HLS 12RS-542 **ENGROSSED**

Regular Session, 2012

HOUSE BILL NO. 976

BY REPRESENTATIVES CARTER, KLECKLEY, BROADWATER, CHAMPAGNE, CONNICK, HENRY, HENSGENS, LORUSSO, PONTI, ROBIDEAUX, SCHRODER, SEABAUGH, TALBOT, AND THOMPSON

SCHOOLS/CHOICE: Provides relative to the Student Scholarships for Educational Excellence Program, parent petitions for certain schools to be transferred to the RSD, charter school authorizers, and course providers

1 AN ACT

7

9

11

12

13

17

2 To amend and reenact R.S. 17:158(A)(1), 3973(3) through (6), 3981(4), 3982(A)(1)(a) and (2) and (B), 3983(A)(2)(a)(i), (3)(a), and (4)(a), (b), and (d), (B)(2), and (D), 3 4 3991(B)(3) and (13), (C)(1)(c)(iv) and (6), (D)(2)(a)(i), and (H), 3992(A)(1), 5 3995(A)(1)(introductory paragraph) and (c) and (4)(a), 3996(C) and (G), 3998, 6 4001(A) and (C)(1) and (2), and 4011 through 4025, to enact R.S. 17:10.5(F), 3973(2)(b)(vi) and (7), 3981(7) and (8), 3981.1, 3981.2, 3982(A)(3), 8 3983(A)(2)(a)(iii) and (d) and (3)(d) and (E)(3), 3992(D), and Part VII of Chapter 42 of Title 17 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, to be comprised of R.S. 10 17:4002.1 through 4002.6, and to repeal R.S. 17:3991(B)(9) and 3996(A)(16) and (B)(4), relative to school choice; to provide relative to the Student Scholarships for Educational Excellence Program; to provide relative to program eligibility and participation requirements for students and schools; to provide relative to selection 14 and enrollment of eligible students; to provide relative to funding and payments to 15 eligible schools including eligible nonpublic schools; to provide for reports; to provide for the submission of petitions by parents requesting that a school be 16 transferred to the Recovery School District under certain conditions; to require rules 18 and regulations to be adopted by the State Board of Elementary and Secondary

Page 1 of 54

CODING: Words in struck through type are deletions from existing law; words underscored are additions.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

Education for the petition process; to change charter proposal submission time lines; to provide a mechanism for Type 1 and Type 3 charter schools to convert to a Type 2 charter school under certain conditions; to authorize the state board to allow the state superintendent of education and the superintendent of the Recovery School District to amend the charter of Type 5 charter schools to accommodate a unified enrollment system; to modify the initial charter period; to provide for charter school admission requirements; to allow foreign language immersion schools to establish special admission standards; to provide for the qualifications of teachers; to provide relative to the evaluation of charter school teachers and other school employees; to provide relative to teacher certification requirements; to remove the requirement that charter schools comply with laws relative to the length of the school year; to provide for the Course Choice Program; to provide for program definitions and funding; to provide for the powers of the State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education and local public school systems relative to course providers; to provide relative to entities that authorize charter schools; to provide for certification of certain state agencies and nonprofit corporations as charter authorizers; to provide relative to the responsibilities of the State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education with respect to certification of such authorizers; to provide relative to requirements, powers, responsibilities, and limitations of such authorizers; to provide relative to schools whose charter is authorized by such entities, including matters related to funding for such schools; to provide for procedures, processes, fees, and regulations; and to provide for related matters.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:

Section 1. R.S. 17:158(A)(1), 3973(3) through (6), 3981(4), 3982(A)(1)(a) and (2) and (B), 3983(A)(2)(a)(i), (3)(a), and (4)(a), (b), and (d), (B)(2), and (D), 3991(B)(3) and (13), (C)(1)(c)(iv) and (6), (D)(2)(a)(i), and (H), 3992(A)(1), 3995(A)(1)(introductory paragraph) and (c) and (4)(a), 3996(C) and (G), 3998, 4001(A) and (C)(1) and (2), and 4011 through 4025 are hereby amended and reenacted and R.S. 17:10.5(F), 3973(2)(b)(vi) and (7), 3981(7) and (8), 3981.1, 3981.2, 3982(A)(3), 3983(A)(2)(a)(iii) and (d) and (3)(d) and

2	1950, comprised of R.S. 17:4002.1 through 4002.6, are hereby enacted to read as follows:
3	§10.5. School and district accountability; failing schools; transfer to Recovery
4	School District; parent petitions
5	* * *
6	F.(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of Paragraph (A)(1) of this Section, a
7	public school shall be removed from the jurisdiction of the city, parish, or other local
8	public school board or other public entity and transferred to the jurisdiction of the
9	Recovery School District if such transfer is approved by the State Board of
10	Elementary and Secondary Education and both of the following conditions are met:
1	(a) Parents or legal guardians representing at least fifty-one percent of the
12	students attending the school sign a petition requesting that the school be transferred
13	to the Recovery School District.
14	(b) The school has received a letter grade of "F" or any variation thereof,
15	pursuant to the Louisiana School and District Accountability System for three
16	consecutive years.
17	(2) The State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education shall develop
18	and adopt rules and regulations for implementation of this Subsection which shall
19	include but not be limited to:
20	(a) The format and procedures for submitting a petition pursuant to this
21	Subsection to the state superintendent of education to be brought by him before the
22	State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education for review pursuant to the
23	process established for the consideration of schools eligible for transfer to the
24	Recovery School District as provided in this Section.
25	(b) A requirement that each student may be signed for by his parents or legal
26	guardians only one time on any given petition such that each student equals one
27	signature.
28	(c) Signature validation procedures that include the following requirements:

(E)(3), 3992(D), and Part VII of Chapter 42 of Title 17 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of

2	shall determine if the number of signatures represents at least fifty-one percent of the
3	students attending the school.
4	(ii) That the signatures be assumed valid unless challenged or there is
5	reasonable doubt of their validity. If validity is challenged or doubted, the
6	department shall, within forty-five calendar days, review and verify the signatures.
7	If the department finds that the number of valid signatures is fewer than the fifty-one
8	percent required, parents or legal guardians shall have thirty calendar days,
9	commencing with a date specified by the department, to resolve such discrepancies
10	and collect the signatures of additional parents or legal guardians. Signatures shall
11	not be discounted over technicalities if the clear intent of the parent or legal guardian
12	was to support the petition.
13	(d) Transfer procedures for students who choose not to remain enrolled at
14	the school as a result of the state board's decision to transfer the school to the
15	jurisdiction of the Recovery School District.
16	(3) The state Department of Education shall maintain records regarding the
17	contents and outcomes of the petitions.
18	(4) Parents or legal guardians shall be free from harassment, threats, and
19	intimidation related to circulation of or signing a petition.
20	(5) School and district resources shall not be used to support or oppose any
21	effort by petitioning parents or legal guardians to gather signatures and submit a
22	petition.
23	* * *
24	§158. School buses for transportation of students; employment of bus operators;
25	alternative means of transportation; improvement of school bus turnarounds
26	A.(1) Except as provided by Subsection H of this Section and in accordance
27	with the requirements of Subsection F of this Section, each city, parish, and other
28	local public school board shall provide free transportation for any student attending
29	a school of suitable grade approved by the State Board of Elementary and Secondary

(i) That upon submission of a petition, the state Department of Education

1	Education within the jurisdictional boundaries of the local board if the student
2	resides more than one mile from such school. This requirement shall not apply to
3	any student attending a nonpublic school pursuant to R.S. 17:4011 through 4025.
4	* * *
5	§3973. Definitions
6	As used in this Chapter, the following words, terms, and phrases shall have
7	the meaning ascribed to them in this Section except when the context clearly
8	indicates a different meaning:
9	* * *
10	(2)
11	* * *
12	(b) Charter schools shall be one of the following types:
13	* * *
14	(vi) Type 1B, which means a new school or a preexisting public school
15	operated as the result of and pursuant to a charter between the nonprofit corporation
16	created to operate the school and a local charter authorizer. Within such charter
17	schools, pupils who reside within the state will be eligible to attend as provided in
18	the charter.
19	(3) "Chartering authority" means either a local school board, a local charter
20	authorizer, or the State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education.
21	(4) "Local charter authorizer" means an entity certified by the state board in
22	accordance with this Chapter to enter into agreements with chartering groups.
23	(5) "Local school board" means any city, parish, or other local public school
24	board.
25	(5) (6) "Public service organization" means any community-based group of
26	fifty or more persons incorporated under the laws of this state that meets all of the
27	following requirements:
28	(a) Has a charitable, eleemosynary, or philanthropic purpose.

2	United States Internal Revenue Code and is organized for a public purpose.
3	(6) (7) "State board" means the State Board of Elementary and Secondary
4	Education.
5	§3981. State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education; powers and duties
6	relative to charter schools
7	The State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education shall:
8	* * *
9	(4) Review each proposed charter in a timely manner and in the order in
10	which submitted and determine whether each proposed charter complies with the law
11	and rules and whether the proposal is valid, complete, financially well-structured,
12	educationally sound, whether it provides for a master plan for improving behavior
13	and discipline in accordance with R.S. 17:252, whether it provides a plan for
14	collecting data in accordance with R.S. 17:3911, and whether it offers potential for
15	fulfilling the purposes of this Chapter. The board shall engage in an application
16	review process that complies with the latest Principles and Standards for Quality
17	Charter School Authorizing, as promulgated by the National Association of Charter
18	School Authorizers, and shall provide for an independent evaluation of the charter
19	proposal by a third party with educational, organizational, legal, and financial
20	expertise.
21	* * *
22	(7) Approve common charter applications developed by the state Department
23	of Education for use by all chartering authorities in the state. The application shall
24	allow a potential chartering group to propose any number of charter schools through
25	a single application.
26	(8) Actively recruit chartering groups that offer a program of study or
27	propose to offer a program of study that effectively addresses regional workforce
28	needs, such as career and technical education, industry-based certifications, and
29	vocational course work.

