#### **HOUSE COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS**

2024 Regular Session

Amendments proposed by House Committee on Civil Law and Procedure to Reengrossed Senate Bill No. 355 by Senator Stine

## 1 AMENDMENT NO. 1

- 2 On page 1, line 2, after "2-C" and before "of the" change "of Title 12" to "of Code Title XII
- 3 of Code Book III of Title 9"

# 4 <u>AMENDMENT NO. 2</u>

- 5 On page 1, line 3, after the comma "," and before "relative" insert "and to enact Chapter 2-D
- of Code Title XII of Code Book III of Title 9 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, to
- 7 be comprised of R.S. 9:3580.10 through 3580.14,"

# 8 AMENDMENT NO. 3

- 9 On page 1, line 10, after "reports;" and before "to provide relative" insert "to provide relative
- 10 to the creation of the Litigation Financing Disclosure Act; to provide for discovery; to
- provide with respect to class action lawsuits;"

#### 12 AMENDMENT NO. 4

- On page 1, line 13, after "2-C" and before "of the" change "of Title 12" to "of Code Title XII
- of Code Book III of Title 9"

### 15 AMENDMENT NO. 5

- On page 1, line 14, after "R.S. 9:3580.7," and before "hereby" delete "is" and insert "and
- 17 Chapter 2-D of Code Title XII of Code Book III of Title 9 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes
- 18 of 1950, to be comprised of R.S. 9:3580.10 through 3580.14, are"

#### 19 AMENDMENT NO. 6

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20 On page 7, between lines 23 and 24, insert the following:

# 21 "CHAPTER 2-D. LITIGATION FINANCING DISCLOSURE

22 **§3580.10.** Short title

This Chapter shall be known and may be cited as the "Litigation Financing Disclosure Act".

§3580.11. Definitions

For the purpose of this Chapter, the following terms have the meanings ascribed to them in this Section:

- (1) "Attorney" means an attorney, group of attorneys, or law firm who may be entitled to represent a person or persons in a civil action in this state.
- (2) "Litigation financer" means a person, group of persons, or legal entity, engaged in the business of litigation financing or any other economic activity intended to facilitate litigation financing. Litigation financer does not include nonprofit legal organizations.
- (3)(a) "Litigation financing" means the financing, funding, advancing, or lending of money to pay for fees, costs, expenses, or an agreement to pay expenses directly related to pursuing the legal claim, administrative proceeding, claim, or cause of action if the financing, funding, advancing, or lending of money is provided by any person other than a person who is any of the following:

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 $\underline{\text{(i) A party to the civil action, administrative proceeding, claim, or cause }} \\ \underline{\text{of action.}}$ 

- (ii) An attorney engaged directly or indirectly through another legal representative to represent a party in the civil action, administrative proceeding, claim, or cause of action.
- (iii) An entity or insurer with a preexisting contractual obligation to indemnify or defend a party to the civil action, administrative proceeding, claim, or cause of action or a health insurer which has paid, or is obligated to pay, any sums for health care for an injured person under the terms of any health insurance plan or agreement.
- (b) Funds provided directly to a party solely for personal needs shall not be considered litigation financing if such funds are provided exclusively for personal and family use and not for legal filings, legal document preparation and drafting, appeals, creation of a litigation strategy, drafting testimony, and related litigation expenses.
- (4) "Litigation financing contract or agreement" means a transaction in which litigation financing is provided to a party or a party's attorney in return for assigning to the litigation financer a right to receive an amount including payment of interest, fees, or any other consideration contingent in any respect on the outcome of the underlying claim or action. The term "litigation financing contract or agreement" does not include:
- (a) Legal services provided to a party by an attorney on a contingency fee basis or legal costs advanced by an attorney when such services or costs are provided to or on behalf of a party by an attorney in the dispute and in accordance with the Louisiana Rules of Professional Conduct.
- (b) The bills, receivables, or liens held by a healthcare provider or their assignee.
- (c) Secured or unsecured loans made directly to a party or a party's attorney when repayment of the loan is not contingent upon the judgment, award, settlement, or verdict in a claim or action.
- (d) Funding provided by a nonprofit organization exempt from federal income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the United States Internal Revenue Code by grant or otherwise.
- (5) "Party" means any person or entity or any attorney retained to represent such person or entity in an underlying civil action.
- (6) "Proprietary information" shall mean information developed, created, or discovered by a party which became known by or was conveyed to the party which has commercial value in the party's business. "Proprietary information" shall include but not be limited to domain names, trade secrets, copyrights, ideas, techniques, inventions, whether patentable or not, and any other information of any type relating to designs, configurations, documentation, recorded data, schematics, circuits, mask works, layouts, source code, object code, master works, master databases, algorithms, flow charts, formulae, works of authorship, mechanisms, research, manufacture, improvements, assembly, installation, intellectual property including patents and patent applications, and the information concerning the entity's actual or anticipated business, research or development, or which is received in confidence by or for the entity from any other source."
- §3580.12. Disclosure of financing agreements; discovery
- A.(1) Except as otherwise stipulated by the parties or ordered by the court, a party or a party's attorney shall without awaiting a discovery request and upon the later of sixty days after the commencement of a civil action or sixty days after execution of the litigation financing agreement, provide to all parties to the litigation, including their insurer if prior to litigation, any litigation financing contract or agreement under which anyone, other than an attorney permitted to charge a contingent fee representing a party, has received or has a right to receive the following:
- (a) Compensation or proceeds that are contingent on and sourced from any proceeds of the civil action, by settlement, judgment, or otherwise.

1	(b) Proprietary information obtained as a result of the civil action.
2	(2) The party or the party's attorney may redact the total dollar amount
3	of litigation financing contractually agreed to between the party and the
4	litigation financer prior to the production of the litigation financing contract to
5	all other parties to the litigation.
6	B. A litigation financer shall not decide, influence, or direct the plaintiff
7	or the plaintiff's attorney with respect to the conduct of the underlying civil
8	proceeding or any settlement or resolution of the civil proceeding, or make any
9	decision with respect to the conduct of the underlying civil proceeding or any
10	settlement or resolution of the civil proceeding. The right to make these
11	decisions remains solely with the plaintiff and the plaintiff's attorney in the civil
11 12 13 14	proceeding.
13	C. The existence of litigation financing, litigation financing contracts or
14	agreements, and all participants in such financing arrangements are permissible
15	subjects of discovery in all civil actions including personal injury litigation or
16	claims arising out of personal injuries.
16 17	D. This Chapter shall not apply to nonprofit legal organizations funded
18	by private donors that represent clients on a pro bono basis. Awards of costs or
19	attorney fees to nonprofit legal organizations shall not be affected by this
20	Chapter. This Chapter shall not be interpreted to require a nonprofit legal
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	organization to disclose its donors or sources of funding.
22	§3580.13. Class action lawsuits
23	This Chapter shall apply to any action filed or certified as a class action.
24	In addition to the disclosure requirements set forth in R.S. 9:3580.3, the
25	attorney of the putative class shall disclose to all parties, putative class
26	members, and the court any legal, financial, or other relationship between the
27	attorney and the litigation financer.
28	§3580.14. Violation; absolute nullity of contract
29	Any litigation financing contract in violation of this Chapter shall be an
30	absolute nullity."