SLS 14RS-537 ORIGINAL

Regular Session, 2014

SENATE BILL NO. 480

BY SENATOR WALSWORTH

PROCUREMENT CODE. Provides relative to the merging of the Professional, Personal, Consulting and Social Services with the Louisiana Procurement Code. (1/1/15)

1 AN ACT

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To amend and reenact Chapter 17 of Subtitle III of Title 39 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, to be comprised of R.S. 39:1551 through 1554.1, 1556 through 1558, 1561 through 1569.1, 1571 through 1572, 1581, 1586 through 1587, 1593 through 1598, 1600 through 1608, 1611 through 1633, 1641 through 1644, 1646, 1651 through 1658, 1661 through 1662, 1671 through 1673, 1676 through 1679, 1681 through 1685, 1691 through 1692, 1695 through 1697, 1702 through 1710, 1716, 1731 through 1736, and 1751 through 1755, and to repeal Chapter 16 of Subtitle III of Title 39 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, comprised of R.S. 39:1481 through 1526, relative to the procurement code; to provide for procurement by public bodies, including provisions for a central purchasing agency, for procurement regulations, and for source selection for items to be purchased and methods for such purchases; to provide for definitions and access to procurement information; to provide for the authority and duties of the commissioner of administration with respect to procurement; to provide for certain appointments and qualifications; to provide for mandatory information requirements; to provide for bid procedures and for types of contracts; to provide for contract modification,

1	termination, and contract clauses; to provide for legal and contractual remedies and
2	for administrative appeals; to provide for cooperative purchasing; to provide with
3	respect to conflicts with other provisions of law; to provide for an effective date; and
4	to provide for related matters.
5	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
6	Section 1. Chapter 17 of Subtitle III of Title 39 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes
7	of 1950, comprised of R.S. 39:1551 through 1554.1, 1556 through 1558, 1561 through
8	1569.1, 1571 through 1572, 1581, 1586 through 1587, 1593 through 1598, 1600 through
9	1608, 1611 through 1633, 1641 through 1644, 1646, 1651 through 1658, 1661 through 1662,
10	1671 through 1673, 1676 through 1679, 1681 through 1685, 1691 through 1692, 1695
11	through 1697, 1702 through 1710, 1716, 1731 through 1736, and 1751 through 1755, is
12	hereby amended and reenacted to read as follows:
13	CHAPTER 17. LOUISIANA PROCUREMENT CODE
14	PART I. GENERAL PROVISIONS
15	SUBPART A. SHORT TITLE, PURPOSES,
16	CONSTRUCTION, AND APPLICATION
17	§1551. Short title
18	This Chapter shall be known as and may be cited as the Louisiana
19	Procurement Code.
20	§1552. Purposes; rules of construction
21	A. Interpretation. This Chapter shall be construed and applied to promote
22	its underlying purposes and policies.
23	B. Purposes and policies. The underlying purposes and policies of this
24	Chapter are:
25	(1) To simplify, clarify, and modernize the law governing procurement by
26	this state.
27	(2) To permit the continued development of procurement policies and
28	practices.
29	(3) To provide for increased public confidence in the procedures followed

in	public	procurement.

(4)	To ensure th	e fair and equ	uitable treatr	nent of all p	persons wh	o deal	with
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the procur	ement system	of this state.					

- (5) To provide increased economy in state procurement activities by fostering effective competition.
- (6) To provide safeguards for the maintenance of a procurement system of quality and integrity.

## §1553. Construction

A. Supplementary general principles of law applicable. To the extent not inconsistent with the particular provisions of this Chapter, the principles of Louisiana law shall supplement its provisions.

B. Obligation of good faith. Every contract or duty within this Chapter imposes an obligation of good faith in its performance or enforcement. "Good faith" means honesty in fact in the conduct or transaction concerned and the observance of reasonable commercial standards of fair dealing.

## §1554. Application of this Chapter

A. General application. This Chapter applies only to contracts solicited or entered into after the effective date of this Chapter unless the parties agree to its application to a contract entered into prior to the effective date.

B. Application to state procurement. Except as <u>otherwise</u> provided in Subsections C and D below, this Chapter shall apply to every expenditure of public funds irrespective of their source, including federal assistance monies except as otherwise specified in Subsection (F) below, by this state, acting through a governmental body defined herein, under any contract for supplies, services, or major repairs defined herein, except that this Chapter shall not apply to either grants or contracts between the state and its political subdivisions or other governments, except as provided in Part VII (Intergovernmental Relations). Notwithstanding any other provision of this Chapter, the provisions of R.S. 38:2181 through R.S. 38:2316 38:2318 shall govern the procurement of construction and the selection of architects,

1	engineers, and landscape architects by governmental bodies of this state, and R.S.
2	38:2181 through R.S. 38:2316 38:2318 shall not apply to any procurement of
3	supplies, services, or major repairs by the state except that the provisions of R.S.
4	38:2301 shall be applicable to major repairs.
5	C. Procurement by the governor. Notwithstanding any other provisions of
6	this Chapter, the governor shall procure all materials, supplies, equipment, and
7	contractual services required for the governor's mansion, the cafeteria operated in the
8	state capitol, and similar agencies. The procurement shall, insofar as practicable, be
9	in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter.
10	D. Exclusions. (1) This Chapter shall not be construed to change, affect,
11	increase, or relieve the requirements of:
12	(a) R.S. 42:261 through R.S. 42:264, regarding the retaining and
13	employment of lawyers.
14	(b) R.S. 39:1481 through R.S. 39:1526, regarding the procurement of
15	professional, personal, consulting, and social services.
16	(c) Repealed by Acts 1983, No. 306, §3.
17	(d) R.S. 23:3025, as regarding the purchase of products or services from
18	individuals who are blind.
19	(2) This Chapter shall not be applicable to the legislative and judicial
20	branches of state government or to any agency within the legislative branch of state
21	government.
22	(3) The office for citizens with developmental disabilities in the Department
23	of Health and Hospitals shall be exempt from the requirements of R.S. 39:1643 in
24	order to lease residential living options for mentally retarded or developmentally
25	disabled individuals without carrying out the competitive sealed bidding requirement
26	of this Chapter.
27	(4) This Chapter shall not be applicable to any hospital owned or operated
28	by the state through the Department of Health and Hospitals for the purchase of
29	supplies, materials, and equipment from a qualified group purchasing organization

if the Department of Health and Hospitals, with the concurrence of the division of administration, has determined that the cost is less than the state procurement prices, and that it is in the best interest of the state to purchase the supplies, materials, and equipment from the qualified group purchasing organization.

- (5) This Chapter shall not be applicable to the purchase of any medical supplies or medical equipment from a qualified group purchasing organization if the commissioner of administration has determined that it is in the best interest of the state to purchase the medical supply or medical equipment from the qualified group purchasing organization. An annual report on the number, type, and volume of such procurements shall be made to the commissioner of administration, the speaker of the House of Representatives, and the president of the Senate.
- (6) The provisions of this Chapter shall not be applicable to the State Bond Commission in the solicitation of bids for printing of financial documents. However, the State Bond Commission shall obtain a minimum of three written or telefaxed bids from separate vendors which meet the criteria required by the State Bond Commission for printing of financial documents.
- (7) The provisions of this Chapter shall not be applicable to interinstitutional agreements between co-owners of intellectual property when one co-owner is a Louisiana regionally accredited college, technical school, or university.
- §1502.1 (8) Contracts awarded by an agency for the benefit of an industry, payment of which comes from self-generated funds received from that industry, are exempt from the requirements of this Part Chapter provided that any such contract is awarded through a competitive process.
- E.(1) Political subdivisions authorized to adopt this Chapter. The procurement of supplies, services, major repairs, and construction by political subdivisions of this state shall be in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 10 of Title 38 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, except that all political subdivisions are authorized to adopt all or any part of this Chapter and its accompanying regulations.

1	(2) Additionally, all political subdivisions which are not subject to this
2	Chapter may adopt the provisions of R.S. 39:1598.139:1600(D) and its
3	accompanying regulations.
4	F. Compliance with federal requirements. Where a procurement involves the
5	expenditure of federal assistance or contract funds, the procurement officer shall
6	comply with such federal law and authorized regulations which are mandatorily
7	applicable and which are not reflected in this Chapter.
8	G. Applicable to Department of Public Safety and Corrections.
9	(1) Repealed by Acts 1999, No. 1164, §5.
10	(2) Because the prison enterprise system operates under the constraints of an
11	income statement, the secretary of the Department of Public Safety and Corrections
12	shall have the authority, notwithstanding any other provisions of law, to purchase for
13	that system used agricultural and industrial equipment sold at public auction which
14	shall result in savings to the correctional system, according to the following terms
15	and conditions:
16	(a) (1) The used agricultural and industrial equipment shall be purchased by
17	the secretary within the price range set by the director of state purchasing
18	<b>procurement</b> in his statement of written approval for the purchase which must be
19	obtained by the secretary prior to purchase.
20	(b) (2) The secretary shall certify in writing to the director of state
21	purchasing procurement all of the following:
22	(i)(a) The price for which the used equipment may be obtained.
23	(ii)(b) The plan for maintenance and repair of the equipment and the cost
24	thereof.
25	(iii)(c) The savings that will accrue to the state because of the purchase of
26	the used equipment.
27	(iv)(d) The fact that following the procedures set out in the Louisiana
28	Procurement Code will result in the loss of the opportunity to purchase the
29	equipment.

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H. Exemption for inmate canteens and the employee commissary of the Louisiana State Penitentiary. Whenever, for sound economic reasons and improved administrative procedures, the secretary of the Department of Public Safety and Corrections certifies in writing that it is not practical to comply with the provisions of this Chapter, the Department of Public Safety and Corrections may procure the various items for resale to inmates at the inmate canteens in state correctional facilities and the various items for resale to employees of the department at the employee commissary of the Louisiana State Penitentiary, without competitive sealed bidding as required in R.S. 39:1594 and without complying with the requirements of R.S. 39:1597. Any procurement pursuant to this Subsection is exempt from the provisions of R.S. 39:1611. Any contract entered into pursuant to this Subsection must have prior written approval of the commissioner of administration, the Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget, and the attorney general, who shall only approve the contract if they determine in writing that it is in the best interest of the state to enter into the contract. All such information shall be of public record.

I. Plasmapheresis programs. All plasmapheresis programs operated for and participated in by inmates in correctional facilities under the jurisdiction of the Department of Public Safety and Corrections, or its designees or assignees, such as private contractors operating correctional facilities under contract with the department, shall operate only pursuant to a contract entered into independent of any other contracts for prison management or operation, and only pursuant to competitive sealed bids on an individual basis at each penal institution and other facility in accordance with this Chapter. Contracts presently in existence affecting all plasmapheresis programs on site and off site shall be excluded and shall remain in effect for the duration of the contract.

