

RÉSUMÉ DIGEST

ACT 423 (HB 245)

2026 Regular Session

Fontenot

Existing law provides for parole, medical parole, and medical treatment furlough under certain circumstances following a hearing.

Existing law requires the Dept. of Public Safety and Corrections (DPS&C) committee on parole to provide written notice of a parole hearing to the district attorney of the convicting parish and the attorney general at least 90 days prior to the hearing.

Existing law requires the DPS&C committee on parole to provide written notice of a parole hearing to the victim, or spouse or next of kin of a deceased victim, not less than 90 days prior to a parole hearing.

New law further requires the DPS&C committee on parole to provide the written notice to the persons stated in existing law at least 30 days prior to a hearing on medical parole or medical treatment furlough.

New law adds medical parole and medical treatment furlough to the exceptions for parole ineligibility.

Effective August 1, 2026.

(Amends R.S. 15:574.2(D)(8)(a) and (D)(9)(a)(i) and 574.22)