

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE AUDITOR 2024 REGULAR SESSION ACTUARIAL NOTE

Senate Bill 3 SLS 24RS-58	Date: March 12, 2024
Original	Organizations Affected: LARF
Author: Price	
LLA Note SB 3.01	OR SEE ACTUARIAL NOTE APV

Bill Header: ASSESSORS RETIREMENT. Provides relative to the deferred retirement of a member of the Louisiana Assessors' Retirement Fund.

<u>Purpose of Bill:</u> This bill modifies the deferred retirement provisions to agree with the normal retirement eligibility provisions.

<u>Cost Summary¹:</u> The estimated net actuarial and fiscal impact of the proposed legislation is summarized below.

Normal retirement eligibility was changed for members hired on or after October 1, 2013. However, for all members, the deferred retirement provisions continue to reference the retirement eligibility provisions for those hired prior to October 1, 2013 effectively making the 2013 changes moot. This bill has no practical impact on liabilities or contributions because the plan is already valued as if these provisions were in place, however, this bill is needed to prevent a significant increase in both to correct what appears to be a drafting oversight from the 2013 changes. A more detailed explanation can be found in Section I: <u>Actuarial Impact on Retirement Systems</u>.

Net Fiscal Costs pertain to changes to all cash flows over the next five-year period including retirement system cash flows or cash flows related to local and state government entities.

In the following table, expenditures and revenues include cash flows to or from the affected retirement system (e.g. administrative expenses incurred by, benefit payments from, or contributions to the retirement system) and do not include administrative expenditures and revenues specifically incurred by the state or local government entities associated with implementing the legislation. A more detailed explanation can be found in Section II: <u>Fiscal Impact on Retirement Systems</u>.

Five Year Net Fiscal Costs Pertaining to:	Expend	Expenditures		enues
The Retirement Systems	\$	0	\$	0
Local Government Entities		0		0
State Government Entities		0		0
Total	\$	0	\$	0

In the following table, expenditures and revenues include administrative expenditures and revenues specifically incurred by the state or local government entities associated with implementing the legislation and do not include cash flows to or from the affected retirement system (i.e. contribution changes included in the above table). This information is provided by the LLA Local Government Services or the Legislative Fiscal Office. A more detailed explanation can be found in Sections III: <u>Fiscal Impact on Local Government Entities</u> and Section IV: <u>Fiscal Impact on State Government Entities</u>.

Five Year Net Fiscal Costs Pertaining to:	Expenditu	res	Revenu		
Local Government Entities	\$	0	\$	0	
State Government Entities		0		0	
Total	\$	0	\$	0	

¹ This is a different assessment from the actuarial cost requiring a 2/3rd vote (refer to the section near the end of this Actuarial Note <u>"Information</u> <u>Pertaining to La. Const. Art. X, §29(F)"</u>).

This Note has been prepared by the Actuary for the Louisiana Legislative Auditor (LLA) with assistance from either the Fiscal Notes staff of the Legislative Auditor or staff of the Legislative Fiscal Office (LFO). The attachment of this Note provides compliance with the requirements of R.S. 24:521 as amended by Act 353 of the 2016 Regular Session.

Kenneth J. "Kenny" Herbold, ASA, EA, MAAA Director of Actuarial Services Louisiana Legislative Auditor

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ACTUARIAL IMPACT ON RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

This section of the actuarial note is intended to provide a brief outline of the changes in plan provisions and actuarial effect on key aspects of the affected retirement systems.

Present law bases eligibility for normal retirement on date of hire. For members hired on or before September 30, 2013, normal retirement date is (1) age fifty-five for members who have twelve or more years of service, and (2) any age for members who have thirty years of service. For members hired on or after October 1, 2013, normal retirement date is (1) age sixty for members who have twelve or more years of service, and (2) age fifty-five for members who have thirty years of service.

