HLS 24RS-474 **ENGROSSED** 

2024 Regular Session

12

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 21

BY REPRESENTATIVE SCHLEGEL

SCHOOLS/FINANCE-MFP: Provides for legislative approval of the MFP formula for FY 2024-2025

# 1 A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 2 To provide for legislative approval of the formula developed by the State Board of 3 Elementary and Secondary Education pursuant to Article VIII, Section 13(B) of the 4 Constitution of Louisiana to determine the cost of a minimum foundation program 5 of education in all public elementary and secondary schools as well as to equitably 6 allocate the funds to parish and city school systems, and adopted by the board on 7 March 6, 2024. 8 WHEREAS, the minimum foundation program formula for the 2024-2025 Fiscal 9 Year as adopted by the State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education on March 6, 10 2024, reads as follows: 11 **Proposed**

# FY 2024-25 Minimum Foundation Program Formula

13 The formula determines allocations for city, parish, or other public school systems 14 or schools. The definition of city, parish, or local public school systems and schools shall 15 include city or parish school systems, Recovery School District including direct operated and 16 Type 5 charter schools, Louisiana School for Math, Science, and the Arts (LSMSA), New 17 Orleans Center for Creative Arts (NOCCA), Thrive Academy, École Pointe-au-Chien, 18 Special School District (SSD), New Type 2 Charter schools, Legacy Type 2 Charter schools, 19 Type 3B Charter schools, Office of Juvenile Justice (OJJ) schools, and Louisiana State 20 University, Southern University, and University of Louisiana at Lafayette Lab schools. Type 21 3B Charter schools are defined as charter schools not having returned to the transferring 22 school system pursuant to R.S. 17:10.7.1 and operating independently. The formula is 23 divided into four calculations as follows:

21

1 Level 1 determines the minimum cost of education based on the education needs of 2 each student. The cost includes funding for students enrolled in city and parish school 3 systems, Recovery School District direct operated and Type 5 Charter schools, New Type 4 2 Charter schools, and Type 3B Charter schools. The cost is then shared equitably between 5 the State and the city and parish school systems based on the ability of the systems to 6 support education in their communities through local sales and property tax revenues. 7 Level 2 provides an incentive for city and parish school systems to support education 8 in their communities above the minimum level of financial support required. 9 **Level 3** provides specific legislative education funding to city, parish, or other local 10 public school systems or schools for Continuation of Certificated and Support Worker pay 11 raises, the Historical Formula Allocation, and Mandated Operating Costs. 12 Level 4 provides additional funding including: 13 Supplementary funding to meet specific needs at city, parish, or other local 14 school systems and schools including International Associate Teacher Salary 15 and Stipends Allocation, Career Development Allocation, High Cost Services 16 Allocation, Supplemental Course Allocation, Apprenticeships Allocation, 17 Certificated and Support Staff Pay Raise Allocations, Differentiated 18 Compensation Allocation, Resident Teacher Stipend Allocation, and 19 Certificated Mentor Teacher Stipend Allocation. 20 Allocations for State-approved public school systems or schools including Legacy and New Type 2 Charter schools, Louisiana State University, 22 Southern University, and University of Louisiana at Lafayette Lab schools, 23 New Orleans Center for Creative Arts (NOCCA), Louisiana School for Math, 24 Science, and the Arts (LSMSA), Thrive Academy, École Pointe-au-Chien, 25 Special School District (SSD) and Office of Juvenile Justice (OJJ) schools. 26 Mid-Year Allocation Adjustments to account for mid-year increases and 27 decreases in students in all city, parish, or other local public school systems 28 or schools. 29 State MFP funds shall only be expended for educational purposes. Expenditures for 30 educational purposes are those expenditures related to the operational and instructional

activities of city, parish, or other public school systems or schools to include: instructional programs, pupil support programs, instructional staff programs, school administration, general administration, business services, operations and maintenance of plant services, student transportation services, food services operations, enterprise operations, community services operations, facility acquisition, and construction services and debt services as

defined by Louisiana Accounting and Uniform Governmental Handbook, Bulletin 1929.

#### I. FORMULA CALCULATIONS

#### A. Level 1: Calculate State and Local Cost Allocation

#### 1. Determine Educational Costs

Eligible students from the following school systems and schools will be counted in both the Base and Weighted Student Memberships:

- a. City and Parish school systems
- State-Approved Public Schools The student counts of New
   Type 2 Charter Schools shall be included in the membership
   and weighted student counts of the city or parish school
   system in which the student resides.
- c. Recovery School District The student membership and weighted student counts of schools transferred to the Recovery School District, both direct operated and Type 5 Charter schools, shall continue to be included in the membership and weighted student counts of the city or parish school system from which jurisdiction of the school was transferred.

# STEP ONE: Determine the Number of Eligible Students for the Base Count

The formula first counts each of the students enrolled on February 1 to determine the cost of educational services. The formula utilizes the February 1 Student Membership Count to allocate funding beginning in July. The students eligible to be counted are identified in the Student Membership Definition adopted by the State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education. These students are counted as one (1.0) in the formula.

## STEP TWO: Determine the Number of Students Eligible for the Weighted Student

_				
•	^	-	n	+
•	u	ш	n	H.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

The formula recognizes that providing educational services to meet the needs of particular students is more costly than regular educational services. Each special characteristic or need is given a numerical value referred to as a weight. The special needs of each student are taken into consideration by multiplying the student or unit count for each eligible child (1.0) by each of the weights. This calculation provides additional students that are then added to the February 1 Student Membership Count to equal the Total Weighted Student Membership Count. The students and units eligible to be counted are identified in the Student Membership Definition adopted by the State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education. The following are the additional costs recognized by the formula: Low Income and English Language Learner Weight - The formula recognizes that students living in poverty or students with a native language other than English are more likely to require additional educational services to be successful. To recognize that these services require additional costs, students that qualify for free or reduced price meals under the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) School Food Service Program guidelines, or an alternative count as defined in the Student Membership Definition, and students identified as an English Language Learner are provided a weight of 22%. Career and Technical Education Weight - The formula recognizes that the cost of providing materials and equipment, and teacher credentialing and training, for Career and Technical Education courses is above and beyond the cost of traditional academic education. Each secondary career and technical education course in which a student is enrolled in both the fall and spring semesters is provided a weight of 6%. **Special Education Weight** - The formula addresses the extra cost associated with the delivery of services required in order to meet the needs of students with disabilities. Students with disabilities that have an Individualized Education Program (IEP) plan developed according to State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education regulations are provided a weight of 150%. Gifted and Talented Weight - The formula recognizes the cost of providing

educational services to Gifted and Talented students that have an Individualized Education

