HLS 14RS-521 ORIGINAL

Regular Session, 2014

HOUSE BILL NO. 777

BY REPRESENTATIVE SMITH

STUDENT/DISCIPLINE: Provides relative to student discipline, including suspensions and expulsions, codes of conduct, and bullying

1 AN ACT 2 To amend and reenact R.S. 17:416(A)(1)(c)(iii), (iv), and (v), (2)(a) and (b), and 3 (3)(a)(introductory paragraph), (i), (vii), (xvi), and (xvii) and (C)(1) and 416.13(A), 4 (B), and (D)(2)(b) through (d), and (3)(a), (c)(i), (d)(i), (iii), and (iv), (e), (f)(i) and 5 (v), and (g)(i), (ii), and (iii)(introductory paragraph) and (aa) and to enact R.S. 6 17:416(A)(1)(c)(viii) and (2)(e) and (f), 416.22, and 3996(B)(34), relative to student 7 discipline; to provide relative to students' removal from class, suspension, and 8 expulsion; to provide relative to other disciplinary measures; to provide relative to 9 student codes of conduct; to provide relative to policies and procedures with respect 10 to bullying; to require school boards to post certain information on their websites; 11 and to provide for related matters. 12 Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana: R.S. 17:416(A)(1)(c)(iii), (iv), and (v), (2)(a) and (b), and 13 Section 1. 14 (3)(a)(introductory paragraph), (i), (vii), (xvi), and (xvii) and (C)(1) and 416.13(A), (B), and 15 (D)(2)(b) through (d), and (3)(a), (c)(i), (d)(i), (iii), and (iv), (e), (f)(i) and (v), and (g)(i), (ii), 16 and (iii)(introductory paragraph) and (aa) are hereby amended and reenacted and R.S. 17 17:416(A)(1)(c)(viii) and (2)(e) and (f), 416.22, and 3996(B)(34) are hereby enacted to read 18 as follows: 19 §416. Discipline of students; suspension; expulsion 20 A.(1)21

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CODING: Words in struck through type are deletions from existing law; words <u>underscored</u> are additions.

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(iii) A pupil in kindergarten through grade six five removed from a class pursuant to this Subparagraph shall not be permitted to return to the class for at least thirty minutes unless agreed to by the teacher initiating the disciplinary action. A pupil in grades seven six through twelve removed from a class pursuant to this Subparagraph shall not be permitted to return to the class during the same class period unless agreed to by the teacher initiating the disciplinary action. Additionally, the pupil shall not be readmitted to the class until the principal has implemented one of the following disciplinary measures: A pupil in any grade who is removed from class may be subject to one or more disciplinary measures, which may include but shall not be limited to the following:

- (aa) In-school suspension. Requiring the completion of all assigned school and homework which would have been assigned and completed by the student during the period of discipline. The school shall supply assigned school and homework to the student; however, a teacher shall not be required to take time away from teaching to prepare such assignments.
- (bb) Detention. Restorative approaches or restorative practices using a school-wide approach of informal and formal techniques to build a sense of school community and manage conflict by repairing harm and restoring positive relationships.
- (cc) Suspension. Reflective activities, such as requiring the student to write an essay about the student's misbehavior.
- (dd) Initiation of expulsion hearings. Participation in skills building and resolution activities, such as social-emotional cognitive skills building, resolution circles, and restorative conferencing.
- (ee) Assignment to an alternative school. Loss of privileges.

