HLS 25RS-388 ENGROSSED

2025 Regular Session

HOUSE BILL NO. 608

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## BY REPRESENTATIVE COATES AND SENATOR HODGES

Prefiled pursuant to Article III, Section 2(A)(4)(b)(i) of the Constitution of Louisiana.

AN ACT

ENVIRONMENT: Creates the Louisiana Atmospheric Protection Act

2	To enact Chapter 24 of Subtitle II of Title 30 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, to
3	be comprised of R.S. 30:2591 through 2596, and to repeal Chapter 25 of Title 37 of
4	the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, comprised of R.S. 37:2201 through 2208,
5	relative to atmospheric and weather modification; to create the "Louisiana
6	Atmospheric Protection Act"; to create the "Atmospheric Protection Fund"; to
7	provide definitions; to prohibit weather modification activities; to provide oversight
8	and enforcement; to create penalties including imprisonment; and to provide for
9	related matters.
10	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
11	Section 1. Chapter 24 of Subtitle II of Title 30 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of
12	1950, comprised of R.S. 30:2591 through 2596, is hereby enacted to read as follows:
13	CHAPTER 24. LOUISIANA ATMOSPHERIC PROTECTION
14	§2591. Title and citation
15	This Chapter shall be known and may be cited as the "Louisiana Atmospheric
16	Protection Act".
17	§2592. Definitions
18	The following terms, as used in this Chapter, unless the context otherwise
19	requires, shall have the following meanings:

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CODING: Words in struck through type are deletions from existing law; words <u>underscored</u> are additions.

(1) "Air National Guard" shall mean the Louisiana Air National Guard, the
aerial militia of the state of Louisiana, United States of America. It is an element of
the Louisiana National Guard as well as the Louisiana Army National Guard. As
state militia, Louisiana National Guard units are not typically part of the normal
United States Air Force chain of command unless federalized. They are under the
jurisdiction of the governor of Louisiana through the office of the Louisiana Adjutant
General unless they are federalized by order of the President of the United States.
In the event that the Louisiana National Guard is federalized, the governor shall form
a State Guard pursuant to R.S. 29:7.1 to defend Louisiana airspace.
(2) "Artificial intelligence" means a field of science and technology
encompassing systems and tools that can perform tasks typically requiring human
intelligence, such as learning, reasoning, pattern recognition, and decision making,
often through computational techniques like machine learning and neural networks.
(3) "Atmospheric activity" means any polluting experiment or intervention
conducted by any iteration of human or machine learning or artificial intelligence,
or any combination thereof, that occurs in the atmosphere and may have harmful
consequences on human health, the environment, or agriculture.
(4) "Cloud-seeding" is a type of weather engineering or experimentation that
may change the amount or type of precipitation by dispersing chemicals or chemical
compounds such as dry ice, silver iodine, or trimethylaluminum into the atmosphere
by means of aircraft or ground generators.
(5) "Entity" shall mean any of the following:
(a) Individual.
(b) Trust.
(c) Firm.
(d) Joint stock company.
(e) Corporation, including a quasi-governmental corporation.
(f) Nongovernmental organization.
(g) Public or private partnership.

1	(h) Association.
2	(i) Syndicate.
3	(j) Municipality or municipal agency.
4	(k) Program.
5	(1) Fire district.
6	(m) Club.
7	(n) Nonprofit agency.
8	(o) Commission.
9	(p) University, college, or academic institution.
10	(q) Department or agency of this state.
1	(r) The federal government or any interstate or international governance or
12	instrumentality thereof, including foreign, domestic, and mercenary armed services
13	or region within the United States.
14	(s) Artificial intelligence.
15	(6) "Geoengineering" means the intentional large-scale alteration or
16	manipulation of the environment, typically involving the release of aerosols,
17	chemicals, chemical compounds, electromagnetic radiation or other physical agents
18	that increase air pollution and effect changes to earth's atmosphere or surface,
19	inclusive of solar radiation modification, sunlight reflection methods, stratospheric
20	aerosol injection, cirrus cloud thinning, marine cloud brightening, or cloud-seeding.
21	(7) "Hazard" means a process, substance, or physical agent that by its nature
22	is harmful to living organisms generally, to property, or to any other interest of
23	value.
24	(8) "Intervention" means the act of interfering with weather processes or
25	altering atmospheric or environmental conditions by releasing pollutants by methods
26	including but not limited to solar radiation modification, stratospheric aerosol
27	injection, marine cloud brightening, cirrus cloud thinning, weather modification,
28	cloud-seeding, or outdoor pollution dispersion modeling.