1

30

Program (IEP) Plan developed according to State Board of Elementary and Secondary 2 Education regulations and are provided a 60% weight. 3 Economy of Scale Weight - This weight is provided for city or parish school 4 systems to recognize a base amount of funding for fixed overhead costs that should be 5 provided when student populations equal 7,500 students or less. The Economy of Scale 6 Weight is calculated as a curvilinear weight of 20% at a student membership count of zero 7 down to 0% at a student membership count equal to or greater than 7,500. To calculate this 8 weight, the February 1 Student Membership Count for each city and parish school system 9 is subtracted from 7,500 and divided by 37,500. The result of this calculation is then 10 multiplied by each system's February 1 Student Membership Count to determine the 11 weighted students. 12 STEP THREE: Determine Total Weighted Student Membership Count 13 Formula: 14 **Total Weighted Student Membership Count** 15 Equals (=) 16 **February 1 Student Membership Count (1.0)** 17 Plus (+) 18 Low Income and English Language Learner Weight, 19 Career Technical Education Weight, 20 Special Education Weight, 21 Gifted and Talented Weight, and 22 **Economy of Scale Weight** 23 STEP FOUR: Identify the State and Local Base Cost Per Pupil 24 Formula: 25 The State and Local Base Cost Per Pupil shall equal \$4,015. **STEP FIVE: Determine Total MFP Educational Costs** 26 27 Formula: 28 **Total MFP Educational Costs** 29 Equals (=)

**Total Weighted Student Membership Count** 

1	Multiplied by (x)
2	State and Local Base Cost Per Pupil
3	2. Determine State and Local Cost Allocation
4	The Total MFP Educational Costs are shared between the State and the city or parish
5	school systems. The ability of school systems to support the cost of education in their
6	communities is measured by the potential to raise local revenue. This potential contribution
7	is measured by the following three factors using the latest available data as reported through
8	the Annual Financial Report (AFR) as required by R.S. 17:92.
9	STEP ONE: Determine the Local Property Tax Revenue Contribution
10	Formula:
11	<b>Local Property Tax Revenue Contribution</b>
12	Equals (=)
13	State Computed Property Tax Millage (debt and non-debt) (including
14	TIF areas)
15	Multiplied by (x)
16	Net Assessed Property Value
17	Net Assessed Property Value Increase Cap - If a school system's Net Assessed
18	Property Value has increased equal to or greater than 10% over the prior year Net Assessed
19	Property Value, then the growth in the Net Assessed Property Value is capped at 10%. This
20	cap is applied on a year-to-year basis comparing the current year Net Assessed Property
21	Value to the prior year uncapped Net Assessed Property Value.
22	Computed Property Tax Millage - The Computed Property Tax Millage is
23	calculated annually at the rate necessary to maintain a state and local allocation ratio of
24	65%/35%.
25	STEP TWO: Determine the Local Sales Tax Revenue Contribution
26	Formula:
27	<b>Local Sales Tax Revenue Contribution</b>
28	Equals (=)
29	Computed Sales Tax Base (debt and non-debt) (including TIF areas)
30	Multiplied by (x)

1	State Computed Sales Tax Rate
2	Mid-Year Rate Increases - If a local school system's sales tax goes into effect
3	during the fiscal year, the tax rate is prorated to an annual rate applicable for the total
4	revenue generated.
5	Sales Tax Increase Cap - If a system's Computed Sales Tax Base increased equal
6	to or greater than 15% over the Computed Sales Tax Base calculated in the prior year
7	formula, then the growth in the Computed Sales Tax Base will be capped at 15% over the
8	amount used in the prior year formula. This cap will be applied on a year-to-year basis
9	comparing the current year sales tax base to the prior year uncapped sales tax base.
10	Computed Sales Tax Rate - The Computed Sales Tax Rate is calculated annually
11	at the rate necessary to maintain a state and local allocation ratio of 65%/35%.
12	STEP THREE: Determine Other Local Revenue Contribution
13	Formula:
14	Other Local Revenue Contribution
15	Equals (=)
16	State Revenue in lieu of Taxes
17	Plus (+)
18	Federal Revenue in lieu of Taxes
19	Plus (+)
20	50% of Earnings on Property
21	STEP FOUR: Determine Local Cost Allocation
22	Formula:
23	<b>Local Cost Allocation</b>
24	Equals (=)
25	Property Tax Contribution
26	Plus (+)
27	Sales Tax Contribution
28	Plus (+)
29	Other Revenues Contribution

1	STEP FIVE	: Determine State Cost Allocation
2	<u>Forn</u>	nula:
3		State Cost Allocation
4		Equals (=)
5		Total State and Local Cost
6		Minus (-)
7		Local Cost Allocation
8	Mini	imum State Cost Allocation - In no event shall the State Cost Allocation be less
9	than 25% of	Total Level 1 Cost for any city or parish school system.
10	В.	Level 2: Incentive for Local Effort
11	Leve	1 2 provides incentives for city and parish school systems that contribute a
12	greater prop	ortion of local revenues towards the cost of education in their communities by
13	increasing lo	ocal property and sales tax revenues. This effort is measured using the latest
14	available da	ta for the following sources of revenue as reported in the Annual Financial
15	Report (AFF	R) as required in R.S. 17:92.
16	1.	Total Sales Taxes
17	2.	Total Property Taxes
18	3.	State and Federal Revenue in Lieu of Taxes
19	4.	50% Earnings on Property Revenue
20	STEP ONE	: Determine Eligible Local Revenue
21	<u>Forn</u>	nula:
22		Eligible Local Revenue
23		Equals (=)
24		Total Sales Tax Revenue
25		Plus (+)
26		Total Property Tax Revenue
27		Plus (+)
28		State and Federal Revenue in Lieu of Taxes
29		Plus (+)
30		50% of Earnings on Property Revenue

1	STEP TWO: Determine Local Revenue Eligible for Incentive
2	Formula:
3	Local Revenue Eligible for Incentive
4	Equals (=)
5	Eligible Local Revenue
6	Minus (-)
7	Local Cost Allocation
8	STEP THREE: Determine the Limit on Revenue Eligible for Incentive
9	Formula:
0	Limit on Revenue Eligible for Incentive
1	Equals (=)
12	Total State and Local Cost Allocation
13	Multiplied by (x) 34%
4	STEP FOUR: Determine Local Support of Level 2 Incentive
15	Formula:
16	Local Support of Level 2 Incentive
17	Equals (=)
18	Lesser of Local Revenue Eligible for Incentive or Limit on Local
9	Revenue Eligible for Incentive
20	Multiplied by (x)
21	<b>Local Cost Allocation Percentage (Level 1)</b>
22	Multiplied by (x)
23	Level 2 Incentive Factor
24	The Level 2 Incentive Factor determines the amount of local support required in
25	Level 2. In FY 2014-2015, the Level 2 Incentive Factor was established at 1.72.
26	STEP FIVE: Determine State Cost of Level 2 Incentive
27	Formula:
28	State Support of Level 2 Incentive
29	Equals (=)