1	(ff) Requiring the completion of all assigned school and homework which
2	would have been assigned and completed by the student during the period of
3	suspension. Referral to school counselor or school worker.
4	(gg) Any other disciplinary measure authorized by the principal with the
5	concurrence of the teacher or the building level committee pursuant to law and board
6	policy. Referral to outside intervention.
7	(hh) In-school detention or suspension, which may take place during lunch
8	time, after school, or on the weekends.
9	(ii) Out-of-school suspension as deemed appropriate by the principal in
10	consultation with the teacher who initiates the discipline.
11	(jj) The initiation of expulsion hearings; however, this may be used only as
12	a last resort after school officials have exhausted reasonable and appropriate options
13	to keep the pupil in school.
14	(kk) Any other disciplinary measure authorized by the principal with the
15	concurrence of the teacher or the building level committee pursuant to state law and
16	school board policy. To ensure equitability in applying sanctions, measures shall be
17	applied on a graduated basis determined by the nature of the offense, the disciplinary
18	history of the student, and the age and development status of the student.
19	(iv) When a pupil is removed from a classroom pursuant to this
20	Subparagraph, the teacher may require that the parent, tutor, or legal guardian of the
21	pupil have a an in-person, video, or telephone conference with the teacher in the
22	presence of the principal or his designee before the pupil is readmitted. At any such
23	conference, the parent or legal guardian shall provide assurance that he shall take
24	appropriate steps to prevent the pupil's misconduct. If reasonable attempts to contact
25	and have a conference with the parent or legal guardian are unsuccessful, the teacher
26	and principal shall confer and may implement disciplinary measures as provided in
27	Item (iii) of this Subparagraph.
28	(v) Upon the third removal from the same classroom pursuant to this
29	Subparagraph, the teacher and the principal shall discuss the disruptive behavior

patterns of the pupil and the potentially appropriate disciplinary measure before the principal implements a disciplinary measure. If appropriate, a referral of the matter may be made to an appropriate building level committee. In addition, a conference between the teacher or other appropriate school employee and the pupil's parent, tutor, or legal guardian shall be required prior to the pupil being readmitted. If reasonable attempts to contact and have a conference with the parent or legal guardian are unsuccessful, the teacher and principal shall confer and may implement disciplinary measures as provided in Item (iii) of this Subparagraph.

* * *

(viii) The principal shall enforce the right of a teacher to have an orderly classroom and shall give precedence to the rights of other students not to be deprived of instruction because of the actions of a disruptive or uncooperative student. If the principal has not enforced the rights of a teacher to have an orderly classroom, the teacher shall have the option to present a grievance in accordance with the grievance procedures provided in R.S. 17:100.4.

(2) As used in this Section:

- (a)(i) "In-school suspension" means removing a pupil from his normal classroom setting but maintaining him under supervision within the school. Pupils Any pupil participating in an in-school suspension may receive credit for work performed during the in-school suspension. However, any pupil who fails to comply fully with the rules for in-school suspension shall may be subject to immediate suspension.
- (ii) Each city, and parish, and other local public school board shall adopt rules regarding the implementation of in-school suspension by no later than January 1, 1995.
- (b)(i) "Detention" means activities, assignments, any activity, assignment, or work held before the normal school day, after the normal school day, or on weekends.

(ii) Failure or refusal by a pupil to participate in the assigned detention shall

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2	may subject the pupil to immediate suspension.
3	(iii) Assignments, activities, or work which may be assigned during
4	detention include but are shall not be limited to counseling, homework assignments,
5	behavior modification programs, or other activities aimed at improving the self-
6	esteem of the pupil.
7	(iv) Each city, and parish, and other local public school board shall adopt
8	rules regarding the implementation of detention by no later than January 1, 1995.
9	* * *
10	(e) "Restorative approaches" and "restorative practices" are processes used
11	to build, strengthen, and repair relationships. Restorative approaches focus on
12	methods that help people to cooperate, to take responsibility for their behavior, to
13	resolve conflict, and to improve communication. Restorative practices include both
14	preventative, community-building processes and incident-focused responsive
15	interventions.
16	(f) "Major safety concern" means a concern by the school principal that there
17	is a threat to the physical safety of students or school employees based on a student's
18	possession of dangerous weapons at school, on a school bus, or at a school-
19	sponsored event, or on credible threats made by a student to inflict bodily harm.
20	(3)(a) Except in the case of a major safety concern, no student shall be
21	suspended from school unless nonexclusionary discipline alternatives have been
22	carefully considered, tried, and documented to the extent reasonable and feasible.
23	If after this consideration, the principal determines that suspension from school is
24	necessary, A school the principal may suspend from school or suspend from riding
25	on any school bus any student who:
26	(i) Is guilty of willful disobedience. Willful disobedience means the
27	repeated refusal to follow a reasonable request of a teacher, administrator, or other
28	school authority figure on campus, on a school bus, or at a school-sponsored event.
29	* * *

1	(vii) Disturbs the school and habitually violates any rule; however, no pupil
2	except one who is required to wear a military uniform shall be suspended in-school
3	or out-of-school or removed from a classroom for a school uniform-related violation.
4	* * *

(xvi) Is habitually tardy or absent, except that no pupil shall be suspended in-school or out-of-school or removed from the classroom solely for being habitually tardy or absent.

