HOUSE SUMMARY OF SENATE AMENDMENTS

House Bill No. 44 by Representative Hammett

TAX/AD VALOREM TAX: Provides with respect to the deferment of tax payments where property subject to ad valorem taxation has been damaged during a gubernatorially declared disaster or emergency (Item #40)

| | Synopsis of Senate Amendments |
|----|---|
| 1. | Changes time limit for taxpayer to file an affidavit requesting postponement $\frac{\text{from}}{60}$ days after mailing of tax bill <u>to</u> 30 days, or December 31 st of the year damage occurred, whichever is later. |
| 2. | Requires a statement of owner's right to have taxes postponed to be provided with the tax bill. |

Digest of Bill as Finally Passed by Senate

<u>Present law</u> requires assessments to be made on the basis of the conditions of things on January 1st (August 1st in New Orleans). Political subdivisions are authorized to reduce the interest charge or penalties on property taxes due when they declare an emergency by ordinance or resolution, but are prohibited from reducing the interest rate to less than 6% and penalties to 50% of the amount of the penalty.

<u>Present law</u> provides that there shall be no collection of tax during a year when property is affected by "overflow, general conflagration, general destruction of crops, or other public calamity" rendering "impracticable" the forcible collection of taxes - or the preceding year when the payment of such taxes for the preceding year is affected by the calamity. However, the collection of taxes is required to be "postponed" in accordance with the following procedure:

The owner of the affected property is relieved from paying the taxes in that year if he makes a sworn statement on or before December 31st of the year in which the taxes are assessed, that his property has been injured or destroyed, giving the description of his property as assessed, and that by reason thereof, the forcible collection of the taxes of the year during which the injury occurred, or the preceding year, would be oppressive, and that he is unable to pay the same without a sacrifice of his property.

The taxes "postponed" must be divided into 10 equal parts, which are assessed on the property for 10 subsequent years, and must bear interest at the rate of 6% per annum from the thirty-first day of December of the year in which they were originally due until paid. All of the postponed taxes may be paid at any time, and the lien canceled.

The filing of the owner's sworn statement operates as a first lien and privilege.

<u>Proposed law</u> makes the "postponement" procedure available whenever lands or other property, including buildings, structures, or personal property, are damaged or destroyed during any disaster or emergency declared by the governor. The sworn statement that property has been damaged or destroyed must be filed 30 days after the damage or destruction or by December 31st of that year, whichever occurs later.

Requires a statement of the right of the owner to have his taxes postponed to be provided with the tax bill.

Effective upon signature of the governor or lapse of time for gubernatorial action.

(Amends R.S. 47:2106)