Dixon (HB 303) Act No. 39

<u>Prior law</u> required that certain notices and determinations be transmitted to parties in an unemployment compensation case by certified mail.

<u>New law</u> provides that an employer, his representative, or the claimant may waive the right to receive any notice or determination by certified mail.

<u>New law</u> provides that the waiver shall be in writing and be mailed or submitted electronically to the La. Workforce Commission (LWC).

<u>New law</u> provides that when the right to delivery by certified mail has been waived, the parties may receive notices and determinations by first class mail or by electronic transmission.

<u>New law</u> provides that the notice or determination is deemed delivered when it has been mailed or electronically transmitted.

<u>Existing law</u> provides that within 15 days of receiving notification of a determination that a claimant is disqualified from collecting unemployment benefits, the claimant may file an appeal.

Existing law provides that the claimant may mail or deliver the appeal to the appeal tribunal.

<u>Prior law</u> provided that the appeal tribunal shall mail a "notice to appear for a hearing" to all parties to the appeal at least 10 days prior to the date of hearing.

<u>New law</u> changes the time period allowed for the "notice to appear for a hearing" to be mailed <u>from</u> 10 days <u>to</u> seven days.

<u>New law</u> allows a party to the appeal to expressly waive the seven-day advance notice requirement by written waiver.

New law requires that a copy of the written waiver be included in the record.

<u>New law</u> provides that a waiver of the seven-day advance notice does not extinguish the requirement that a "notice to appear for a hearing" be sent.

Effective August 1, 2013.

(Amends R.S. 23:1629(A); Adds R.S. 23:1599)