SLS 25RS-405 ORIGINAL

2025 Regular Session

SENATE BILL NO. 196

BY SENATOR OWEN

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Court Program Act".

Prefiled pursuant to Article III, Section 2(A)(4)(b)(i) of the Constitution of Louisiana.

AN ACT

COURTS. Provides relative to homelessness. (8/1/25)

2	To enact Chapter 33-D of Title 13 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, to be
3	comprised of R.S. 13:5381 through 5386, and R.S. 14:107.6, relative to
4	homelessness; to provide for the creation of homelessness court programs; to provide
5	program goals, guidelines, and participation criteria; to provide for annual
6	evaluations of homelessness court programs submitted to the supreme court; to
7	create the crime of unauthorized camping on public property; to provide for criminal
8	penalties; to provide for terms, conditions, procedures, and definitions; and to
9	provide for related matters.
10	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
11	Section 1. Chapter 33-D of Title 13 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950,
12	comprised of R.S. 13:5381 through 5386, and R.S. 14:107.6 are hereby enacted to read as
13	follows:
14	CHAPTER 33-D. HOMELESSNESS COURT PROGRAM
15	§5381. Short title
16	This Chapter shall be known and may be cited as the "Homelessness

§5382. Purpose

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The Legislature of Louisiana recognizes that there is a critical need for criminal justice system programs to assist those individuals who are experiencing homelessness in order to reduce the incidence of substance abuse disorders, untreated mental health issues, destruction and disruption of use of public property, significant public health and safety issues, and crimes committed by those experiencing homelessness. There is also a need for programs to assist those experiencing homelessness with mental health issues, including mental health diagnoses and undiagnosed mental illnesses. Moreover, many experiencing homelessness suffer from co-occurring disorders of substance abuse and mental illness. These problems can cause those experiencing homelessness to have involvement with the criminal justice system. Therefore, it is the intent of the Legislature of Louisiana to create specialized court programs in the various districts of this state called "homelessness court programs" to assist those experiencing homelessness in overcoming these issues, as they impact themselves, the criminal justice system, and society at large. The goal of these programs shall be to reduce recidivism among those experiencing homelessness and to provide those experiencing homelessness with the assistance that they need to become productive members of society. §5383. Goals The goals of the homelessness court program divisions created under this

20 **§5383. Goal**

The goals of the homelessness court program divisions created under this

Chapter shall include all of the following:

- (1) To reduce drug abuse and alcoholism and dependency among offenders.
 - (2) To reduce the alcohol and drug-related workload of the courts.
- (3) To reduce criminal recidivism.
 - (4) To diagnose undiagnosed mental health problems and to assist in the care and treatment of diagnosed mental health illnesses.
 - (5) To increase the personal, familial, and societal accountability of

1	offenders.
2	(6) To reduce prison overcrowding.
3	(7) To provide employment and job training for those experiencing
4	homelessness.
5	(8) To provide housing assistance for those experiencing homelessness
6	in partnership with state, local, and federal housing authorities and nonprofit
7	organizations.
8	(9) To provide counseling services as necessary.
9	§5384. Definitions
10	For the purposes of this Chapter:
11	(1) "Participant" means a person currently experiencing homelessness.
12	(2) "Homelessness court program" means a program that has all of the
13	following essential characteristics:
14	(a) The integration of health care, education, and housing assistance, as
15	well as employment, job training, disability compensation counseling, and other
16	rehabilitative services in the processing of cases in the criminal justice system.
17	(b) Early identification and prompt placement of eligible participants in
18	the program, whereby they become program participants.
19	(c) The use of nonadversarial approaches involving prosecutors and
20	defense attorneys to promote public safety and protect the due process rights
21	of program participants.
22	(d) Access to continuum of alcohol, controlled substance, mental health,
23	suicide assessment, intervention, treatment and management, and other related
24	treatment and rehabilitative services.
25	(e) Careful monitoring of treatment and services provided to program
26	participants.
27	(f) A coordinated strategy to govern program responses to participants'
28	compliance.
29	(g) Ongoing judicial interaction with program participants.