(b) Is qualified as a tax-exempt organization under Section 501(c) of the

1	§3981.1. State board; powers and duties relative to local charter authorizers
2	A. The state board shall:
3	(1) Approve a process for certifying entities as local charter authorizers as
4	more fully specified in this Section.
5	(2) Not certify any entity as a local charter authorizer under this Section
6	unless it is in compliance with procedures and regulations established by the state
7	board and the entity meets all of the following requirements:
8	(a) The entity is either a state agency or a nonprofit corporation having an
9	educational mission, including but not limited to a nonprofit corporation of a
10	philanthropic or policy nature, a Louisiana public postsecondary education
11	institution, or a nonprofit corporation established by the governing authority of a
12	parish or municipality.
13	(b) The entity does not operate any charter schools. An entity which
14	operates charter schools may not be certified as a local charter authorizer.
15	(c) The entity has been incorporated for not less than three years.
16	(d) The entity has in its possession not less than five hundred thousand
17	dollars in assets net of liabilities as reported to the Louisiana Department of
18	Revenue.
19	(3) Review each proposed local charter authorizer in a timely manner and
20	determine whether each proposed local charter authorizer complies with the law and
21	rules and whether the proposal is valid, complete, financially well-structured, and
22	educationally sound, whether it provides for a master plan of academic excellence
23	relative to the schools it shall oversee, whether it provides a plan for developing the
24	capacity to authorize not fewer than five schools and assures the state board that it
25	intends to authorize not fewer than five schools, and whether it offers potential for
26	fulfilling the purposes of this Chapter. The board shall engage in an application
27	review process that complies with the latest Principles and Standards for Quality
28	Charter School Authorizing, as promulgated by the National Association of Charter
29	School Authorizers, and shall provide for an independent evaluation of the charter

1	proposal by a third party with educational, organizational, legal, and financial
2	expertise.
3	(4) Certify not more than five local charter authorizers to operate in any
4	regional labor market area, as defined by the Louisiana Workforce Commission, at
5	any given time.
6	(5) Approve a process by which charter schools authorized by a local charter
7	authorizer shall be transferred to the state board as Type 2 or Type 5 charter schools
8	should the local charter authorizer lose its certification by the state board or
9	otherwise cease to exist.
10	(6) Monitor and evaluate the schools authorized by a local charter authorizer
11	in accordance with the school and district accountability system.
12	B. The initial certification of a local charter authorizer shall be for a period
13	of five years. After the third year of operation of any charter school authorized by
14	the local chartering authorizer, the state board shall conduct a thorough review of the
15	authorizer's activities and the performance of the charter schools authorized by the
16	local charter authorizer, in accordance with the school and district accountability
17	system. If the average performance of these charter schools is a letter grade of "C",
18	"D", or "F" or any variation thereof, the authorizer shall be placed on probation and
19	submit a plan for improving the performance of the schools under its authority to the
20	state board.
21	C.(1) If the average performance of the charter schools authorized by the
22	local charter authorizer is a letter grade of "C" or any variation thereof after the
23	initial certification period, the state board may recertify the local charter authorizer
24	under the condition that the local charter authorizer may not authorize any additional
25	schools until the average performance of the charter schools authorized by the local
26	charter authorizer is a letter grade of "A" or "B" or any variation thereof. The local
27	charter authorizer may maintain the charter schools it has previously approved.
28	(2) If the average performance of the charter schools authorized by the local
29	charter authorizer is a letter grade of "D" or "F" or any variation thereof after the

initial certification period, the state board shall not recertify the local charter authorizer and shall provide for the transfer of the charter schools authorized by the local charter authorizer to the state board as Type 2 or Type 5 charter schools.

D. After the initial certification period, the state board may grant renewal of certification for additional periods of not less than three years nor more than ten years after thorough review of the local chartering authority's activities and the performance of the charter schools authorized by the local charter authorizer. The state board shall continue to conduct a thorough review of the authorizer's activities and the performance of the charter schools authorized by the local charter authorizer, in accordance with the school and district accountability system, every three years.

E. If the average performance of the charter schools authorized by the local charter authorizer is a letter grade of "C" or any variation thereof after any three-year review, the local charter authorizer may not authorize any additional schools until the average performance of those schools is a letter grade of "A" or "B" or any variation thereof. If the average performance of the charter schools authorized by the local charter authorizer is a letter grade of "D" or "F" or any variation thereof after any three-year review, the state board shall cancel the local charter authorizer's certification and provide for the transfer of those schools to the state board as Type 2 or Type 5 charter schools.

F. The state board may rescind a charter approval or agreement between a local charter authorizer and a chartering group if the state board finds that in approving the applicant or entering the agreement the authorizer has failed to comply with laws and regulations, including but not limited to whether the local charter authorizer has engaged in a transparent application review process that complies with the latest Principles and Standards for Quality Charter School Authorizing, as promulgated by the National Association of Charter School Authorizers, and has provided for an independent evaluation of the charter proposal by a third party with educational, organizational, legal, and financial expertise.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

§3981.2. Local charter authorizers; powers and duties

A.(1)(a) A local charter authorizer shall comply with R.S. 17:3983 and shall review and formally act upon charter proposals received within time lines established by the State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education that are consistent with national best practices in charter school authorizing. Such time lines shall require, at a minimum, an annual charter process in which local charter authorizers are afforded at least ninety days to evaluate such applications. In conducting such review, the local charter authorizer shall determine whether the proposed charter complies with the law and rules, whether the proposal is valid, complete, financially well-structured, and educationally sound, whether it provides for a master plan for improving behavior and discipline in accordance with R.S. 17:252, whether it provides a plan for collecting data in accordance with R.S. 17:3911, and whether it offers potential for fulfilling the purposes of this Chapter. The local charter authorizer shall engage in a transparent application review process that complies with the latest Principles and Standards for Quality Charter School Authorizing, as promulgated by the National Association of Charter School Authorizers, and shall provide for an independent evaluation of the charter proposal by a third party with educational, organizational, legal, and financial expertise. Each local charter authorizer shall use a common charter application developed by the state Department of Education and approved by the state board, but may request additional information from applicants as needed.

- (b) A local charter authorizer may accept charter proposals and notify charter applicants of its final decision pursuant to time lines approved by the state board.

 Notifications of charter proposals denied shall include written explanation of the reasons for such denial.
- (2) The local charter authorizer shall make public through its website, and in printed form upon request, the following:
- (a) The guidelines for submitting a charter proposal in accordance with Paragraph (1) of this Subsection.

1	(b) All forms required for submission of a charter proposal.
2	(c) The time lines established for accepting and reviewing charter proposals.
3	(d) The process that will be used to review charter proposals submitted to the
4	board.
5	(e) The name and contact information for a primary point of contact for
6	charter proposals.
7	(3) If a charter applicant believes that a local charter authorizer has not
8	complied with Paragraphs (1) and (2) of this Subsection in its evaluation of an
9	application, the charter applicant may submit its proposal to the state board for its
10	review and approval as a Type 2 charter. If the state board determines that the local
11	charter authorizer failed to comply with Paragraphs (1) and (2) of this Subsection,
12	it shall notify the local charter authorizer of that determination and may proceed with
13	its own review of the charter application. The state board shall review each proposal
14	according to the process set forth in R.S. 17:3981(4) and shall provide written
15	notification of its final decision to the charter applicant pursuant to time lines
16	established by the state board.
17	B. If a local charter authorizer loses its certification from the state board or
18	otherwise ceases to exist, all of its public assets which it has acquired as a local
19	charter authorizer pursuant to this Chapter shall become the property of the state
20	board. Each charter school authorizer shall document all assets acquired from
21	private funds.
22	C. If a preexisting public school or charter school converts to a Type 1B,
23	students previously enrolled in the school shall maintain their seat at the school,
24	unless they choose otherwise.
25	§3982. Local school boards; duties
26	A.(1)(a)(i) Local school boards shall comply with R.S. 17:3983 and shall
27	review and formally act upon each proposed charter proposal received within time
28	lines established by the State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education that are
29	consistent with national best practices in charter school authorizing within ninety

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

days of its submission and in the order in which submitted. Such time lines shall require, at a minimum, an annual charter application process in which local school boards are afforded at least ninety days to evaluate such applications. In doing conducting such review, the local school board shall determine whether each proposed charter complies with the law and rules, whether the proposal is valid, complete, financially well-structured, and educationally sound, whether it provides for a master plan for improving behavior and discipline in accordance with R.S. 17:252, whether it provides a plan for collecting data in accordance with R.S. 17:3911, and whether it offers potential for fulfilling the purposes of this Chapter. The local board shall engage in a transparent application review process that complies with the latest Principles and Standards for Quality Charter School Authorizing, as promulgated by the National Association of Charter School Authorizers, and shall provide for an independent evaluation of the charter proposal by a third party with educational, organizational, legal, and financial expertise. Each local board shall use a common charter application developed by the state Department of Education and approved by the state board, but may request additional information from applicants as needed.

(ii) A local school board may accept charter proposals until February twenty-eighth of each year and shall provide written notification of its final decision to the chartering group and notify charter applicants of its final decision pursuant to time lines approved by the state board. Notifications of charter proposals denied shall include written explanation of the reasons for such denial.

* * *

(2) The local school board shall make public through its website, and in printed form upon request, the guidelines for submitting a charter proposal, all forms required for submission of a charter proposal, the timelines time lines established for accepting and reviewing charter proposals in accordance with Item (1)(a)(ii) of this Subsection, the process that will be used to review charter proposals submitted to the board, and the name and contact information for a primary point of contact for

2	ashurissian of the managed then the shoutening consummers submit its managed to the
2	submission of the proposal, then the chartering group may submit its proposal to the
3	state board for its review.
4	(3) If a charter applicant believes that a local school board has not complied
5	with Paragraphs (1) and (2) of this Subsection in its evaluation of an application, the
6	charter applicant may submit its proposal to the state board for its review and
7	approval as a Type 2 charter. If the state board determines that the school board
8	failed to comply with Paragraphs (1) and (2) of this Subsection, it shall notify the
9	school board of that determination and may proceed with its own review of the
10	charter application. The state board shall review each proposal according to the
11	process set forth in R.S. 17:3981(4) and shall provide written notification of its final
12	decision to the charter applicant pursuant to time lines established by the state board.
13	B. Local school boards shall make available to chartering groups any vacant
14	school facilities or any facility slated to be vacant for lease or purchase up to fair
15	market value. In the case of a Type 1B or a Type 2 charter school created as a result
16	of a conversion, the facility and all property within the existing school shall be made
17	available to that chartering group. In return for the use of the facility and its
18	contents, the chartering group shall pay a proportionate share of the local school
19	board's bonded indebtedness to be calculated in the same manner as set forth in R.S.
20	17:1990(C)(2)(a)(i). If such facilities were constructed at no cost to the local school
21	board, then such facilities, including all equipment, books, instructional materials,
22	and furniture within such facilities, shall be provided to the charter school at no cost.
23	§3983. Chartering process by type; eligibility; limitations; faculty approval; parental
24	approval
25	A.
26	* * *
27	(2)(a)(i) Each proposal for a Type 1 or Type 3 charter school shall first be
28	made to the local school board with jurisdiction where the school is to be located,
29	except in the case of a local system in academic crisis as provided for in Item (ii)

charter proposals. If no final decision is received within ninety days after the

1	Item (ii) or (iii) of this Subparagraph, involving the submission of by submitting a
2	written proposal. If, after review as required by R.S. 17:3982, the local school board
3	denies the proposal, or if conditions placed on the proposal by the local school board,
4	as provided in Paragraph (B)(2) of this Section, are not acceptable to those proposing
5	the charter the chartering group, then a proposal for a Type 2 charter school may be
6	made to the State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education state board.
7	* * *
8	(iii) If the local school system in which a chartering group intends to apply
9	to operate a school has received a letter grade designation of "D" or "F" or any
10	variation thereof, then a proposal for a Type 2 charter school may be made to the
11	state board.
12	* * *
13	(d) Each proposal for a Type 1B charter school shall be made to a certified
14	local charter authorizer. If, after review as required by R.S. 17:3981.2, the local
15	charter authorizer denies the proposal, or if conditions placed on the proposal by the
16	local charter authorizer, as provided in Paragraph (B)(2) of this Section, are not
17	acceptable to those proposing the charter, then a proposal for a Type 2 charter school
18	may be made to the state board.
19	* * *
20	(3)(a) The State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education shall accept
21	applications for charters only from April first through October thirty-first of each
22	year. The board state board shall review and take action on every Type 2 and Type
23	4 charter application it receives. The board shall not approve any charter application
24	before May first of each year as provided in Paragraph (A)(4) of this Section.
25	* * *
26	(d)(i) Not later than January 1, 2013, the state board shall create a process
27	for authorizing multiple charter schools for qualified chartering groups that have a
28	demonstrated record of success. The process shall include the evaluation of

29

1 performance of chartering groups that do not operate any schools in Louisiana based 2 on the performance of schools operated in other states. 3 (ii) Chartering groups that meet the criteria established pursuant to Item (i) 4 this Subparagraph are eligible to apply for and be granted approval of multiple 5 charter agreements through a single application; however, even if multiple charter agreements are approved pursuant to a single application, the chartering group shall 6 7 open only one school at a time. Only after each such school meets specified 8 performance targets, as determined by the chartering authority, may the chartering 9 group open a subsequent approved school. 10 11 (4)(a) A local school board and a local charter authorizer may enter into any 12 charter it finds valid, complete, financially well-structured, and educationally sound 13 after meeting the requirements of this Chapter. Each such charter entered into shall 14 be reported by the local school board or local charter authorizer to the State Board 15 of Elementary and Secondary Education state board not less than two business days 16 following the event. 17 (b) The State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education state board may 18 approve applications for charters as it has determined acceptable pursuant to R.S. 19 17:3981(2). Applications may be approved only from May first through January 20 thirty-first of each year. 21 22 (d) Prior to the consideration of a charter school proposal by any local school 23 board, a local charter authorizer, or the state board, each charter applicant shall be 24 afforded the opportunity to revise and resubmit the proposal based on the provide a 25 written response to the independent evaluation conducted in accordance with R.S. 26 17:3981(4), and R.S. 17:3982(A)(1)(a)(i) 3981.2(A)(1)(a), or 3982(A)(1)(a)(i), as 27 applicable. Such response shall be available to the independent reviewers for

consideration prior to issuing a final recommendation to the chartering authority.

