



**OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE AUDITOR
2025 REGULAR SESSION
ACTUARIAL NOTE**

House Bill 10 HLS 25RS-284 Original Author: Boyer LLA Note HB 10.01	Date: April 7, 2025 Organizations Affected: LASERS OR SEE ACTUARIAL NOTE APV
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Bill Header: RETIREMENT/STATE EMPS: Provides for the reemployment of retirees under certain circumstances in the Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System

Purpose of Bill: Proposed law reduces the service credit required for a retiree of the Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS) who is also a P.O.S.T.-certified law enforcement officer to be reemployed without an increase, suspension, or a reduction of retirement benefits from 30 to 25 years.

Summary of Impact¹: The estimated net actuarial and fiscal impact of the proposed legislation is summarized below.

Proposed law is not expected to have an immediate impact on the *net actuarial present value of expected future benefits and administrative expenses* incurred by the retirement systems. Over the long term, proposed law may increase the net actuarial present value of expected future benefits and administrative expenses incurred by the retirement systems. A more detailed explanation can be found in Section I: Actuarial Impact on Retirement Systems.

This bill is subject to the Louisiana Constitution which requires unfunded liabilities created by an improvement in retirement benefits to be amortized over a period not to exceed ten years.

Net Fiscal Costs pertain to changes to all cash flows over the next five-year period including retirement system cash flows or cash flows related to local and state government entities.

In the following table, expenditures and revenues include cash flows to or from the affected retirement system (e.g. administrative expenses incurred by, benefit payments from, or contributions to the retirement system) and do not include administrative expenditures and revenues specifically incurred by the state or local government entities associated with implementing the legislation. A more detailed explanation can be found in Section II: Fiscal Impact on Retirement Systems.

Five Year Net Fiscal Costs Pertaining to:	<u>Expenditures</u>	<u>Revenues</u>
The Retirement Systems	\$ 0	\$ 0
Local Government Entities	0	0
State Government Entities	0	0
Total	\$ 0	\$ 0

In the following table, expenditures and revenues include administrative expenditures and revenues specifically incurred by the state or local government entities associated with implementing the legislation and do not include cash flows to or from the affected retirement system (i.e. contribution changes included in the above table). This information is provided by the LLA Local Government Services or the Legislative Fiscal Office. A more detailed explanation can be found in Sections III: Fiscal Impact on Local Government Entities and Section IV: Fiscal Impact on State Government Entities.

Five Year Net Fiscal Costs Pertaining to:	<u>Expenditures</u>	<u>Revenues</u>
Local Government Entities	\$ 0	\$ 0
State Government Entities	0	0
Total	\$ 0	\$ 0

¹ This is a different assessment from the actuarial cost requiring a 2/3rd vote (refer to the section near the end of this Actuarial Note "Information Pertaining to La. Const. Art. X, §29(F)").

This Note has been prepared by the Actuary for the Louisiana Legislative Auditor (LLA) with assistance from either the Fiscal Notes staff of the Legislative Auditor or staff of the Legislative Fiscal Office (LFO). The attachment of this Note provides compliance with the requirements of R.S. 24:521 as amended by Act 353 of the 2016 Regular Session.

**Kenneth J. "Kenny" Herbold, ASA, EA, MAAA
Director of Actuarial Services
Louisiana Legislative Auditor**

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I. ACTUARIAL IMPACT ON RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

This section of the actuarial note is intended to provide a brief outline of the changes in plan provisions and actuarial effect on key aspects of the affected retirement systems.

In general, present law stipulates that if a retiree of LASERS is re-employed in a covered position that member may

1. Continue to receive their retirement benefit as long as their earnings do not exceed 50% of their annual retirement benefit (adjusted by CPI-U without regard to actual cost-of-living adjustments received).
2. Regain membership by repaying all benefits received since retirement, plus interest. Or,
3. Suspend benefit payments, with the potential for a refund of any future employee contributions paid or an increase in their retirement benefit, depending on the length of re-employment.

Present law also provides for certain exceptions to the suspension of benefits requirements under items 1 and 3 above, including if

- a. the retiree has at least 30 years of service credit,
- b. has been retired for at least one year,
- c. is eligible to receive their full retirement benefit, and
- d. has been appointed by the governor to fill an unclassified civil service position.

Proposed law reduces the required service credit for this specific class of re-employed retiree from 30 years of service credit to 25.

Generally speaking, when retirees are permitted to return-to-work without a suspension of retiree benefit payments, participants are incentivized to retire earlier than they otherwise might knowing they can immediately (or shortly thereafter) return to work and receive both their retirement benefits and active employment pay. Although a member’s benefit may be slightly smaller when they retire earlier than otherwise assumed, that benefit is paid over a longer period of time and must be funded over a shorter period of time, which increases both total liability and employer contributions.

However, in this particular case, both the pool of available retirees and the positions eligible for this exemption (i.e. a position appointed by the governor) significantly limits any impact proposed law could potentially have. Therefore, the expected impact of proposed law on the net actuarial present value of expected future benefits is minimal.

II. FISCAL IMPACT ON RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

This section of the actuarial note pertains to annual fiscal costs (savings) associated with the retirement systems.

Fiscal costs or savings include only cash flows to or from the affected retirement system (e.g. administrative expenses incurred by, benefit payments from, or contributions to the retirement system) and do not include administrative expenditures and revenues specifically incurred by the state or local government entities associated with implementing the legislation. A fiscal cost is denoted by “Increase” or a positive number. Fiscal savings are denoted by “Decrease” or a negative number. A revenue increase is denoted by “Increase” or a positive number. A revenue decrease is denoted by “Decrease” or a negative number.