l	(h) Monitoring and evaluation of program goals and effectiveness.
2	(i) Continuing interdisciplinary education to promote effective program
3	planning, implementation, and operations.
4	(j) Development of partnerships with public agencies and community
5	organizations, including but not limited to the Louisiana Workforce
6	Commission, the United States Department of Housing and Urban
7	Development, and any other local, state or federal agency or organization that
8	can provide assistance to participants.
9	§5385. The homelessness court program
10	A. Each district court by rule may designate as a homelessness court
11	program one or more divisions of the district court to which participants are
12	assigned and may establish a probation program to be administered by the
13	presiding judge or judges thereof or by an employee designated by the court.
14	B. Participation in probation programs shall be subject to the following
15	provisions:
16	(1) The district attorney may propose to the court that an individual
17	defendant be screened for eligibility as a participant in the homelessness court
18	program if all of the following criteria are satisfied:
19	(a) The individual is charged with a violation of a statute of this state,
20	either a felony or misdemeanor, and is determined to be an individual
21	experiencing homelessness.
22	(b) The district attorney has reason to believe that the individual who is
23	charged could benefit by the homelessness court program.
24	(c) The district attorney has reason to believe that it is in the best interest
25	of the community and in the interest of justice to provide the defendant with
26	treatment as opposed to incarceration or other sanctions.
27	(2) Upon receipt of the proposal provided for in Paragraph (1) of this
28	Subsection, the court shall advise the defendant that he may be eligible for
29	enrollment in a court-authorized treatment program through the homelessness

court	program.
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(3)(a) If the defendant requests to undergo treatment and is accepted into the homelessness court program, the defendant will be placed under the supervision of the homelessness court program for the period of not less than twelve months.

- (b) During the treatment the defendant may be confined in a treatment facility or, at the discretion of the court, the defendant may be released on a probationary basis for treatment or supervised aftercare in the community.
- (c) The court may impose any conditions reasonably related to the complete rehabilitation of the defendant.
- (d) The defendant shall be required to participate in any court-ordered alcohol and drug testing program at his own expense, unless the court determines that he is indigent.

(e) If the defendant completes the homelessness court program, and has successfully completed all other requirements of his court-ordered probation, the conviction may be set aside and the prosecution dismissed in accordance with the provision of the Code of Criminal Procedure Articles 893 and 894. A defendant's successful completion of the homelessness court program and the other requirements of probation may result in his discharge from supervision. If the defendant does not successfully complete the homelessness court program, the judge may revoke the probation and impose sentence, or the judge may revoke the probation and order the defendant to serve the sentence previously imposed and suspended, or the judge may revoke the probation and order the defendant to be committed to the custody of the Department of Public Safety and Corrections and be required to serve a sentence of not more than six months without diminution of sentence in the intensive incarceration program pursuant to R.S. 15:574.4.4 and 574.5, then to be returned to the regular homelessness court docket, or the court may impose any sanction provided by Code of Criminal Procedure Article 900, and extend probation and order that

1	the defendant continue treatment for an additional period, or both.
2	(4) The defendant has the right to be represented by counsel at all stages
3	of a criminal prosecution and in any court hearing relating to the homelessness
4	court program. The defendant shall be represented by counsel during the
5	negotiations to determine eligibility to participate in the homelessness cour
6	program and shall be represented by counsel at the time of the execution of the
7	probation agreement, and at any hearing to revoke the defendant's probation
8	and discharge him from the program, unless the court finds and the record
9	shows that the defendant has knowingly and intelligently waived his right to
10	counsel.
11	(5) The defendant must agree to the homelessness court program. If the
12	defendant elects to undergo treatment and participate in the homelessness cour
13	program, the court shall order an examination of the defendant by one of the
14	court's designated licensed treatment programs. Treatment programs shall
15	possess sufficient experience in working with criminal justice participants with
16	alcohol or drug addictions, mental health problems, or all of these matters, and
17	shall be certified and approved by the state of Louisiana. The designated
18	treatment program shall utilize standardized testing and evaluation procedures
19	to determine whether or not the defendant is an appropriate candidate for a
20	treatment program and shall report the findings to the court and the district
21	attorney.
22	(6) The treatment program examiner or district attorney may request
23	that the defendant provide the following information to the court:
24	(a) Information regarding prior criminal charges.
25	(b) Education, work experience, and training.
26	(c) Family history, including residence in the community.
27	(d) Medical and mental history, including any psychiatric or
28	psychological treatment or counseling.

