SENATE SUMMARY OF HOUSE AMENDMENTS

SB 65 Foil **2025 Regular Session**

KEYWORD AND SUMMARY AS RETURNED TO THE SENATE

TAX/TAXATION. Provides for the treatment of certain pass through entities under the inventory tax credit. (gov sig)

SUMMARY OF HOUSE AMENDMENTS TO THE SENATE BILL

- 1. Changes reference from personal income taxes to income taxes for purposes of the carryforward of inventory tax credits.
- 2. Makes technical changes.

DIGEST OF THE SENATE BILL AS RETURNED TO THE SENATE

DIGEST

SB 65 Reengrossed

2025 Regular Session

Foil

Present law provides an income tax credit for local ad valorem taxes on inventory paid by manufacturers and retailers.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

Present law prohibits the credit from being claimed to offset corporation income and franchise taxes for taxpayers taxed as C-corporations for taxable periods beginning on or after July 1, 2026; however, taxpayers using the credit to offset corporation income tax may carry forward any remaining credits for an additional five years from the date that the credits would have expired.

<u>Proposed law</u> changes the prohibition requirement for C-corporations <u>from</u> taxable periods beginning on or after July 1, 2026 to payments of ad valorem taxes made on or after July 1, 2026, and otherwise retains present law.

<u>Proposed law</u> clarifies that the prohibition is applicable to a C-corporation or an estate or trust subject to the tax levied pursuant to present law.

Proposed law authorizes a taxpayer taxed as an S corporation for federal income tax purposes to earn the credit for payments made on or after July 1, 2026, but only for amounts for which an election to flow-through the credit to shareholders is made and in proportion to amounts calculated pursuant to present law.

Proposed law authorizes cooperatives to continue to claim the credit if the cooperative is allowed a federal income tax deduction for any patronage dividend paid or allocated to its members.

Present law allows taxpayers prohibited from earning a credit because they are a Ccorporation or an estate or trust to carry forward remaining credits for an additional five years from the date credits would have expired.

Proposed law changes the carry forward period from an additional five years to an additional ten years.

Present law authorizes the credit for taxes paid by unincorporated persons and pass-through entities to be applied to state individual income taxes.

Proposed law authorizes credits for taxes paid by corporations to be applied to state corporation income taxes, unless an election to flow-through the credit pursuant to present <u>law</u> has been made for the taxable period. Further provides that when the election to flow-through credits has been made, the credits shall be claimed by the shareholders of the S corporation to the extent allowable under <u>present law</u>.

Present law requires the credit to be claimed against state individual income tax.

<u>Proposed law</u> changes the reference <u>from</u> state individual income tax <u>to</u> state personal income tax when discussing how unincorporated persons and pass-through entities claim the inventory tax credit. Further changes the reference <u>from</u> individual income tax <u>to</u> income tax when discussing what taxes credits that have been carried forward may offset.

Applicable to taxable periods beginning on or after January 1, 2025.

Effective upon signature of the governor or lapse of time for gubernatorial action.

(Amends R.S. 47:6006(A), (B)(1)(intro para), (2) and (4))