Present law also includes a provision for deferred retirement, allowing members who have twelve or more years of service to leave their contributions in the fund and be eligible to start benefits at age fifty-five, and for those with thirty or more years of service to be eligible to start benefits at age fifty. The deferred retirement provisions make no distinction between members hired before or after October 1, 2013. This appears to make the 2013 retirement eligibility provisions moot because someone hired on or after October 1, 2013 can take advantage of the original retirement eligibility provisions simply by "terminating" and "retiring" under the deferred retirement provisions rather than the normal retirement provisions.

Assuming this is true from a legal standpoint, this bill corrects what could have become an expensive provision for LARF by replacing the specific age and service requirements in the deferred retirement provision with a reference to the eligibility provisions for normal retirement. This results in no change for members hired on or before September 30, 2013. However, for members hired on or after October 1, 2013 this will delay when benefits begin from age fifty-five to age sixty for those with at least twelve but fewer than thirty years of service, and from age fifty to age fifty-five for those who have thirty or more years of service.

Delaying the start of deferred benefits for members hired on or after October 1, 2013, will reduce the overall cost of the system since fewer benefits will be paid out to these members. However, there is no practical impact because no one hired after October 1, 2013 has been able to naturally accrue twelve years of service yet and no individuals have taken advantage of this provision by transferring service from a different retirement system; and the actuary for the retirement system was already valuing termination benefits as if the normal retirement and deferred retirement eligibility rules were consistent. Therefore, there will be no change in liabilities or contributions.

II. FISCAL IMPACT ON RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

This section of the actuarial note pertains to annual fiscal costs (savings) associated with the retirement systems.

Fiscal costs or savings include only cash flows to or from the affected retirement system (e.g. administrative expenses incurred by, benefit payments from, or contributions to the retirement system) and do not include administrative expenditures and revenues specifically incurred by the state or local government entities associated with implementing the legislation. A fiscal cost is denoted by "Increase" or a positive number. Fiscal savings are denoted by "Decrease" or a negative number. A revenue increase is denoted by "Increase" or a positive number. A revenue decrease is denoted by "Decrease" or a negative number.

Table A: Retirement System Fiscal Cost									
Expenditures	<u>2024-25</u>	<u>2025-26</u>	<u>2026-27</u>	<u>2027-28</u>	<u>2028-29</u>	5-Year Total			
State General Fund	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0			
Agy Self-Generated	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Stat Deds/Other	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Federal Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Local Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Annual Total	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$ 0	\$0			

Revenues	2024-25	2025-26	2026-27	2027-28	2028-29	<u>5-Y</u>	ear Total
State General Fund	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	0
Agy Self-Generated	0	0	0	0	0		0
Stat Deds/Other	0	0	0	0	0		0
Federal Funds	0	0	0	0	0		0
Local Funds	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0		0
Annual Total	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	0

Changes in employer contributions are reflected in the State General Fund and/or Local Fund expenditure lines above. The actual sources of funding (e.g., Federal Funds, State General Fund, etc.) may vary by employer and are not differentiated in the table.

The proposed legislation has no practical impact on liabilities or contributions because the plan is already valued as if these provisions were in place, however, this bill is needed to prevent a significant increase in both to correct what appears to be a drafting oversight from the 2013 changes.

III. FISCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT ENTITIES (Prepared by LLA Local Government Services)

This section of the actuarial note pertains to annual fiscal costs (savings) related to administrative expenditures and revenue impacts incurred by local government entities other than those included in Table A.

The proposed legislation is not expected to have any additional effects on fiscal administrative costs and revenues related to local government entities during the five-year measurement period, other than those outlined above.

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IV. FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE GOVERNMENT ENTITIES (Prepared by Legislative Fiscal Office)

This section of the actuarial note pertains to annual fiscal costs (savings) related to administrative expenditures and revenue impacts incurred by state government entities other than those included in Table A.

N/A - This bill only impacts local government, and therefore, has no state impact. The LFO does not review local government bills.