However, if a proposal is not approved by the local school board or local charter

1	authorizer and then also not approved by the state board within the same approval
2	cycle, then the proposal shall be submitted to the local school board or a local charter
3	authorizer for its consideration during the next approval cycle prior to being
4	submitted to the state board.
5	* * *
6	B.
7	* * *
8	(2) Additionally, each approved charter may be approved subject to whatever
9	other resolutory or suspensive conditions the chartering authority requires provided
10	those entering into the charter agree with the conditions. <u>If the local board or local</u>
11	charter authorizer seeks to amend the charter agreement in a manner that is
12	unacceptable to the charter school or if the charter school finds requested terms for
13	charter renewal to be unacceptable, the charter school may petition the state board
14	to convert to a Type 2 charter school. Upon receipt of such request, the state board
15	shall notify the local board or local charter authorizer of the request and shall permit
16	the local board or local charter authorizer to provide a response prior to any action
17	on such request.
18	* * *
19	D.(1) Prior to approving a charter for a Type 1 or Type 3 school, the local
20	school board considering the proposal shall hold a public meeting for the purpose of
21	considering the proposal and receiving public input. Such meeting shall be held after
22	reasonable efforts have been made by the board to notify the public of the meeting
23	and its content.
24	(2) Prior to approving a charter for a Type 1B school, the local charter
25	authorizer considering the proposal shall hold a public meeting for the purpose of
26	receiving public input. Such meeting shall be held in the geographic area to be
27	served by the school after reasonable efforts have been made to notify the public of
28	the meeting and its content.

1	E.
2	* * *
3	(3) Approval by a local charter authorizer shall be in accordance with the
4	conditions of its certification as established by the state board.
5	* * *
6	§3991. Charter schools; requirements; limitations; renewal; amendment; revocation
7	* * *
8	B. Each proposed charter shall contain or make provision for the following:
9	* * *
10	(3) Admission requirements, if any, that are consistent with the school's role,
11	scope, and mission may be established pursuant to rules promulgated by the state
12	board. Such admission requirements shall be specific and shall include a system for
13	admission decisions which precludes exclusion of pupils based on race, religion,
14	gender, ethnicity, national origin, intelligence level as ascertained by an intelligence
15	quotient examination, or identification as a child student with an exceptionality as
16	defined in R.S. 17:1943(4) R.S. 17:1942(B). Such admission requirements may
17	include, however, specific requirements related to a school's mission such as
18	auditions for schools with a performing arts mission or achievement of a certain
19	academic record for schools with a college preparatory proficiency in a foreign
20	language for schools with a language immersion mission. Any school which was
21	chartered prior to July 1, 2012, and which incorporated achievement of a certain
22	academic record as part of its admission requirements may continue to utilize such
23	admission requirements. No local board shall assign any pupil to attend a charter
24	school.
25	* * *
26	(13) Manner in which Assurance that teachers and other school employees
27	will be evaluated in accordance with R.S. 17:3997.

1	C. A charter school shall:
2	(1)
3	* * *
4	(c)
5	* * *
6	(iv) Unless otherwise provided for within the charter, charter schools may
7	not enroll in any given year more than one hundred twenty percent of the total
8	number of students which had been approved in their charter without formally
9	amending their charter. The state board may authorize the state superintendent of
10	education and the superintendent of the Recovery School District to amend the
11	charter of any Type 5 charter school participating in a unified enrollment system
12	administered by the Recovery School District for the purpose of adjusting student
13	enrollment limitations.
14	* * *
15	(6)(a)(i) Except for Type 5 charter schools to which the requirements
16	provided in Subparagraph (b) of this Paragraph apply, employ teachers certified by
17	the state board or the French Ministry of Education for at least seventy-five percent
18	of the instructional staff employed by the charter school.
19	(ii) The remaining portion of the instructional staff shall meet at least one of
20	the following requirements Employ instructional staff who have at least a
21	baccalaureate degree and who shall be subject to all provisions of state law relative
22	to background checks applicable to the employment of public school personnel.
23	(aa) Be authorized under law or state board regulation to teach temporarily
24	while seeking a regular teaching certificate.
25	(bb) Have at least a bachelor's degree or at least ten years of experience
26	related to the teaching position for which he is being hired, demonstrate exemplary
27	skills in his field of expertise, and be providing instruction under the supervision of
28	a certified teacher. Any individual who makes an application for employment under

2	by the charter school.
3	(b) A Type 5 charter school shall:
4	(i) Beginning no later than the second school year of operation, have not less
5	than the percentage of teachers certified by the state board than was the case in the
6	school prior to its transfer to the Recovery School District.
7	(ii) Beginning no later than the third school year of operation, have a teacher
8	certified by the state board teaching every core subject. Core subject shall be defined
9	by the state board by rule.
10	(iii) All other instructional staff employed in a Type 5 charter school shall
11	meet the same requirements as provided in Item (a)(ii) of this Paragraph.
12	D.
13	* * *
14	(2)(a)(i) Notwithstanding the provisions of R.S. 17:158(A), if the local
15	school board is requested to provide transportation services to a charter school
16	student pursuant to R.S. 17:158, then the charter school receiving the transportation
17	services shall reimburse the local school board for the actual cost of providing such
18	transportation unless an amount less than actual cost is agreed upon by both parties.
19	* * *
20	H. Any assets acquired by a Type 1, <u>1B</u> , 2, 3, or 5 charter school are the
21	property of that charter school for the duration of that school's charter agreement.
22	Any assets acquired by a Type 4 charter school are the property of the local school
23	board. If the charter agreement of any Type 1, 1B, 2, 3, or 5 charter school is
24	revoked or the school otherwise ceases to operate, all assets purchased with any
25	public funds become the property of the chartering authority. Assets that become the
26	property of a local charter authorizer pursuant to this Subsection shall be used solely
27	for purposes of operating charter schools. Charter schools are to maintain records

this Item shall be employed based on a determination of the applicant's qualifications

of any assets acquired with any private funds which remain the property of the nonprofit organization group operating the charter school.

* * *

§3992. Charter revision and renewal

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

A.(1) Unless revoked as provided for in Subsection C of this Section, an approved school charter shall be valid for an initial period of five four years and may be extended for a maximum initial term of five years, contingent upon the results of the reporting requirements at the end a review conducted after the completion of the third year as provided in R.S. 17:3998(A)(2), and R.S. 17:3998. The charter may be renewed for additional periods of not less than three nor more than ten years after thorough review by the approving chartering authority of the charter school's operations and compliance with charter requirements. The process for renewing a school charter shall be the same as for initial charter approval, with a written report being provided annually to the chartering authority regarding the school's academic progress that year. The chartering authority shall notify the chartering group in writing of any decisions made relative to the renewal or nonrenewal of a school's charter not later than January thirty-first of the year in which the charter would expire. A notification that a charter will not be renewed shall include written explanation of the reasons for such non-renewal. Pursuant to Subsection C of this Section and using such annual review process, a charter may be revoked for failure to meet agreed-upon academic results as specified in the charter.

* * *

D. For each charter school which has received a letter grade designation of "A" or "B" or any variation thereof and has met the criteria of Subparagraph (A)(2)(c) of this Section pursuant to automatic renewal, a charter operator shall be eligible to open and operate two additional schools that serve the same grade levels and the same enrollment boundaries as defined in the charter agreement of the school meeting the criteria of Subparagraph (A)(2)(c) of this Section without formal application to the chartering authority with which the charter agreement for the

school that meets the criteria of Subparagraph (A)(2)(c) of this Section is held. The chartering group shall notify its chartering authority of its intent to open one or two additional charter schools pursuant to this Subsection at least one hundred twenty calendar days prior to the day on which each additional school shall enroll students. At least ninety calendar days prior to the day on which each additional school shall enroll students, the chartering authority shall enter into a charter agreement with the chartering group for each additional school and shall notify the state board of its action.

* * *

§3995. Charter school funding

A.(1) Except as otherwise provided by this Subsection, for For the purpose of funding, a Type 1, Type 3, and Type 4 charter school shall be considered an approved public school of the local school board entering into the charter agreement and shall receive a per pupil amount each year from the local school board based on the October first membership count of the charter school. Except as otherwise provided by this Subsection, Type 1B and Type 2 charter schools shall receive a per pupil amount each year from the state Department of Education using state funds specifically provided for this purpose. Type 2 charter schools authorized by the State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education after July 1, 2008, shall receive a per pupil amount state board each year as provided in the Minimum Foundation Program approved formula. The per pupil amount provided to a Type 1, 1B, 2, 3, or 4 charter school shall be computed annually and shall be equal to no less than the per pupil amount received by the school district in which the charter school is located from the following sources based on the district's October first membership count:

25 * * *

(c) The provisions of this Paragraph permitting the calculation of the per pupil amount to be provided to a Type 1, <u>1B</u>, 2, 3, or 4 charter school to exclude any portion of local revenues specifically dedicated by the legislature or by voter approval to capital outlay or debt service, shall be applicable only to a charter school

housed in a facility or facilities provided by the district in which the charter school is located.

3 * * *

(4)(a) A chartering authority The state board, a local school board, and a local charter authorizer may annually charge each charter school it authorizes a fee in an amount equal to two percent of the total per pupil amount as defined by this Subsection that is received by a charter school for administrative overhead costs incurred by the chartering authority for considering the charter application and any amendment thereto, providing monitoring and oversight of the school, collecting and analyzing data of the school, and for reporting on school performance. Such fee amount shall be withheld from the per pupil amount in monthly increments and shall not be applicable to any federal money or grants received by the charter school. Administrative overhead costs shall not include any cost incurred by the chartering authority to provide purchased services to the charter school. As provided by Subparagraph (b) of this Paragraph, a chartering authority or the Recovery School District, if applicable, may provide other services for a charter school and charge the actual cost of providing such services, but no such arrangement shall be required as a condition for authorizing the charter school.

19 * * *

§3996. Charter schools; exemptions; requirements

21 * * *

C. A charter school established and operated in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter shall comply with state and federal laws and regulations otherwise applicable to public schools with respect to civil rights and individuals with disabilities. Any Type 1B, Type 2, or Type 5 charter school shall be considered the local education agency for the purposes of any special education funding or statutory definitions, while the local school board shall remain the local education agency for any Type 1, 3, or 4 charter school.

