The original instrument and the following digest, which constitutes no part of the legislative instrument, were prepared by Alden A. Clement Jr.

DIGEST

SB 183 Engrossed

2024 Regular Session

Carter

<u>Present law</u> provides for academic plans for children committed to the Dept. of Public Safety and Corrections (DPSC).

<u>Present law</u> requires the DPSC to submit the individualized education plan or individualized learning plan to the court within 45 days of the child's admission to the secure care facility and that a copy be provided to the parents or guardian of the child, the district attorney, and counsel for the child at the time it is submitted to the court.

Proposed law requires that the child's individualized learning plan include vocational training.

<u>Present law</u> requires, at least six months prior to the release of the child, DPSC to prepare a written, individualized, and thorough transitional plan developed in collaboration with the child and any agency or department assuming his custody, care, or responsibility.

<u>Present law</u> requires the transitional plan to address the needs of the child, including but not limited to education, health, permanent connections, living arrangements, independent living skills, and employment.

Proposed law adds the requirement that the transitional plan include vocational training.

Effective August 1, 2024.

(Amends Ch.C. Art. 905.1(G) and 908(C)(3); adds Ch.C. Art. 905.1(H))

Summary of Amendments Adopted by Senate

Committee Amendments Proposed by Senate Committee on Judiciary B to the original bill

- 1. Deletes proposed change to the definition of "child" relative to delinquency matters.
- 2. Adds vocational training component to the child's individualized learning plan developed by the Dept. of Public Safety and Corrections.
- 3. Adds requirement that the transitional plan developed by the Dept. of Public Safety and Corrections, which is required to address the needs of the child, include vocational training.