(e) Any other information reasonably related to the success of the

1	treatment program.
2	(7) The designated program shall recommend to the court a preliminary
3	length of stay and level of care for the defendant.
4	(8) In addition to the report submitted by the examiner, the judge and
5	district attorney shall consider the following factors in determining whether the
6	homelessness court program would be in the interest of justice and of benefit to
7	the defendant and the community:
8	(a) The nature of the crime charged and the circumstances surrounding
9	the crime.
10	(b) Any special characteristics or circumstances of the defendant.
11	(c) Whether the defendant is a first-time offender and, if the defendant
12	has previously participated in this or a similar program, the degree of success
13	attained.
14	(d) Whether there is a probability that the defendant will cooperate with
15	and benefit from probation and treatment through the homelessness court
16	program.
17	(e) Whether the available homelessness court program is appropriate to
18	meet the needs of the defendant.
19	(f) The impact of the defendant's probation and treatment upon the
20	community.
21	(g) Recommendations, if any, of the involved law enforcement agency.
22	(h) Recommendations, if any, of the victim.
23	(i) Provisions for and the likelihood of obtaining restitution from the
24	defendant over the course of his probation.
25	(j) Any mitigating circumstances.
26	(k) Any other circumstances reasonably related to the individual
27	defendant's case.
28	(9) In order to be eligible for the homelessness court program, the
29	defendant must satisfy each of the following criteria:

1	(a) The defendant cannot have a prior felony conviction for an offense
2	defined as a homicide in R.S. 14:29 or as a sex offense in R.S. 15:541, or any
3	pending criminal proceeding alleging commission of an offense defined as a
4	crime of violence in R.S. 14:2(B) or an offense defined as a sex offense in R.S.
5	<u>15:541.</u>
6	(b) The crime before the court cannot be a charge of driving under the
7	influence of alcohol or any other drug or drugs that resulted in the death of a
8	person.
9	(10)(a) The judge shall make the final determination of eligibility. If,
10	based on the examiner's report and the recommendations of the district
11	attorney and the defense counsel, the judge determines that the defendant
12	should be enrolled in the homelessness court program, the court shall accept the
13	defendant's guilty plea, suspend or defer the imposition of sentence, and place
14	the defendant on probation under the terms and conditions of the homelessness
15	court program. The court also may impose the sentence and suspend the
16	execution thereof, placing the defendant on probation under the terms and
17	conditions of the homelessness court program.
18	(b) If the judge determines that the defendant is not qualified for
19	enrollment, the judge may state for the record the reasons for that
20	determination.
21	(c) A homelessness court program team or staff may petition the court
22	to reject a referral to the homelessness court program if the homelessness court
23	program team or staff deems the defendant to be inappropriate for admission
24	to the homelessness court program. Additionally, a homelessness court program
25	team or staff may petition the court for immediate discharge of any individual
26	who fails to comply with homelessness court program rules and treatment
27	expectations or who refuses to constructively engage in the treatment process.
28	C.(1) In offering a defendant the opportunity to request treatment, the
29	court shall advise the defendant of the following at the time of the guilty plea:

1	(a) If the defendant is accepted into the homelessness court program,
2	then the defendant must waive the right to a trial. The defendant shall enter a
3	plea of guilty to the charge, with the stipulation that sentencing be deferred or
4	that the sentence be imposed, but suspended, and the defendant placed on
5	supervised probation under the usual conditions of probation and under certain
6	special conditions of probation related to the completion of such treatment
7	programs as are ordered by the court. During participation in the program, the
8	defendant will be subject to nonadversarially determined sanctions. All
9	adversarial hearings will occur during probation violation hearings.
10	(b) The terms of each probation agreement shall be decided by the judge.
11	The defendant shall agree to enter the program and sign a probation agreement
12	stating the terms and conditions of his program. The defendant shall plead
13	guilty to the charge in order to be eligible for the homelessness court program.
14	(2) Any probation agreement entered into pursuant to this Section shall
15	include the following:
16	(a) The terms of the agreement, which shall provide that if the defendant
17	fulfills the obligations of the agreement, as determined by the court, then the
18	criminal charges may be dismissed and the prosecution set aside in accordance
19	with the provisions of Code of Criminal Procedure Articles 893 and 894, or, if
20	the defendant has been sentenced following the plea of guilty, then the successful
21	completion of the homelessness court program may result in the discharge of
22	the defendant from continued supervision.
23	(b) A waiver by the defendant of the right to trial by jury under the laws
24	and constitutions of Louisiana and the United States.
25	(c) The defendant's full name.
26	(d) The defendant's full name at the time the complaint was filed, if
27	different from the defendant's current name.
28	(e) The defendant's sex and date of birth.
29	(f) The crime before the court.