* * *

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

G. All charter schools established and operated in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter shall comply with the provisions of R.S. 39:1301 through 1315. Each Type 1, 3, and 4 charter school annually shall submit its budget to the local school board that approved its charter, and such board shall submit the charter school's budget to the state superintendent of education in accordance with the provisions of R.S. 17:88. Each Type 1B charter school annually shall submit its budget to its authorizer. Each Type 2 and Type 5 charter school annually shall submit its budget directly to the state superintendent of education.

§3998. Reports; review

A.(1) Each chartering authority shall report to the state board on the number of schools chartered, the status of those schools, and any recommendations by July first of each year.

(2) B. Each charter school shall provide a comprehensive report to be reviewed by its chartering authority at the end after the completion of the third year. If the charter school is achieving its stated goals and objectives pursuant to its approved charter, then the chartering authority shall extend the duration of the charter for the additional two-year period a maximum initial term of five years as provided in R.S. 17:3992(A)(1). If the charter school is not achieving its stated goals and objectives pursuant to its approved charter, then the chartering authority shall not extend the duration of the charter and it shall expire at the end of the school's fourth year.

B. The state board shall review information regarding the laws, regulations, and policies from which charter schools were exempt pursuant to this Chapter to determine if the exemptions assisted or impeded the charter schools in meeting their stated goals and objectives.

C. The state board shall report to the governor and to the Senate and House Committees on Education no later than January 1, 2001, on its initial findings including recommendations to modify, expand, or terminate the approach.

D. In preparing the report required by this Section, the state board shall compare to the extent statistically possible the performance of charter school pupils with the performance of ethnically and economically comparable groups of pupils in other schools who are enrolled in academically comparable courses, including a fiscal and programmatic analysis based on the total per pupil funding in each charter school in relation to the total per pupil funding in the respective local public school system that has been invested in instruction.

8 * * *

§4001. Louisiana Charter School Start-Up Loan Fund; creation; purpose; distribution

A. The Louisiana Charter School Start-Up Loan Fund, hereafter referred to as the "fund", is hereby created within the state treasury for the purposes of providing a source for funding no-interest loans to assist both existing and new type Type 1, Type 1B, type Type 2, or type Type 3 charter schools with initial start-up funding and for funding the administrative and legal cost associated with the charter school program.

17 * * *

Shall administer the use of the monies appropriated from the fund and shall adopt rules in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act. The adopted rules shall specify that state board approval of any type Type 2 charter school proposal that includes within its budget a request for loan funding which complies with the provisions of this Section and details regarding how those loan funds are to be expended, shall constitute the approval of that loan amount. No additional loan application paperwork shall be required. Any type Type 1 or type Type 3 charter school approved by their local school board and a Type 1B charter school approved by a certified local charter authorizer shall be required to submit no more than their approved charter proposal and a detailed budget identifying how any loan funds are to be expended and how such request complies with the provisions of this Section.

The state board may reject any such request which does not comply with terms of this Section. Such rules shall also note that any loan funding may only be used to purchase tangible items such as equipment, technology, instructional materials, and facility acquisition, upgrade, and repairs. Such equipment or other items shall become the property of the state if the loan is not fully repaid by virtue of the school ceasing to operate during the three years of automatic loan repayment as noted in Paragraph (3) of this Subsection.

(2) Loans shall be made only to type Type 1, Type 1B, type Type 2, and type Type 3 charter schools and shall not exceed one hundred thousand dollars to pay for charter school start-up and early operating expenses. No money lent as provided in

charter school start-up and early operating expenses. No money lent as provided in this Section may be used to pay prior debts of the nonprofit corporation which formed the charter school, any of the natural persons principally involved in forming the charter school, or any former or current business or nonprofit venture of any such natural persons for any purchase not related to the creation of the charter school, or

to pay to members of the immediate family of any such natural persons, or to make

any investments.

* * *

PART VII. COURSE PROVIDERS

§4002.1. Course providers; short title

This Part shall be known as the "Course Choice Program".

21 <u>§4002.2. Legislative findings</u>

The legislature finds and declares that:

(1) It is in the public interest that all Louisiana school children have access to the type and format of education that best meets the needs of the individual student, that each student has different needs that merit a variety of course choices on the individual student level, and that the state has the right, responsibility, duty, and obligation to accomplish the objective of a quality, individualized education for all Louisiana children.

(2) Enrollment of children in course work offered by course providers is in
compliance with the objectives of Louisiana's compulsory attendance law; course
providers in Louisiana make a significant educational and economic contribution
towards meeting the goal of a quality, individualized education for every Louisiana
school child; and Louisiana has recognized and encouraged that contribution through
online education and dual enrollment in postsecondary education institutions for
many years.
(3) Effective course providers exist in Louisiana.
(4) Course providers can offer a quality education to students and it is in the
public interest to offer students the means of accessing the educational opportunities
offered by course providers by providing students with the public funds allocated to
them from local and state sources to enroll in such courses.
(5) Postsecondary education institutions can serve as quality course
providers for students who seek advanced level course work or technical or
vocational instruction.
(6) Online or virtual course providers can serve as quality course providers
for students who desire additional access to high quality courses, especially but not
limited to students enrolled in low-performing public schools, students who for
reasons of geography may not be able to exercise their right to educational choice,
and students who may desire an alternative schooling schedule or calendar.
(7) Business and industry can serve as quality course providers that offer
course work in their particular field or expertise with the goal of increasing the
skilled workforce required for a robust Louisiana economy.
§4002.3. Definitions
As used in this Part, unless otherwise clearly indicated, the following terms
mean:
(1) "Course provider" means an entity that offers individual courses in
person or online, including but not limited to online or virtual education providers,
postsecondary education institutions, and corporations that offer vocational or

1	technical course work in their field, and have been authorized to provide such
2	courses by the state board.
3	(2) "Eligible funded student" means any student who resides in Louisiana
4	and meets one of the following criteria:
5	(a) Is attending a public school that received a letter grade of "C", "D", or
6	"F", or any variation thereof, according to the Louisiana School and District
7	Accountability System.
8	(b) Is attending a public school that does not offer the course in which the
9	student desires to enroll, as determined by the state board.
10	(c) Is a scholarship recipient pursuant to R.S. 17:4013 and attends a
11	participating school in accordance with R.S. 17:4011 through 4025.
12	(3) "Eligible participating student" means any student who resides in
13	Louisiana and meets one of the following criteria:
14	(a) Is attending a public school that has received a letter grade of "A" or "B",
15	or any variation thereof, according to the school and district accountability system.
16	(b) Is attending a nonpublic school that is approved, provisionally approved,
17	or probationally approved by the state board pursuant to R.S. 17:11.
18	(c) Is enrolled in a home study program approved by the state board.
19	(4) "State board" means the State Board of Elementary and Secondary
20	Education.
21	§4002.4. State board; powers and duties relative to course providers
22	A.(1) Not later than January 1, 2013, the state board shall create a process
23	for authorizing course providers that shall determine whether each proposed course
24	provider complies with the law and rules, whether the proposal is valid, complete,
25	financially well-structured, and educationally sound, whether it provides a plan for
26	collecting data in accordance with R.S. 17:3911, and whether it offers potential for
27	fulfilling the purposes of this Part. The state board shall provide for an independent
28	evaluation of the proposal by a third party with educational, organizational, legal,
29	and financial expertise.

1	(2) The process shall provide for an agreement with the course provider that
2	shall include, at a minimum, a plan for implementing or providing the following:
3	(a) Administration of state assessments as required by the school and district
4	accountability system, except to students as defined by R.S. 17:4002.3(2)(c).
5	(b) The parishes or local school systems in which the course provider will
6	operate.
7	(c) Proposed courses offered, alignment of said courses by the course
8	provider with the requirements of R.S. 17:24.4, and the designated length of each
9	course offered.
10	(d) Alignment of the courses offered by the course provider with any type
11	of approved Louisiana diploma, including those provided in R.S. 17:183.2, 183.3,
12	and 236.1.
13	(e) Assurances that the course provider shall, to the best of its ability,
14	collaborate and coordinate with a local school system in which a eligible funded
15	student or eligible participating student is enrolled full time.
16	B.(1) The initial authorization of the course provider shall be for a period of
17	three years. After the second year of the initial authorization period, the state board
18	shall conduct a thorough review of the course provider's activities and the academic
19	performance of the students enrolled in courses offered by the course provider in
20	accordance with the school and district accountability system. If the performance
21	of the students enrolled in courses offered by the course provider pursuant to the
22	school and district accountability system does not meet performance standards set
23	by the state board, the state board shall place the course provider on probation.
24	(2) After the initial three-year authorization period, the state board may
25	reauthorize the course provider for additional periods of not less than three years nor
26	more than five years after thorough review of the course provider's activities and the
27	achievement of students enrolled in courses offered by the course provider.

1	(3) The state board shall monitor and evaluate the course provider in
2	accordance with performance expectations set forth by the state board in which
3	student achievement is the predominant criterion.
4	(4) The state board shall create a process for common course numbering of
5	all courses listed in the course catalogue and for determining whether courses are in
6	compliance with R.S. 17:24.4. For courses offered by postsecondary education
7	institutions that are authorized course providers, the state board shall consult with the
8	Board of Regents.
9	C. Not later than January 1, 2013, the state board shall create a reciprocal
10	teacher certification process for teachers who reside in other states but who are
11	employed by authorized course providers and teach virtual education courses to
12	satisfy the state certification requirements pursuant to R.S. 17:17.1.
13	D. Prior to the 2013-2014 school year, the state board shall create a course
14	catalogue for all courses offered, by parish.
15	§4002.5. Local school systems; per course providers
16	A. Each local school board shall establish policies and procedures whereby
17	for each student identified in R.S. 17:4002.3(2)(a) and (b) and (3)(a) the following
18	shall apply:
19	(a) Credits earned through the course provider shall appear on each such
20	student's official transcript and count fully towards the requirements of any approved
21	Louisiana diploma.
22	(b) Tests required pursuant to R.S. 17:24.4 shall be administered to each
23	such student attending a public school.
24	(c) All services to which each such student attending public school would
25	be entitled if attending the school in which he is enrolled full time for all courses,
26	including but not limited to special education services pursuant to the student's
27	Individual Education Plan shall be provided.