1	]	Lesser of Local Revenue Eligible for Incentive or Limit on Local
2	]	Revenue Eligible for Incentive
3		Minus (-)
4	]	Local Support of Level 2 Incentive
5	C. Level 3	: Legislative Allocations
6	Level 3	provides funding for three programs that address funding for school systems
7	and schools reg	arding teacher and support worker pay raises, historical formula allocations,
8	and mandated o	perating costs, and are in addition to allocations provided in Level 1 and 2.
9	These allocation	ns are as follows:
0	Formul	<u>a:</u>
1	•	Total Level 3 Legislative Allocations
12		Equals (=)
13		Continuation Funding for Pay Raises
14		Plus (+)
15	]	Historical Formula Allocation
16		Plus (+)
17	I	Mandated Costs Allocation
18	STEP ONE: C	alculate Continuation of Funding for Pay Raises
9	1.	Certificated Personnel Pay Raises were implemented in four recent years to
20	8	assist in increasing Teacher and School Leader pay to the Southern Regional
21	1	Average. These funds continue to be provided directly to systems and
22	8	schools to support these increased salaries.
23	8	a. Certificated Personnel Pay Raises provided in 2001-2002,
24		2006-2007, 2007-2008, and 2008-2009 will continue for each school
25		system and school based on the calculated per pupil amount times the
26		February 1 Student Membership Count.
27	2.	Non-certificated Support Worker Pay Raises were implemented in three
28	1	recent years to assist with increasing these salaries.
29	1	o. Non-certificated Support Worker Pay Raises provided in 2002-2003,
30		2006-2007, and 2007-2008 will continue for each school system and

1 school based on the calculated per pupil amount times the February 2 1 Student Membership Count. 3 This provision applies to city and parish school systems, Recovery School 3. 4 District, New Orleans Center for Creative Arts (NOCCA), Louisiana School 5 for Math, Science, and the Arts (LSMSA), Thrive Academy, École 6 Pointe-au-Chien, Special School District (SSD), Legacy Type 2 Charter 7 Schools, New Type 2 Charter Schools, Type 3B Charter Schools, Louisiana 8 State University, Southern University, and University of Louisiana at 9 Lafayette Lab schools, and Office of Juvenile Justice (OJJ) schools. 10 STEP TWO: Calculate Historical Formula Allocations 11 Allocations for Insurance and Pay Raises - The following school systems are being 12 provided continuing funding for the 1994 insurance supplement and employee pay raises 13 provided by the Legislature beginning in 1997 through 1999: East Baton Rouge, Iberville, 14 Jefferson, Lafayette, Plaquemines, Pointe Coupee, St. Charles, St. James, and West 15 Feliciana. 16 **Redistribution Allocation** - After setting aside the insurance and pay raise funding, 17 the balance of the "Hold Harmless" funding was removed from these school districts over 18 ten years from 2006-2007 to 2016-2017: Concordia, East Baton Rouge, Evangeline, 19 Iberville, Jefferson, Plaquemines, St. Charles, St. James, and West Feliciana. 20 The amount of funding removed from the districts listed above is reserved and 21 redistributed to the remaining city, parish or other local public school systems or schools. 22 The total amount is divided by the total number of students within these same city, parish 23 or other local public school systems or schools to calculate a per pupil amount. The 24 allocation is determined using the per pupil amount multiplied by the current year student 25 count. 26 STEP THREE: Calculate Mandated Costs Allocation 27 City, parish or other local public school systems or schools shall receive a minimum of \$122.00 for each student in the prior year February 1 membership to offset these 28

29

increasing operational costs.

1		The following formula is applied to determine the Level 1, 2, and 3 State Cost
2	Alloc	eation Per Pupil:
3		Formula:
4		Level 1, 2, and 3 State Cost Allocation Per Pupil
5		Equals (=)
6		Level 1 State Cost Allocation Per Pupil
7		Plus (+)
8		Level 2 State Cost Allocation Per Pupil
9		Plus (+)
10		Level 3 State Cost Allocation Per Pupil
11	D.	Level 4: Supplementary Allocations
12		1. Specific Needs Allocations Specific Needs Allocations provide funding for
13		four allocations for specific purposes and is in addition to system level
14		allocations from Levels 1, 2, and 3. These allocations are as follows:
15		Formula:
16		<b>Total Level 4 Supplementary Allocations</b>
17		Equals (=)
18		STEP ONE: International Language Associate Salary and Stipend
19		Allocation
20		Plus (+)
21		STEP TWO: Career Development Fund Allocation
22		Plus (+)
23		STEP THREE: High Cost Services Assistance Allocation
24		Plus (+)
25		STEP FOUR: Supplemental Course Allocation
26		Plus (+)
27		STEP FIVE: Apprenticeships and Internships Allocation
28		Plus (+)
29		STEP SIX: Tutoring Allocation
30		Plus (+)

1	STEP SEVEN: 2019-20 Certificated and Non-Certificated Pay Raises
2	Plus (+)
3	STEP EIGHT: 2021-22 Certificated and Non-Certificated Pay Raises
4	Plus (+)
5	STEP NINE: 2022-23 Certificated and Non-Certificated Pay Raises
6	Plus (+)
7	STEP TEN: Differentiated Compensation Allocation
8	Plus (+)
9	STEP 11: Certificated Mentor Teacher Stipend
10	Plus (+)
11	STEP TWELVE: Resident Teacher Stipend Allocation
12	STEP ONE: Calculate International Language Associate Salary and Stipend Allocation
13	Salary Allocation - Any city, parish, or other public school system or school
14	employing an International Language Associate or a graduate of the Escadrille Louisiane
15	program shall receive a supplemental allocation from the State Board of Elementary and
16	Secondary Education of \$21,000 per teacher employed in the prior year. The state shall
17	maintain support of the International Language Associate program at a maximum of 300
18	International Language Associates employed in any given year.
19	These teachers shall be paid by the employing city, parish, or other local public
20	school system or school at least the state average classroom teacher salary (without PIP) by
21	years of experience and degree beginning with year three. Of the \$21,000 allocation, \$20,000
22	shall be allocated to the school where the teacher is employed and the funds used to support
23	the total cost of the teacher salary, and the remaining amount shall be associated with costs
24	of VISA sponsorship pursuant to State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education
25	regulations.
26	Stipend Allocation - First year teachers will receive an installation incentive of an
27	additional \$6,000; second and third year teachers will receive a retention incentive of an
28	additional \$4,000. These amounts must be provided to each International Associate Teacher
29	or Escadrille Louisiane graduate by each school district or school in which they are
30	employed.