## §1482(A) J. This Chapter shall not apply to the following procurements:

(1)(a) Professional services for engineering design contracts, construction contracts, or contracts for surveying pertaining to the maintenance and construction

of roads and bridges, flood control, integrated coastal protection, aviation, public transportation, or public works entered into by the Department of Transportation and Development as provided in Part XIII-A of Chapter 1 of Title 48 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950.

- (b) Consulting service contracts with appraisers, foresters, economists, right-of-way agents, title abstractors, asbestos abatement inspectors, negotiators, accountants, and cost consultants relating to acquisition of rights-of-way for maintenance and construction projects entered into by the Department of Transportation and Development.
- (2) Grants or contracts <u>or nonsocial service contracts</u> or like business agreements between the state and its political subdivisions or other governmental entities, or between higher education boards and institutions under their jurisdiction; except this Chapter shall apply to interagency contracts as defined in R.S. 39:1490(C), and to contracts or grants between the state and its political subdivisions to procure social services.

§1482(B)K. This Chapter shall not apply or affect licensed insurance agents appointed as agents of record on policies insuring any of the state's insurable interests. Nor shall it apply to or affect insurance consultants and actuaries when used in lieu of agents of record, so long as fees paid do not exceed the commission that would have been paid to said agents of record.

\$1482(C)L. This Chapter shall not apply to those services performed by architects, engineers, or landscape architects as provided for in L.S.A. R.S. 38:2310-through 38:2316 38:2318, nor shall the provisions of this Chapter affect or otherwise limit the duties, functions, and jurisdiction of the Louisiana Architect Selection Board, the Louisiana Engineer Selection Board, or the Louisiana Landscape Architect Selection Board.

§1482(E)M. This Chapter shall not apply to any contract or like business agreement to purchase professional, personal, consulting, or contract services required or utilized by the Louisiana Agricultural Finance Authority authorized

1 under the provisions of Chapter 3-B of Title 3 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950. 2 3 \$1482(F)N<sub>•</sub>(1) This Chapter shall not apply to those personal, professional, or social services provided to the clients of the Department of Health and Hospitals, 4 the Department of Children and Family Services, the office of special education 5 services within the Department of Education, provided that the expense for these 6 7 special education services is five thousand dollars or less per child, corrections 8 services within the Department of Public Safety and Corrections, or the office of 9 juvenile justice, Department of Public Safety and Corrections, in the following 10 circumstances: 11 (a) When these services are accessed directly by clients through utilization 12 of medical vendor cards, with the clients arranging services with providers and 13 providers then billing the agency for payment. (b) When clients of a particular program area are guaranteed freedom of 14 choice in selection of a provider of services. 15 (c) When personal and professional services are arranged on a case-by-case 16 17 basis by a worker as the need arises. (d) When social services are arranged on a case-by-case basis from a social 18 19 service provider qualifying under R.S. 39:1494.1(A) 39:1619(B). 20 (e) When the using agency arranging social services on a case-by-case basis 21 makes no guarantee of specific sums of monthly or annual payment or referrals of clientele. 22 (2) If personal, professional, or social services are provided for the primary 23 24 benefit of a single using agency provided for in R.S. 39:1482(F)(1) 39:1554(N), and said agency exhibits budgetary and programmatic control over the provider of the 25 services, and the deliverables of the services are intended solely for the benefit of the 26 27 using agency, the provisions of this Chapter shall apply. (3) This Chapter shall not apply to the use of professional services of 28

physicians who provide consultative examinations regarding applicants for disability

benefits under the Social Security act by the disability determinations service of the

2 Department of Children and Family Services.

(4) This Chapter shall not apply to the taking of Medicaid applications by certified Medicaid enrollment centers for prospective Medicaid clients pursuant to an agreement with the Department of Health and Hospitals and in accordance with federal regulations.

§1482(II) O. This Chapter shall not apply to any contract or like business agreement to hire professional, personal, consulting, or contract services required or utilized by the State Market Commission under the provisions of Part I-D of Chapter 5 of Title 3 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950.

§1482(I) P. This Chapter shall not apply to any contract for a court reporter or expert witness utilized by a governmental body for the purpose of taking depositions, giving expert testimony, or other related matters if such contract has a total amount of compensation of less than five thousand dollars.

 $\S1482(J)$  **Q.** This Chapter shall not apply to any contract for the procurement of individualized agreements for persons with developmental disabilities by the Department of Health and Hospitals.

§1482(K) **R.**(1) This Chapter shall not apply to contracts of an institution of higher education or other agency of higher education, hereinafter collectively referred to as "higher education entity", to which the director of the office of contractual review state chief procurement officer has delegated authority to procure services with private grant funds or federal funds specifically provided for such purpose.

(2) Procurements conducted by a higher education entity operating under delegation of authority as provided herein shall be made in accordance with all federal requirements necessary for the receipt and use of such private grant or federal funds, particularly with regard to competitive bidding requirements for procurement of research services. Further, in making such procurements, such entity may also consider factors such as quality, reliability, expected life span, and compatibility

1 with existing equipment or research protocols, as permitted under federal guidelines. 2 S. This Chapter shall not apply to procurements conducted by a higher education entity operating under a pilot procurement code in accordance with 3 R.S. 17:3139.5(5)(c)(i). 4 §1554.1. Federal block grants 5 The provisions of this Part Chapter shall be applicable to any goods and 6 7 services procured with funds pursuant to the federally enacted community services 8 block grant or community development block grant. 9 SUBPART B. DEFINITIONS 10 §1556. Definitions As used in this Chapter, the words defined in this Section shall have the 11 meanings set forth below, unless the context in which they are used clearly requires 12 13 a different meaning or a different definition is prescribed for a particular Part or 14 provision: \$1752(1) (1) "Agency" as used in this Part Chapter and in Part V-A of this 15 Title shall have the same meaning ascribed to it as provided in R.S. 36:3(1). 16  $\frac{\$1591(9)}{(2)}$  "Assembled" means the process of putting together all 17 component parts of an item of equipment by the manufacturer where the assembly 18 19 plant is located within the territorial borders of the state of Louisiana. "Assembled" shall not mean the reassembly of parts packed for shipping purposes. 20 21 (1)(3) "Business" means any corporation, partnership, individual, sole proprietorship, joint stock company, joint venture, or any other legal entity **through** 22 which business is conducted. 23 24 (4) "Central purchasing agency" means the office of state procurement. (2)(5) "Change order" means a written order signed by the procurement 25 26 officer, directing the contractor to make changes which the changes clause of the 27 contract authorizes the procurement officer to order without the consent of the 28 contractor.

(3) (6) "Chief procurement officer" means the state director of purchasing

person holding the position created in R.S. 39:1562 and the directors of purchasing of the departments exempt from central purchasing the office of state procurement by R.S. 39:1572.

§1484(A)(1.1)(7) "Claims adjuster" means an individual engaged in the investigation, evaluation, and negotiation of property, casualty, and worker's compensation insurance claims.

\$1484(A)(4)(a)(8) "Complex procurement" means that the procurement requires any combination of supplies, services, consulting services, or major repairs to fulfill a specified scope of work. The scope of work is so complicated or intricate that factors other than price must be evaluated in order to identify the best value.

(4)(a)(9) "Consulting service" means work, other than professional, personal, or social service, rendered by either individuals or firms who possess specialized knowledge, experience, and expertise to investigate assigned problems or projects and to provide counsel, review, design, development, analysis, or advice in formulating or implementing programs or services, or improvements in programs or services, including but not limited to such areas as management, personnel, finance, accounting, planning, data processing, information technology, and advertising contracts, except for printing associated therewith.

(b) The term "consulting service" includes the procurement of supplies and services by a contractor without the necessity of complying with provisions of the Louisiana Procurement Code when such supplies and services are merely ancillary to the provision of consulting services under a contingency fee arrangement, even though the procurement of such supplies or services directly by a governmental body would require compliance with the Louisiana Procurement Code. Supplies or services ancillary to the provision of consulting services are those supplies or services which assist the contractor in fulfilling the objective of his contract when the cost for such supplies and services is less than the cost of providing consulting services, as determined by the using agency.

1	(4)(10) "Contract" means all types of state agreements, regardless of what
2	they may be called, including orders and documents purporting to represent
3	grants, which are for the purchase or disposal of supplies, services, or major
4	repairs, or any other item. It includes awards and notices of award; contracts of a
5	fixed-price, cost, cost-plus-a-fixed-fee, or incentive type; contracts providing for the
6	issuance of job or task orders; leases; letter contracts; and purchase orders. It also
7	includes supplemental agreements with respect to any of the foregoing contract
8	modifications.
9	(5)(11) "Contract modification" means any written alteration in
10	specifications, delivery point, rate of delivery, period of performance, price, quantity,
11	or other provisions of any contract accomplished by mutual action of the parties to
12	the contract.
13	(6)(12) "Contractor" means any person having a contract with a governmental
14	body.
15	§1701(1)(13) "Cooperative purchasing" means procurement conducted by or
16	on behalf of more than one public procurement unit or by a public procurement unit
17	with an external procurement activity or by a private procurement unit.
18	§1591(1) (14) "Cost-reimbursement contract" means a contract under which
19	a contractor is reimbursed for costs which are allowable and allocable in accordance
20	with cost principles as provided for in regulations, and a fee, if any.
21	§1522 (15) For the purpose of this Chapter, the term "court" "Court" means
22	the Nineteenth Judicial District located in Baton Rouge and, in the event of an appeal
23	from such a court, the First Circuit Court of Appeal located in Baton Rouge.
24	(7)(16) "Data" means recorded information, regardless of form or
25	characteristic.
26	(8)(17) "Debarment" means the disqualification of a person to receive
27	invitations for bids or requests for proposals, or the award of any contract by any
28	governmental body, for a specified period of time commensurate with the
29	seriousness of the offense or the failure or the inadequacy of performance.

l	(9)(18) "Designee" means a duly authorized representative of a person
2	holding a superior position.
3	(19) "Electronic" means electrical, digital, magnetic, optical,
4	electromagnet, or any other similar technology.
5	§1484(A)(10)(20) "Employee" means an individual drawing a salary from a
6	governmental body, whether elected or not, and any nonsalaried individual
7	performing personal services for any governmental body.
8	§1591(2)(21) "Established catalog price" means the price included in a
9	catalog, price list, schedule, or other form that:
10	(a) Is regularly maintained by a manufacturer or contractor.
11	(b) Is either published or otherwise available for inspection by customers, and
12	(c) States prices at which sales are currently or were last made to a significant
13	number of buyers constituting the general buying public for the supplies or services
14	involved.
15	§1701(2)(22) "External procurement activity" means any buying organization
16	not located in this state which, if located in this state, would qualify as a public
17	procurement unit. An agency of the United States government is an external
18	procurement activity.
19	(10)(23) "Governmental body" means any department, office, division,
20	commission, council, board, bureau, committee, institution, agency, government
21	corporation, or other establishment or official of the executive or judicial branches
22	<b>branch</b> of state government.
23	1484(A)(11.1)(24) "Governmental entity" means any governmental unit
24	which is not included in the definition of "governmental body" in R.S. 39:1484(11.1)
25	<u>39:1556(23)</u> .
26	(11)(25) "Grant" means the furnishing by the state of assistance, whether
27	financial or otherwise, to any person to support a program authorized by law. It does
28	not include an award whose primary purpose is to procure an end product, whether

in the form of supplies, services, or major repairs; a contract resulting from such an

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1	award is not a grant but a procurement contract.	