2	course catalogue as provided by the state board during the annual course enrollment
3	process for that local school system.
4	C. No local public school system shall actively discourage, intimidate, or
5	threaten an eligible funded student or an eligible participating student during the
6	course enrollment process or at any time for that local school system.
7	D. The aggregate test scores of students who are enrolled in a course
8	pursuant to this Part and in accordance with Subsection A of this Section shall be
9	counted in the school performance score for the school in which the student is
10	enrolled full time. The test scores shall be reported to and published by the state
11	Department of Education for each course provider in an easy to understand format
12	and on the department's website.
13	E. Each student identified in R.S. 17:4002.3(2)(a) and (b) and (3)(a) shall
14	enroll in at least one course at the school in which he is enrolled full time.
15	F. The state board shall adopt rules necessary to implement this Part,
16	including but not limited to the requirements of school governing authorities or local
17	school systems whose students enroll in courses offered by authorized course
18	providers.
19	§4002.6. Course providers; funding
20	A.(1) The course provider shall receive a course amount for each eligible
21	funded student.
22	(2) For purposes of this Part, the per course amount means an amount equal
23	to the market rate as determined by the course provider and reported to the state
24	Department of Education up to one-sixth of ninety percent of the per pupil amount
25	each year as determined by the Minimum Foundation Program for the local school
26	system in which the eligible funded student resides. Any remaining funds, except
27	those specified in Paragraph (3) of this Subsection, for that student shall be returned
28	to the state or to the local school system according to the pro rata share for the per
29	pupil amount each year as determined by the minimum foundation program for the

B. Each local public school system shall make available to all students the

2	be made by the state Department of Education on behalf of the responsible city or
3	parish school system in which the student resides to the authorized course provider.
4	(3) For each student identified in R.S. 17:4002.3(2)(a) and (b), an amount
5	equal to ten percent of the per pupil amount according to the pro rata share as
6	determined each year by the Minimum Foundation Program for the local school
7	system in which such student resides shall remain with the local school system in
8	which the eligible funded student is enrolled full time. These funds shall be used to
9	finance any administrative or operational costs to support students enrolled in
10	courses offered by course providers, as determined by the state board.
11	(4) For students identified in R.S. 17:4002.3(2)(d), the course provider shall
12	receive payment only for the courses in which the student is enrolled in accordance
13	with Subsection C of this Section. The remaining funds for each of these students
14	up to the maximum amount for the parish in which the participating student resides
15	as determined each year by the Minimum Foundation Program or actual tuition and
16	fees, as applicable, shall remain with the participating school in which the student
17	is enrolled in accordance with R.S. 17:4011 through 4025.
18	B.(1) The course provider may charge tuition to any eligible participating
19	student in an amount equal to the amount determined by the course provider and
20	reported to the state Department of Education in accordance with Paragraph (A)(2)
21	of this Section.
22	(2) The course provider shall accept the amount specified in Paragraph
23	(A)(2) of this Section as total tuition and fees for the eligible participating student.
24	C.(1) Fifty percent of the amount of tuition to be paid or transferred through
25	the Minimum Foundation Program to the course provider shall be paid or transferred
26	upon student enrollment in a course and fifty percent shall be paid or transferred
27	upon course completion according to the published course length.
28	(2) If a student does not complete a course according to the published course
29	length in which the course provider has received the first payment pursuant to

<u>local school system in which the student resides</u>. Transfers of course payments shall

Paragraph (1) of this Subsection, the provider shall receive forty percent of the 2 course amount as defined in Paragraph (A)(2) of this Section only if the student 3 completes the course and receives credit for the course prior to leaving school 4 pursuant to R.S. 17:221 or graduating from high school pursuant to R.S. 17:24.4. (3) The remaining ten percent of the per pupil amount according to the pro 5 rata share as determined each year by the Minimum Foundation Program for the 6 7 local public school system in which the eligible funded student resides shall remain 8 with the school in which the eligible funded student is enrolled full time. This shall 9 be in addition to the ten percent specified in Paragraph (A)(3) of this Section. 10 11 §4011. Short title 12 This Chapter shall be known and may be cited as the "Student Scholarships for Educational Excellence Act". 13 14 §4012. Legislative findings 15 The legislature finds and declares that: 16 (1) It is in the public interest that all Louisiana schoolchildren receive the 17 best education that its citizens can provide, and the state of Louisiana has the right, 18 responsibility, duty, and obligation to accomplish the objective of quality education 19 for all Louisiana children, particularly for those children in school systems that have 20 been declared to be academically in crisis. 21 (2) Attendance of children at nonpublic schools constitutes compliance with 22 the objectives of Louisiana's compulsory attendance law; nonpublic schools in 23 Louisiana make a significant educational and economic contribution towards 24 meeting the goal of a quality education for every Louisiana school child; and 25 Louisiana has recognized and encouraged that contribution through providing 26 textbooks and transportation to students attending approved nonpublic schools for 27 many decades. 28 Effective nonpublic schools exist in Louisiana's school systems, 29 including those that are academically in crisis.

1	(4) Nonpublic schools can offer a quality education to students in systems
2	that are academically in crisis, and it is in the public interest to offer students in such
3	all systems the means of accessing the educational opportunities offered by
4	nonpublic schools by providing them with scholarships to attend such schools.
5	(5) Academically acceptable public schools can serve as quality alternatives
6	for students attending low-performing public schools.
7	§4013. Definitions
8	As used in this Chapter, unless otherwise clearly indicated, the following
9	terms shall mean:
10	(1) "Covered district" means a local public school system which meets all
11	of the following criteria:
12	(a) Has been found to be academically in crisis pursuant to R.S. 17:10.6.
13	(b) Has had schools transferred to the jurisdiction of the Recovery School
14	District pursuant to R.S. 17:10.7.
15	(c) Is located in a municipality with a population of at least three hundred
16	thousand persons according to the latest federal decennial census and includes the
17	Recovery School District established pursuant to R.S. 17:1990 to the extent that
18	schools under the district's jurisdiction are located within the geographic boundaries
19	of a covered district.
20	(2) "Department" means the state Department of Education.
21	(3) (2) "Eligible student" means a student who resides within the geographic
22	boundaries of a covered district, in Louisiana, is a member of a family with a total
23	income that does not exceed two hundred fifty percent of the current federal poverty
24	guidelines as established by the federal office of management and budget, and who
25	meets any one of the following criteria:
26	(a) Is entering kindergarten and has enrolled in the local school system in
27	which the public school he would have otherwise attended is located or in a school
28	under the jurisdiction of the Recovery School District. Each local school system or
29	the Recovery School District shall conduct its annual kindergarten enrollment

2	enrollment process.
3	(b) Was enrolled in a public school located within a covered district during
4	the previous in Louisiana on October first and on February first of the most recent
5	school year pursuant to the definition of student membership established by the state
6	board for purposes of the Minimum Foundation Program formula, school year in a
7	program-eligible grade and such school has been identified as academically
8	unacceptable or has a school performance score or an assessment index of sixty or
9	less as defined by the State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education received
10	a letter grade of "C", "D", or "F" or any variation thereof, for the most recent year
11	pursuant to policies developed and adopted by the board for implementation of the
12	school and district accountability system.
13	(c) Received a scholarship pursuant to this Chapter in the previous school
14	year and remains otherwise eligible .
15	(4) (3) "Participating school" means a nonpublic school that meets program
16	requirements and seeks to enroll scholarship recipients pursuant to this Chapter or
17	a public school located within the geographic boundaries of a covered district that
18	meets program requirements and seeks to enroll scholarship recipients pursuant to
19	this Chapter subject to any court-ordered desegregation plan in effect for the school
20	system in which the public school is located.
21	(5) (4) "Program" means the Student Scholarships for Educational
22	Excellence Program.
23	(6) (5) "Scholarship" means the funds awarded to a parent or other legal
24	guardian on behalf of an eligible student to attend a participating public or nonpublic
25	school pursuant to this Chapter.
26	(7) (6) "Scholarship recipient" means an eligible student who is awarded a
27	scholarship pursuant to this Chapter.

process and shall report such enrollment to the department prior to the program

1	§4014. Student Scholarships for Educational Excellence Program; creation
2	The Student Scholarships for Educational Excellence Program is hereby
3	created and shall be administered by the state Department of Education department.
4	§4015. Program administration
5	In administering the program pursuant to this Chapter, the department shall:
6	(1) Determine student eligibility for <u>awarding</u> scholarships.
7	(2) Receive the notice of intent from schools seeking to participate in the
8	program, which shall include the number of available seats per grade and whether
9	the school elects to offer an enrollment preference to a student based on the parish
10	in which the student resides, and qualify such schools for participation in the
11	program, and determine the number of available seats, by grade, at participating
12	schools. For eligible public schools, the notice of intent shall be submitted by the
13	principal of the school with the approval of the local superintendent. The local
14	school board shall delegate the authority to participate in the program to the local
15	superintendent.
16	(3)(a) Accept applications from parents and other or legal guardians of
17	eligible students and award scholarships to eligible students who submit applications,
18	up to the number of available seats in each grade at all participating schools. Each
19	application shall indicate the parent or legal guardian's choice or choices of
20	participating schools.
21	(b) In the event there are more eligible students who submit applications than
22	there are available seats at participating schools for any grade, the department shall
23	utilize conduct a random selection process to award scholarships that provides each
24	eligible student an equal opportunity for selection. However, the department may
25	give preference to the following:
26	(i) Siblings of students already enrolled in the participating school.
27	(ii) Students enrolled in the Nonpublic School Early Childhood Development
28	Program at the participating school.

2	this Section.
3	(iv) Students residing in the parishes as indicated pursuant to the notice of
4	intent, if applicable.
5	(c) For the purposes of the random selection process, twins, triplets,
6	quadruplets, and other such multiple births shall constitute one individual.
7	(4) Notify parents and other or legal guardians of eligible students who
8	applied for scholarships whether they have been awarded a scholarship and of the
9	process that must be followed to enroll in a placed at a particular participating
10	school. The scholarship recipient shall be placed through the random selection
11	process and according to his indicated preferences as provided in Paragraph (3) of
12	this Subsection. For the purposes of this Section, a unified enrollment system
13	administered by the Recovery School District may be considered the random
14	selection process. The department shall continue the random selection process until
15	each seat is filled according to the time line established by the department.
16	(5) Remit scholarship payments to participating schools on behalf of a
17	scholarship recipient.
18	(6) Receive independent financial audits from participating nonpublic
19	schools as required by this Chapter R.S. 17:4022(4).
20	(7) In the event that there are more scholarship recipients applying for
21	enrollment in a participating school than there are available seats, ensure that the
22	school shall select scholarship recipients for admission utilizing a random selection
23	process that provides each scholarship recipient with an equal opportunity for
24	selection. The department shall establish a time line that coordinates a random
25	selection process at all participating schools and shall ensure that each participating
26	school adopts procedures for conducting such random selection process and notifies
27	the parents or legal guardians of scholarship recipients of the procedures to be
28	followed should a random selection process be required.

(iii) Participating students transferring from an ineligible school pursuant to

(8) For students enrolled in the program, annually verify the eligibility status
of each student and notify his parent or other legal guardian of his status by not later
than April thirtieth or a date determined by the department that would provide
students who are no longer eligible for a scholarship sufficient time to apply to
another school within the covered district.
(9) Provide (7) Annually publish each scholarship recipient and their parent
or legal guardian with a list of the following information for all schools participating
in the program:
(a) The most recent aggregate average proficiency rates on state assessments
for scholarship recipients enrolled at each participating school.
(b) A list of all public schools with a letter grade of "C", "D", or "F", or any
variation thereof.
(c) The rate at which scholarship recipients finish the highest grade level
offered at a participating school, by entering cohort.
(d) The retention rate for scholarship recipients.
(f) The percentage of parents or legal guardians of scholarship recipients
who are satisfied with the participating school.
(10) (8)(a) Place any participating school that fails to comply with the audit
provisions pursuant to R.S. 17:4022(4) on probation for a period of one year during
which such school shall not be permitted to enroll additional scholarship recipients.
(b) If such school has not come into is not in full compliance by the end of
the one-year probationary period, the school shall be ineligible to participate in the
program until such time as the department has determined that the school is in full
compliance.
(c) The department shall assist any scholarship recipient attending a school
that is no longer eligible ineligible to participate in the program to transfer in
transferring to another participating school, provided such school has sufficient
capacity at the appropriate grade level.

§4016. Scholarship amounts; funding

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

A. The state board shall allocate annually from the Minimum Foundation Program an The amount per pupil to each participating school equal to the amount allocated per pupil to the local school system in which the scholarship recipient resides. This amount shall be counted toward the equitable allocation of funds appropriated to parish and city school systems as provided in Article VIII, Section 13(B) of the Constitution of Louisiana. of the scholarship provided on behalf of a scholarship recipient shall be an amount equivalent to ninety percent of the per pupil amount the covered district receives from combined state and local sources or For a participating school that charges tuition, if the maximum amount of tuition plus incidental or supplementary fees that are charged to non-scholarship students enrolled in such school and any costs incurred in administering the tests required pursuant to R.S. 17:4023 is less than the amount allocated per pupil to the local school system in which the student resides, whichever is less. any remaining funds shall be returned to the state or to the local school system in which the scholarship recipient attended or otherwise would be attending public school for that year according to the pro rata share for the per pupil amount each year as determined by the Minimum Foundation Program for the local school system in which the scholarship recipient attended or otherwise would be attending public school for that year.