1

2	The cost of providing materials and equipment, course tuition, and teacher			
3	credentialing and training to attain a statewide industry-based credential is above and beyond			
4	the cost typically required for high school courses. An allocation will be provided to support			
5	the development of these technical courses required for statewide credentials in city and			
6	parish school systems and other public schools.			
7	The first step in the allocation is to calculate six percent (6%) of the MFP State and			
8	Local Base Cost Per Pupil to determine the Career Development Per Pupil Amount. The			
9	Career Development Per Pupil Amount will be provided for each qualifying student course			
10	enrollment in grades 9 through 12.			
11	If a city or parish school system receives less than \$25,000 from the Career			
12	Development Per Pupil Amount, then the city or parish school system will be provided an			
13	economies of scale minimum allocation of \$25,000. If other public school systems and			
14	schools containing grades 9 through 12 receive less than \$10,000 from the Per Pupil			
15	Amount, then the other public school systems and schools containing grades 9 through 12			
16	will be provided an economies of scale minimum allocation of \$10,000.			
17	Formula:			
18	Career Development Allocation Per Pupil			
19	Equals (=)			
20	MFP State and Local Base Cost Per Pupil			
21	Multiplied By (x)			
22	Six Percent (6%)			
23	Formula:			
24	Career Development Allocation			
25	Equals (=)			
26	Career Development Allocation Per Pupil			
27	Multiplied By (x)			
28	Qualifying Student Course Enrollments in Grades 9 through 12			

# **STEP THREE: Calculate High Cost Services Assistance**

1

29

2	High cost services for students with disabilities generate a particular budget
3	challenge for city, parish, and other public school systems and schools.
4	In an effort to assist with these expenses, an allocation will be provided to city,
5	parish, and other public school systems and schools which submit documentation as required
6	by the Louisiana Department of Education substantiating that the prior year cost of services
7	for a specific student exceeds three times the most recent state average total expenditure per
8	pupil amount.
9	Once costs associated with providing services for a student with a disability or
10	disabilities have been verified, the city or parish school system or other public school will
11	be eligible to receive an allocation to assist with these costs. The allocation will be limited
12	by the amount budgeted for the High Cost Services Assistance Allocation. So as to be
13	equitably distributed, the total allocation provided to city and parish school systems versus
14	other public schools shall be proportional to the share of total qualifying applications
15	submitted by city and parish school systems versus other public schools.
16	The first step in the allocation will be to calculate the impact of these costs on the
17	budget of the school system or school using the latest available state and local revenue data.
18	The High Cost Services requested for reimbursement will be reduced by the MFP state and
19	local amount allocated on behalf of each student from Levels 1, 2, and 3. The next step will
20	rank the Percent (%) Impact from highest to lowest percent, with two separate rank listings
21	for school systems and other public schools.
22	Formula:
23	Percent (%) Impact on Budget
24	Equals (=)
25	Cost of Services
26	Divided By (÷)
27	Total State and Local Revenue
28	The two ranked listings will be divided into four tiers and allocations will be

provided based on a percentage from one hundred percent reimbursement in the highest

1 funded tier with smaller percentages reimbursed in the lower tiers based on where the school

2 system or school falls within the tiers on one of the two lists.

## **STEP FOUR: Calculate Supplemental Course Allocation**

Pursuant to R.S. 17:4002.1 through 4002.6, the Supplemental Course Allocation shall provide for the cost of secondary course choices specifically approved by the State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education. For each city and parish school system and other public school, the allocation shall equal the number of students enrolled in grades 7 through 12 as of February 1 each year multiplied by \$70 per pupil.

#### Formula:

Supplemental Course Allocation for School Systems or Other Public

Schools

**Equals (=)** 

**Supplemental Course Allocation Per Pupil** 

Multiplied By (x)

## Number of Students in Grades 7 through 12

If the entire allocation is not committed by the city or parish public school systems or other public school by a date set forth by the Louisiana Department of Education, the original allocation will be reduced by the uncommitted amount. The total uncommitted amount from each city or parish public school systems or other public school will be reallocated to those city or parish public school systems or other public schools that obligated one hundred percent of their original allocation based on criteria set forth by the Louisiana Department of Education.

## STEP FIVE: Calculate Apprenticeships and Internships Allocation

Apprenticeships - Each city, parish, or other public school district or school shall be eligible to receive an allocation based on the number of students enrolled in either the fall or spring semester in an eligible apprenticeship course up to the amount budgeted for the Apprenticeships Allocation. If a school system or school is defined as rural by the United States Census Bureau, an allocation of \$3,500 shall be provided times the number of students enrolled in eligible apprenticeship programs. If a school system or school is identified as non-rural, an allocation of \$2,500 shall be provided times the number of students enrolled

in eligible apprenticeship programs. The allocation shall be utilized to support all of the costs
 associated with delivery of the apprenticeship services to the students.

**Internships** - Each city, parish, or other public school district or school shall be eligible to receive an allocation of \$1,000 per student for each eligible student enrolled in either the fall or spring semester in eligible internship programs up to the amount budgeted for the Internships Allocation.

#### **STEP SIX: Calculate Tutoring Allocation**

An allocation shall be provided as a block grant for each city, parish, or other public school district or school for accelerate tutoring for literacy and/or math, focusing on students with the most need for improved outcomes. Funding may be used to cover services for any student requiring tutoring to include such expenses as extra staffing, contracted services, or online programming as deemed necessary at the local level with guidance from LDOE. Allocation methodology would be based on prior year student data including:

Number of Students in grades K-2 in the category of Well Below Benchmark, and

Number of Students in grades 3-5 in the grade level sufficiency of unsatisfactory.

## STEP SEVEN: Calculate 2019-20 Certificated and Non-Certificated Pay Raises

## 1. Certificated Personnel Pay Raise

Each city, parish, or other public school district or school shall receive \$1,000 plus the current year annual retirement contribution rate as established for the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana in the actuarial valuation approved by the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee based on the staffing data submitted to the official department personnel data reporting system as of October 1 to provide an across the board \$1,000 pay raise and any associated retirement for K-12 classroom educators and other certificated K-12 personnel defined per Louisiana Department of Education Bulletin 1929 to include:

### **Teachers**

All function codes 1000-2200s, object code 112.

1		Therapists/Specialists/Counselors
2		Function codes 1000-2200s, object code 113.
3		School Site-based Principals, Assistant Principals, and Other School
4		Administrators
5		Function code 2400s, object code 111.
6		Central Office Certificated Administrators
7		Function codes 1000-2200 (excluding 2130s), 2324, 2831, and 2832;
8		object code 111.
9		School Nurses
10		Function code 2134, object code 118.
11		Sabbaticals
12		Function codes 1000-2200s, 2134, and 2400s; object code 140.
13	2.	Non-Certificated Personnel Pay Raise
14		Each city, parish, or other public school district or school shall
15		receive \$500 plus the current year annual retirement contribution rate as
16		established for the Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System in the
17		actuarial valuation approved by the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial
18		Committee based on the staffing data submitted to the official department
19		personnel data reporting system as of October 1 to provide an across the
20		board \$500 pay raise and associated retirement for non-certificated K-12
21		personnel defined per Louisiana Department of Education Bulletin 1929 to
22		include:
23		Aides
24		Function codes 1000-4900s, object code 115.
25		Support Supervisors
26		Function codes 2130s, 2300s (excluding 2311, 2321, 2324, 2831 and
27		2832) and 2500-4900s, object code 111)
28		Clerical/Secretarial
29		Function codes 1000-4900s, object code 114