(26) "Information technology", which includes telecommunications, means those commodities subject to the authority of the office of information technology in accordance with R.S. 39:15.3.

(12)(27) "Installment-purchase contract" means a contract which is utilized to procure supplies or equipment from a contractor where payment for the supplies or equipment is made in a set of installment payments over a fixed period of time in accordance with the provisions of the contract, and in which the contractor agrees to deliver title of the property to the governmental body in accordance with the terms and conditions of the contract.

§1591(3)(28) "Invitation for bids" means all documents, whether attached or incorporated by reference, utilized for soliciting bids in accordance with the procedures set forth in R.S. 39:1594.

§1490(C)(29) As used in this Chapter, "interagency "Interagency contract" means any contract in which each of the parties thereto is a "governmental body" as defined in R.S. 39:1484(11) 39:1556(23).

§1701(3)(30) "Local public procurement unit" means any parish, city, town, governmental body, and any other subdivision of the state or public agency thereof, public authority, public educational, health, or other institution, and to the extent provided by law, any other entity which expends public funds for the acquisition or leasing of supplies, services, major repairs, and construction, and any nonprofit corporation operating a charitable hospital.

(13)(31) "Major repairs" means those repairs payable with funds appropriated in the general appropriations act, except those funds transferred from the operating budget of one governmental body to supplement and complete a project under contract by the division of administration facility planning and control section.

(14)(32) "May" denotes the permissive.

§1484(A)(13)(33) "Negotiation" means the formulation of a contractual relationship by either of the methods set forth in Sections 1494, 1495, and 1496 of

1 through discussions as may be allowed under this Chapter. (34) "Operating service" means routine operation of programs, existing 2 3 facilities, structures, buildings or real property that are not considered to be 4 professional, social, consulting, or personal services. 5 \$1484(A)(14)(35) "Performance-based energy efficiency contract" means a contract for energy efficiency services and equipment in which the payment 6 7 obligation for each year of the contract is either: 8 (a) Set as a percentage of the annual energy cost savings attributable to the 9 services or equipment under the contract, or 10 (b) Guaranteed by the person under contract to be less than the annual energy 11 cost savings attributable to the services or equipment under the contract. 12 (15)(36) "Person" means any business, individual, union, committee, club, 13 or other organization or group of individuals. §1484(A)(16)(37) "Personal service" means work rendered by individuals 14 which requires use of creative or artistic skills, such as but not limited to graphic 15 artists, sculptors, musicians, photographers, and writers, or which requires use of 16 highly technical or unique individual skills or talents, such as but not limited to 17 paramedicals, therapists, handwriting analysts, foreign representatives, and expert 18 19 witnesses for adjudications or other court proceedings. A "foreign representative" shall mean a person in a foreign country whose education and experience qualify 20 21 such person to represent the state in such foreign country. 22 (16)(38) "Practicable" means that which can be done or put into practice; feasible. 23 24 \$1701(4)(39) "Private procurement unit" means any independent institution of higher education in this state. 25 (17)(40) "Procurement" means the buying, purchasing, renting, leasing, or 26 27 otherwise obtaining any supplies, services, or major repairs. It also includes all functions that pertain to the obtaining of any public procurement, including 28

description of requirements, selection and solicitation of sources, preparation and

award of contract, and all phases of contract administration.

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(18)(41) "Procurement officer" means any person authorized by a governmental body, in accordance with procedures prescribed by regulations, to enter into and administer contracts and make written determinations and findings with respect thereto. The term also includes an authorized representative acting within the limits of authority.

1484(A)(18)(a)(42) "Professional service" means work rendered by an independent contractor who has a professed knowledge of some department of learning or science used by its practical application to the affairs of others or in the practice of an art founded on it, which independent contractor shall include but not be limited to lawyers, doctors, dentists, psychologists, certified advanced practice nurses, veterinarians, architects, engineers, land surveyors, landscape architects, accountants, actuaries, and claims adjusters. A profession is a vocation founded upon prolonged and specialized intellectual training which enables a particular service to be rendered. The word "professional" implies professed attainments in special knowledge as distinguished from mere skill. For contracts with a total amount of compensation of fifty thousand dollars or more, the definition of "professional service" shall be limited to lawyers, doctors, dentists, psychologists, certified advanced practice nurses, veterinarians, architects, engineers, land surveyors, landscape architects, accountants, actuaries, claims adjusters, and any other profession that may be added by regulations adopted by the office of contractual review state procurement of the division of administration.

(b) For the period beginning July 1, 2008, and ending June 30, 2009, "professional service" shall include work rendered by an educational consultant which is procured by the Department of Education through a contract which has a maximum amount of compensation of two hundred fifty thousand dollars and a term of no longer than twelve months. Regardless of the number of contracts, the aggregate total compensation to be paid to any contractor for contracts authorized pursuant to this Subparagraph shall not exceed two hundred fifty thousand dollars.

For purposes of this Subparagraph "educational consultant" shall mean a person who
holds an earned doctorate degree in education from a postsecondary institution
accredited by a regional accrediting organization which is recognized by the United

States Department of Education. The provisions of this Subparagraph shall be null,

void, and of no effect on July 1, 2009.

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§1701(5)(43) "Public procurement unit" means either a local public procurement unit or a state public procurement unit.

§1591(4)(44) "Purchase description" means specifications or any other document describing the supplies, services, or major repairs to be procured.

(19)(45) "Purchase request" means that document whereby a using agency requests that a contract be obtained for a specified need, and may include, but is not limited to, the technical description of the requested item, delivery schedule, transportation, criteria for evaluation of solicitees, suggested sources of supply, and information supplied for the making of any written determination and finding required by this Chapter.

(20)(46) "Purchasing agency" means any governmental body which is authorized by this Chapter or its implementing regulations, or by way of delegation from the state director of purchasing chief procurement officer, to contract on its own behalf rather than through the central contracting authority of the central purchasing agency office of state procurement.

(21)(47) "Qualified group purchasing organization" means a service organization, whether for profit or not, with a membership of at least fifteen hospitals within the United States, which contracts with suppliers for supplies and materials used in hospitals and makes such contracts available to its members.

§1591(5)(48) "Request for proposals" means all documents, whether attached or incorporated by reference, utilized for soliciting proposals in accordance with the

1	procedures set forth in R.S. 39:1595, R.S. 39:1596, R.S. 39:1597, or R.S. 39:1598
2	this Chapter.
3	§1591(6)(49) "Resident business" means one authorized to do and doing
4	business under the laws of this state, which either:
5	(a) Maintains its principal place of business in the state; or
6	(b) Employs a minimum of two employees who are residents of the state.
7	§1591(7)(50) "Responsible bidder or offeror proposer" means a person who
8	has the capability in all respects to perform the contract requirements and the
9	integrity and reliability which will assure good faith performance.
10	§1591(8)(51) "Responsive bidder" means a person who has submitted a bid
11	under R.S. 39:1594 which conforms in all substantive respects to the invitation for
12	bids, including the specifications set forth in the invitation.
13	§1598.1(A)(2)(52) For purposes of this Subpart, "reverse "Reverse auction"
14	means a competitive online solicitation process on the Internet for materials,
15	supplies, services, products, or equipment in which vendors compete against each
16	other online in real time in an open and interactive environment.
17	(22)(53) "Sealed bidding" means the receipt of bids protected from inspection
18	prior to bid opening. Bids may be received in any manner specified in the invitation
19	for bids including receipt by mail, by direct delivery, or through any secure
20	electronic interactive environment permitted by rule or regulation.
21	(23)(54) "Services" means the furnishing of labor, time, or and effort by a
22	contractor, not involving the delivery of a specific end product other than reports
23	which are merely incidental to the required performance whose primary purpose
24	is to perform an identifiable task rather than to furnish an end item of supply.
25	(a) Services include but are not limited to the following:
26	(i) Maintenance, overhaul, repair, servicing, rehabilitation, salvage,
27	modernization, or modification of supplies, systems, or equipment.
28	(ii) Routine recurring maintenance of real property.
29	(iii) Housekeeping and services.

1	(iv) Advisory and assistance services.
2	(v) Operation of government owned equipment, real property, and
3	systems.
4	(vi) Information technology services.
5	(vii) Research and development.
6	(b) This The term "services" shall not include:
7	(a)(i) Employment agreements or collective bargaining agreements.
8	(b)(ii) Personal, professional, consultant, or social services as provided by
9	R.S. 39:1481 through R.S. 39:1526 as defined in this Chapter.
10	(e)(iii) Services performed by lawyers as provided by R.S. 42:261 through
11	R.S. 42:264.
12	(d)(iv) Services performed by an architect, engineer, or landscape architect
13	as provided by R.S. 38:2310 through R.S. 38:2314.
14	(24)(55) "Shall" denotes the imperative.
15	(56) "Signature" means a manual or electronic signature (as defined by
16	R.S. 9:2602(8)).
17	§1484(A)(22)(57) "Social service" means work rendered by any person, firm,
18	corporation, organization, governmental body, or governmental entity in furtherance
19	of the general welfare of the citizens of Louisiana, including but not limited to the
20	objectives provided for in Subsection B of this Section R.S. 39:1619(A).
21	§1651(B)(58) As used in this Part, the term "specification" "Specification"
22	means any description of the physical or functional characteristics, or of the nature
23	of a supply, service, or major repair. It may include a description of any requirement
24	for inspecting, testing, or preparing a supply, service, or major repair for delivery.
25	(25) "State director of purchasing" means the person holding the position
26	created in R.S. 39:1562, as the head of the central purchasing office of Louisiana.
27	(59) "State chief procurement officer" means the person holding the
28	position created in R.S. 39:1562 as head of the central purchasing office of
29	Louisiana.