1	(g) The date the complaint was filed.
2	(h) The court in which the agreement was filed.
3	(i) A stipulation of the facts upon which the charge was based, as agreed
4	to by the defendant and the district attorney.
5	(j) A provision that the defendant may be required to pay a probation
6	supervision fee if ordered by the court.
7	(k) A provision, in cases where applicable, that the defendant may be
8	required to pay restitution to the victim.
9	(1) A provision, that once the defendant is receiving treatment as an
10	outpatient or living in a halfway house, he will participate in appropriate job
11	training or schooling or seek gainful employment if ordered by the court.
12	(m) A copy of the plea agreement.
13	(3) To the extent of his financial resources, a defendant who is placed
14	under the supervision of the homelessness court program may be required to
15	pay a portion of or the entire cost of the treatment program to which he is
16	assigned and the cost of any additional supervision that may be required, as
17	determined by the homelessness court program.
18	(4) If the probationer does not have the financial resources to pay all the
19	related costs of the probation program:
20	(a) The court, to the extent practicable, shall arrange for the probationer
21	to be assigned to a treatment program funded by the state or federal
22	government.
23	(b) The court, with the recommendation of the treatment program, may
24	order the probationer to perform supervised work for the benefit of the
25	community in lieu of paying all or a part of the costs relating to his treatment
26	and supervision. The work shall be performed for and under the supervising
27	authority of a parish, municipality, or other political subdivision or agency of
28	the state of Louisiana or a charitable organization that renders service to the
29	community or its residents.

1	(c) Any fee may be waived at the discretion of the court.
2	D.(1) When appropriate, the imposition or execution of sentence shall be
3	postponed while the defendant is enrolled in the treatment program. As long as
4	the probationer follows the conditions of his agreement, he shall remain on
5	probation. At the conclusion of the period of probation, the district attorney, on
6	advice of the person providing the probationer's treatment and the probation
7	officer, may recommend that the court take one of the following courses of
8	action:
9	(a) Revoke the probationer's probation and sentence the probationer
10	because he has not successfully completed the treatment and has violated one
11	or more conditions of probation; or, if the probationer has already been
12	sentenced, revoke the probation and remand the probationer to the appropriate
13	custodian for service of that sentence.
14	(b) Extend the period of probation so that the probationer may continue
15	the program.
16	(c) Set aside the probationer's conviction and dismiss the prosecution
17	because the probationer has successfully completed all the conditions of his
18	probation and treatment agreement.
19	(2) The district attorney shall make the final determination on whether
20	to request revocation, extension, or dismissal.
21	(3)(a) If an individual who has enrolled in a program violates any of the
22	conditions of his probation or his treatment agreement or appears to be
23	performing unsatisfactorily in the assigned program, or if it appears that the
24	probationer is not benefitting from education, treatment, or rehabilitation, the
25	treatment supervisor, probation officer, or the district attorney may move the
26	court for a hearing to determine if the probationer should remain in the
27	program or whether the probation should be revoked and the probationer
28	removed from the program and sentenced or ordered to serve any sentence