1	(9) "Machine learning" means the process in which a machine can learn on
2	its own without being explicitly programmed.
3	(10) "Physical agent" means an agent, other than a substance, including but
4	not limited to radio frequency and microwave radiation and other electromagnetic
5	radiation and fields, barometric pressure, temperature, gravity, kinetic or de facto
6	weaponry, mechanical vibrations, and sound.
7	(11) "Pollutant" means any solid, liquid, gaseous, or thermal irritant,
8	contaminant or substance, including smoke, vapor, soot, fumes, aerosol, acid, alkalis,
9	chemicals, chemical compounds, smart dust, artificially produced electric fields,
10	magnetic fields, electromagnetic fields, electromagnetic pulse, sound waves, sound
11	pollution, light pollution, microwaves and all artificially produced ionizing or
12	non-ionizing radiation or waste.
13	(12) "Pollution" means the discharge, dispersal, deposition, release, seepage,
14	migration, or escape of pollutants.
15	(13) "Release" means any activity that results in the issuance of
16	contaminants such as the emitting, transmitting, discharging, or injecting of one or
17	more nuclear, biological, trans-biological, chemical or physical agents into the
18	ambient atmosphere, whether once, intermittently, or continuously.
19	(14) "Sheriff" means a Louisiana sheriff with the authority to enforce the
20	laws of the state.
21	(15) "Solar radiation modification" means an experiment in the earth's
22	climatic system involving the release of pollutants that reduces the amount of
23	sunlight reaching the earth's surface. Scientific dimensions of solar radiation
24	modification include the use of interoperable ground-based, airborne, and
25	space-based facilities.
26	(16) "State guard" means a state defense force in addition to, and distinct
27	from, the Louisiana State Guard as authorized under Louisiana state law under R.S.
28	<u>29:5.</u>
29	(17) "Waste" means materials to be recycled, reconditioned, or reclaimed.

1	(18) "Weather engineering" means the deliberate manipulation or alteration
2	of the environment for the purpose of changing the weather or climate by artificial
3	means, typically involving the deliberate release of pollutants in the atmosphere via
4	cloud-seeding, for small-scale, large-scale and global-scale alteration of the
5	environment.
6	(19) "Weather modification" means changing, controlling or interfering with
7	or attempting to change, control, or interfere with the natural development of cloud
8	forms, precipitation, barometric pressure, temperature, conductivity, or other
9	electromagnetic or sonic characteristics of the atmosphere.
10	§2593. Prohibition
11	A. No person or entity shall engage in or permit the use of solar radiation
12	modification, weather modification, cloud-seeding, or any other atmospheric
13	pollution for the purpose of atmospheric experiments or interventions through the
14	use of aircraft, balloons, a space-based platform, ground generators, or an
15	interoperable ground-based facility.
16	B. Any person or entity found to be in violation of Subsection A of this
17	Section shall be assessed a penalty of two hundred thousand dollars.
18	§2594. General rule
19	A. Government and armed forces projects shall meet all the requirements of
20	this Chapter. If an activity deemed a hazard by this Chapter has been approved,
21	explicitly or implicitly, by the federal government, the Department of Agriculture
22	and Forestry shall issue a notice to the appropriate federal agency that the activity
23	cannot lawfully be carried out within or over the state of Louisiana.
24	B. The Department of Agriculture and Forestry shall implement this Chapter,
25	determining whether violations have occurred and if deemed necessary shall refer
26	potentially prohibited activity to the Louisiana Air National Guard or State Guard.

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A. As established in this Chapter, scientific dimensions of solar radiation modification include the use of interoperable ground-based, airborne, and space-based facilities involving the release of pollutants including radiation.

There are ever-increasing numbers of pollution-generating, microwave-irradiating instruments used in weather experimentation, including but not limited to ground-based facilities interoperable with drones and satellites. The infrastructure and the electrical grid are susceptible to radiation interference and cyber-attacks, potentially leading to accidents, fatalities, damage to critical infrastructure, possible collapse of commerce systems and the failure of essential public utilities, costing the state billions of dollars. Therefore, communications infrastructure shall be subject to evaluation by an independent licensed radio frequency engineer paid for by the facility owner. This evaluation must be completed by January 1, 2026, and then annually on each January first thereafter. The radio frequency engineer shall provide findings in a report to be submitted to the Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality. Radiation signal strength metered at the reported location shall not exceed -75 dBm (decibel-milliwatt) for any frequency or channel band specified by a transmitting entity's Federal Communications Commission transmission license; or, maximum power output limit from all frequencies and antennas from a wireless facility shall not exceed 0.1 watts of effective radiated power so as to provide -75 dBm signal strength at a half mile, or five bars on a cell phone. If signal strength metered by a radio frequency engineer is in excess of -75 dBm (decibel-milliwatt), the facility operator has thirty days to achieve compliance without disruption to performance of personal wireless services. Failure to comply will result in a fine of not less than five hundred thousand dollars per day for each day the facility is out of compliance. All public and private entities operating in the state must comply with these guidelines.