1	State public procurement unit means the central purchasing
2	agency and any other purchasing agency of this state.
3	§1484(A)(23)(61) "Supplemental agreement" means any contract
4	modification which is accomplished by the mutual action of the parties.
5	(26)(62) "Supplies" means all property, including but not limited to
6	equipment, materials, insurance, and leases on real property excluding land or a
7	permanent interest in land.
8	(27)(63) "Suspension" means the disqualification of a person to receive
9	invitations for bids or requests for proposals, or the award of a contract by the state,
10	for a temporary period pending the completion of an investigation and any legal
11	proceedings that may ensue because a person is suspected upon probable cause of
12	engaging in criminal, fraudulent, or seriously improper conduct or failure or
13	inadequacy of performance which may lead to debarment.
14	(28)(64) "Using agency" means any governmental body of the state which
15	utilizes any supplies, services, or major repairs purchased under this Chapter.
16	(29)(65) "Written" or "in writing" means the product of any method of
17	forming characters on paper, other materials, or viewable screen, which can be read,
18	retrieved, and reproduced, including information that is electronically transmitted
19	and stored.
20	SUBPART C. RECORDS; PUBLIC ACCESS
21	§1557. Public access to procurement information
22	Procurement information shall be a public record to the extent provided in
23	Chapter 1 of Title 44 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950 and shall be
24	available to the public as provided in such statute.
25	§1557.1. Change orders; recordation
26	Each change order to a contract which adds an amount of ten percent or more
27	of the original contract amount and which additional amount is at least ten thousand
28	dollars or all change orders to a contract aggregating to an amount of twenty percent

or more of the original contract amount and which additional amount is at least ten

thousand dollars shall be recorded by the governmental body which entered into the contract in the office of the recorder of mortgages in the parish where the work is to be done or where the entity is domiciled not later than thirty days after the date of the change order which requires that the recordation take place. In addition, the original contract shall be recorded together with the amendments or other revisions if not previously recorded. The provisions of this Section shall not apply to the office of facility planning and control, and the office of state purchasing procurement.

§1558. Determinations

Written determinations and findings required by this Chapter shall be retained in an official contract file in the central purchasing agency or purchasing agency or by the governmental body administering the contract.

# PART II. PURCHASING ORGANIZATION

#### SUBPART A. DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATION

§1561. Authority and duties of the commissioner of administration

A. Except as otherwise provided in this Chapter, the commissioner of administration, hereinafter referred to as "the commissioner," shall have the authority and responsibility to promulgate regulations, consistent with this Chapter, governing the procurement, management, and control of any and all supplies, services, and major repairs required to be procured by the state. However, the commissioner shall not require by rule or regulation any policy or management board of public higher education or any institution under their jurisdiction to prepare or submit a monthly report on items purchased from state contracts or on contract item usage to the Division of Administration. The quarterly report listing purchases for under five thousand dollars and the annual report for purchases above five thousand dollars on all items purchased from state contracts shall be sufficient to meet the requirements of this Chapter.

B. The commissioner <u>or his designee</u> shall consider and decide matters of policy within the provisions of this Chapter including those referred to him by the state <u>director of purchasing</u> <u>chief procurement officer</u>. The commissioner <u>or his</u>

1	designee shall have the power to audit and review the implementation of the
2	procurement regulations and the requirements of this Chapter.
3	SUBPART B. CENTRAL PURCHASING AGENCY
4	§1562. Central purchasing agency; creation
5	There is hereby created, within the division of administration, the Central
6	Purchasing Agency, headed by the State Director of Purchasing, hereinafter referred
7	to as "the director" state chief procurement officer.
8	§1563. Appointment and qualifications
9	The director state chief procurement officer shall be in the classified
10	service of the state and shall be appointed in accordance with the provisions of
11	Article X, Section 7 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974. The director state chief
12	procurement officer shall have had a minimum of eight years experience in the
13	large scale procurement of supplies, services, or construction, involving specification
14	development, the preparation of bid proposals and bid evaluation and award,
15	including at least three years of supervisory experience. Preference shall be given
16	to such experience in governmental purchasing.
17	§1564. Authority of the state director of purchasing chief procurement officer
18	A. Central procurement officer of the state. The director state chief
19	<b>procurement officer</b> shall serve as the central procurement officer of the state.
20	B. Power to adopt rules. Consistent with the provisions of this Chapter, the
21	director state chief procurement officer may adopt rules governing the internal
22	procedures of the central purchasing agency.
23	C. Duties. Except as otherwise specifically provided in this Chapter, the
24	director state chief procurement officer shall, within the limitations of regulations
25	promulgated by the commissioner:
26	(1) Procure or supervise the procurement of all supplies, services, and major
27	repairs needed by the state.
28	(2) Exercise supervision over all inventories of warehoused supplies
29	belonging to the state.

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(3) Establish and maintain programs for the inspection, testing, and acceptance of supplies, services, and major repairs.

§1565. Duties of the attorney general

The attorney general shall be the chief legal adviser to the director state chief procurement officer.

§1566. Appointment of assistants and other employees; delegation of authority by the state director of purchasing chief procurement officer

Subject to the provisions of the Article X, Section 7 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, the director state chief procurement officer may employ and supervise such assistants and other persons as may be necessary and may delegate authority to such designees or to any governmental body as the director state chief procurement officer may deem appropriate within the limitations of state law and the state procurement regulations.

## §1567. Reporting requirements

A. The director state chief procurement officer shall prepare any reports that the commissioner of administration may deem necessary and shall deliver such reports to such recipients as the commissioner may designate. As provided in R.S. 44:1 et seq., such reports shall be available to the public upon request. However, nothing in this Section shall require any policy or management board of public higher education or any institution under their jurisdiction to prepare or submit a monthly report on items purchased from state contracts or on contract item usage to the director state chief procurement officer. The quarterly report listing purchases for under five thousand dollars and the annual report for purchases above five thousand dollars on all items purchased from state contracts, shall be sufficient to meet the requirements of this Section.

§1489 **B.** The director state chief procurement officer shall prepare such reports as he finds necessary for the proper conduct of his duties, to include an annual report of all professional, personal, consulting, social services, and other contracts over which the office of contractual review state procurement has power

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and authority under the provisions of this Chapter or through administrative rules and regulations. The annual report shall be compiled on a fiscal year basis and consist, at a minimum, of summary descriptive and statistical data regarding the number and amounts of such contracts by type of service. The annual report shall be submitted to the president of the Senate and speaker of the House of Representatives not later than January first of the year following the end of the fiscal year for which the report is prepared.

§1517(A)C.(1) When for any reason collusion is suspected among any offerers proposers, a written notice of the facts giving rise to such suspicion shall be transmitted to the director of contractual review state chief procurement officer and the attorney general.

B:(2) All documents involved in any procurement in which collusion is suspected shall be retained until the Office office of Contractual Review state procurement gives notice that they may be destroyed. All retained documents shall be made available to the commissioner of administration or his designee upon request.

\$1493(D) The using agencies shall cooperate with the office of contractual review state procurement in the preparation of statistical data concerning the acquisition, usage, and disposition of all professional, personal, consulting, and social services, and may employ trained personnel, as necessary, to carry out this function. All using agencies shall furnish such reports as the office of contractual review state procurement may require concerning usage and needs, and the office of contractual review state procurement shall have authority to prescribe forms to be used by the using agencies in the reporting of professional, personal, consulting, and social services.

§1658§1568. Mandatory information requirement for contracts let without competition under the authority of an executive order related to Hurricane Katrina or Rita

A. The provisions of this Section shall apply to any contract for state

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procurement of goods or services which is subject to the provisions of this Chapter, hereinafter referred to as "state procurement law", which contract is let without competition pursuant to an executive order issued by authority granted under the Louisiana Homeland Security and Emergency Assistance and Disaster Act, which order grants exceptions to the requirements of state procurement law. Such provisions shall apply to contracts which have been or will be let without competition pursuant to executive orders related to Hurricane Katrina or Rita which granted exceptions to the requirements of state procurement law.

- B.(1) For any contract subject to the provisions of this Section, the information cited in Subparagraphs (a) through (d) of this Paragraph shall be submitted by the primary contractor to the office of state purchasing procurement. The following information shall be submitted, in a format to be determined by such agencies, no later than forty-five days after the effective date of the contract, or forty-five days after June 29, 2006, whichever is later:
  - (a) The name of the primary contractor.
  - (b) The amount of the contract.
  - (c) The name of each subcontractor.
  - (d) The amount of each subcontract.
- (2) Any change in subcontractors, or in the amount of a subcontract which exceeds twenty-five percent in the aggregate of the original subcontracted amount, shall necessitate the submission of updated information as required in Paragraph (1) of this Subsection.
- (3) The primary contractor for each contract subject to the provisions of this Section shall be notified of the requirements of this Section by the contracting state agency. Such notification shall be made no later than ten days after June 29, 2006 for contracts which are currently in effect. Otherwise, the notification shall be made prior to execution of the contract.
- C. The office of state purchasing procurement shall maintain a listing or registry of all information reported to it pursuant to the provisions of this Section.

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D. Failure to submit all of the information required as provided in Subsection B of this Section shall be grounds for debarment. It shall be unlawful for any person to intentionally fail to submit such information, which failure is hereby deemed to be a violation of the duty to provide the mandatory information. Whomever violates such provisions of Subsection B of this Section shall be fined in an amount not to exceed one-half of the contract amount and imprisoned for not more than six months, or both.

E. The provisions of this Section shall not be subject to suspension pursuant to the authority granted to the governor by R.S. 29:721 et seq., the Louisiana Homeland Security and Emergency Assistance and Disaster Act.

## §1613§1568.1. Use of other types of contracts

Subject to the limitations of R.S. 39:1611 and R.S. 39:1612, any type of contract, including brand name and multiple award contracts, which will promote the best interests of the state may be used, provided that the chief procurement officer must make a written determination justifying the type of contract used. An annual report on the number, type, and volume of such procurements shall be made to the commissioner or cabinet department head within ninety days after the end of the fiscal year.

§1517.1§1568.2. The Road Home Program; reporting on certain contract payments, subcontractors, and performance <u>for professional, personal, consulting, and social services contracts</u>

Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the division of administration, office of community development, shall report monthly to the Legislative Audit Advisory Council with respect to the contract between the office of community development and ICF Emergency Management Services dated June 30, 2006, as amended. The report shall contain information relating to subcontractors, inclusive of subcontractors of subcontractors, payments made to any contractor or subcontractor, the value of the contract, contractor performance in the achievement of goals and objectives of the contract, and any penalties which have

been assessed for insufficient performance. The information shall be compiled by the office of community development and delivered to the Legislative Audit Advisory Council on a monthly basis, on a date to be established by the chairman of the council. The commissioner of administration shall consult with the chairman of the Legislative Audit Advisory Council to develop the format in which the information will be presented to the council.

# §1518§1569. Reports of procurement actions <u>related to professional, personal,</u> consulting, and social services contracts

A. A written report shall be compiled annually, within one hundred twenty days after the close of the fiscal year, of contracts made under Sections 1494, 1495 1617, 1620, and 1496 1621 of this Chapter during that preceding fiscal year. The report shall (1) name each contract; (2) state the amount and type of each contract; (3) describe the services purchased by each contract, and (4) include, as attachments, copies of all determinations and findings required to be made by provisions of this Part and implementing rules and regulations.