Table A: Retirement System Fiscal Cost

Expenditures	<u>2025-26</u>	<u>2026-27</u>	<u>2027-28</u>	<u>2028-29</u>	<u>2029-30</u>	<u>5-Year Total</u>
State General Fund	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Agy Self-Generated	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stat Deds/Other	0	0	0	0	0	0
Federal Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0
Local Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0
Annual Total	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0

Revenues	<u>2025-26</u>	<u>2026-27</u>	<u>2027-28</u>	<u>2028-29</u>	<u>2029-30</u>	<u>5-Year Total</u>
State General Fund	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Agy Self-Generated	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stat Deds/Other	0	0	0	0	0	0
Federal Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0
Local Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0
Annual Total	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0

Changes in employer contributions are reflected in the State General Fund and/or Local Fund expenditure lines above. The actual sources of funding (e.g., Federal Funds, State General Fund, etc.) may vary by employer and are not differentiated in the table.

To the extent a retiree with more than 25 years but less than 30 years of service is appointed by the governor to fill an unclassified civil service position, LASERS expected benefit payments could be marginally higher and total contributions received could be marginally lower than under current law. However, the impact would be expected to be minimal.

III. FISCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT ENTITIES

This section of the actuarial note pertains to annual fiscal costs (savings) related to administrative expenditures and revenue impacts incurred by local government entities other than those included in Section II.

N/A – This bill only impacts state government, and therefore, has no local government impact.

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IV. FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE GOVERNMENT ENTITIES
(Prepared by Legislative Fiscal Office)

This section of the actuarial note pertains to annual fiscal costs (savings) related to administrative expenditures and revenue impacts incurred by state government entities other than those included in Section II.

Other than the impact on employer contribution rates which is already reflected in Section II above, there is no anticipated direct material effect on governmental expenditures and revenues as a result of this measure.

V. ACTUARIAL DISCLOSURES

Intended Use

This actuarial note is based on our understanding of the bill as of the date shown above. It is intended to be used by the legislature during the current legislative session only and assumes no other legislative changes affecting the funding or benefits of the affected systems, other than those identified, will be adopted. Other readers of this actuarial note are advised to seek professional guidance as to its content and interpretation, and not to rely upon this communication without such guidance. The actuarial note, and any referenced documents, should be read as a whole. Distribution of, or reliance on, only parts of this actuarial note could result in its misuse and may mislead others. The summary of the impact of the bill included in this actuarial note is for the purposes of an actuarial analysis only, as required by La. R.S. 24:521, and is not a legal interpretation of the provisions of the bill.

Actuarial Data, Methods and Assumptions

Unless indicated otherwise, this actuarial note was prepared using actuarial data, methods, and assumptions as disclosed in the most recent actuarial valuation report adopted by the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee (PRSAC). The assumptions and methods are reasonable for the purpose of this analysis.

For certain calculations that may be presented herein, we have utilized commercially available valuation software and/or are relying on proprietary valuation models and related software developed by our actuarial contractor. We made a reasonable attempt to understand the intended purpose of, general operation of, major sensitivities and dependencies within, and key strengths and limitations of these models. In our professional judgment, the models have the capability to provide results that are consistent with the purposes of the analysis and have no material limitations or known weaknesses. Tests were performed to ensure that the model reasonably represents that which is intended to be modeled.

To the extent that this actuarial note relies on calculations performed by the retirement systems' actuaries, to the best of our knowledge, no material biases exist with respect to the data, methods or assumptions used to develop the analysis other than those specifically identified. We did not audit the information provided, but have reviewed the information for reasonableness and consistency with other information provided by or for the affected retirement systems.

Conflict of Interest

Employees of the LLA are members of LASERS, however, there is nothing in the proposed legislation that will compromise the signing actuary's ability to present an unbiased statement of actuarial opinion.

Risks Associated with Measuring Costs

This actuarial note is an actuarial communication, and is required to include certain disclosures in compliance with Actuarial Standards of Practice (ASOP) No. 51. Risk disclosures otherwise required by ASOP No. 51 do not apply to this actuarial note because the proposed bill does not significantly change the types or levels of risks of the retirement system.

Certification

Kenneth J. Herbold is an Associate of the Society of Actuaries (ASA), a Member of the American Academy of Actuaries (MAAA), and an Enrolled Actuary (EA) under the Employees Retirement Income Security Act of 1974. Mr. Herbold meets the US Qualification Standards necessary to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

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VI. LEGISLATIVE PROCEDURAL ITEMS

Information Pertaining to La. Const. Art. X, §29(F)

- This bill contains a retirement system benefit provision having an actuarial cost.

Some members of a retirement system could receive a larger benefit with the enactment of this bill than what they would have received without this bill.

Dual Referral Relative to Total Fiscal Costs or Total Cash Flows:

The information presented below is based on information contained in Sections II, III, and IV for the first three years following the 2024 Regular Session.

Senate

- 13.5.1 Applies to Senate or House Instruments
If an annual fiscal cost \geq \$100,000, then bill is dual referred to:
Dual Referral: Senate Finance
- 13.5.2 Applies to Senate or House Instruments
If an annual tax or fee change \geq \$500,000, then bill is dual referred to:
Dual Referral: Revenue and Fiscal Affairs

House

- 6.8F Applies to Senate or House Instruments
If an annual General Fund fiscal cost \geq \$100,000, then bill is dual referred to:
Dual Referral: Appropriations
- 6.8G Applies to Senate Instruments only
If a net fee decrease occurs or is an increase in annual fees and taxes \geq \$500,000, then bill is dual referred to:
Dual Referral: Ways and Means