previously imposed. If at the hearing the moving party can show sufficient proof

1	that the probationer has violated his probation or his treatment agreement and
2	has not shown a willingness to submit to rehabilitation, the probationer may be
3	removed from the program or his treatment agreement may be changed to meet
4	the probationer's specific needs.
5	(b) If the court finds that the probationer has violated a condition of his
6	probation or a provision of his probation agreement and that the probationer
7	should be removed from the probation program, then the court may revoke the
8	probation and sentence the individual in accordance with his guilty plea or, if
9	the individual has been sentenced and the sentence suspended, order the
10	individual to begin serving the sentence.
11	(c) If a defendant who has been admitted to the probation program fails
12	to complete the program and is thereafter sentenced to jail time for the offense,
13	he shall be entitled to credit for the time served in any correctional facility in
14	connection with the charge before the court.
15	(d) At any time and for any appropriate reason, the probationer, his
16	probation officer, the district attorney, or his treatment provider may petition
17	the court to reconsider, suspend, or modify its order for rehabilitation or
18	treatment concerning that probationer.
19	(e) The burden of proof at all the hearings shall be the burden of proof
20	required to revoke probation as provided by law.
21	E. The appropriate treatment program shall report the following
22	changes or conditions to the district attorney at any periodic reporting period
23	specified by the court:
24	(1) The probationer is changed from an inpatient to an outpatient.
25	(2) The probationer is transferred to another treatment center or
26	program.
27	(3) The probationer fails to comply with program rules and treatment
28	expectations.
29	(4) The probationer refuses to engage constructively in the treatment

1	process.
2	(5) The probationer terminates his participation in the treatment
3	program.
4	(6) The probationer is rehabilitated or has obtained the maximum
5	benefits of rehabilitation or treatment.
6	F. Upon successful completion of the homelessness court program and
7	its terms and conditions, the judge, after receiving the recommendation from
8	the district attorney, may vacate the judgment of conviction and dismiss the
9	criminal proceedings against the probationer or may discharge the defendant
10	from probation in accordance with the provisions of Code of Criminal
11	Procedure Articles 893 or 894.
12	G. Discharge and dismissal under this Chapter, as provided in Code of
13	Criminal Procedure Articles 893 and 894, shall have the same effect as an
14	acquittal, except that the conviction may be considered in order to provide the
15	basis for subsequent prosecution of the party as a multiple offender and shall
16	be considered an offense for the purposes of any other law or laws relating to
17	cumulation of offenses. Dismissal under this Chapter shall occur only once with
18	respect to any person. Nothing herein shall be construed as a basis for the
19	destruction of records of the arrest and prosecution of the person.
20	H. Nothing contained in this Chapter shall confer a right or an
21	expectation of a right to treatment for a defendant or offender within the
22	criminal justice system.
23	I. Each defendant shall contribute to the cost of any treatment received
24	in the homelessness court program based upon guidelines developed by the
25	homelessness court program. Any fees may be waived at the discretion of the
26	court.
27	J. Each judicial district that establishes a homelessness court probation
28	program shall adopt written policies and guidelines for the implementation of

a probation program in accordance with this Chapter. The policies and

1	guidelines shall include provisions concerning the following:
2	(1) How to examine the defendant initially to determine if he is qualified
3	for enrollment.
4	(2) How to advise the defendant of the program if the court has reason
5	to believe the defendant may suffer from alcohol or drug addiction or mental
6	health problems or illnesses.
7	(3) What licensed treatment programs are certified by the court.
8	K. Each homelessness court program shall develop a method of
9	evaluation to measure its effectiveness. These evaluations shall be compiled
10	annually and transmitted to the judicial administrator of the Supreme Court
11	of Louisiana.
12	L.(1) Except as otherwise provided for by law, the registration and other
13	records of a treatment facility are confidential and shall not be disclosed to any
14	person not connected with the treatment facility or the homelessness court
15	program and district attorney without the consent of the patient.
16	(2) The provisions of Paragraph (1) of this Subsection shall not restrict
17	the use of patients' records for the purpose of research into the cause and
18	treatment of alcoholism and drug addiction and mental health illnesses,
19	provided that such information shall not be published in a way that discloses the
20	patient's name and identifying information.
21	M. No statement, or any information procured therefrom, with respect
22	to the specific offenses with which the defendant is charged, which is made to
23	any probation officer or program treatment worker subsequent to the granting
24	of probation, shall be admissible in any civil or criminal action or proceeding,
25	except a homelessness court program probation revocation proceeding.
26	N. A record of the fact that an individual has participated in
27	homelessness court program shall be sent to the office of the attorney general
28	and shall be made available upon request to any district attorney for the
29	purpose of determining if an individual has previously participated in a