B.(1) A central file or listing of all architects, engineers, clerk of the works, attorneys, including bond attorneys or counsel, and public relations persons or firms employed or retained by each state agency, board, commission, or department, including nonbudget units shall be compiled and updated annually, within one hundred twenty days after the close of the fiscal year, of contracts made during that preceding year. Each such list shall be kept separately by profession and shall contain information relative to such employment or retention, including a detailed description of the nature of services rendered to the agency, the extent and duration of such services, the amount of the fee or other compensation paid in return for such services, and any other information deemed pertinent by the commissioner of the division of administration.

(2) Notwithstanding the <u>any other</u> provisions of R.S. 39:1482 this Chapter, each state agency, board, commission, or department, including nonbudget units, shall forward on an annual basis on forms to be supplied by the office of contractual

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review state procurement, a report containing the data and information on all professional services retained or employed which are required to be listed in a central listing as provided in Subsection B of this Section.

C. The reports required by this Section shall be retained as public records. \$1500\\$1569.1. Contract administration

A. Upon entering into a professional, personal, consulting, or social service contract, the using agency shall have full responsibility for the diligent administration and monitoring of the contract. The director of the office of contractual review state chief procurement officer may require the using agency to report at any time on the status of any such outstanding contracts to which the using agency is a party.

- B. After completion of performance under a professional, personal, consulting, or social service contract, the using agency shall prepare a final report on the contract which shall include an evaluation of contract performance and an assessment of the utility of the final product. This report shall be delivered to the director of the office of contractual review state chief procurement officer within sixty days after completion of performance and shall be retained in the official contract file. Reports not submitted to the office of contractual review state procurement within the sixty-day period shall be delinquent. The report shall include at least the following:
- (1) The name of the agency official or officials responsible for monitoring the contract and for final agency acceptance of the contract deliverables.
- (2) The contractor, contract amount, contract cost basis, and contract timetable which shall reflect both the proposed and actual work initiation and completion dates.
  - (3) Any contract modifications.
- (4) A listing of the contract deliverables, inclusive of specific products and services, and whether all such deliverables were satisfactorily and timely completed.
  - (5) An itemization of any problems encountered with respect to the

1	execution of the contract.
2	(6) An assessment of the utility of the contract deliverables.
3	C. Final evaluation reports required by this Section for contracts in amounts
4	of two hundred fifty thousand dollars or greater shall also be submitted to the
5	legislative auditor.
6	D. No contract for professional, personal, consulting, or social services
7	shall be entered into by a using agency with any contractor for which a delinquent
8	final evaluation report remains outstanding for a contract with such using agency.
9	E. A report of all multiyear contracts shall be provided to the Joint
10	Legislative Committee on the Budget no later than ninety days after the end of
11	each fiscal year.
12	SUBPART C. CENTRALIZATION OF PUBLIC PROCUREMENT
13	§1571. Centralization of procurement authority
14	Except as otherwise provided in this Subpart, all rights, powers, duties, and
15	authority relating to the procurement of supplies, services, and major repairs now
16	vested in or exercised by any state governmental body under the several statutes
17	relating thereto are hereby transferred to the central purchasing agency.
18	§1572. Exemptions
19	A. Exemption from central purchasing <u>agency</u> and <u>procurement</u> regulations
20	of commissioner. Procurement of the following items or by the following
21	governmental bodies shall not be required to be conducted through the central
22	purchasing agency and shall not be required to follow the procurement
23	regulations of the commissioner or the office of state procurement, but shall
24	nevertheless be subject to the requirements of this Chapter and such regulations as
25	may be promulgated by the head of such governmental body:
26	(1) The Department of Transportation and Development, for procurement
27	of materials, services, and supplies that will become a component part of any road,
28	highway, bridge, or appurtenance thereto, and
29	(2) Textbooks, scientific and laboratory equipment, teaching materials,

1	teaching devices, and teaching supplies procured by the Department of Education.
2	B. Exemptions from central purchasing only. <u>Unless otherwise provided</u>
3	in R.S. 39:1554, exemptions from central purchasing do not apply to
4	professional services, personal services, consulting services, social services,
5	information technology, or vehicle acquisition. Unless otherwise ordered by
6	regulation of the commissioner with approval of the governor, the following
7	governmental bodies shall not be required to conduct procurement through the
8	central purchasing agency, but shall nevertheless be subject to the requirements of
9	this Chapter and the regulations promulgated by the commissioner:
10	(1) Louisiana State University System.
11	(2) Southern University System.
12	(3) Board of Trustees of State Colleges and Universities University of
13	Louisiana System.
14	(4) Special schools and other institutions under the supervision of the State
15	Board of Elementary and Secondary Education.
16	(5) Department of Education for items other than those exempted in
17	Paragraph A(2) of this Section.
18	(6) The office of the state bond commission in the Department of the
19	Treasury for printing only.
20	(7)(6) Louisiana Community and Technical College System.
21	C. Use of central purchasing by exempt agencies. A governmental body
22	exempted from centralized purchasing may use the central purchasing facilities
23	whenever the best interests of such governmental body and the state may be served.
24	SUBPART D. STATE PROCUREMENT REGULATIONS
25	§1581. State procurement regulations
26	A. Regulations. Regulations promulgated by the commissioner in accordance
27	with the Administrative Procedure Act shall govern all procurements by all
28	governmental bodies except for:
29	(1) Regulations promulgated by the secretary of the Department of

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Transportation and Development governing procurement by that department, for procurement of materials and supplies that will become a component part of any road, highway, bridge, or appurtenance thereto.

- (2) Regulations promulgated by the State Superintendent of Education governing the procurement of textbooks, scientific and laboratory equipment, teaching materials, teaching devices, and teaching supplies by the Department of Education.
- B. Exempted departments. Secretaries of departments exempted under Subsection A of this Section shall promulgate regulations for the purposes set forth in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act. Such regulations shall not be inconsistent with the provisions of this Chapter.
- C. Power to promulgate regulations shall not be delegated. The commissioner or secretary shall not delegate his power to promulgate regulations.
- D. Regulations shall not change existing contract rights. No regulation shall change any commitment, right, or obligation of the state or of a contractor under a contract in existence on the effective date of such regulation.
- E. Incorporation of required clauses into contracts by operation of law only with consent of both parties. No clause which is required by regulation to be included shall be considered to be incorporated by operation of law in any state contract without the consent of both parties to the contract to such incorporation; provided, however, that the parties to the contract may give such consent to incorporation by reference at any time after the contract has been entered into and without the necessity of consideration passing to either party.

SUBPART E. COORDINATION, TRAINING, AND EDUCATION §1586. Relationship with using agencies

The commissioner and the director state chief procurement officer shall maintain a close and cooperative relationship with the using agencies. The director state chief procurement officer shall afford each using agency reasonable opportunity to participate in and make recommendations with respect to matters

1	affecting such using agency. Any using agency may at any time make
2	recommendations to the commissioner or the director state chief procurement
3	officer, and the commissioner or director state chief procurement officer may at
4	any time make recommendations to any using agency.
5	§1587. Procurement advisory council; other advisory groups
6	A. Procurement advisory council. The commissioner may establish a
7	Procurement Advisory Council. If created, such council, upon adequate public
8	notice, shall meet at least once a year for the discussion of problems and
9	recommendations for improvement in the procurement process. When requested by
10	the commissioner, the procurement advisory council may conduct studies, research,
11	and analyses and make such reports and recommendations with respect to such
12	subjects or matters within the jurisdiction of the commissioner. The procurement
13	advisory council shall consist of such qualified persons as the commissioner may
14	deem desirable.
15	B. Other advisory groups. The director state chief procurement officer
16	may appoint advisory groups to assist with respect to specifications and procurement
17	in specific areas and with respect to any other matters within the authority of the
18	director state chief procurement officer.
19	C. Drug procurement advisory council. The commissioner shall establish
20	a Drug Procurement Advisory Council which shall be composed of persons from the
21	division of administration and from using agencies of drugs procured by the division
22	and persons qualified in the fields of medicine and pharmacy. The council shall
23	advise the commissioner with respect to the procurement of drugs for any using
24	agency by generic contract, as further provided in R.S. 39:1594.139:1601.
25	PART III. SOURCE SELECTION AND CONTRACT FORMATION
26	SUBPART A. DEFINITIONS
27	§1591. Definitions of terms used in this Part

is reimbursed for costs which are allowable and allocable in accordance with cost

(1) "Cost-reimbursement contract" means a contract under which a contractor

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1	principles as provided for in regulations, and a fee, if any.
2	(2) "Established catalog price" means the price included in a catalog, price
3	list, schedule, or other form that:
4	(a) Is regularly maintained by a manufacturer or contractor.
5	(b) Is either published or otherwise available for inspection by customers, and
6	(c) States prices at which sales are currently or were last made to a significant
7	number of buyers constituting the general buying public for the supplies or services
8	<del>involved.</del>
9	(3) "Invitation for bids" means all documents, whether attached or
10	incorporated by reference, utilized for soliciting bids in accordance with the
11	procedures set forth in R.S. 39:1594.
12	(4) "Purchase description" means specifications or any other document
13	describing the supplies, services, or major repairs to be procured.
14	(5) "Request for proposals" means all documents, whether attached or
15	incorporated by reference, utilized for soliciting proposals in accordance with the
16	procedures set forth in R.S. 39:1595, R.S. 39:1596, R.S. 39:1597, or R.S. 39:1598.
17	(6) "Resident business" means one authorized to do and doing business under
18	the laws of this state, which either:
19	(a) Maintains its principal place of business in the state; or
20	(b) Employs a minimum of two employees who are residents of the state.
21	(7) "Responsible bidder or offeror" means a person who has the capability in
22	all respects to perform the contract requirements and the integrity and reliability
23	which will assure good faith performance.
24	(8) "Responsive bidder" means a person who has submitted a bid under R.S.
25	39:1594 which conforms in all substantive respects to the invitation for bids,
26	including the specifications set forth in the invitation.
27	(9) "Assembled" means the process of putting together all component parts
28	of an item of equipment by the manufacturer where the assembly plant is located
29	within the territorial borders of the state of Louisiana. "Assembled" shall not mean

1 the reassembly of parts packed for shipping purposes. SUBPART B. A. METHODS OF SOURCE SELECTION 2 3 §1593. Methods of source selection A. Unless otherwise authorized by law, all state contracts shall be awarded 4 5 by competitive sealed bidding, pursuant to R.S. 39:1594, except as provided in R.S. 39:1593.1 and R.S. 39:1595 through 1598 one of the following methods: 6 (1) R.S. 39:1594, competitive sealed bids. 7 8 (2) R.S. 39:1595, competitive sealed proposals. 9 (3) R.S. 39:1596, small purchases. 10 (4) R.S. 39:1597, sole source. 11 (5) R.S. 39:1598, emergency procurements. 12 (6) R.S. 39:1600, other procurement methods: 13 (a) Unstable market conditions. 14 (b) Group purchasing organizations. 15 (c) Used equipment. 16 (d) Reverse auctions. (e) Negotiation of noncompetitive contracts. 17 18 B. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section to the contrary and 19 in accordance with rules and regulations promulgated by the commissioner in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act, the directors of state purchasing 20 21 or directors of purchasing at a college or university, with the approval of the 22 commissioner, may procure by solicitation requiring written response from at least three bona fide bidders under the provisions of this Subsection, when it is determined 23 24 that market conditions are unstable and the competitive bid process is not conducive for best pricing for products, supplies and other materials. The provisions of this 25 26 Subsection shall be applicable only if the value of the contract is fifty thousand 27 dollars or less and only after sufficient documentation is provided to the 28 commissioner by the director to substantiate the unstable market.

