The original instrument and the following digest, which constitutes no part of the legislative instrument, were prepared by Alden A. Clement Jr.

## **DIGEST**

Mills (SB 352)

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that a sentencing court may depart from an applicable mandatory minimum sentence or a sentence of imprisonment that is otherwise to be imposed without benefit of parole, probation, or suspension of sentence if the court, based on substantial and compelling reasons in the record, and giving due regard to the nature of the crime, the defendant's history and character, and the defendant's chances of successful rehabilitation, finds both of the following:

- (1) Imposition of the mandatory minimum sentence or the benefit restrictions would result in substantial injustice to the defendant.
- (2) Imposition of the mandatory minimum sentence or the benefit restrictions is not necessary for the protection of the public.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that <u>proposed law</u> does not apply under any of the following circumstances:

- (1) The offense included the use, attempted use, or threatened use of a dangerous weapon by the defendant against another person or resulted in the serious bodily injury of another person.
- (2) The offense involved a sex offense as defined in <u>present law</u> against a person under the age of 18 years.
- (3) The offense is punishable by life imprisonment without parole, probation, or suspension of sentence.

Effective August 1, 2014.

(Adds C.Cr.P. Art. 890.3)