(xvii) Has engaged in bullying, except as provided in R.S. 17:416.13.

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C.(1) Upon the recommendation by a principal for the expulsion of any student as authorized by Subsection B hereof, of this Section, a hearing shall be conducted by the superintendent or by any other person designated so to do to do so by the superintendent to determine the facts of the case and make a finding of whether or not the student is guilty of conduct warranting a recommendation of expulsion. Upon the conclusion of the hearing and upon a finding that the student is guilty of conduct warranting expulsion, the superintendent, or his designee, shall determine whether such the student shall be expelled from the school system or if other corrective or disciplinary action shall be taken. At said the hearing the principal or teacher concerned may be represented by any person appointed by the superintendent. The concerned teacher shall be permitted to attend such the hearing and shall be permitted to present information the teacher believes relevant. Until such hearing takes place the student shall remain suspended from the school. the principal may require that a student be educated off-campus if there is a major safety concern. Every student shall receive such expulsion hearing within ten school days of receiving notification of the recommendation for expulsion. If a hearing is not scheduled and held within ten school days after the incident, the student may be placed in an alternative educational setting until a hearing may be held. At such the

hearing the student and parent or legal guardian may be represented by any person

2 of his their choice.

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§416.13. Student code of conduct; requirement; bullying; prohibition; notice; reporting; accountability

A. Code of Conduct. The legislature finds that every public school student in this state has the right to receive his public education in a public school educational environment that is reasonably free from substantial intimidation, harassment, or harm or threat of harm by another student. The governing authority of each public elementary and secondary school shall adopt a student code of conduct for the students in the schools under its jurisdiction. The code of conduct shall be in compliance with all existing rules, regulations, and policies of the school board and of the State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education and all state laws relative to student discipline and shall include any necessary disciplinary action to be taken against any student who violates the code of conduct when a violation of the code of conduct occurs.

B. Bullying Policy. (1) The governing authority of each public elementary and secondary school shall adopt, and incorporate into the student code of conduct, a policy prohibiting the bullying of a student by another student, which includes the following definitions and the definition of bullying as provided in Subsection C of this Section. This policy must be implemented in a manner that is ongoing throughout the school year and integrated with a school's curriculum, a school's discipline policies, and other violence prevention efforts.

(2) As used in this Section:

- (a) "Detention" shall have the meaning provided in R.S. 17:416(A)(2)(b)(i).
- 26 (b) "In-school suspension" shall have the meaning provided in R.S.
- 27 17:416(A)(2)(a)(i).
 - (c) "Restorative approaches" and "restorative practices" shall have the meanings provided in R.S. 17:416(A)(2)(e).

1 (2) (3) The governing authority of each public elementary and secondary 2 school shall: 3 (a) Conduct a review of the student code of conduct required by this Section 4 and amend the code as may be necessary to assure that the policy prohibiting the bullying of a student by another student specifically addresses the behavior 5 constituting bullying, the effect the behavior has on others, including bystanders, and 6 7 the disciplinary and criminal consequences, and includes the definition of bullying 8 as provided in Subsection C of this Section. 9 (b) Create a program to provide a minimum of four hours of training for new 10 employees who have contact with students and two hours of training each year for 11 all school employees who have contact with students, including bus drivers, with 12 respect to bullying. 13 (i) How to recognize the behaviors defined as bullying in Subsection C of 14 this Section. 15 The legislature finds that in addition to training, staff members require ongoing 16 professional development to build tools and knowledge needed to prevent, identify, 17 and respond to incidents of bullying. Therefore, the governing authority of each 18 public elementary and secondary school shall ensure that staff has ongoing access 19 to professional development opportunities that include information on: 20 (i) The specific dynamics of student and bullying interactions at the school. 21 (ii) Age and developmentally appropriate strategies for identifying, 22 preventing, and responding constructively to incidents of bullying. 23 (iii) Specific populations and locations that may be particularly at risk in the 24 school's environment. Prevention strategies target students who are at risk of being 25 a bully or a bullying target and focus on physical spaces that are at risk of being the 26 site of a bullying incident. All staff shall actively seek out students who are at risk 27 of being targets or bullies to probatively remedy incidents of bullying before they 28 occur.