B. The amount of the scholarship provided on behalf of a scholarship recipient that enrolls in a participating school that does not charge tuition shall be an amount equivalent to ninety percent of the per pupil amount the covered district receives from combined state and local sources or the participating school's actual cost of educating a student plus any costs incurred in administering the tests required pursuant to R.S. 17:4023, whichever is less.

C: B.(1) For If a scholarship recipient who is enrolled in a participating nonpublic school would have been entitled to receive special education services there shall be added to the amount of the scholarship an amount equivalent to special

cauc	ation funding provided to a covered district for such a student from redefar
sourc	ces. A participating public school receiving a scholarship payment for a
scho	larship recipient pursuant to this Chapter shall not receive any funds through the
Mini	mum Foundation Program for such student. in the public school he would
<u>other</u>	rwise be attending, his parent or legal guardian shall indicate in writing, as part
of the	e enrollment process, one of the following:
	(a) That the scholarship recipient's parent or legal guardian revokes consent
for t	he participating student to receive such services from either the nonpublic
parti	cipating school or the local school system in which the scholarship recipient
<u>other</u>	rwise would be attending.
	(b) That the scholarship recipient will receive such services from the
parti	cipating nonpublic school if the school chooses to offer such services. In such
case,	the nonpublic school may charge a higher tuition for students receiving such
<u>servi</u>	ces, the state board shall allocate annually from the Minimum Foundation
<u>Prog</u>	ram an amount per pupil to each participating nonpublic school equal to a
<u>speci</u>	ial education tuition amount based on the cost of providing special education
<u>servi</u>	ces identified for that student to the participating nonpublic school. This
<u>amoı</u>	unt shall be in addition to the participating nonpublic school's maximum
scho]	larship payment as described in Subsection A of this Section but the total of the
payn	nent and the special education tuition shall not exceed the amount allocated for
that s	student to the local school system if the student otherwise would be attending
<u>publi</u>	ic school.
	(2) To offer special education services pursuant to Subparagraph (1)(b) of
this !	Subsection, a participating nonpublic school shall meet all of the following
<u>crite</u> 1	ria:
	(a) Has existed and provided educational services to students with
<u>exce</u>	ptionalities as defined in R.S. 17:1942, excluding students deemed to be gifted
or ta	lented, for at least two years prior to participation in the program and such
prov [°]	ision of services shall be pursuant to an established program in place at the

2	special education or other appropriate education or training as defined by the
3	department and that is in accordance with a student's Individual Education Plan.
4	(b) In accordance with time lines as determined by the department, inform
5	the department of the types of student exceptionalities as defined in R.S. 17:1942(B)
6	that the school is willing to serve.
7	D. C. Funding for scholarships awarded to parents or other legal guardians
8	of eligible students pursuant to this Chapter shall be provided by an appropriation
9	from the legislature from the state general fund. Each scholarship recipient is a
10	member of the local school system in which he attended or otherwise would be
11	attending public school for that school year. Prior to the program enrollment process
12	and in accordance with a time line specified by the department for this purpose,
13	students entering kindergarten shall enroll in the membership of the local school
14	system in which they otherwise would be attending public school for that school
15	year. Each local school system shall conduct its annual kindergarten enrollment
16	process in accordance with the department's time line and shall report such
17	enrollment to the department prior to the program enrollment process.
18	E. The total amount of state funds expended to implement the provisions of
19	this Chapter for Fiscal Year 2008-2009 shall not exceed ten million dollars.
20	§4017. Payment of scholarships
21	A. The Department of Education <u>department</u> shall remit <u>transfer</u> scholarship
22	payments directly to each participating school on behalf of the parent or other legal
23	guardian of a scholarship recipient. The parent or other legal guardian shall assign
24	the full value of the scholarship to the participating school responsible city or parish
25	school district.
26	B. The amount to be paid for a scholarship shall be divided into four equal
27	payments to be made to each participating school in September, November,
28	December, February, and May of each school year. Payments shall be based on per
29	pupil count dates as determined by the department. No refunds shall be made to the

school that includes instruction by teachers holding appropriate certification in

1	department or to the parent or other legal guardian if the scholarship recipient
2	withdraws from the program or is otherwise not enrolled prior to the next count date.
3	The school in which the scholarship recipient is enrolled on the next count date shall
4	receive the next payment.
5	§4018. Student eligibility
6	A. For the 2008-2009 academic year, students shall be eligible to receive
7	their initial scholarships when entering kindergarten or when entering the first,
8	second, or third grade if they attended public school in the covered district during the
9	previous school year. Students in grades four through twelve shall be eligible for
10	scholarships as additional grade levels are added to the program.
11	B. Scholarship recipients shall remain eligible to receive scholarships in each
12	succeeding year that they remain enrolled in a participating school through grade
13	twelve. As the 2008-2009 cohort of scholarship recipients advances in grade level,
14	one additional grade level of eligibility shall be added to the program, beginning in
15	2009-2010. Student eligibility continues Eligibility shall continue if a student
16	recipient transfers from one participating school to another participating school.
17	§4019. District eligibility
18	A covered district that is eligible for inclusion in the program on June 25,
19	2008, shall be considered a covered district for the duration of the program.
20	§4020. School participation; application
21	A. Participation in this program by a school is voluntary, and <u>nothing in</u> this
22	Chapter shall not be construed to authorize any additional regulation of participating
23	schools beyond that specifically authorized by this Chapter.
24	B. Any school that wishes to participate in the program and enroll
25	scholarship recipients annually shall notify the department of its intent to participate
26	in the program by February first of the previous school year; except that for the
27	2008-2009 2012-2013 school year, a school that seeks to participate in the program
28	shall notify the department of its intent to participate not later than July 30, 2008.

June 30, 2012. The notice shall specify the number of seats the school will have

1	available for scholarship recipients at each grade level and the maximum amount of
2	tuition attributable to each available seat, as applicable.
3	§4021. School eligibility
4	A. To be eligible to participate in the program, a nonpublic school shall meet
5	all of the following criteria:
6	(1) Be approved, provisionally approved, or probationally approved by the
7	State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education pursuant to R.S. 17:11.
8	(2) Comply with the criteria set forth in Brumfield, et al. v. Dodd, et al. 425
9	F. Supp. 528.
10	(3)(a) Enrollment of scholarship recipients in a participating school that has
11	been in operation approved, provisionally approved, or probationally approved for
12	less than two years shall not exceed twenty percent of such school's total student
13	enrollment.
14	(b) The department may grant a waiver of this requirement to a participating
15	school if the governing authority of such school demonstrates a proven record of
16	successful operation of other schools.
17	B. To be eligible to participate in the program, a public school shall be
18	determined to be academically acceptable have received a letter grade of "A" or "B",
19	or any variation thereof, for the most recent school year pursuant to the Louisiana
20	School and District Accountability Program school and district accountability
21	<u>system</u> .
22	C. Scholarship recipients enrolled in a participating school that fails to meet
23	the eligibility criteria established in this Section may transfer to another participating
24	school for the succeeding school year without loss of eligibility, and such students
25	recipients shall be given preference for enrollment at other participating schools.

§4022. Participating schools; requirements

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

Each participating school shall:

(1) Within sixty days after the scholarship program admissions period as scheduled by the department, notify the applicant in writing whether the applicant has been accepted.

(2) Use an open admissions process in enrolling scholarship recipients in the program and shall not require any additional eligibility criteria other than those specified in R.S. 17:4013(3)(2). In the event that there are more scholarship recipients applying for enrollment in a participating school than there are available seats, select scholarship recipients for admission utilizing a random selection process that provides each scholarship recipient with equal opportunity for selection. However, a participating school may give preference to siblings of a student who is already enrolled in the participating school. For the purposes of such random selection process, twins, triplets, quadruplets, and other such multiple births shall constitute one individual. Participating schools shall notify the department of any scholarship recipient not selected by random selection so that the department may notify those students of other participating schools with an available seat. In the event that the student not selected does not wish to enroll in another participating school, the school shall add the student to a waiting list so that he may be enrolled when a seat becomes available. Students may remain on more than one participating school's waiting list; however, upon enrolling in a participating school, their names shall be removed from waiting lists maintained by other participating schools.

(3) Notify (2) Within ten business days of the first day of school as determined by the participating school, notify the department of scholarship recipients enrolled.

(4) (3) Submit to the department an independent financial audit of the school conducted by a certified public accountant who has been approved by the legislative auditor. Such audit shall be accompanied by the auditor's statement that the report is free of material misstatements and fairly presents the participating school's

maximum tuition or actual cost of educating a student pursuant to R.S. 17:4016. The audit shall be limited in scope to those records necessary for the department to make scholarship payments to the participating school and shall be submitted to the legislative auditor for review and investigation of any irregularities or audit findings. The participating school shall return to the state any funds that the legislative auditor determines were expended in a manner inconsistent with state law or program regulations. The cost of such audit shall be paid by the department from funds appropriated by the legislature to implement the provisions of this Chapter.

(5) (4) Accept the scholarship amounts provided to scholarship recipients as full payment of all educational costs, including incidental or supplementary fees; that are charged to all enrolled students; including but not limited to meals, field trips, and before- or after-school care.

(6) (5) Upon enrolling scholarship recipients pursuant to this Chapter, allow such students Allow scholarship recipients to remain enrolled in the school for the duration of the school year at no additional cost to the state or the recipients' parents or legal guardians if the school voluntarily withdraws from the program provided that continued funding is appropriated by the legislature for the program. However, students a scholarship recipient may be expelled from the school according to the school's discipline policy or disqualified from enrollment in subsequent years if the student is no longer eligible for the program as determined by the department. In the event and shall report such dismissal to the department within two business days of such dismissal. If funding is not available to continue the program, the participating school shall allow a scholarship recipient to remain enrolled in such school, provided such student recipient meets the school's requirements for continued enrollment and the student's his parent or legal guardian assumes responsibility for paying the tuition and fees charged to all students enrolled in the school.

(7) (6) Prior to enrollment, inform the parent or other legal guardian of a scholarship recipient of any and all rules, policies, and procedures of such school, including but not limited to academic policies, disciplinary rules, and procedures of

1	the school. Enrollment of a scholarship recipient in a participating school constitutes
2	acceptance of any such rules, policies, and procedures of such school.
3	§4023. Testing
4	A participating nonpublic school shall ensure that scholarship recipients are
5	administered all examinations required pursuant to the Louisiana School and District
6	Accountability System school and district accountability system at the prescribed
7	grade levels including the Louisiana Educational Assessment Program, the integrated
8	Louisiana Educational Assessment Program (iLEAP), and graduation exit
9	examinations and that the results of such examinations are provided to parents or
10	legal guardians.
11	§4024. Reports
12	The Department of Education department annually shall report to the Senate
13	Committee on Education, the House Committee on Education, and the Joint
14	Legislative Committee on the Budget regarding the implementation of the program,
15	including the number of eligible students receiving scholarships, a list of
16	participating schools and the number of scholarship recipients each such school
17	enrolled, and aggregate test result data for the scholarship recipients enrolled in each
18	participating school.
19	§4025. Rules
20	The State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education shall adopt and
21	promulgate rules and regulations in accordance with the Administrative Procedure
22	Act to implement the provisions of this Chapter.
23	Section 2. R.S. 17:3991(B)(9) and 3996(A)(16) and (B)(4) are hereby repealed in
24	their entirety.