C. To ensure the economic protection and privacy of residents of the state of Louisiana, the safe and secure deployment of hard-wired, fiber-optic connections

1	to the premises of homes, schools, and businesses shall be required, thereby
2	providing the ability to conduct financial transactions and complete life-saving
3	communications in the event that electronic interactions by existing means are
4	compromised, restricted, or otherwise not possible. To safeguard privacy, consumer
5	choice options including non-wireless routers, modems, and mechanical analog
6	utility meters, within a home, property, or business shall be offered to customers
7	without additional fees.
8	§2596. Atmospheric protection fund
9	A. There is hereby created in the state treasury as a special fund the
10	Atmospheric Protection Fund, hereinafter referred to in this Section as the "fund".
11	Monies transferred to the fund shall be deposited by the state treasurer after
12	compliance with the requirements of Article VII, Section 9(B) of the Constitution of
13	Louisiana relative to the Bond Security and Redemption Fund. Monies in the fund
14	shall be invested in the same manner as monies in the state general fund, and
15	unexpended and unencumbered monies in the fund at the end of the fiscal year shall
16	remain in the fund. Interest earned on the investment of monies in the fund shall be
17	deposited in and credited to the fund.
18	B. All money collected as fines under this Chapter shall be deposited into the
19	Atmospheric Protection Fund.
20	Section 2. Chapter 25 of Title 37 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950,
21	comprised of R.S. 37:2201 through 2208, is hereby repealed.

#### **DIGEST**

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

HB 608 Engrossed

2025 Regular Session

Coates

**Abstract:** Creates the "Louisiana Atmospheric Protection Act" to prohibit weather modification activities, provides oversight and enforcement, and creates penalties.

<u>Proposed law</u> creates the "Louisiana Atmospheric Protection Act" and provides definitions for "Air National Guard", "artificial intelligence", "atmospheric activity", "cloud-seeding", "entity", "geoengineering", "hazard", "intervention", "machine learning", "physical agent",

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"pollutant", "pollution", "release", "sheriff", "solar radiation modification", "State Guard", "waste", "weather engineering", and "weather modification".

<u>Proposed law</u> prohibits the government or armed forces from violating the provisions of <u>proposed law</u> and authorized state police or sheriffs to enforce it.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that if government or armed forces projects are being performed that are prohibited by <u>proposed law</u>, notice must be provided to the entity by the Dept. of Agriculture that the project is unlawful and to refer the entity to the La. Air National Guard or State Guard if needed.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides penalties for any entity or individual who engages in a polluting atmospheric intervention or any entity or individual who uses an unmarked or unidentified aircraft or other vehicle or facility to carry out solar radiation modification, stratospheric aerosol injection, geoengineering, weather modification, cloud-seeding, or any other polluting atmospheric intervention.

Proposed law provides for a civil penalty for violation of proposed law of \$200,000.

<u>Proposed law</u> creates the "Atmospheric Protection Fund" and provides for all fines collected under proposed law to be deposited into the fund.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides requirements for communications infrastructure and for independent testing to be performed and submitted to the Dept. of Environmental Quality.

<u>Present law</u> declares the state's rights to utilize the moisture contained in the clouds and atmosphere within the state boundaries and prohibits anyone from engaging in weather modification without obtaining a permit from the commissioner of the La. Dept. of Agriculture and Forestry.

Proposed law repeals present law.

Present law defines "weather modification" and "commissioner" as used in present law.

Proposed law repeals present law.

<u>Present law</u> provides for the licensing qualifications and evaluations, fees, and penalties for engaging in weather modification.

Proposed law repeals present law.

(Adds R.S. 30:2591-2596; Repeals R.S. 37:2201-2208)

#### Summary of Amendments Adopted by House

The Committee Amendments Proposed by <u>House Committee on Natural Resources and</u> Environment to the original bill:

- 1. Change penalty from criminal to civil with a fine of \$200,000.
- 2. Transfer authority to enforce prohibition <u>from</u> state police and law enforcement <u>to</u> the Dept. of Agriculture and Forestry.
- 3. Require radiation evaluation report to be submitted to the Dept. of Environmental Quality rather than the local sheriff.