1	Service Workers
2	Function codes 1000-4900s, object code 116
3	Skilled Craftsmen
4	Function codes 1000-4900s, object code 117
5	Degreed Professionals
6	Function codes 1000-4900s (excluding 2134s), object code 118
7	Other Personnel
8	Function codes 1000-4900s, object codes 100, 110 and 119.
9	STEP EIGHT: Calculate 2021-22 Certificated and Non-Certificated Pay Raises
10	1. Certificated Personnel Pay Raise
11	Each city, parish, or other public school district or school shall receive \$800
12	plus the current year annual retirement contribution rate as established for the
13	Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana in the actuarial valuation approved by the
14	Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee based on the staffing data
15	submitted to the official department personnel data reporting system as of October
16	1 to provide an across the board \$800 pay raise and any associated retirement for
17	K-12 classroom educators and other certificated K-12 personnel defined per
18	Louisiana Department of Education Bulletin 1929 to include:
19	Teachers
20	All function codes 1000-2200s, object code 112.
21	Therapists/Specialists/Counselors
22	Function codes 1000-2200s, object code 113.
23	School Site-based Principals, Assistant Principals, and Other School
24	Administrators
25	Function code 2400s, object code 111.
26	Central Office Certificated Administrators
27	Function codes 1000-2200 (excluding 2130s), 2324, 2831, and 2832;
28	object code 111.
29	School Nurses
30	Function code 2134, object code 118.

1 **Sabbaticals** 2 Function codes 1000-2200s, 2134, and 2400s; object code 140. 3 2. **Non-Certificated Personnel Pay Raise** 4 Each city, parish, or other public school district or school shall receive \$400 5 plus the current year annual retirement contribution rate as established for the 6 Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System in the actuarial valuation approved 7 by the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee based on the staffing data 8 submitted to the official department personnel data reporting system as of October 9 1 to provide an across the board \$400 pay raise and associated retirement for 10 non-certificated K-12 personnel defined per Louisiana Department of Education 11 Bulletin 1929 to include: 12 **Aides** 13 Function codes 1000-4900s, object code 115. 14 **Support Supervisors** 15 Function codes 2130s, 2300s (excluding 2311, 2321, 2324, 2831 and 16 2832) and 2500-4900s, object code 111) 17 Clerical/Secretarial 18 Function codes 1000-4900s, object code 114 19 **Service Workers** 20 Function codes 1000-4900s, object code 116 21 **Skilled Craftsmen** 22 Function codes 1000-4900s, object code 117 **Degreed Professionals** 23 Function codes 1000-4900s (excluding 2134s), object code 118 24 25 **Other Personnel** 26 Function codes 1000-4900s, object codes 100, 110 and 119. 27 STEP NINE: Calculate 2022-23 Certificated and Non-Certificated Pay Raises 28 1. **Certificated Personnel Pay Raise** 29 Each city, parish, or other public school district or school shall receive \$1,500 30 plus the current year annual retirement contribution rate as established for the

1	Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana in the actuarial valuation approved by the
2	Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee based on the staffing data
3	submitted to the official department personnel data reporting system as of October
4	1 to provide an across the board \$1,500 pay raise and any associated retirement for
5	K-12 classroom educators and other certificated K-12 personnel defined per
6	Louisiana Department of Education Bulletin 1929 to include:
7	Teachers
8	All function codes 1000-2200s, object code 112.
9	Therapists/Specialists/Counselors
10	Function codes 1000-2200s, object code 113.
11	School Site-based Principals, Assistant Principals, and Other School
12	Administrators
13	Function code 2400s, object code 111.
14	Central Office Certificated Administrators
15	Function codes 1000-2200 (excluding 2130s), 2324, 2831, and 2832;
16	object code 111.
17	School Nurses
18	Function code 2134, object code 118.
19	Sabbaticals
20	Function codes 1000-2200s, 2134, and 2400s; object code 140.
21	2. Non-Certificated Personnel Pay Raise
22	Each city, parish, or other public school district or school shall receive \$750
23	plus the current year annual retirement contribution rate as established for the
24	Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System in the actuarial valuation approved
25	by the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee based on the staffing data
26	submitted to the official department personnel data reporting system as of October
27	1 to provide an across the board \$750 pay raise and associated retirement for
28	non-certificated K-12 personnel defined per Louisiana Department of Education
29	Bulletin 1929 to include:

1	Aides
2	Function codes 1000-4900s, object code 115.
3	Support Supervisors
4	Function codes 2130s, 2300s (excluding 2311, 2321, 2324, 2831 and
5	2832) and 2500-4900s, object code 111)
6	Clerical/Secretarial
7	Function codes 1000-4900s, object code 114
8	Service Workers
9	Function codes 1000-4900s, object code 116
10	Skilled Craftsmen
11	Function codes 1000-4900s, object code 117
12	Degreed Professionals
13	Function codes 1000-4900s (excluding 2134s), object code 118
14	Other Personnel
15	Function codes 1000-4900s, object codes 100, 110 and 119.
16	STEP TEN: Calculate Differentiated Compensation
17	Each city, parish, or other public school district or school shall receive an allocation
18	to address their unique market needs in the recruitment and retention of teachers. This
19	allocation shall be calculated based on the number of teachers reported in the prior year
20	October 1 staffing data submitted to the official department personnel data reporting system
21	divided into the budgeted amount to create a per teacher allocation. Then the per teacher
22	allocation will be increased by the current year annual retirement contribution rate as
23	established for the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana in the actuarial valuation
24	approved by the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. Teacher shall be defined
25	per the Louisiana Department of Education Bulletin 1929, Object code 112, all Function
26	codes 1000-2200s. These funds may be used in any of the following categories, in any
27	proportion of the allocation among the categories, and in any amount within the allocation:
28	a. Stipends for teachers in critical shortage area as determined by BESE and/or;
29	b. Stipends for Highly Effective Teachers (as defined in R.S. 17:381 through
30	3095 and Bulletin 130, Section 309), and/or;

c. Stipends for teacher working in High Need schools defined as those with an
 Economically Disadvantaged rate of 85% or greater, and/or;

d. Stipends for teacher leadership positions including classroom teachers appointed to lead weekly teacher collaborations, or those that serve as instructional coaches or mentors.

#### STEP ELEVEN: Calculate Certificated Mentor Teacher Stipend Allocation

The Louisiana teacher preparation model includes mentor teachers to support undergraduate year-long residents and post-baccalaureate certification residents. These mentor teachers are professionally trained, credentialed teachers with skills to support aspiring and new teachers. A \$2,000 stipend will be provided to city, parish, or other public school systems or schools for each employed certificated mentor teacher or teacher serving as the assigned mentor of record responsible for supporting undergraduate and post baccalaureate resident teachers. Each city, parish, or other public school system or school shall receive an allocation equal to \$2,000 multiplied by the number of fulltime equivalent certificated mentor teachers employed to support undergraduate or post baccalaureate residents as reported in the staffing data submitted to the official department personnel data reporting system as of October 1. School systems or schools receiving this funding allocation must provide the \$2,000 stipend to the qualifying mentor teacher(s).