DIGEST

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

Carter HB No. 976

Abstract: Provides relative to school choice including the Student Scholarships for Educational Excellence Program; parent petitions for certain schools to be transferred to the RSD; and charter school authorizers, the chartering process, and course providers.

<u>Present law</u> provides generally for charter schools, which are public schools that operate somewhat independently of the local school board but pursuant to a charter agreement. Generally, a nonprofit organization that wishes to run a charter school, the "charter operator", applies to the local school board or to the State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education (BESE), the "chartering authority", for permission to operate a school. If the application is approved, the chartering authority enters an agreement with the charter operator, and the agreement specifies the goals and objectives and terms and conditions applicable to the particular school.

<u>Proposed law</u> amends the chartering process (see Chartering Process in this digest); provides for a new type of chartering authority (see Local Charter Authorizers in this digest); and provides for the chartering of providers of individual courses other than schools (see Course Providers in this digest).

Chartering Process

<u>Proposed law</u> requires that BESE approve a common charter application, developed by the Dept. of Education for use by all chartering authorities including school boards and BESE pursuant to <u>present law</u> and local charter authorizers pursuant to <u>proposed law</u>.

<u>Proposed law</u> requires that BESE recruit charter operators that offer programs that address regional workforce needs; such programs may include vocational and technical education and industry-based certifications.

<u>Present law</u> provides for the duties of local school boards in chartering schools. <u>Proposed law</u> amends <u>present law</u> as follows:

- (1) Present law requires the school board to determine whether a proposed charter is valid, complete, financially well-structured, and educationally sound, whether it provides for a master plan for improving behavior and discipline in accordance with present law, whether it provides a plan for collecting data in accordance with present law, and whether it offers potential for fulfilling the purposes of the charter school law. Requires a transparent application review process that complies with standards established by the National Association of Charter School Authorizers. Requires that school boards post specified information regarding charter applications on their websites. Proposed law retains present law.
- (2) <u>Present law</u> requires an independent evaluation of the charter proposal by a third party with educational, organizational, legal, and financial expertise. <u>Present law</u> requires that prior to final consideration by the school board, the charter operator be afforded an opportunity to revise and resubmit an application in response to the independent evaluation. <u>Proposed law</u> removes requirement for opportunity to revise and resubmit and provides instead for opportunity to submit a written response and

that such a response shall be available to the independent reviewer before it makes its final recommendation.

- (3) Present law authorizes school boards to accept charter applications until Feb. 28 each year and requires school boards to act upon charter applications within 90 days after submission and in the order of submission. Proposed law requires instead that school boards act within time lines established by BESE that are consistent with national best practices. Provides that the BESE time lines shall provide for an annual charter application process and afford school boards at least 90 days to evaluate applications. Proposed law further requires that each school board use the common charter application developed by the department and approved by BESE, but authorizes the school board to request additional information.
- (4) Present law provides that if an applicant has not received a decision from the school board after 90 days, the charter operator may apply to BESE for a charter. Proposed law removes this provision and provides instead that if a local board fails to comply with present law and proposed law regarding application for charters, the charter applicant may submit its proposal to BESE. Requires BESE to determine whether the local board failed to comply with present law and proposed law, and if it so determines, it may review the charter proposal.

Relative to the evaluation of charter proposals by BESE, <u>proposed law</u> requires that BESE create a process for authorizing multiple charter schools for charter operators that have a demonstrated record of success including operators that do not operate any schools in La. An operator that meets qualifications established by BESE may enter agreements with BESE to operate more than one charter school under a single agreement.

<u>Present law</u> provides that a charter may be approved subject to other conditions if the parties agree. <u>Proposed law</u> additionally provides that if the local board or local charter authorizer seeks to amend the charter agreement in a manner that is unacceptable to the charter school or if the charter school finds requested terms for charter renewal to be unacceptable, the charter school may apply to BESE for a charter. Requires BESE to notify the local board or local charter authorizer of the request and permit the local board to respond prior to any action.

<u>Present law</u> provides if a school system is academically in crisis, a charter application that would otherwise be made to the local school board may be made to BESE. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and provides that if the local school system has received a "D" or an "F" under the school and district accountability system, the charter operator may apply directly to BESE.

Relative to admission requirements for proposed charters, <u>present law</u> requires that such charters contain or provide for a system for admission decisions that prohibits exclusion of students based on race, religion, special education needs, and other specified factors. Permits admission requirements related to a school's mission such as auditions for performing arts schools and academic achievement for college preparatory schools. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> except deletes <u>present law</u> allowance for inclusion of academic achievement for college preparatory schools and provides instead that schools chartered prior to July 1, 2012, with certain academic achievement as part of the admission requirements may continue to use such requirements. <u>Proposed law</u> further adds an allowance for proficiency in a foreign language for schools with a language immersion mission.

<u>Present law</u> requires that all charter schools except those in the Recovery School District employ teachers certified by the state board or the French Ministry of Education for at least 75% of the instructional staff. Provides that the remaining staff shall meet one of the following requirements:

- (1) Be authorized under law or BESE regulation to teach temporarily while seeking a regular teaching certificate.
- (2) Have at least a bachelor's degree or at least 10 years of experience related to the teaching position, demonstrate exemplary skills in his field of expertise, and be providing instruction under the supervision of a certified teacher.

With respect to charter schools in the Recovery School District, <u>present law</u> requires each school:

- (1) Beginning no later than the second school year of operation, have not less than the percentage of BESE-certified teachers than was the case in the school prior to its transfer to the Recovery School District.
- (2) Beginning no later than the third school year of operation, have a BESE-certified teacher teaching every core subject.
- Other instructional staff shall meet the same requirements that other types of charter schools are required to meet.

<u>Proposed law</u> removes these requirements and requires that all instructional staff at a charter school have at least a baccalaureate degree.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that approved charters are valid for an initial period of five years. <u>Proposed law</u> provides that the initial period is four years but the initial period may be extended for an additional year. <u>Present law</u> provides that after the initial period, a charter may be renewed for periods of not less than three nor more than 10 years. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>. <u>Present law</u> provides that the process for renewing a charter shall be the same as for initial charter approval, with a written report being provided annually to the chartering authority regarding the school's academic progress that year. <u>Proposed law</u> removes <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> requires that each charter school provide a comprehensive report to its chartering authority after three years of operation. If the school is achieving its goals, the charter is extended for an additional two years. <u>Proposed law</u> requires instead that the chartering authority review each charter school after three years; if the school is meeting its goals, the initial charter period may be extended to include the fifth year; if not, the charter expires at the end of the fourth year.

<u>Present law</u> provides that a charter is automatically renewed if the school has met or exceeded for the three preceding years the benchmarks established for it in accordance with <u>present law</u>, has demonstrated growth in student academic achievement for the three preceding schools years, and has had no significant audit findings during the term of the charter agreement. <u>Proposed law</u> provides that the operator of a charter school that qualifies for automatic renewal and has received a letter grade of "A" or "B" or any variation thereof is eligible to open and operate two additional schools that serve the same grade levels and the same enrollment boundaries without formal application. Requires that the charter operator notify the chartering authority of its intent to open additional charter schools at least 120 calendar days prior to enrolling students and enter a charter agreement at least 90 calendar days prior to enrolling students.

<u>Present law</u> requires BESE to review information regarding the laws, regulations, and policies from which charter schools are exempt to determine if the exemptions assisted or impeded the charter schools in meeting their stated goals and objectives. Further requires BESE to report to the governor and to the legislative education committees, no later than Jan. 1, 2001, on its findings. Requires that the report include statistical analysis of performance. <u>Proposed law</u> repeals <u>present law</u>.

Local Charter Authorizers

<u>Proposed law</u> requires that BESE establish procedures for certifying other entities, other than BESE itself and local school boards, as "local charter authorizers". State agencies and nonprofit corporations with an educational mission may be certified as local charter authorizers. An entity which has been certified by BESE as a local charter authorizer may accept, evaluate, and approve applications for charter schools from charter operators.

With respect to the local charter authorizers, proposed law provides that BESE:

- (1) Shall not certify a nonprofit corporation as a charter authorizer unless it has been in existence for at least three years and it has not less than \$500,000 in assets.
- (2) Shall not certify a charter operator as a local charter authorizer.
- (3) Shall not certify more than five local charter authorizers to operate in any Regional Labor Market Area, as defined by the La. Workforce Commission, at any given time.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides for monitoring and standards for local charter authorizers and the schools they charter by BESE.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that the initial certification of a local charter authorizer shall be for a period of five years. Certification may be renewed for periods of not less and three and not more than 10 years. <u>Proposed law</u> requires BESE to conduct a thorough review of schools chartered by the local charter authorizer every three years, renewal of certification and continuing authority to authorize charter schools are dependent on the grades received by the schools chartered by the authorizer. If a local charter authorizer loses its certification, its schools are transferred to BESE or the Recovery School District as charter schools.

<u>Proposed law</u> authorizes BESE to rescind a charter issued by a local charter authorizer if BESE finds that the local charter authorizer failed to comply with procedures and requirements in approving the charter.

<u>Proposed law</u> generally provides that a local charter authorizer is subject to the same requirements regarding the process for charter applications and evaluations as <u>present law</u> and <u>proposed law</u> provides for local school boards (see discussion of duties of local school boards in chartering schools under Chartering Process in this digest).

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that local charter authorizers may charter new schools or existing schools which convert to charter schools; any such school is referred to as a Type 1B charter school. Provides that pupils who reside within the state are eligible to attend as provided in the charter.

<u>Present law</u> provides that a state chartered school is a local education agency for purposes of special education funding and that the local school board is the local education agency for charter schools it has authorized. <u>Proposed law</u> provides that a school authorized by a local charter authorizer is a local education agency.

<u>Present law</u> provides that assets acquired by a charter school (except Type 4) are the property of that school for the duration of that school's charter agreement. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and makes it applicable to charter schools authorized by local charter authorizers. <u>Proposed law</u> requires that assets that become the property of a local charter authorizer be used solely for purposes of operating charter schools.

<u>Present law</u> requires that charter schools adopt budgets in accordance with the La. Local Government Budget Act. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and makes it applicable to charter schools authorized by local charter authorizers. Requires that such schools submit their budgets to their local charter authorizer.

<u>Present law</u> establishes the La. Charter School Start-Up Loan Fund to provide no-interest loans to assist charter schools get started. <u>Proposed law</u> provides that schools authorized by local charter authorizers are eligible for loans from the fund.

Course Providers

<u>Proposed law</u> (R.S. 17:4002.1-4002.6) provides for the Course Choice Program. Requires the State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education (BESE) to create a process for authorizing course providers including online or virtual providers, postsecondary education institutions, and corporations that offer vocational or technical courses. Provides that the process shall include certain required information to be provided by proposed authorizers, including the administration of state assessments, the parishes or school systems where the provider will operate, the proposed courses offered, and the alignment of the courses with any approved La. diploma. Provides for an initial authorization period of three years and provides for reauthorization for additional periods of three to five years.

Requires BESE to adopt rules for implementation of <u>proposed law</u>. Provides for monitoring and evaluation of course providers by BESE. Further requires BESE to create a common course numbering process and course catalogue for all courses and a reciprocal teacher certification process for certain teachers residing in other states who are employed by course providers. Requires local school systems to establish policies and procedures for counting credits earned by and administering state tests to eligible students and for all services to be provided to eligible students, including those with Individual Education Plans.