(iv) Internet safety and cyberbullying issues.

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1	(v) Components and delivery of prevention curriculum.
2	(ii)(vi) How to identify students at each grade level in the employee's school
3	who are most likely to become victims of bullying, while not excluding any student
4	from protection from bullying.
5	(iii)(vii) How to use appropriate intervention and remediation techniques and
6	procedures.
7	(iv)(viii) The procedures by which incidents of bullying are to be reported
8	to school officials.
9	(v)(ix) Information on suicide prevention, including the relationship between
10	suicide risk factors and bullying. This content shall be based on information
11	supported by peer-reviewed research conducted in compliance with accepted
12	scientific methods and recognized as accurate by leading professional organizations
13	and agencies with relevant experience.
14	(c) The governing authority of each public elementary and secondary school
15	shall provide to all personnel whose duties consistently bring them in contact with
16	students training on prevention curriculum, as well as procedures for responding to
17	and reporting an incident of bullying. Staff shall learn to engage with each other and
18	students reflectively to build a school-wide atmosphere of respect. Staff tasked with
19	carrying out investigations into an incident of bullying shall receive additional
20	training on how to carry out these investigations as well as additional training on
21	how to provide immediate support for targets of bullying and witnesses during or
22	after an incident.
23	* * *
24	D. The State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education, in collaboration
25	with the state Department of Education, shall develop and adopt rules and
26	regulations to implement the provisions of this Section relative to the procedures and
27	processes to be used to report and investigate bullying and which shall include but
28	not be limited to:

(2) Reporting.

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(b) Students and parents. Any student who believes that he has been, or is currently, the victim of bullying, or any student, or any parent or legal guardian, who witnesses bullying or has good reason to believe bullying is taking place, may report the situation to a school official. A student, or parent or legal guardian, may also report concerns regarding bullying to a teacher, counselor, other school employee, or to any parent chaperoning or supervising a school function or activity. Any report of bullying shall remain confidential. The governing authority of each public elementary and secondary school shall take every possible measure to ensure the privacy and confidentiality of all parties in an incident. To ensure confidentiality, reports provided to outside entities shall not include identifying information about the parties involved in an incident, and shall report data only in the aggregate.

- (c) School personnel. Any teacher, counselor, bus driver, or other school employee, whether full or part time, and any parent chaperoning or supervising a school function or activity, who witnesses bullying or who learns of bullying from a student pursuant to Subparagraph (b) of this Paragraph, shall report the incident to a school official. A verbal report shall be submitted by the school employee or the parent on the same day as the employee or parent witnessed or otherwise learned of the bullying incident and a written report shall be filed no later than two days twenty-four hours thereafter. School personnel called to attend a hearing, investigation, or meeting that shall lead to discipline of either students or school personnel may be represented at said hearing, investigation, or meeting by any person of their choice.
- (d) Retaliation. Retaliation against <u>or harassment or intimidation of</u> any person who reports bullying in good faith, who is thought to have reported bullying, who files a complaint, or who otherwise participates in an investigation or inquiry concerning allegations of bullying is prohibited conduct and subject to discipline. School and district resources shall not be used to prohibit or dissuade any person

who meets the specifications of this Subparagraph <u>from properly documenting and</u> reporting incidents of bullying.

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- (3) Investigation Procedure. The State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education shall develop and adopt a procedure for the investigation of reports of bullying of a student by another student. The procedure shall include the following:
- (a) Scope of investigation. An investigation shall include an interview of the reporter, the victim, the alleged bully, and any witnesses, and shall include obtaining copies or photographs of any audio-visual evidence. A written record of the investigation shall be kept pursuant to Subparagraph (g) of this Paragraph. Reports of bullying by students, parents, legal guardians, and community members may be made anonymously, but disciplinary action shall not be taken by a governing authority solely on the basis of an anonymous report, though such a report may trigger an investigation that shall provide actionable information.