V. ACTUARIAL DISCLOSURES

Intended Use

This actuarial note is based on our understanding of the bill as of the date shown above. It is intended to be used by the legislature during the current legislative session only and assumes no other legislative changes affecting the funding or benefits of the affected systems, other than those identified, will be adopted. Other readers of this actuarial note are advised to seek professional guidance as to its content and interpretation, and not to rely upon this communication without such guidance. The actuarial note, and any referenced documents, should be read as a whole. Distribution of, or reliance on, only parts of this actuarial note could result in its misuse and may mislead others. The summary of the impact of the bill included in this actuarial note is for the purposes of an actuarial analysis only, as required by La. R.S. 24:521, and is not a legal interpretation of the provisions of the bill.

Actuarial Data, Methods and Assumptions

Unless indicated otherwise, this actuarial note was prepared using actuarial data, methods, and assumptions as disclosed in the most recent actuarial valuation report adopted by the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee (PRSAC). The assumptions and methods are reasonable for the purpose of this analysis.

For certain calculations that may be presented herein, we have utilized commercially available valuation software and/or are relying on proprietary valuation models and related software developed by our actuarial contractor. We made a reasonable attempt to understand the intended purpose of, general operation of, major sensitivities and dependencies within, and key strengths and limitations of these models. In our professional judgment, the models have the capability to provide results that are consistent with the purposes of the analysis and have no material limitations or known weaknesses. Tests were performed to ensure that the model reasonably represents that which is intended to be modeled.

To the extent that this actuarial note relies on calculations performed by the retirement systems' actuaries, to the best of our knowledge, no material biases exist with respect to the data, methods or assumptions used to develop the analysis other than those specifically identified. We did not audit the information provided, but have reviewed the information for reasonableness and consistency with other information provided by or for the affected retirement systems.

Conflict of Interest

There is nothing in the proposed legislation that will compromise the signing actuary's ability to present an unbiased statement of actuarial opinion.

Risks Associated with Measuring Costs

This actuarial note is an actuarial communication, and is required to include certain disclosures in compliance with Actuarial Standards of Practice (ASOP) No. 51. Risk disclosures otherwise required by ASOP No. 51 do not apply to this actuarial note because the proposed bill does not significantly change the types or levels of risks of the retirement system.

Certification

Kenneth J. Herbold is an Associate of the Society of Actuaries (ASA), a Member of the American Academy of Actuaries (MAAA), and an Enrolled Actuary (EA) under the Employees Retirement Income Security Act of 1974. Mr. Herbold meets the US Qualification Standards necessary to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

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VI. <u>LEGISLATIVE PROCEDURAL ITEMS</u>

Information Pertaining to La. Const. Art. X, §29(F)

 $\hfill\square$ This bill contains a retirement system benefit provision having an actuarial cost.

No members of the Louisiana Assessors' Retirement Fund could receive a larger benefit with the enactment of this bill than what they would have received without this bill.

Dual Referral Relative to Total Fiscal Costs or Total Cash Flows:

The information presented below is based on information contained in Sections II, III, and IV for the first three years following the 2024 Regular Session.

<u>Senate</u>

- House
- □ 13.5.1 Applies to Senate or House Instruments If an annual fiscal cost ≥ \$100,000, then bill is dual referred to: Dual Referral: Senate Finance
- □ 13.5.2 Applies to Senate or House Instruments If an annual tax or fee change ≥ \$500,000, then bill is dual referred to: Dual Referral: Revenue and Fiscal Affairs
- □ 6.8F Applies to Senate or House Instruments If an annual General Fund fiscal cost ≥ \$100,000, then bill is dual referred to: Dual Referral: Appropriations
- □ 6.8G Applies to Senate Instruments only If a net fee decrease occurs or is an increase in annual fees and taxes ≥ \$500,000, then bill is dual referred to: **Dual Referral: Ways and Means**