C.(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section to the contrary,

1	with the approval of the commissioner and the written determination by the director
2	of state purchasing that the best interests of the state would be served, a competitive
3	request for proposals process as provided in this Subsection may be used in the
4	following circumstances:
5	(a) For the procurement of supplies, services, or major repairs, including but
6	not limited to the procurement of high technology acquisitions or of complex
7	services.
8	(b) Through a contract with a group purchasing organization, for the
9	procurement of medical and laboratory supplies and medical equipment required for
10	the purpose of diagnosis or direct treatment of a patient by a health care provider in
11	a hospital or clinical setting, provided the commissioner determines the total cost to
12	be less than the state procurement prices and in the best interest of the state.
13	(2)(a)(i) For a contract to be let under the provisions of this Subsection, the
14	agency shall give adequate public notice of the request for proposals by advertising
15	in the official journal of the state at least thirty days before the last day that proposals
16	will be accepted. In addition, the agency shall mail written notice to persons, firms,
17	or corporations who are known to be in a position to furnish the required services at
18	least thirty days before the last day that proposals will be accepted.
19	(ii) All requests for proposals shall be advertised through a centralized
20	electronic interactive environment administered by the division of administration as
21	provided in this Section. The advertisement or written notice required by this Section
22	shall contain the name and address of the using agency and shall establish the
23	specific date, time, and place by which the request for proposals must be received.
24	(b) The request for proposals shall clearly state the technological or other
25	outcome desired from the procurement of the technological or complex systems
26	and/or services, if applicable, and shall indicate the relative importance of price and
27	other evaluation factors, the criteria to be used in evaluating the proposals, and the
28	time frames within which the work must be completed.
29	(c) Written or oral discussions shall be conducted with all responsible

1	offerers who submit proposals determined in writing to be reasonably susceptible of
2	being selected for award. Discussions shall not disclose any information derived
3	from proposals submitted by competing offers. Discussions need not be conducted:
4	(i) If prices are fixed by law or regulation, except that consideration shall be
5	given to competitive terms and conditions.
6	(ii) If time of delivery or performance will not permit discussions.
7	(iii) If it can be clearly demonstrated and documented from the existence of
8	adequate competition or accurate prior cost experience with the particular service
9	that acceptance of an initial offer without discussion would result in fair and
10	reasonable prices and the request for proposals notifies all offerers of the possibility
11	that award may be made on the basis of the initial offers.
12	(d)(i) Award shall be made to the responsible offerer whose proposal is
13	determined in writing by the agency to be the most advantageous to the state, taking
14	into consideration review of price and the evaluation factors set forth in the request
15	for proposals.
16	(ii) A request for proposals or other solicitation may be cancelled or all
17	proposals may be rejected only if it is determined, based on reasons provided in
18	writing, that such action is taken in the best interest of the state.
19	(e) Each contract entered into pursuant to this Subsection shall contain as a
20	<del>minimum:</del>
21	(i) Description of the work to be performed and/or objectives to be met, when
22	<del>applicable.</del>
23	(ii) Amount and time of payments to be made.
24	(iii) Description of reports or other deliverables to be received, when
25	applicable.
26	(iv) Date of reports or other deliverables to be received, when applicable.
27	(v) Responsibility for payment of taxes, when applicable.
28	(vi) Circumstances under which the contract can be terminated either with or
29	without cause.

1	(vii) Remedies for default.
2	(viii) A statement giving the legislative auditor the authority to audit records
3	of the individual(s) or firm(s).
4	(f)(i) Upon entering into a contract, the using agency shall have full
5	responsibility for the diligent administration and monitoring of the contract. The
6	director of state purchasing may require the using agency to report at any time on the
7	status of any such outstanding contracts to which the using agency is a party. After
8	completion of performance under a contract, the using agency shall evaluate contract
9	performance and the utility of the final product. This evaluation shall be delivered
10	to the director of state purchasing within one hundred twenty days after completion
11	of performance and shall be retained in the official contract file.
12	(ii)(aa) No contract shall be valid, nor shall the state be bound by the contract
13	until it has first been executed by the head of the using agency, or his designee
14	which is a party to the contract and the contractor and has been approved in writing
15	by the director of state purchasing.
16	(bb) In cases where the head of the using agency wants to delegate authority
17	to one or more of his subordinates to sign contracts on behalf of the agency, this
18	delegation shall be made in accordance with regulations of the commissioner and
19	shall be subject to the approval of the director of state purchasing.
20	§1594. Competitive sealed bidding bids
21	A. Conditions for use. Contracts exceeding the amount provided by R.S
22	39:1596 shall be awarded by competitive sealed bidding unless otherwise provided
23	in this Chapter.
24	B. Invitation for bids. Competitive sealed bidding shall be initiated by the
25	issuance of an invitation for bids containing a description of the supplies, services
26	or major repairs to be procured and all contractual terms and conditions applicable
27	to the procurement.
28	C. Public notice.
29	(1) Adequate public notice of the invitation for bids shall be given at least

ten days prior to the date set forth therein for the opening of bids on all matters except those made for housing of state agencies, their personnel, operations, equipment, or activities pursuant to R.S. 39:1643, for which such notice shall be given at least twenty days prior to the opening of bids. Notice shall be in writing and to persons in a position to furnish the supplies, services, or major repairs required, as shown by its records, and by advertising if the amount of the purchase is twenty-five thousand dollars or more.

- (2) The advertisements or written notices shall contain general descriptions of the supplies, services, or major repairs for which bids are wanted and shall state:
- (a) The names and locations of the departments or institutions for which the purchases are to be made.
  - (b) Where and how specifications and quotation forms may be obtained, and
- (c) The date and time not later than which bids must be received and will be opened.
- (3) Each advertisement shall be published in the official journal of the state. In the case of any purchase to meet the needs of a single budget unit the advertisement shall be published also in a newspaper of general circulation printed in the parish in which the budget unit is situated or, if there is no newspaper printed in the parish, in a newspaper printed in the nearest parish, that has a general circulation in the parish in which the budget unit is situated.
- (4) Evidence of agency, corporate, or partnership authority shall be required for submission of a bid to the division of administration or **purchasing agencies of** the state of Louisiana. The authority of the signature of the person submitting the bid shall be deemed sufficient and acceptable if any of the following conditions is met:
- (a) The signature on the bid is that of any corporate officer listed on the most current annual report on file with the secretary of state, or the signature on the bid is that of any member of a partnership or partnership in commendam listed in the most current partnership records on file with the secretary of state.
  - (b) The signature on the bid is that of an authorized representative of the

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corporation, partnership, or other legal entity and the bid is accompanied by bidder submits or provides upon request a corporate resolution, certification as to the corporate principal, or other documents indicating authority which are acceptable to the public entity, including registration on an electronic Internet database maintained by the public entity.

- (c) The corporation, partnership, or other legal entity has filed in the appropriate records of the secretary of state in which the public entity is located, an affidavit, resolution, or other acknowledged or authentic document indicating the names of all parties authorized to submit bids for public contracts. Such document on file with the secretary of state shall remain in effect and shall be binding upon the principal until specifically rescinded and canceled from the records of the respective offices.
- (5) All bids shall be advertised by a using agency through a centralized electronic interactive environment administered by the division of administration as provided in this Section. The advertisement or written notice required by this Section shall contain the name and address of the using agency and shall establish the specific date, time, and place by which the bids must be received.
- D. Bid opening. Bids shall be opened publicly in the presence of one or more witnesses at the time and place designated in the invitation for bids. Each bid, together with the name of the bidder, shall be recorded and open to public inspection.

### E. Bid evaluation.

- (1) Bids shall be evaluated based on the requirements set forth in the invitation for bids, which may include criteria to determine acceptability such as inspection, testing, quality, workmanship, delivery, and suitability for a particular purpose, and criteria affecting price such as life cycle or total ownership costs. The invitation for bids shall set forth the evaluation criteria to be used. No criteria may be used in bid evaluation that are not set forth in the invitation for bids.
- (2) For bids made for housing of state agencies, their personnel, operations, equipment, or activities pursuant to R.S. 39:1643, the criteria for evaluation shall be

1	included in the invitation for bids and shall include, at a minimum, the following:
2	(a) Location of the proposed space.
3	(b) Condition of the proposed space.
4	(c) Suitability of the proposed space for the advertiser's needs.
5	(d) Timeliness of availability of the proposed space.
6	F. Correction or withdrawal of bids. Patent errors in bids or errors in bids
7	supported by clear and convincing evidence may be corrected, or bids may be
8	withdrawn, if such correction or withdrawal does not prejudice other bidders, and
9	such actions may be taken only to the extent permitted under regulations.
10	G. Award. The contract shall be awarded with reasonable promptness by
11	written notice to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder whose bid meets the
12	requirements and criteria set forth in the invitation for bids. Award shall be made by
13	unconditional acceptance of a bid without alteration or correction except as
14	authorized in this Part Chapter.
15	H. Resident business preference. In state contracts awarded by competitive
16	sealed bidding, resident businesses shall be preferred to nonresident businesses
17	where there is a tie bid and where there will be no sacrifice or loss in quality.
18	I. Exemption.
19	(1) Purchases of goods manufactured by or services performed by severely
20	handicapped individuals in state-operated and state-supported sheltered workshops
21	as defined in R.S. 39:1595.4 shall be exempt from the provisions of this Section.
22	This exemption shall also apply to goods and services procured by purchase order
23	directly from a central nonprofit agency contracting under R.S. 39:1595.4 to assist
24	qualified sheltered workshops; any purchase order shall be issued directly to the
25	central nonprofit agency for all goods and services within the exemption provided
26	under this Subsection.
27	(2) Purchases of raw materials and supplies used in the manufacturing
28	process by the Department of Public Safety and Corrections, division of prison
29	enterprises, with the approval of the director of state purchasing procurement, shall