* * *

(c) Appeal. (i) If the school official does not take timely and effective action pursuant to this Section, which means not later than five school days after the date of the written report of the incident, the student, parent, or school employee may report the bullying incident to the city, parish, or other local school board or local school governing authority. The school board or school governing authority shall begin an investigation of any complaint that is properly reported and that alleges conduct prohibited in this Section the next business day during which school is in session after the report is received by a school board or governing authority official.

* * *

(d) Parental Notification. (i) Upon receiving a report of bullying, the school official shall notify the student's parent or legal guardian according to the definition of notice created by the state Department of Education; however, the principal may exercise discretion as to whether or not a student's parent or legal guardian shall be notified if he determines, upon careful deliberation of the circumstances and

individuals involved, that parental notification may result in the physical or emotional harm of the target of bullying. Prior to notification of any parent, legal guardian, or student regarding any incident of bullying, school officials must consider the issue of notification as they would any other educationally relevant decision, considering the age, health, well-being, safety, and privacy of any students involved in the incident. Once an investigation is concluded, the school shall take further steps as needed to ensure the continued safety of the target.

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- (iii) Before any student under the age of eighteen is interviewed, his parent or legal guardian shall be notified by the school official of the allegations made and shall have the opportunity to attend any interviews with his child conducted as part of the investigation. If, after three attempts in a forty-eight-hour period, the parents or legal guardians of a student cannot be reached or do not respond, the student may be interviewed. There shall be an adult neutral party in the interview if a parent is not present.
- (iv) The State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education, in collaboration with the state Department of Education, shall develop a procedure for meetings with the parent or legal guardian of the victim target and the parent or legal guardian of the alleged perpetrator. This procedure shall include:
- (aa) Separate meetings with the parents or legal guardians of the victim target and the parents or legal guardians of the alleged perpetrator.
- (bb) Notification of parents or legal guardians of the victim target and of the alleged perpetrator of the available potential consequences, penalties, and counseling options.
- (cc) In any case where a teacher, principal, or other school employee is authorized in this Section to require the parent or legal guardian of a student who is under the age of eighteen and not judicially emancipated or emancipated by marriage to attend a conference or meeting regarding the student's behavior and, after notice, the parent, tutor, or legal guardian willfully refuses to attend, that the principal or his

designee shall may file a complaint with a court exercising juvenile jurisdiction, pursuant to Children's Code Article 730(8) and 731. The principal may file a complaint pursuant to Children's Code Article 730(1) or any other applicable ground when, in his judgment, doing so is in the best interests of the student.

(e) Disciplinary Action. School discipline policies shall be aimed at creating

a positive school climate, supporting the social and emotional development of students, and teaching nonviolence and respect for all members of the school community. By viewing social development as a critical aspect of discipline, the state, districts, and schools shall anticipate and respond to school disciplinary matters in a manner that is consistent with a student's sense of dignity and self-worth. The purpose of discipline shall be to understand and address the causes of behavior, resolve conflicts, repair the harm done, restore relationships, and integrate students into the school community. Particular attention and intervention support shall be provided to vulnerable families and at-risk students. If the school has received a report of bullying, has determined that an act of bullying has occurred, and after meeting with the parent or legal guardian of the students involved, the school official shall:

(i) Take prompt and appropriate disciplinary action, pursuant to R.S. 17:416 and 416.1, against the student that the school official determines has engaged in conduct which constitutes bullying, if appropriate. Rather than adopting a zero-tolerance policy that prescribes discipline for any bullying-related infraction, school officials shall ensure that staff follow particular guidelines while allowing for flexibility to adapt sanctions to individual contexts. To ensure equitability in applying sanctions, measures shall be applied on a graduated basis determined by the nature of offense, the disciplinary history of the student, and the age and developmental status of the student involved. Responses to incidents of bullying may include but are not limited to the following:

- (aa) Writing letters of caution or reprimand.
- (bb) Deprivation of the student privileges.