1	homelessness court program.
2	§5386. Dismissal of certain criminal charges upon completion of homelessness
3	court probation program
4	A. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, as to any
5	person eligible for participation in a homelessness court program as provided
6	for under the provisions of this Chapter, when it appears that the best interests
7	of the public and the defendant will be served, with the prior approval of the
8	district attorney, the court may, without entering a judgment of guilt and with
9	the consent of such person, defer proceedings and place him on probation upon
10	such reasonable terms and conditions as may be required by the court and
11	under the provisions of this Chapter.
12	B. Upon the defendant's violation of any of the terms or conditions of his
13	probation, the court may revoke his probation, enter an adjudication of guilt
14	and impose sentence upon such person. The entering of the adjudication of guil
15	shall be retroactive to the date the defendant pled guilty or was convicted under
16	Subsection A of this Section, but the imposition or execution of sentence shall
17	not be retroactive.
18	C. Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions of probation imposed in
19	accordance with this Section, the court shall discharge the person and dismiss
20	the proceedings against him.
21	D. The discharge and dismissal of charges pursuant to this Section shall
22	be without court adjudication of guilt and shall not be deemed a conviction for
23	purposes of disqualifications or disabilities imposed by law upon conviction of
24	a crime, including the additional penalties imposed for second or subsequent
25	convictions under R.S. 40:982. The discharge and dismissal of charges pursuant
26	to this Section may occur only once with respect to any person.
27	Section 2. R.S. 14:107.6 is hereby enacted to read as follows:
28	§107.6. Unauthorized camping on public property
29	A. The terms used in this Section shall have the following meanings:

1	(1) "Designated camp grounds" means any area or portion of an area of
2	public property that has been designed, designated, or approved by a public
3	entity for the allowable purpose of overnight use, such as camping.
4	(2) "Public property" means any property owned or controlled by any
5	state, local, or political subdivision of the State.
6	B. Unauthorized camping on public property is the intentional use of any
7	tent, shelter, or bedding constructed or arranged for the purpose of or in such
8	a way to permit overnight use on public property that is not a designated camp
9	ground.
10	C.(1) On a first conviction, the offender shall be fined not more than five
11	hundred dollars or imprisoned for not more than six months or both.
12	(2) On a second or subsequent conviction, the offender shall be fined not
13	more than one thousand dollars and imprisoned not less than one year nor more
14	than two years in prison, with or without hard labor.
15	D. Any violation of the provisions of this Section may be eligible for the
16	homelessness court program, if such a program is available in the jurisdiction
17	and the offender meets all of the requirements set forth in R.S. 13:5385 for
18	participation in such program.
	The original instrument and the following digest, which constitutes no part of the legislative instrument, were prepared by Senate Legislative Services.

DIGEST

The keyword, summary, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof

or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

SB 196 Original

2025 Regular Session

Owen

Proposed law creates the Homelessness Court Program Act.

<u>Proposed law provides for legislative findings, including the critical need for criminal justice</u> system programs to assist individuals who are experiencing homelessness in order to reduce the incidence of substance abuse disorders, untreated mental health issues, destruction and disruption of use of public property, public health and safety issues, and crimes committed by those experiencing homelessness.

<u>Proposed law provides</u> that each district court by rule may designate as a homelessness court program (program) in or more divisions of the district court to which participants are assigned and may establish a probation program to be administered by the presiding judge or judges thereof or by an employee designated by the court.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides for program goals and criteria, qualifications, and guidelines for participation.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that upon the successful completion of the terms and conditions of the program, the court shall discharge the participant and dismiss the proceedings against him.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that each program shall develop a method of evaluation to measure its effectiveness. Provides for annual submission of evaluations to the supreme court.

<u>Proposed law</u> creates the crime of unauthorized camping and provides for penalties.

Effective August 1, 2025.

(Adds R.S. 13:5381-5386 and R.S. 14:107.6)