1	be exempt from the provisions of this Section and shall be procured through the use
2	of written bids.
3	§1593(C)§1595. Competitive sealed proposals
4	$\underline{\mathbf{A}}$ .(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section to the contrary,
5	with the approval of the commissioner and the written determination by the director
6	of state purchasing chief procurement officer that the best interests of the state
7	would be served, a competitive request for proposals process as provided in this
8	Subsection may be used in the following circumstances:
9	(a) For the procurement of supplies, services, or major repairs, including but
10	not limited to the procurement of high technology acquisitions or of complex
11	services.
12	(b) Through a contract with a group purchasing organization, for the
13	procurement of medical and laboratory supplies and medical equipment required for
14	the purpose of diagnosis or direct treatment of a patient by a health care provider in
15	a hospital or clinical setting, provided the commissioner determines the total cost to
16	be less than the state procurement prices and in the best interest of the state.
17	(c) The approval and written determination requirements of this
18	Paragraph shall not apply to a request for proposals for professional, personal,
19	consulting, or social services.
20	(2)(a)(i) For a contract to be let under the provisions of this Subsection, the
21	agency shall give adequate public notice of the request for proposals by advertising
22	in the official journal of the state at least thirty days before the last day that proposals
23	will be accepted. In addition, the agency shall mail written notice to persons, firms,
24	or corporations who are known to be in a position to furnish the required services at
25	least thirty days before the last day that proposals will be accepted.
26	§1503(A) <b>B</b> . Requests for proposals
27	(1) For consulting service contracts with a total maximum compensation of
28	fifty thousand dollars or more, except for such contracts entered into by the

Department of Transportation and Development, adequate public notice of the

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request for proposals shall be given by advertising in the official journal of the state and in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the state at least once. The advertisement shall appear at least thirty days before the last day that proposals will be accepted. When available, advertisements shall be placed in those national trade journals which serve the particular type of contractor desired. In addition, written notice shall be provided to persons, firms, or corporations who are known to be in a position to furnish such services, at least thirty days before the last day that proposals will be accepted.

(2) For social service contracts not qualifying under R.S. 39:1494.1(A) 39:1619(B), adequate public notice of the request for proposals shall be given by advertising in the official journal of the state, in the official journal of the parish in which the services are to be performed and such other newspapers, bulletins, or other media as are appropriate in the circumstances. Such advertisements shall appear at least once in the official journal of the state and once in the official journal of the parish. If the services are to be performed in or made available to residents of a multiparish area, advertising in the official journal of the state and in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the state at least once shall be sufficient to meet this requirement. In all cases, the advertisement shall appear at least fourteen days before the last day that the proposals will be accepted. In addition, written notice shall be provided to persons, firms, or corporations who are known to be in a position to furnish such services, at least fourteen days before the last day that proposals will be accepted. This last requirement is subject to reasonable limitation at the discretion of the using agency.

(3) For consulting service contracts entered into by the Department of Transportation and Development with a total maximum compensation of fifty thousand dollars or more, adequate public notice of the request for proposals shall be given by advertising in the official journal of the state at least once. The first advertisement shall appear at least fifteen days before the last day that proposals will be accepted. In addition, written notice shall be provided to persons, firms, or

1 corporations who are known to be in a position to furnish such services, at least 2 fifteen days prior to the last day that proposals will be accepted. 3 (4) All requests for proposals shall be advertised by a using agency through a centralized electronic interactive environment administered by the division of 4 5 administration as provided in this Section. The advertisement or written notice required by this Section shall contain the name and address of the using agency and 6 7 shall establish the specific date, time, and place by which the request for proposals 8 must be received. 9 §1503(B)(5) The Request for Proposals requests for proposals: 10 (a) For consulting, social, and some professional services shall indicate the relative importance of price and other evaluation factors, shall clearly define the 11 12 tasks to be performed under the contract, the criteria to be used in evaluating the 13 proposals and the time frames within which the work must be completed. (b) For all others, it shall clearly state the technological or other outcome 14 desired from the procurement of the technological or complex systems or 15 services, if applicable, and shall indicate the relative importance of price and 16 other evaluation factors, the criteria to be used in evaluating the proposals, and 17 the time frames within which the work must be completed. 18 19 §1503(D)(6) Written or oral discussions shall be conducted with all responsible offerers who submit proposals determined in writing to be reasonably 20 21 susceptible of being selected for award. Discussions shall not disclose any information derived from proposals submitted by competing offerers. Discussions 22 need not be conducted: 23 24 (1)(a) With respect to prices, where such If prices are fixed by law or regulation, except that consideration shall be given to competitive terms and 25 26 conditions; or. 27 (2)(b) Where If time of delivery or performance will not permit discussions;

(3)(c) Where If it can be clearly demonstrated and documented from the

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<del>or</del> .

1	existence of adequate competition or accurate prior cost experience with that the
2	particular service that acceptance of an initial offer without discussion would result
3	in fair and reasonable prices, and the Request for Proposals request for proposals
4	notifies all offerers proposers of the possibility that award may be made on the basis
5	of the initial offers.
6	C: (7)(a) Award shall be made to the responsible offerer proposer whose
7	proposal is determined in writing by the head of the using agency to be the most
8	advantageous to the state, taking into consideration review of price and the
9	evaluation factors set forth in the Request for Proposals request for proposals.
10	$\frac{\$1504(\mathbf{b})}{}$ A request for proposals or other solicitation may be cancelled or
11	all proposals may be rejected only if it is determined, based on reasons provided in
12	writing, that such action is taken in the best interest of the state.
13	§1593(C)(2)(d)(ii)(8) A request for proposals or other solicitation may be
14	cancelled or all proposals may be rejected only if it is determined, based on reasons
15	provided in writing, that such action is taken in the best interest of the state.
16	§1593(C)(2)(e)(9) Each contract entered into pursuant to this Subsection
17	shall contain as a minimum:
18	(i)(a) Description of the work to be performed and/or objectives to be met,
19	when applicable.
20	(ii)(b) Amount and time of payments to be made.
21	(iii)(c) Description of reports or other deliverables to be received, when
22	applicable.
23	$(iv)(\underline{d})$ Date of reports or other deliverables to be received, when applicable.
24	(v)(e) Responsibility for payment of taxes, when applicable.
25	(vi)(f) Circumstances under which the contract can be terminated either with
26	or without cause.
27	(vii)(g) Remedies for default.
28	(viii)(h) A statement giving the legislative auditor the authority to audit
29	records of the individual(s) or firm(s).

### (i) Performance measurements.

### (j) Monitoring plan.

(f)(i)(10)(a) Upon entering into a contract, the using agency shall have full responsibility for the diligent administration and monitoring of the contract. The director of state purchasing state chief procurement officer may require the using agency to report at any time on the status of any such outstanding contracts to which the using agency is a party. After completion of performance under a contract, the using agency shall evaluate contract performance and the utility of the final product. This evaluation shall be delivered to the director of state purchasing state chief procurement officer or his designee or the director of purchasing at a college or university, as applicable, within one hundred twenty days after completion of performance and shall be retained in the official contract file.

(ii)(aa)(b)(i) No contract shall be valid, nor shall the state be bound by the contract, until it has first been executed by the head of the using agency, or his designee, which is a party to the contract and the contractor and has been approved in writing by the director of state purchasing state chief procurement officer or his designee or the director of purchasing at a college or university, as applicable.

(bb)(ii) In cases where the head of the using agency wants to delegate authority to one or more of his subordinates to sign contracts on behalf of the agency, this delegation shall be made in accordance with regulations of the commissioner and shall be subject to the approval of the director of state purchasing state chief procurement officer.

\$1502(E)(11) Requests for proposals shall not be required for "interagency contracts" as defined in R.S. 39:1490(C) 39:1556(29).

§1502(F)(12) Notwithstanding the provisions of this Chapter, all relevant federal statutes and regulations shall be followed by the using agency in procuring services. The burden of complying with these federal statutes and regulations shall rest with the using agency and shall be documented in the contract record submitted to the office of contractual review state procurement.

1 §1502.§1595.1. Validity of professional, personal, consulting, and social service 2 contracts 3 A. No contract shall be valid, nor shall the state be bound by the contract, until it has first been executed by the head of the using agency, or his designee, 5 which is a party to the contract and the contractor, and has been approved in writing by the director of the office of contractual review state procurement. 6 7 B. In cases where the head of the using agency wants to delegate authority 8 to one or more of his subordinates to sign contracts on behalf of the agency, this 9 delegation must be made in accordance with regulations of the office of contractual 10 review state procurement and shall be subject to the approval of the office of 11 contractual review state procurement. 12 §1596. Small purchases 13 Procurements not exceeding the amounts established by executive order of the governor may be made in accordance with small purchase procedures prescribed 14 by such executive order, except that procurement requirements shall not be 15 16 artificially divided so as to constitute a small purchase under this Section. 17 §1597. Sole source procurements A contract may be awarded for a required supply, service, or major repair 18 19 without competition when, under regulations, the chief procurement officer or his designee above the level of procurement officer determines in writing that there is 20 21 only one source for the required supply, service, or major repair item. 22 §1598. Emergency procurements A. Conditions for use. The chief procurement officer or his designee above 23 24 the level of procurement officer may make or authorize others to make emergency procurements when there exists an imminent threat to the public health, welfare, 25 safety, or public property under emergency conditions as defined in accordance with 26 27 regulations. B. Written quotations. Every effort shall be made to obtain quotations from 28

three or more vendors when supplies, services, or major repairs are to be purchased

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on an emergency basis, except for standard equipment parts for which prices are established. Immediate purchasing shall be discouraged as much as is practicable. When supplies, services, or major repairs are urgently required and time does not permit the obtaining of written quotations, the procurement officer may obtain quotations by telephoning or otherwise, but such quotations shall be made on the relative purchase requisitions. So far as practicable, quotations shall be secured from institutions of the state as provided by law.

C. Determination required. The Chief Procurement Officer shall make a written determination of the basis of the emergency that includes the facts and circumstances leading to the conclusion that such procurement was necessary as well as a written determination detailing the steps taken prior to selecting a particular contractor and the basis for the final selection. The written determination shall be included in the contract file either prior to contracting or as soon thereafter as practicable.

# §1593(B)§1600. Other procurement methods

# A. Unstable market conditions

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section Chapter to the contrary and in accordance with rules and regulations promulgated by the commissioner in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act, the directors director of state purchasing procurement or directors director of purchasing at a college or university, with the approval of the commissioner, may procure by solicitation requiring written response from at least three bona fide bidders under the provisions of this Subsection Section, when it is determined that market conditions are unstable and the competitive bid process is not conducive for best pricing for products, supplies and other materials. The provisions of this Subsection Section shall be applicable only if the value of the contract is fifty thousand dollars or less and only after sufficient documentation is provided to the commissioner by the director to substantiate the unstable market.

§1593.1**B**. Group purchasing

A:(1) The Louisiana State University Health Sciences Center may contract with a group purchasing organization through a competitive request for proposals process for medical and laboratory supplies and medical equipment required for the purpose of diagnosis or direct treatment of a patient by a health care provider in a hospital or clinic setting.