## **STEP TWELVE: Calculate Resident Teacher Stipend Allocation**

The Louisiana teacher preparation model provides support to undergraduate year-long residents and post-baccalaureate certification residents through teacher mentors who are professionally trained, credentialed teachers with skills to support aspiring and new teachers. Each city, parish, or other public school system or school shall receive an allocation equal to \$3,300 times the number of fulltime equivalent undergraduate or post baccalaureate residents as reported in the staffing data submitted to the official department personnel data reporting system as of October 1. Each resident must have an assigned mentor of record and a resident certificate or a practitioner license by the count date. School systems or schools receiving this funding allocation must provide the \$3,300 stipend to the qualifying resident teacher(s).

## 2. Allocations for Other Public Schools

1 STEP ONE: Louisiana State University, Southern University, and University of 2 Louisiana at Lafayette Laboratory Schools 3 **State Cost Allocation** 1. 4 The February 1 Student Membership count at the Louisiana State University, a. 5 Southern University, and University of Louisiana at Lafayette Lab Schools 6 shall be multiplied by the Average State Cost Allocation Per Pupil to equal 7 the Louisiana State University, Southern University, and University of 8 Louisiana at Lafayette Lab Schools State Cost Allocation. 9 Funds appropriated for these schools shall be allocated to the institution of b. higher education operating such a school. Each such institution of higher 10 11 education shall ensure the equitable expenditure of such funds to operate 12 such schools. 13 STEP TWO: Legacy Type 2 Charter Schools 14 A Legacy Type 2 Charter school is a Type 2 Charter school approved by the State 15 Board of Elementary and Secondary Education before July 1, 2008. 16 1. State Cost Allocation 17 Any Legacy Type 2 Charter school shall annually be allocated funds a. 18 as determined by applying the formula contained in R.S. 17:3995. 19 The State Cost Allocation equals the number of students multiplied b. 20 by the State Per Pupil for the system where the student resides. 21 2. Local Cost Allocation 22 Any Legacy Type 2 Charter school shall annually be allocated funds a. 23 as determined by applying the formula contained in R.S. 17:3995. 24 b. The Local Cost Allocation equals the number of students multiplied 25 by the Local Per Pupil for the system where the student resides. 26 For any student enrolled in a Legacy Type 2 Charter school, the c. 27 Local Cost Allocation shall be funded by the State. 28 3. The exclusion of any portion of local revenues specifically dedicated by the

legislature or by voter approval to capital outlay or debt service shall be

29

HLS 24RS-474 ENGROSSED

applicable only to a charter school housed in a facility or facilities provided
by the district in which the charter school is located.

## STEP THREE: Office of Juvenile Justice (OJJ) Schools

- 1. Eligible Schools Any elementary and secondary school operated by the Office of Juvenile Justice (OJJ) in a secure care facility shall be considered a public elementary or secondary school and, as such, the Office of Juvenile Justice (OJJ) shall be annually appropriated funds for these students.
- 2. Eligible Students Each student counted in the prior year average daily membership, as defined by the State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education in the Student Membership Definition, is calculated by dividing the number of days the student is under the guidance and direction of teachers by the total instructional days during the specified school year.
- 3. Allocation The Office of Juvenile Justice (OJJ) shall annually be allocated funds for the eligible students. For each student enrolled in these schools, both a State Cost Allocation and a Local Cost Allocation shall be provided.

# 4. State Cost Allocation

- a. The State Cost Allocation is equal to the State Cost Allocation Per Pupil for the system where each student resided prior to adjudication multiplied by the prior year average daily membership of the Office of Juvenile Justice schools.
- b. The State Cost Allocation Per Pupil allocation shall be adjusted based on a factor determined by the Louisiana Department of Education to provide for the differential in the number of educational days provided to the students in the custody of the Office of Juvenile Justice (OJJ).
- c. Additionally, the State Cost Allocation Per Pupil shall be adjusted based on a factor determined by the Louisiana Department of Education to recognize the increased number of special education students in the Office of Juvenile Justice (OJJ) schools relative to the state average special education student population.

HLS 24RS-474 ENGROSSED

1 d. The average daily membership will be reconciled on an annual basis 2 using the latest available data. 3 5. **Local Cost Allocation** 4 Each student counted in the prior year average daily membership, as a. 5 defined by the State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education, 6 shall be provided for and funded from the minimum foundation 7 program a Local Cost Allocation Per Pupil equal to the Local Cost 8 Allocation Per Pupil for the district where the student resided prior 9 to adjudication. 10 b. The Local Cost Allocation is equal to the Local Cost Allocation Per 11 Pupil for the system where each student resided prior to adjudication 12 multiplied by the prior year average daily membership of the Office 13 of Juvenile Justice schools. 14 For the purpose of the Local Cost Allocation Per Pupil, the average c. 15 daily membership of the Office of Juvenile Justice (OJJ) shall be 16 included in the membership counts of the city, parish, or other local 17 public school board in which the student resided prior to adjudication 18 to the Office of Juvenile Justice. 19 d. For a district(s) that shares local revenue, the allocation for the Office 20 of Juvenile Justice will be completed before the calculation of local 21 revenues. 22 The Local Cost Allocation Per Pupil shall be funded with a transfer e. 23 of the MFP monthly amount representing the Local Cost Allocation 24 Per Pupil from the city, parish, or other local public school board in 25 which the attending students resided prior to adjudication to the 26 Office of Juvenile Justice (OJJ). 27 f. The average daily membership will be reconciled on an annual basis 28 using the latest available data.

# 3. Mid-Year Student Allocations

a.	Student counts in October and February may result in mid-year
	allocation adjustments for the following: city and parish school
	systems, Recovery School District, New Type 2 Charter schools,
	Legacy Type 2 Charter schools, Type 3B Charter schools, Louisiana
	State University, Southern University, and University of Louisiana
	at Lafayette Lab schools, Louisiana School for Math, Science and the
	Arts (LSMSA), New Orleans Center for Creative Arts (NOCCA),
	Thrive Academy, École Pointe-au-Chien, and Special School District
	(SSD).
b.	If the current year October 1 Mid-Year Student Count is more or less
	than the prior year February 1 student count, an adjustment to the
	current year allocation shall be made for each student gained or lost.
	The October adjustment equals the number of students gained or lost
	times the annual State Cost per pupil allocation amount for the
	system or school in which the change occurred. The February
	adjustment equals the number of students gained or lost times
	one-half of the State Cost per pupil allocation for the system or
	school in which the change occurred.
c.	Individual adjustments shall be made for increases or decreases in the
	October or February Mid-Year Student Counts for the Recovery
	School District, the system of prior jurisdiction, and Type 5 Charter
	schools.
d.	Mid-Year adjustments for the Recovery School District shall utilize
	the final State Cost per pupil allocation for the system of prior
	jurisdiction.
e.	If the Recovery School District qualifies for an October Mid-Year
	Adjustment to the State Cost per pupil allocation, a Mid-Year
	adjustment shall also be made to the Local Cost per pupil allocation
	for the system of prior jurisdiction. The October Local Cost per pupil