1	(cc) Bans on participating in optional school activities.
2	(dd) Deprivation of nonessential school services.
3	(ee) In-school detention or in-school suspension.
4	(ff) Implementation of restorative approaches or restorative practices.
5	(gg) Referral to school counselor or social worker for skill building activities
6	or sensitivity training.
7	(hh) Separating the parties.
8	(ii) Report criminal conduct to law enforcement, only when there is serious
9	threat to safety that cannot be handled by school-based disciplinary procedures, if
10	appropriate. Disruptive students should receive appropriate redirection and support
11	from in-school and community resources prior to consideration of suspension,
12	expulsion, involvement of police, or referral to court. The response to school
13	disruptions should be reasonable, consistent, and fair with appropriate consideration
14	of relevant factors such as age of the student and the nature and severity of the
15	incident.
16	(f) Parental Relief. (i) If a parent, legal guardian, teacher, or other school
17	official has made four two or more reports of separate instances of bullying, as
18	provided in Paragraph (2) of this Subsection, and no investigation pursuant to
19	Paragraph (3) of this Subsection has occurred, the parent or legal guardian with
20	responsibility for decisions regarding the education of the victim target about whom
21	the report or reports have been made may exercise an option to have the student
22	enroll in or attend another school operated by the governing authority of the public
23	elementary or secondary school in which the student was enrolled on the dates when
24	at least three of the reports were submitted. The governing authority shall not
25	transfer the student without explicit permission and consent of parent or legal
26	guardian.
27	* * *
28	(v) At the end of any school year, the parent or legal guardian may make a
29	request to the governing authority of the school at which the student was enrolled

1	when at least three of the two most recent reports were filed to transfer the student
2	back to the school. The governing authority shall make a seat available at the school
3	at which the student was originally enrolled. No other schools shall qualify for
4	transfer under this Subparagraph.
5	(g) Documentation. (i) The governing authority shall collect the following
6	information about reported incidents of bullying:
7	(aa) Names of target, bully, and any witness with reliable contact
8	information for each.
9	(bb) Relevant information about the target, bully, and any witnesses
10	including connection of the target, bully, and any witness to the incident.
11	(cc) The nature of the bullying incident, where it took place, time of incident,
12	type of bullying, whether the incident was based on any relevant attributes, what
13	adult supervision was in place, and context of incident.
14	(ii) The state Department of Education shall develop a behavior incidence
15	checklist that the governing authority of each public elementary and secondary
16	school shall use to document the details of each reported incident of bullying.
17	(ii) The governing authority of each public elementary and secondary school
18	shall report all such documented incidences of bullying to the state Department of
19	Education as prescribed in rules adopted by the State Board of Elementary and
20	Secondary Education in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act and
21	documented incidents in reports received by the local superintendent of schools
22	pursuant to R.S. 17:415.
23	(iii) After the investigation and meeting with the parents, pursuant to this
24	Section, a school, local school board, or other local school governing authority shall:
25	(aa) Compose a written document containing the findings of the
26	investigation, including input from the students' parents or legal guardian, and the
27	decision by the school or school system official. The document shall be placed in the
28	school records of both students. Documents shall be signed by each student's parent

1	or legal guardian, and each parent or legal guardian shall be given a copy of the
2	documents.
3	* * *
4	§416.22. School board websites; student discipline policies and procedures; other
5	information
6	A. Each city, parish, and other local public school board that maintains a
7	website shall publish on it certain information relative to student discipline and other
8	matters in an easily understandable format. Such information shall include but not
9	be limited to the following:
10	(1) Disciplinary action process and procedures applicable to students.
11	(2) The school board's policies and procedures.
12	(3) Minutes of school board meetings required to be made available to the
13	public pursuant to R.S. 42:20.
14	(4) Directory of schools and contact information.
15	(5) School calendars, including the beginning and end of each school year,
16	staff days, conference days, testing days, application-specific dates, report card
17	release dates, early days, and holidays.
18	B. For the purposes of this Section, the following terms shall have the
19	following meanings:
20	(1) "City, parish, and other local public school board" means the governing
21	authority of any public elementary or secondary school.
22	(2) "Disciplinary action processes and procedures" means all written
23	disciplinary policies and procedures for students and by not later than the beginning
24	of the 2014-2015 school year also shall include separate links for each of the
25	following:
26	(a) All state suspension and expulsion laws applicable to students.
27	(b) A disciplinary action time line, from notice through appeal.
28	(c) Explanation of due process rights for both informal and formal hearings,
29	and in the case of formal hearings, this shall also include a full explanation of the

