The original instrument and the following digest, which constitutes no part of the legislative instrument, were prepared by Xavier I. Alexander.

DIGEST 2024 Regular Session

Mizell

Present law defines "practice of massage therapy".

SB 353 Reengrossed

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and adds "LED therapy" to the definition of the practice of massage therapy.

<u>Present law</u> provides that the board may submit the names of new applicants for licensure to the La. Bureau of Criminal Identification and Information, with the Dept. of Public Safety and Corrections for criminal history background checks to survey its criminal history record and identification files and the La. Bureau of Criminal Identification and Information shall survey its criminal history record and identification files and make available to the board all conviction information pertaining to the applicant.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and provides that fingerprints and other identifying information of the applicant shall be submitted to the bureau for qualification and registry, and upon request of the board the bureau shall make available to the board all arrest and convictions information contained in the bureau's criminal history record and identification files that pertain to the applicant for licensure. Further provides that the fingerprints shall be forwarded by the bureau to the FBI for a national criminal history record check.

<u>Present law</u> requires a person engaging in the practice of massage therapy to be licensed by the board as a massage therapist and further requires an applicant for a massage therapist license in the state to pay an application fee and submit evidence satisfactory to the board of meeting certain requirements, including but not limited to:

- (1) Has satisfactorily completed a minimum 500 hour in-class supervised course of studies, that may use a credit hour equivalent as defined by the U.S. Dept. of Education in lieu of clock hours to measure student achievement and consistent with the rules promulgated by the board; and
- (2) Has passed a national examination approved by the board within two years from the date the application is filed.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>, except provides that an applicant for a massage therapist shall submit evidence of satisfactory completion of a course meeting the requirements of law in effect at the time of enrollment, if enrolled prior to July 1, 2024, or completing a minimum of 625 hour inperson, in-class, instructor-supervised course studies.

Proposed law provides that a minimum 400 hours shall be dedicated to the study of massage therapy

techniques and clinical practicum-related modalities.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that a minimum of 175 hours shall be dedicated to anatomy and physiology, which may be taught in real-time synchronous distance learning.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that a minimum of 10 hours shall be dedicated to La. law, rules, and ethics which may be taught in real-time synchronous distance learning.

<u>Present law</u> provides that any remaining hours required beyond the minimum 500 hours of massage therapy techniques and clinical practicum may be a combination of real-time synchronous distance learning and in-person, in-class, instructor-supervised hours for each individual massage therapy program in this state in accordance with the policies prescribed by the Board of Regents.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that non-Title IV schools shall maintain a minimum of 500 hour instructorsupervised course of study consisting of the following:

- (1) A minimum of 300 hours dedicated to massage therapy techniques and clinical practicumrelated modalites.
- (2) A minimum of 100 hours dedicated to anatomy and physiology that may be taught in real-time synchronous distance learning.
- 40 hours of discretionary related course work, including but not limited to business practices and professional ethics, health and hygiene, and cardiopulmonary resuscitation and first aid.
- (4) A minimum of 10 hours dedicated to Louisiana law, rules, and ethics that may be taught in real-time synchronous distance learning.

<u>Proposed law</u> removes <u>present law</u> and provides that any remaining hours beyond the designated hours in <u>proposed law</u> may include but not be limited to marketing, first aid and subjects related to providing massage therapy.

Proposed law removes the two year requirement that an applicant has to pass a national examination.

Proposed law provides that the school shall designate each course taught pursuant to present law.

<u>Present law</u> provides that licensure requirements in <u>present law</u> shall not apply to persons who are active or retired military personnel and relocates to this state or spouses who possesses a license from another state with substantially equivalent licensing requirements pursuant to present law.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> exempting licensure requirement to persons who are active or retired military personnel and relocates to this state who possesses a license from another state.

<u>Present law</u> provides that the board shall issue a license to each person who meets qualifications and submit payment to obtain such license and delivered by USPS or other delivery option. Further

provides that the board may deliver a license by electronic transmission if the license contains the licensee's current photo and an electronic watermark or QR barcode.

<u>Proposed law retains present law</u> but removes the option to deliver the license electronically. Further provides that the licensee shall attach a current 2" x 2" photo of the licensee to the license upon receipt.

<u>Present law</u> provides that a course of study may utilize a credit hours equivalent as defined by the U.S. Dept. of Education in lieu of clock hours to measure student achievement and requires that the course study using credit hours to provide coursework consistent with the rules promulgated by the board including at least 500 hours of in-class supervised instruction. <u>Proposed law</u> repeals <u>present</u> law.

<u>Present law</u> requires each person engaging in the practice of massage therapy at a massage establishment to be the holder of a Licensed Massage Therapist Identification Card (LMT-ID Card) which shall identify the therapist as being properly licensed and shall authorize the therapist to provide off-site massage services.

Proposed law retains present law and makes a technical change.

<u>Present law</u> requires in a renewal cycle that a renewing applicant shall submit to a state and federal background check. Further provides that in order to renew, an applicant shall not have pled guilty to or been convicted of any sex-related crimes, crime of violence, or crime related to the practice of massage therapy.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> as it relates to renewal procedures and provides that the board may require any renewing applicant licensed prior to April 1, 2022, to submit to a state and federal background check.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> as it relates to criminal convictions.

<u>Present law</u> provides that if a person does not apply for inactive status and does not renew his license for a period of more than 24 consecutive months, the licensee shall be considered lapsed and in order to obtain a license the person shall submit a new application.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and further provides that in addition to submitting a new application the former licensee shall complete 24 hours of continuing education.

<u>Present law</u> regulates the advertising of massage therapy and provides that building signs with promotional material shall also include the professional or establishment number.

<u>Proposed law</u> deletes <u>present law</u> and provides that building signs, advertisements, website and promotional materials, including phone numbers, shall match what is on record with the board and as displayed on the establishment license.

<u>Present law</u> requires advertisement containing pictorial representations of massage therapy, including video representations, to have depictions of massage therapists who are attired and posed in a manner as to avoid appealing to the prurient interest.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and further provides that no licensed therapist or establishment shall advertise in any publication or any website marketing services appealing to the prurient interest.

Effective August 1, 2024.

(Amends R.S. 37:3552, 3555(A)(14)(a), 3556(A)(1), (2), (B)(3), (C) and (D), 3559(A), 3561(A)(2)(b) and (E), and 3564(A) and (C); repeals R.S. 37:3556.1))

Summary of Amendments Adopted by Senate

Senate Floor Amendments to engrossed bill

- 1. Adds the definitions "Applicant", "Bureau", "Criminal history record information", "FBI", and "Licensure".
- 2. Clarifies process for criminal background checks on applicants for licensure.
- 3. Provides educational requirements for students attending non-Title IV schools.