1			allocation shall be recalculated based on updated revenue data for the
2			system of prior jurisdiction. There shall be no recalculation of the
3			Local Cost per pupil allocation in conjunction with the February 1
4			student count.
5		f.	City, Parish, or Local public school systems or schools in the first
6			year of operation are not eligible for an October Mid-Year
7			Adjustment. However, their allocation will be finalized using October
8			1 data. The newly opened city, parish, or local public school systems
9			or schools will qualify for the February 1 mid-year adjustment.
0		g.	October and February Mid-Year Adjustments shall be combined and
1			applied in the March through June payments.
12		Total MFP S	tate Cost Allocation
13		Formula:	
4		Total	MFP State Cost Allocation
15			Equals (=)
16		Level	1 State Cost Allocation
17			Plus (+)
18		Level	2 State Cost Allocation
9			Plus (+)
20		Level	3 State Cost Allocation
21			Plus (+)
22		Level	4 State Cost Allocation
23	II.	FORMULA	CALCULATIONS FOR STATE-APPROVED PUBLIC SCHOOL
24		A. Recov	very School District
25		1.	State Cost Allocation
26			a. Once all final calculations are made, the final State Cost
27			Allocation Per Pupil Amount for the city or parish school
28			system which counted the Recovery School District students
29			will be multiplied by the February 1 Recovery School District

1	Student Membership Count to equal the Recovery School
2	District State Cost Allocation.
3	b. In a system with one or more Type 3B charter schools, if th
4	Type 3B charter is not its own LEA, the local school system
5	shall distribute minimum foundation program formula fund
6	to each Type 3B charter school in the system pursuant t
7	calculations determined by the Louisiana Department of
8	Education. If the Type 3B charter is its own LEA, suc
9	payments shall be made to the Type 3B charter school by th
10	Louisiana Department of Education. Such calculations shall
11	include differentiated funding weights for certain students
12	including students identified as being eligible for specia
13	education services. The calculations shall ensure equity s
14	that each Type 3B charter school in the system receives
15	per-pupil amount equal to the amount a Type 5 charter school
16	located in the same parish or school system boundary would
17	have received from the Recovery School District (RSD).
18	2. Local Cost Allocation
19	a. In addition to the State Cost Allocation, the Recovery School
20	District shall receive an applicable Local Cost Allocation.
21	Formula:
22	<b>Local Cost Allocation Per Pupil</b>
23	Equals
24	Projected Local Revenues from District of Prior Jurisdiction
25	Divided by
26	Total School District Membership.
27	<b>Total School District Membership</b>
28	Equals (=)
29	<b>Recovery School District Student Membership Count</b>
30	Plus (+)

1		Student Membership Count for the system of prior jurisdiction
2		Plus (+)
3		New Type 2 Charter school students residing in the jurisdiction.
4	b.	To begin the fiscal year, the Local Cost allocation is based on eligible
5		projected local revenues for the most recent prior fiscal year from the
6		city or parish school district that had jurisdiction of the school prior
7		to its transfer.
8	c.	For purposes of the Recovery School District calculation, local
9		revenue is defined to include revenue from the following sources,
10		excluding any portion which has been specifically dedicated by the
1		legislature or by voter approval to capital outlay or debt service, per
12		the definitions in the Annual Financial Report (AFR) and the
13		Louisiana Accounting and Uniform Governmental Handbook as
14		reported to the Louisiana Department of Education:
15		1. Sales and use taxes, less any tax collection fee paid by the
16		school system
17		2. Ad valorem taxes, less any tax collection fee paid by the
18		school system
19		3. Earnings from sixteenth section lands owned by the school
20		system
21	d.	The exclusion of any portion of local revenues specifically dedicated
22		by the legislature or by voter approval to capital outlay or debt
23		service shall be applicable only to a charter school housed in a
24		facility or facilities provided by the system in which the charter
25		school is located.
26	e.	The projected local revenues shall be divided by the Total School
27		District Membership Count including the Recovery School District
28		Student Membership Count, both operated and charter schools, plus
29		the Student Membership Count of the system of prior jurisdiction. If
30		any New Type 2 Charter School student resides within the physical

1		boundaries of the system of prior jurisdiction, this school the student
2		attends shares in the local revenues of the system of prior
3		jurisdiction. As a result, the New Type 2 Charter School Student
4		Membership Count of the students residing in the jurisdiction will be
5		added to the Recovery School District and the system of prior
6		jurisdiction Student Membership Count.
7	f.	The Local Cost Allocation for the Recovery School District is
8		determined by multiplying the local revenue per pupil times the
9		number of Recovery School District students used in the MFP final
10		allocation.
11	<u>Formu</u>	<u>lla:</u>
12		<b>Local Cost Allocation</b>
13		Equals (=)
14		<b>Projected Local Revenues from District of Prior Jurisdiction Per</b>
15		Pupil
16		Multiplied By (x)
17		Recovery School District Student Membership Count
18	g.	Once the local amount is determined, it is adjusted to a monthly
19		amount that is transferred from the MFP monthly allocation of the
20		city, parish, or other local public school board of prior jurisdiction to
21		the Recovery School District.
22	h.	Based on the October 1 Student Membership Count, the local
23		revenue allocation per student will be recalculated and there will be
24		a corresponding adjustment in the local revenue allocation. No
25		recalculation of the local revenues per student will occur as a result
26		of the February 1 Student Count adjustment.
27	i.	During the third quarter of the fiscal year, the local revenue
28		allocation per student shall be adjusted to reflect actual prior year
29		local revenue data.

1		j.	A fina	l reconciliation will occur based upon the receipt of the annual
2			audite	d financial statements of the system of prior jurisdiction. If an
3			increa	se or decrease in local revenue collections exists, the state
4			superi	ntendent may establish a payment schedule. In the event that
5			the fis	cal status of the system of prior jurisdiction or the Recovery
6			Schoo	l District changes during the fiscal year or on or before the final
7			recond	ciliation, the state superintendent may adjust the local revenue
8			based	on the revenues identified.
9	3.	Monie	s appi	ropriated to the Recovery School District, except for
10		admin	istrativ	e costs, that are attributable to the transfer of a school from a
11		prior s	chool sy	ystem and monies allocated or transferred from the prior system
12		to the	Recove	ry School District shall be expended solely on the operation of
13		school	s transf	erred from the prior system to the jurisdiction of the Recovery
14		Schoo	l Distric	ct.
15	В.	New T	Type 2	Charter Schools
16		A New	Type 2	2 Charter school is a Type 2 Charter school approved after July
17	1, 200	8, by the	e State	Board of Elementary and Secondary Education.
18		1.	State (	Cost Allocation
19			a.	Any New Type 2 Charter School shall annually be provided
20				a State Cost Allocation as determined by applying the
21				formula contained in R.S. 17:3995.
22			b.	The State Cost Allocation equals the number of students
23				multiplied by the State Cost Allocation Per Pupil for the
24				system in which the student resides.
25			c.	Mid-Year Adjustments shall adhere to the guidelines
26				established in this document.
27		<b>2.</b> Loc	al Cost	Allocation
28			a.	Any New Type 2 Charter school shall annually be provided
29				a Local Cost Allocation by applying the formula contained in
30				R.S. 17:3995.