1	disciplinary process, a complete list of the student's procedural due process rights,
2	the hearing agenda, and the appeal process.
3	(d) Rules and regulations on the use of corporal punishment to discipline
4	students.
5	(3) "Policies and procedures" means all formal policies and procedures and
6	by not later than the beginning of the 2014-2015 school year also shall include
7	summaries thereof with separate links for each of the following:
8	(a) Student code of conduct.
9	(b) Controlled and other prohibited substances or contraband policy.
10	(c) Dress code.
11	(d) Grade change process.
12	(e) Harassment or bullying prohibition and prevention procedures.
13	(f) Student rights and responsibilities.
14	* * *
15	§3996. Charter schools; exemptions; requirements
16	* * *
17	B. Notwithstanding any state law, rule, or regulation to the contrary and
18	except as may be otherwise specifically provided for in an approved charter, a
19	charter school established and operated in accordance with the provisions of this
20	Chapter and its approved charter and the school's officers and employees shall be
21	exempt from all statutory mandates or other statutory requirements that are
22	applicable to public schools and to public school officers and employees except for
23	the following laws otherwise applicable to public schools with the same grades:
24	* * *
25	(34) Discipline, suspension, and expulsion of students, R.S. 17:416.
26	* * *
27	Section 2. This Act shall be known and may be cited as the "Safe and Successful
28	Student Act".

DIGEST

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

Smith HB No. 777

Abstract: Provides relative to student discipline, including removal from class, suspension, and expulsion and student codes of conduct, including bullying policies.

Student discipline

Removal from class

<u>Present law</u> provides that a pupil in kindergarten through grade six removed from a class shall not be permitted to return for at least 30 minutes unless agreed to by the teacher. <u>Proposed law</u> is applicable to those in kindergarten through grade five and provides relative to certain disciplinary measures that must be taken before readmission.

<u>Present law</u> provides that a pupil in grades seven through 12 removed from class shall not be permitted to return during the same class period unless agreed to by the teacher. <u>Proposed law</u> provides this for those in grades six through 12 and authorizes subjecting such a pupil to certain disciplinary measures.

Suspension

<u>Present law</u> provides that a student who fails to comply with rules for in-school suspensions or detentions shall be subject to immediate suspension. <u>Proposed law</u> authorizes rather than requires suspension in such cases.

<u>Present law</u> authorizes a principal to suspend a student who commits certain offenses. <u>Proposed law</u> provides that suspension shall only be used after considering non-exclusionary discipline alternatives and if necessary in response to a major safety concern. Prohibits any removal from class or in- or out-of-school suspension for uniform-related violations (except if students are required to wear military uniforms) or for being habitually tardy or absent. Defines "major safety concern" as a concern by the school principal that there is a threat to the physical safety of students or school employees based on a student's possession of dangerous weapons at school, on a school bus, or at a school-sponsored event or on credible threats made by a student to inflict bodily harm.

Expulsion

<u>Present law</u> provides generally relative to expulsion, including expulsion hearings. <u>Proposed law</u> adds that every student recommended for expulsion shall receive such a hearing within 10 school days of receiving notification of such recommendation and if it is not scheduled and held within this time frame, the student may be placed in an alternative educational setting. <u>Present law</u> requires a student recommended for expulsion to remain suspended until the hearing. <u>Proposed law</u> deletes <u>present law</u> and instead authorizes principals to require that students be educated off-campus until the hearing if there is a major safety concern.

Student code of conduct; bullying

<u>Present law</u> requires each public school governing authority to adopt a student code of conduct and that it include any necessary disciplinary action to be taken against any student

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CODING: Words in struck through type are deletions from existing law; words <u>underscored</u> are additions.

who violates such code. Requires each governing authority to review the code and amend it as necessary.

