonment shall be included in computing the twenty-five-year 20 period. A person who is serving a life sentence resulting from a commutation of a 21 sentence of death shall not thereafter be eligible to apply for commutation of 22 sentence to a specific number of years.

(3) If the application is denied, the applicant shall be notified in writing of
the reason for the denial and thereafter may file a new application to the board no
earlier than five years from the date of action by the board. Any subsequent
applications shall not be filed earlier than five years after the immediately preceding
action taken by the board.

<u>(4)</u> However, the <u>The</u> provisions of this Subsection shall not apply when the
 board determines that new and material evidence that, notwithstanding the exercise

1	of reasonable diligence by the applicant, was not discovered before or during his
2	trial, is available, and if it had been introduced at the trial, it would probably have
3	changed the verdict or judgment of guilty.
4	E.(1) When no action is taken by the governor on a recommendation for
5	elemency pardon or commutation of sentence issued by the board, the person seeking
6	elemency pardon or commutation of sentence shall not be required to reapply to the
7	board and the recommendation shall not expire upon the expiration of the governor's
8	term in office and may be reviewed by the next governor to take office one hundred
9	eighty days provided in R.S. 15:572.
10	(2) The board shall adopt rules pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act
11	to provide for the provisions of this Subsection, but the rules shall not require the
12	person seeking clemency to reapply when no action is taken by the governor on the
13	board's recommendation that the person receive clemency.
14	F. The board shall, to the extent feasible, schedule hearings for pardon or
15	commutation of sentence in the order in which the applications are filed.
16	G. When the board notifies the governor that it has granted a favorable
17	recommendation of an application for pardon or commutation of sentence, the board
18	shall also provide simultaneous notice to the persons listed in Subsection B of this
19	Section that this favorable recommendation has been sent to the governor for his
20	approval.
21	§572.5. Information to be provided to Board of Pardons
22	* * *
23	B. The Department of Public Safety and Corrections may charge a fee not
24	to exceed one two hundred fifty dollars for conducting the clemency investigation
25	provided for in this Section.
26	§572.6. Finality of clemency determinations
27	No person shall have a right of appeal from a decision of the board of
28	pardons or the governor regarding clemency. When the governor grants a person a
29	commutation of sentence, the commuted sentence shall supersede all applicable

- 1 parole eligibility and good time parole supervision provisions in effect at the time the
- 2 person's sentence is commuted. Any person who receives a commutation of sentence
- 3 <u>shall not be eligible for parole or diminution of sentence.</u>

## DIGEST

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

HB 723 Original	2024 Regular Session	Schlegel
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Abstract: Provides relative to clemency procedures.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 15:572) provides for the powers of the governor to grant reprieves and pardons.

Proposed law retains present law.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that the governor shall notify the following individuals at least 30 days before commuting a criminal sentence or granting a pardon to any person:

- (1) The attorney general, the district attorney, the sheriff of the parish in which the applicant was convicted, and, in Orleans Parish, the superintendent of police.
- (2) The victim or the spouse or next of kin of a deceased victim.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that the governor shall approve or reject a favorable recommendation for commutation or pardon within 180 days of receipt of the recommendation from the Board of Pardons.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 15:572.4) provides for the rules, regulations, and procedures relative to the Board of Pardons.

<u>Present law</u> further provides that before considering the application for pardon of any person, the board shall give written notice of the date and time at which the application will be heard and considered, at least 30 days prior to the hearing, to the following:

- (1) The district attorney, the sheriff of the parish in which the applicant was convicted, and in Orleans Parish, the superintendent of police.
- (2) The applicant.
- (3) The victim or the spouse or next of kin of a deceased victim.
- (4) Any other interested person on whose behalf a written request for such notification has been made by any other person who has a right, under law, to present testimony.

<u>Proposed law</u> amends <u>present law</u> to clarify that notice shall be provided before considering the application for pardon or commutation of sentence for a person. Further adds the attorney general as a party to be notified.

<u>Present law</u> provides that before setting a hearing on an application for pardon or commutation of sentence, notice of application to the board for clemency or commutation of sentence shall be published on three separate days within a 30-day period of time, without

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cost to the state, in any newspaper recognized, at any time during the six-month period prior to or following the publication of the first notice, as the official journal of the governing authority of the parish where the offense occurred for which the person was convicted.

Proposed law changes the term "clemency" to "pardon".

<u>Present law</u> provides that any applicant who has been sentenced to life imprisonment shall not be eligible to apply to the board for a pardon or commutation of sentence for a period of 15 years after being sentenced by the trial court, except that periods of time prior to the imposition of the sentence in which the defendant was in actual custody for the offense for which he was sentenced to life imprisonment shall be included in computing the 15-year period.

## Proposed law retains present law.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that any applicant who has been sentenced to life imprisonment for an offense that is either a crime of violence as defined in <u>present law</u> (R.S. 14:2(B)) or a sex offense as defined in <u>present law</u> (R.S. 15:541) shall not be eligible to apply to the board for a pardon or commutation of sentence for a period of 25 years after being sentenced by the trial court, except that periods of time prior to the imposition of the sentence in which the defendant was in actual custody for the offense for which he was sentenced to life imprisonment shall be included in computing the 25-year period.

<u>Proposed law</u> further provides that a person who is serving a life sentence resulting from a commutation of a sentence of death shall not thereafter be eligible to apply for commutation of sentence to a specific number of years.

<u>Present law</u> provides that when no action is taken by the governor on a recommendation for clemency issued by the board, the person seeking clemency shall not be required to reapply to the board and the recommendation shall not expire upon the expiration of the governor's term in office and may be reviewed by the next governor to take office.

<u>Proposed law</u> amends <u>present law</u> to provide that when no action is taken by the governor on a recommendation for pardon or commutation of sentence issued by the board, the person seeking pardon or commutation of sentence shall be required to reapply to the board and the recommendation shall expire upon the expiration of the 180 days provided in <u>proposed law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides that the board shall adopt rules pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act to provide for the provisions of <u>present law</u>, but the rules shall not require the person seeking clemency to reapply when no action is taken by the governor on the board's recommendation that the person receive clemency.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> relative to the adoption of rules, but removes the provision of <u>present law</u> that provides that the rules shall not require the person seeking clemency to reapply when no action is taken by the governor on the board's recommendation that the person receive clemency.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that the board shall, to the extent feasible, schedule hearings for pardon or commutation of sentence in the order in which the applications are filed.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that when the board notifies the governor that it has granted a favorable recommendation of an application for pardon or commutation of sentence, the board shall also provide simultaneous notice to the persons listed in <u>present law</u> that this favorable recommendation has been sent to the governor for his approval.

Present law (R.S. 15:572.5) provides for information to be provided to the Board of Pardons.

Proposed law retains present law.

<u>Present law</u> provides that the DPS&C may charge a fee not to exceed \$150 for conducting the clemency investigation provided in <u>present law</u>.

Proposed law changes this amount from \$150 to \$200.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 15:572.6) provides that no person shall have a right of appeal from a decision of the Board of Pardons or the governor regarding clemency.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and provides that when the governor grants a person a commutation of sentence, the commuted sentence shall supersede all applicable parole eligibility and good time parole supervision provisions in effect at the time the person's sentence is commuted. Further provides that any person who receives a commutation of sentence shall not be eligible for parole or diminution of sentence.

(Amends R.S. 15:572(A), 572.4(B)(1)(a) and (3) and (C)-(E), 572.5(B), and 572.6; Adds 572.4(F) and (G))