1		b.	The Local Cost Allocation equals the number of students
2			multiplied by the Local Cost Allocation Per Pupil for the
3			system in which the student resides.
4		c.	One exception to R.S. 17:3995 is that the Local Cost
5			allocation will be funded with a transfer of the MFP monthly
6			amount representing the Local Cost Allocation from the city
7			or parish school system in which the attending students
8			reside.
9		d.	The city or parish where students attending the New Type 2
10			Charter school reside is the local taxing authority and shall
11			provide the local support for the students.
12		e.	Mid-Year Adjustments will adhere to the guidelines
13			established in this document.
14	3.	Virtua	l Charter schools may receive, as approved by the State Board
15		of Ele	mentary and Secondary Education, a lesser percentage of the
16		state a	and local amount calculated in R.S. 17:3995.
17	4.	Where	e student attendance is from multiple school systems, the
18		Depar	tment of Education shall determine the Local Cost Allocation
19		based	on students reported by the schools. The student membership
20		count	of the New Type 2 charter schools shall be included in the
21		memb	ership count of the city or parish school board in which the
22		studer	at resides to determine the Local Cost Allocation.
23	5.	In the	first year of operation, a New Type 2 Charter school shall be
24		alloca	ted funding based on an estimated student count since a
25		Februa	ary 1 student count does not exist. The allocation will be
26		finaliz	ted based on the October 1 student count.
27	6.	The ex	aclusion of any portion of local revenues specifically dedicated
28		by the	e legislature or by voter approval to capital outlay or debt
29		servic	e shall be applicable only to a charter school housed in a

1				facili	ty or facilities provided by the district in which the charter
2				schoo	ol is located.
3		C.	<u>Louis</u>	siana S	School for Math, Science, and the Arts (LSMSA); New
4			<u>Orlea</u>	ans Cei	nter for Creative Arts (NOCCA); Thrive Academy; École
5			<u>Point</u>	te-au-C	thien; and Special School District (SSD)
6			1.	The	Louisiana School for Math, Science, and the Arts (LSMSA);
7				New	Orleans Center for Creative Arts (NOCCA); Thrive Academy;
8				École	e Pointe-au-Chien; and Special School District (SSD) shall be
9				provi	ded both a State and Local Cost Allocation.
10			2.	State	Cost Allocation
11				a.	The State Cost Allocation shall be based on the State Cost
12					Allocation Per Pupil for the city or parish school system
13					where the attending students reside.
14			3.	Loca	l Cost Allocation
15				a.	The Local Cost Allocation will be based on the Local Cost
16					Allocation for the city or parish school system where the
17					attending students reside.
18				b.	For any student enrolled in LSMSA, NOCCA, Thrive
19					Academy, École Pointe-au-Chien or SSD, the Local Cost
20					Allocation Per Pupil shall be funded by the State.
21				c.	Where student attendance is from multiple school systems,
22					the Department of Education shall determine the Local Cost
23					Allocation based on students reported by the schools.
24	III.	FOR	MULA	PROC	CEDURES
25		A.	<u>Preli</u>	minary	Allocations
26			1.	The N	Minimum Foundation Program formula for the upcoming fiscal
27				year	adopted by the State Board of Elementary and Secondary
28				Educ	ation, along with a preliminary allocation schedule representing
29				the es	stimated cost of the proposed formula, shall be submitted to the
30				Joint	Legislative Committee on the Budget and to the House and

HLS 24RS-474 ENGROSSED

Senate Education Committees for consideration no later than March

15.

This preliminary allocation shall utilize student and other input data

available at the time.

#### B. Final Allocation

Final allocations for the fiscal year in which the formula takes effect will be determined no later than June 30 of the preceding fiscal year. The latest available data will be utilized to calculate the final allocation except that student count estimates will be utilized for school systems or charter schools opening for the first time in the fiscal year beginning July 1. For first-year city, parish, or other public school systems or schools, the final allocation will be based on the October 1 count, once available.

# IV. FORMULA PAYMENTS

#### A. Payment Procedures

The Total MFP State Cost Allocation for city, parish, and other school systems and schools will be converted to monthly payments from July through June each year except payments will be made on Level 4 allocations as data becomes available.

## **B.** Requested Payment Adjustments

If the city, parish, or other school systems and schools have documented growth in students prior to the actual Mid-Year Student Counts in October and February, a temporary change to the final allocation may be requested. The State Superintendent is authorized to approve or deny this revision.

- 1. Sufficient documentation will be requested to substantiate this requested allocation adjustment.
- 2. The adjusted allocation will remain in effect until the actual October or February Mid-Year Student Count. Once the Mid-Year Student Count is final, reconciliation will be completed and payments adjusted accordingly.

# C. Payment Adjustments for Audit Findings

Review and/or audit of the systems' or schools' data used in determining their Minimum Foundation Program allocation may result in changes in final statistical information. The Minimum Foundation Program allocation adjustments necessary as a result of these audit findings will be made in the following school year. These adjustments are applicable to the following: city or parish school systems, Recovery School District, Type 2 Charter schools, Type 3B Charter schools, Louisiana State University, Southern University, and University of Louisiana at Lafayette Lab schools, Office of Juvenile Justice (OJJ) schools, Louisiana School for Math, Science and the Arts (LSMSA), New Orleans Center for Creative Arts (NOCCA), Thrive Academy, École Pointe-au-Chien and Special School District (SSD).

# V. 70% EXPENDITURE REQUIREMENT

To provide for appropriate accountability of state funds while providing city, parish, or local public school systems or other public schools flexibility in determining specific expenditures, city, parish, or local public school systems or other public schools must ensure that at least 70% of the city, parish, or local public school system or other public school general fund expenditures are in the areas of instruction and school administration at the school building level as developed by the Louisiana Department of Education and defined by the State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education regulations.

## VI. SEVERABILITY PROVISION

If any provision of this minimum foundation formula or the application thereof is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of this minimum foundation formula which can be given effect without the invalid provisions or applications, and to this end the provisions of this minimum foundation formula are hereby declared severable. The severability provision hereof shall be broadly construed so as to give effect to each and every possible provision or application of this minimum foundation formula which is not specifically held invalid, unlawful, or unconstitutional.

1 THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Legislature of Louisiana does hereby

- 2 approve the formula developed by the State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education,
- 3 pursuant to Article VIII, Section 13(B) of the Constitution of Louisiana, to determine the
- 4 cost of a minimum foundation program of education in all public elementary and secondary
- 5 schools as well as to equitably allocate the funds to parish and city school systems, and
- 6 adopted by the board on March 6, 2024.

#### **DIGEST**

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

HCR 21 Engrossed

2024 Regular Session

Schlegel

Approves the minimum foundation program (MFP) formula for FY 2024-2025 to determine the cost of a minimum foundation program of education in all public elementary and secondary schools as well as to equitably allocate the funds to local public school systems as developed by the State Bd. of Elementary and Secondary Education (BESE) and adopted by BESE on Mar. 6, 2024.