DIGEST

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LaFleur HB No. 9

Abstract: Requires an elected official to file an initial and an annual disclosure statement with the Board of Ethics when such official derives, either directly or through a legal entity in which he owns 10% or more, any thing of economic value valued at more than \$2,500 through a contract or subcontract which is related to a gubernatorially declared disaster or emergency and which the elected official knows or reasonably should know is funded or reimbursed with federal funds.

<u>Proposed law</u> requires an elected official to disclose certain specific information regarding the receipt (either directly or through a legal entity in which he owns 10% or more) of any thing of economic value valued at more than \$2,500 through a contract or subcontract which is related to a gubernatorially declared disaster or emergency and which the elected official knows or reasonably should know is or may be funded or reimbursed in whole or in part with federal funds. <u>Proposed law</u> prohibits a person from entering into separate contracts or subcontracts valued at \$2,500 or less with the same person or governmental entity or agency thereof as a subterfuge to avoid the disclosure requirements of <u>proposed law</u>. <u>Proposed law</u> requires the following information to be disclosed to the Board of Ethics (ethics board):

- (1) The elected official's name, address, and office held.
- (2) If through a legal entity, the name and business address of the entity, the elected official's ownership interest in the entity, and the position, if any, held by the elected official in the legal entity.
- (3) The nature of the contract or subcontract, including the amount of the contract or subcontract and a description of the goods or services provided or to be provided.
- (4) The amount of income or value of any thing of economic value derived through the contract or subcontract by the elected official for the previous calendar year (except as provided for initial statements).

<u>Proposed law</u> requires an initial disclosure statement containing all of the information specified above to be filed with the ethics board no later than 30 days after the effective date of <u>proposed law</u> or 15 days after the elected official or legal entity enters into the contract or subcontract, whichever occurs later. Specifies instead of disclosing the actual amount of income or value of any thing of economic value derived from the contract or subcontract for the previous calendar year, the elected official shall include the amount of income or value of any thing of economic value to be derived or reasonably expected to be derived from the contract or subcontract for the

first calendar year of the contract or subcontract. <u>Proposed law</u> then requires annual disclosure statements to be filed no later than February 15 of each year that include information for the previous calendar year. <u>Proposed law</u> requires such disclosure statements to be filed until a disclosure statement is filed after the completion of the contract or subcontract or until the person filing the statements is no longer an elected official, whichever occurs first.

<u>Proposed law</u> specifies that annual disclosure statements shall not be required for the receipt of things of value pursuant to contracts or subcontracts entered into prior to an elected official taking office. However, provides that if an elected official receives or reasonably expects to receive a thing of value otherwise required to be disclosed by <u>proposed law</u> pursuant to the renewal of such a contract or subcontract occurring after he takes office, such official shall file a disclosure statement no later than 15 days after such renewal in accordance with the provisions of <u>proposed law</u> requiring an initial disclosure statement and annually thereafter in accordance with <u>proposed law</u>.

Proposed law specifies that all disclosure statements filed pursuant to proposed law are public records. Proposed law provides that failure to file a statement, failure to timely file a statement, failure to disclose required information, filing a false statement, or engaging in a subterfuge to avoid the disclosure requirements shall subject a person to penalties as provided in the Code of Governmental Ethics (present law). Additionally imposes penalties of \$100 per day for failure to file, knowingly and willfully failing to timely file, or knowingly and willfully failing to disclose or accurately disclose any information required for each day until the statement or required accurate information is filed. Specifies that whoever enters into separate contracts or subcontracts valued at \$2,500 or less as a subterfuge to avoid the disclosure requirements of proposed law shall be subject to the penalties of present law (R.S. 42:1153--which provides that for elected officials and other persons, the ethics board may censure or impose a fine of up to \$10,000, or both).

Effective upon signature of governor or lapse of time for gubernatorial action.

(Adds R.S. 42:1114.3)