<u>Present law</u> requires public school governing authorities to incorporate a policy prohibiting bullying into their student codes of conduct and to provide at least four hours of training on bullying for new school employees who have contact with students and two hours each year for all school employees who have contact with students, including bus drivers. <u>Proposed law</u> additionally requires public school governing authorities to ensure that staff has ongoing access to professional development opportunities with respect to how to address bullying and requires that certain topics be included in professional development rather than in the required hours of training. <u>Present law</u> refers to "victims" of bullying; <u>proposed law</u> changes this term to "targets".

<u>Present law</u> provides generally with respect to the reporting of bullying and requires any report of bullying to remain confidential. <u>Proposed law</u> requires each public school governing authority to take every possible measure to ensure the privacy and confidentiality of all parties in an incident of bullying. <u>Present law</u> requires a written report of a bullying incident to be filed by the school employee not later than two days thereafter. <u>Proposed law</u> changes this deadline to 24 hours thereafter and authorizes school personnel to be represented at related hearings, investigations, or meetings by any person of their choice. Further authorizes reports to be made anonymously but prohibits disciplinary action based solely on an anonymous report, though such a report may trigger an investigation resulting in action.

<u>Present law</u> authorizes students, parents, and school employees to report bullying incidents directly to the public school governing authority if the school does not take timely action. <u>Proposed law</u> defines "timely" as not later than five days after written report of the incident.

<u>Present law</u> requires parental notification relative to bullying reports. <u>Proposed law</u> retains this requirement but grants a principal discretion relative to parental notification if he determines that it may result in the physical or emotional harm of the target of bullying. Adds that school officials shall first consider the issue of notification as they would any other decision in terms of the age, health, well-being, safety, and privacy of the students and requires that further steps be taken as needed to ensure the continued safety of the target of bullying.

<u>Present law</u> requires parents of any student under 18 to be notified before the student is interviewed about a bullying incident and provides that parents shall have the opportunity to attend any interviews with their child conducted as part of the investigation. Provides that if after three attempts in a 48-hour period, the parents or legal guardians of a student cannot be reached or do not respond, the student may be interviewed. <u>Proposed law</u> requires an adult neutral party in the interview if a parent is not present.

<u>Present law</u> provides relative to complaints principals are required to file with a court if the parent of a student under 18 and not emancipated willfully refuses to attend a meeting on the child's behavior. <u>Proposed law</u> authorizes rather than requires principals to file these complaints.

<u>Present law</u> requires schools to take prompt and appropriate disciplinary action in response to bullying. <u>Proposed law</u> provides, rather than adopting a zero-tolerance policy, that schools ensure the following of certain guidelines while allowing for flexibility based on individual contexts and authorizes certain disciplinary measures.

<u>Present law</u> requires that schools report criminal conduct to law enforcement. <u>Proposed law</u> limits applicability of this requirement to when there is a serious threat to safety that cannot be handled by school-based disciplinary measures.

<u>Present law</u> authorizes parents to have their child transferred to another school operated by the school governing authority after four reports of bullying under certain circumstances; <u>proposed law</u> allows this after two such reports and prohibits the governing authority from transferring the student without parental consent.

<u>Present law</u> provides general requirements for the documentation of bullying incidents. <u>Proposed law</u> adds specific information each public school governing authority shall collect relative to such incidents.

School board websites; required information

<u>Proposed law</u> requires each public school board that maintains a website to publish on it certain information relative to disciplinary policies, state laws on suspension and expulsion, and certain other matters.

(Amends R.S. 17:416(A)(1)(c)(iii), (iv), and (v), (2)(a) and (b), and (3)(a)(intro. para.), (i), (vii), (xvi), and (xvii) and (C)(1) and 416.13(A), (B), and (D)(2)(b)-(d), and (3)(a), (c)(i), (d)(i), (iii), and (iv), (e), (f)(i) and (v), and (g)(i), (ii), and (iii)(intro. para.) and (aa); Adds R.S. 17:416(A)(1)(c)(viii) and (2)(e) and (f), 416.22, and 3996(B)(34))