Specifies that course providers shall receive a per course amount for each eligible funded student which shall be 1/6 of 90% of the annual Minimum Foundation Program (MFP) per pupil amount. Requires any remaining funds (with certain exceptions) to be returned to the state or the local school system according to the pro rata share for the annual MFP per pupil amount for the school system in which the student resides. Further requires 10% of the per pupil amount according to such pro rata share to remain with the local school system in which the student is enrolled full time to be used to finance any administrative or operational costs to support students enrolled in courses offered by course providers as determined by BESE. For eligible students who receive scholarships pursuant to present law and proposed law (R.S. 17:4011-4025), requires that the course provider shall receive payment only for the courses in which the student is enrolled pursuant to proposed law and the remaining funds for each student, up to the maximum amount as determined by the MFP, stay with the participating school in which the student is enrolled.

Allows course providers to charge tuition to eligible participating students in an amount determined by the provider. Provides that 51% of the tuition to be paid or transferred through the MFP to the course provider shall be done so upon student enrollment in a course, and 51% shall be paid or transferred upon course completion. Provides that under specified circumstances, the course provider shall receive 40% of the course amount if the student fails to complete the course in the time required by the provider.

Defines eligible students as those enrolled in certain public schools, home study programs, and nonpublic schools. Provides that certain test scores of eligible students shall be counted in the school performance score for the school where the student is enrolled full time. Requires the state Dept. of Education to publish such test scores on its website.

Student Scholarships for Educational Excellence Program

<u>Present law</u> provides for the Student Scholarships for Educational Excellence Program for eligible K-six students. Provides that eligible students shall be those in Orleans Parish from families with a total income not exceeding 250% of the current federal poverty guidelines. Provides for scholarships to be awarded to eligible students to attend public and nonpublic schools in Orleans Parish that volunteer to participate in the program and meet certain eligibility requirements including that public schools be academically acceptable. Limits

enrollment of scholarship recipients at a nonpublic school that has been in operation for less than two years to 20% of total enrollment but permits waivers of this limitation by the state Dept. of Education.

Provides for a random selection process coordinated by the department and conducted by participating schools when there are more program applicants than seats available. Permits participating schools to give enrollment preferences to siblings of students already enrolled in the participating school. Permits scholarship recipients to remain eligible to receive scholarships in each succeeding year that they remain enrolled in a participating school through grade 12 unless determined ineligible by the department. Requires notice from schools seeking to participate. Requires participating nonpublic schools to ensure that scholarship recipients are administered all examinations required pursuant to the state's school and district accountability program.

Provides for scholarship amounts equivalent to 90% of the per pupil amount for Orleans Parish school system from combined state and local sources (or the amount of tuition and fees for participating nonpublic schools) and provides for an added amount for special education services. Prohibits participating public schools from receiving any MFP funds for scholarship recipients. Specifies that funding shall be provided by legislative appropriation from the state general fund. Requires the department to remit scholarship payments to participating schools on behalf of the parents/legal guardians who shall assign the full value of the scholarship to the participating school.

Provides for administration of the program by the state Dept. of Education in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education (BESE). Requires the department annually to report to the House and Senate education committees and the Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget on the implementation of the program including specified information.

Proposed law changes the program as follows:

- (1) Eligible students shall be those residing in La. (instead of Orleans Parish only) from families with a total income not exceeding 250% of the current federal poverty guidelines who are entering kindergarten, were enrolled in a La. public school on Feb. 1 of the previous year that had a letter grade of C, D, or F or any variation thereof, or received a scholarship the previous school year. Specifies that those students entering kindergarten shall have enrolled in the local school system where the public school they otherwise would have attended is located or in an RSD school.
- (2) Eligible participating schools shall be those throughout La. (instead of in Orleans Parish only) that meet program requirements. Adds that public school participation shall be subject to any applicable court-ordered desegregation plans.
- (3) Provides that the state Dept. of Education shall conduct the random selection process until each seat is filled. Authorizes the department to give enrollment preferences to siblings and to students enrolled in the Nonpublic School Early Childhood Development Program at the participating school, students transferring from an ineligible school, and students residing in parishes as may be specified by eligible participating schools. Permits a unified enrollment system administered by the Recovery School District to be the random selection process.
- (4) Requires the principal of an eligible public school to submit the notice of intent for program participation with the local superintendent's approval and further requires the local school board to delegate the authority to participate in the program to the local superintendent. Requires that the notice include the number of seats available per grade and whether the school will offer enrollment preferences to students based on the parishes where they reside.

- (5) Changes/updates notification deadlines for participating schools.
- (6) Requires that applications from parents/legal guardians shall indicate their choices of participating schools and requires that scholarship recipients be placed according to the indicated preferences.
- (7) Deletes requirements that the department annually verify student eligibility status.
- (8) Relative to nonpublic schools accepting scholarship students as more than 20% of total enrollment, requires that the school has to have been approved, provisionally approved, or probationally approved for more than two years instead of in operation for such time and removes authority for the department to waive this requirement.
- (9) Deletes eligibility requirement that a public school be academically acceptable and instead requires that the school have a letter grade of A or B or any variation thereof, for the most recent school year.
- (10) Deletes that a scholarship recipient already participating in the program may be determined ineligible and disqualified from participating in the program in subsequent years.
- (11) Specifies that if a scholarship recipient remains enrolled in a school after the school withdraws from the program, it shall be at no cost to the state or the parents.
- (12) Excludes scholarship recipients attending participating nonpublic schools from present law that requires local school boards to provide free transportation to students who reside more than one mile from school.
- (13) Requires the department annually to publish certain student test result data, a list of public schools with certain letter grades, cohort graduation rates, retention rates, and parental satisfaction rates for participating schools as applicable. Requires participating schools to inform parents of certain test result data compiled and received from the department.
- (14) Deletes requirement that the scholarship amount for participating schools be 90% of the per pupil amount or applicable tuition costs and instead requires BESE annually to allocate from the MFP to each participating school, an amount equal to the amount allocated per pupil to the local school system in which the participating student resides. Provides that such amount shall be counted toward the equitable allocation of funds appropriated to local school systems as provided in present constitution (Art. 8, §13). For participating schools that charge tuition, provides that under certain circumstances, any remaining funds shall be returned to the state or to the local public school system according to the pro rata share for the annual per pupil amount as determined by the MFP.
- (15) Requires transfers of scholarship payments to be made by the department to participating schools on behalf of the responsible local school districts.
- (16) Provides that scholarship recipients shall be considered public school students for MFP funding purposes.
- (17) For program funding purposes, requires students entering kindergarten to enroll in their local public school system or in an RSD school and requires school systems and the RSD to conduct and report their annual kindergarten enrollment in accordance with a time line specified by the department prior to the program enrollment process.
- (18) Deletes the requirement that federal special education funding be added for special education students receiving scholarships, the prohibition on participating schools

receiving any MFP funds for scholarship recipients, and the requirement that funding be provided by legislative appropriation from the state general fund.

- (19) Provides that parents of scholarship recipients in participating nonpublic schools who are entitled to special education services shall indicate how or if the student will receive such services. Allows participating nonpublic schools to charge higher tuition for special education students.
- (20) Requires BESE annually to allocate from the MFP to each participating school a per pupil amount equal to a special education tuition amount which is in addition to the nonpublic school's maximum scholarship payment. Prohibits the total of the payment and the special education tuition from exceeding the amount allocated for that student to the local school system.
- (21) Requires that in order to provide special education services, a participating nonpublic school shall meet certain criteria including having had provided special education services for at least two years under specified conditions.

Parent Petitions for Transferring Schools to the RSD

<u>Proposed law</u> (R.S. 17:10.5(F)) provides for a public school to be transferred to the Recovery School District (RSD) if such transfer is approved by BESE and both of the following conditions are met:

- (1) Parents or legal guardians representing at least 51% of the students attending the school sign a petition requesting the transfer.
- (2) The school has received a letter grade of "F" or any variation thereof, for three consecutive years.

Requires BESE to adopt rules and regulations for implementation of the petition process including a petition format and submission process, signature validation procedures, and student transfer procedures. Requires the state Dept. of Education to maintain records regarding petition contents and outcomes. Provides that parents/legal guardians shall be free from harassment, threats, and intimidation related to the circulation or signing of petitions. Prohibits the use of school and district resources to support or oppose any effort by petitioning parents/legal guardians to gather signatures or sign petitions.

Provides that <u>proposed law</u> shall be in addition to <u>present law</u> (R.S. 17:10.5(A)) process for transferring certain schools to the RSD.

(Amends R.S. 17:158(A)(1), 3973(3)-(6), 3981(4), 3982(A)(1)(a) and (2) and (B), 3983(A)(2)(a)(i), (3)(a), and (4)(a), (b), and (d), (B)(2), and (D), 3991(B)(3) and (13), (C)(1)(c)(iv) and (6), (D)(2)(a)(i), and (H), 3992(A)(1), 3995(A)(1)(intro. para.) and (c) and (4)(a), 3996(C) and (G), 3998, 4001(A) and (C)(1) and (2), and 4011-4025; Adds 17:10.5(F), 3973(2)(b)(vi) and (7), 3981(7) and (8), 3981.1, 3981.2, 3982(A)(3), 3983(A)(2)(a)(iii) and (d) and (3)(d) and (E)(3), 3992(D), and 4002.1-4002.6; Repeals R.S. 17:3991(B)(9) and 3996(A)(16) and (B)(4))

Summary of Amendments Adopted by House

Committee Amendments Proposed by <u>House Committee on Education</u> to the <u>original</u> bill.

1. Deletes <u>present law</u> allowing proposed charters to include academic achievement for college preparatory schools as admission requirements and provides instead that schools chartered prior to July 1, 2012, with certain academic achievement as part of the admission requirements may continue to use such requirements.

ENGROSSED HB NO. 976

- 2. Permits that admission requirements of proposed charters may include proficiency in a foreign language for schools with a language immersion mission.
- 3. Makes <u>present law</u> requirement that assets acquired by a charter school (except Type 4) remain the property of that school for the duration of that school's charter agreement applicable to charter schools authorized by local charter authorizers.
- 4. Adds that assets that become the property of a local charter authorizer shall be used solely for purposes of operating charter schools.
- 5. Requires that in addition to qualifying for automatic renewal to be eligible to open and operate two additional schools without formal application, a charter school operator also shall have received a letter grade of "A" or "B" or any variation thereof.
- 6. Relative to course providers, removes home study students from the definition of "eligible funded student" and instead includes such students in the definition of "eligible participating student".
- 7. Relative to funding for eligible participating students (in the Course Choice Program) who receive scholarships pursuant to the scholarship program, requires that the course provider shall receive payment only for the courses in which the student is enrolled pursuant to <u>proposed law</u> and the remaining funds for each student, up to the maximum amount as determined by the MFP, stay with the participating school in which the student is enrolled.
- 8. Relative to the Student Scholarships for Education Excellence Program, adds to enrollment requirements for students entering kindergarten that they enroll in their local public school system or in an RSD school and also requires the RSD to conduct and report its annual kindergarten enrollment.
- 9. Adds requirement that the notice of intent from a school seeking to participate in the program include whether the school elects to offer enrollment preferences to students based on the parishes where they reside.
- 10. Adds authorization for the state Dept. of Education to give enrollment preferences to students residing in parishes as may be specified by eligible participating schools in their notices of intent.
- 11. Provides that the state Dept. of Education shall conduct the random selection process until each seat is filled according to the department's established time line instead of prior to the start of the school year.
- 12. Provides that in order to accept scholarship students as more than 20% of total enrollment, a nonpublic school has to have been approved, provisionally approved, or probationally approved for more than two years instead of in operation for such time and deletes <u>present law</u> and <u>proposed law</u> waiver authority and related criterion.