

## RÉSUMÉ DIGEST

**ACT 145 (HB 123)**

**2025 Regular Session**

**Carlson**

Existing law provides that the state, any political subdivision, and any agent, officer, or employee of any such governmental entity when acting within the scope and authority of such employment or when discharging his official duties may temporarily defer court costs.

New law that "court costs" include costs, user fees, and recording fees charged by each clerk of court or third-party vendor for electronic filing of civil and criminal pleadings, fees for electronic filing of documents, and related convenience, transaction, or service fees for electronic filings.

Prior law provided that it was the responsibility of the governmental entities who temporarily deferred costs to pay any deferred costs assessed against them or their agents, officers, or employees within 30 days of the judgment becoming final or to assist in the collection of court costs due by the opposing litigants by requesting the court to tax costs.

New law removes the 30-day period within which to pay the deferred court costs and further provides that when a judgment is rendered against the state, political subdivision, or agent, officer, or employee thereof, the costs shall not be payable to the clerk of court or third-party vendor until the judgment becomes final and definitive or is otherwise nonappealable or nonreviewable, and until all issues in the judicial proceeding are adjudicated.

Effective August 1, 2025.

(Amends R.S. 13:4521(B); Adds R.S. 13:4521(A)(6))