B:(2) Prior to the award of such contract, the proposed contract shall be approved by the commissioner of administration provided he determines the total cost to be less than the state procurement prices the Louisiana State University

Health Sciences Center makes a written determination that prices from the group purchasing organization are fair market prices and that the contract is in the best interest of the state.

C:(3) No later than sixty days after a purchasing agency submits a proposed contract to the commissioner for approval, the commissioner shall notify the purchasing agency in writing as to whether the proposed contract has been approved or rejected. If the commissioner does not timely notify the purchasing agency of his decision, the request for approval on the proposed contract shall be deemed to have been approved. The commissioner shall not unreasonably withhold his approval.

## §1645.C. Procurement of used Used equipment

A:(1) Any agency covered by this Chapter may procure any equipment which is used or which has been previously purchased by an individual or corporation where the agency proposing to make such procurement can present satisfactory information to the procurement officer to illustrate that the procurement of said equipment is cost effective to the state.

B.(1)(2)(a) The used equipment shall be purchased by the head of the agency, college, or university, within the price range set by the director of state purchasing **procurement**, or the directors of purchasing at colleges and universities, in a statement of written approval for the purchase which must be obtained by the head of the agency, college, or university, prior to the purchase.

(2)(b) The head of the agency, college, or university, shall certify in writing

1	to the director of state purchasing procurement, or the directors of purchasing at
2	colleges and universities, all of the following:
3	(a)(i) The price for which the used equipment may be obtained.
4	(b)(ii) The plan for maintenance and repair of the equipment and the cost
5	thereof.
6	(c)(iii) The savings that will accrue to the state because of the purchase of
7	the used equipment.
8	(d)(iv) The fact that following the procedures set out in the Louisiana
9	Procurement Code will result in the loss of the opportunity to purchase the
10	equipment.
11	§1598.1 <b>D</b> . Reverse auction
12	$\underline{\mathbf{A}}$ .(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of Subpart $\underline{\mathbf{B}}$ $\underline{\mathbf{A}}$ of this Part, with the
13	approval of the state director of purchasing procurement and the determination of
14	the head of the using agency that the best interests of the state would be served and
15	that electronic online bidding is more advantageous than other procurement methods
16	provided in this Chapter, a reverse auction may be utilized for the acquisition of
17	materials, supplies, services, products, or equipment.
18	B.(2) Prior to the implementation of this Subpart Paragraph, the state
19	director of purchasing procurement shall develop policies, procedures, and
20	promulgate regulations, in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act. Such
21	policies and procedures may require that:
22	(1)(a) Vendors shall register before the opening date and time, and as part
23	of the registration, require that the vendors agree to any terms and conditions and
24	other requirements of the solicitation.
25	(2)(b) Vendors shall be prequalified prior to placing bids and allow only
26	bidders who are prequalified to submit bids.
27	(3)(c) The solicitation shall designate an opening date and time and the
28	closing date and time. The closing date and time may be fixed or remain open
29	depending on the nature of the item being bid.

1	(4)(d) At the opening date and time, the using agency shall begin accepting
2	online bids and continue accepting bids until the bid is officially closed. Registered
3	bidders shall be allowed to lower the price of their bid below the lowest bid posted
4	on the Internet until the closing date and time.
5	(5)(e) Bidders' identities shall not be revealed during the bidding process;
6	only the successively lower prices, ranks, scores, and related bid details shall be
7	revealed.
8	(6)(f) All bids shall be posted electronically and updated on a real-time basis.
9	(7)(g) The using agency shall retain the right to cancel the solicitation if it
10	determines that it is in the agency's or the state's best interest.
11	(8)(h) The using agency shall retain its existing authority to determine the
12	criteria that shall be used as a basis for making awards.
13	C.(3) Adequate public notice for the purchase of materials, supplies,
14	services, or equipment using a reverse auction shall be given as follows:
15	(1)(a) The advertisement or notice shall be published one time in the official
16	journal of the state at least twenty days before the opening date of the reverse
17	auction.
18	(2)(b) In the case of any purchase to meet the needs of a single budget unit,
19	the advertisement shall be published also in a newspaper of general circulation
20	printed in the parish in which the budget unit is situated, or, if there is not a
21	newspaper printed in the parish, in a newspaper printed in the nearest parish that has
22	a general circulation in the parish in which the budget unit is situated.
23	§1499 <u>E</u> . Negotiation
24	The head of the using agency or the agency procurement officer shall
25	negotiate with the highest qualified persons for all contracts for professional,
26	personal, or those consulting services for less than fifty thousand dollars, or those
27	social services qualifying under R.S. 39:1494.1(A) 39:1619(B) at compensation
28	which the head of the using agency determines in writing to be fair and reasonable

to the state. In making this determination, the head of the using agency shall take

into account, in the following order of importance, the professional or technical competence of offerers, the technical merits of offers, and the compensation for which the services are to be rendered, including fee. Negotiation of consulting services for fifty thousand dollars or more or social services not qualifying under R.S. 39:1494.1(A) 39:1619(B) shall be conducted in accordance with Part II, Subpart B R.S. 39:1595(B) hereof.

## §1594.1§1601. Contracts for drugs

Multisource generic drug contracts shall be used for the procurement of drugs approved by the Federal Drug Administration and listed in the Federal Drug Administration Prescription Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations Compendium and Supplements for all using agencies. Such contracts shall be competitively bid at the lowest available price. However, a brand name contract may be used if there is only one source of supply for a particular drug or if the using agency certifies to the chief procurement officer that a justifiable medical reason exists for the use of a particular brand name drug. The chief procurement officer shall seek the advice of the Drug Procurement Advisory Council on all such requests other than declared emergencies.

# §1594.2§1602. Right to reject bids from Communist countries

In awarding contracts for supplies, any public entity is authorized to reject the lowest bid if received from a bidder domiciled in a Communist country, or if the supplies are manufactured in a Communist country, including but not limited to the Soviet Union, China, North Korea, and Vietnam, and to award the contract to the next lowest bidder, provided this Section shall not apply to any country having established trade relations agreements or approvals from the government of the United States.

# §1594.3§1603. Limitations on consultants competing for contracts

A. Any person contracting with an agency for the purposes of developing bidding documents, requests for proposals, or any other type of solicitation related to a specific procurement shall be prohibited from bidding, proposing, or otherwise

1	competing for award of that procurement. Such persons shall further be prohibited
2	from participating as subcontractors related to the award of that procurement.
3	B. For the purposes of this Section, the following activities shall not be
4	considered "developing bidding documents, requests for proposals, or any other type
5	of solicitation":
6	(1) Architectural and engineering programming.
7	(2) Master planning.
8	(3) Budgeting.
9	(4) Feasibility analysis.
10	(5) Constructability review.
11	(6) Furnishing specification data or other product information.
12	(7) Any other services that do not establish selection qualifications or
13	evaluation criteria for the procurement of an architect or engineer.
14	§1595§1604. Preference for all types of products produced, manufactured,
15	assembled, grown, or harvested in Louisiana; exceptions
16	A. As used in this Section, the following terms shall have the following
17	meanings ascribed to them:
18	(1) "Meat" and "meat product" means beef, veal, pork, mutton, poultry, and
19	other meats, and products made from those meats.
20	(2) "Other products" includes "other meat", "other meat products", "other
21	seafood", and "other seafood products" and means products which are produced,
22	manufactured, grown, processed, and harvested outside the state.
23	(3) "Seafood" means crawfish, catfish, other fish, shrimp, oysters, crabs,
24	underutilized species, and other seafood and freshwater food.
25	(4) "Processed" means the alteration of any raw product altered from its
26	original state to enhance its value or render it suitable for further refinement or
27	marketing.
28	B. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section to the contrary, each
29	procurement officer, purchasing agent, or similar official who procures or purchases

2	paper products under the provisions of this Chapter shall procure or purchase
3	Louisiana products provided all of the following conditions are met:
4	(1) The bidder certifies in the bid submitted that the product meets the criteria
5	of a Louisiana product.
6	(2) The product is equal to or better than equal in quality to other products.
7	(3) The cost of the Louisiana product shall not exceed the cost of other
8	products by more than ten percent, except as otherwise provided in this Chapter as
9	a specific exception.
10	C. In order to qualify as Louisiana products for the purpose of this Section,
11	the following products shall meet the following requirements:
12	(1) Produce shall be produced in Louisiana and produce products shall be
13	produced and processed in Louisiana.
14	(2) Eggs shall be laid in Louisiana and egg products shall be processed from
15	eggs laid in Louisiana.
16	(3) Meat and meat products shall be processed in Louisiana from animals
17	which are alive at the time they enter the processing plant.
18	(4)(a) Seafood shall be:
19	(i) Harvested in Louisiana seas or other Louisiana waters; or
20	(ii) Harvested by a person who holds a valid appropriate commercial fishing
21	license issued under R.S. 56:1 et seq.
22	(b) Products produced from such seafood shall be processed in Louisiana.
23	(5) Domesticated catfish shall be processed in Louisiana from animals which
24	were grown in Louisiana.
25	(6) Paper and paper products shall be manufactured or converted in
26	Louisiana. For the purposes of this Paragraph, "manufactured" shall mean the
27	process of making a product suitable for use from raw materials by hand or by
28	machinery, and "converted" shall mean the process of converting roll stock into a
29	sheeted and fully packaged product in a full-time converting operation. For paper

agricultural or forestry products, including meat, seafood, produce, eggs, paper or

supplied in wrapped reams, each carton and each individual ream shall be clearly labeled with the name of the manufacturer or converter and the location within Louisiana where such paper is manufactured or converted. For paper and paper products supplied in bulk or in other forms, the smallest unit of packaging shall be clearly labeled with the name of the manufacturer or converter and the location within Louisiana where such paper or paper product is manufactured or converted.

- (7) All other agricultural or forestry products shall be produced, manufactured, or processed in Louisiana.
- D. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section to the contrary, each procurement officer, purchasing agent, or similar official who procures or purchases products under the provisions of this Chapter shall procure or purchase meat and meat products which are further processed in Louisiana under the grading and certification service of the Louisiana Department of Agriculture and Forestry and which are equal in quality to other meat and meat products, provided the cost of the further processed meat and meat products does not exceed the cost of other meat or meat products by more than seven percent.

E. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section to the contrary, each procurement officer, purchasing agent, or similar official who procures or purchases products under the provisions of this Part shall procure or purchase domesticated or wild catfish which are processed in Louisiana but grown outside of Louisiana and which are equal in quality to domesticated or wild catfish which are processed outside of Louisiana provided the cost of the domesticated or wild catfish which are processed in Louisiana does not exceed the cost of the domesticated or wild catfish which are processed outside of Louisiana by more than seven percent.

F. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section to the contrary, each procurement officer, purchasing agent, or similar official who procures or purchases products under the provisions of this Part shall procure or purchase produce processed in Louisiana but grown outside of Louisiana and which is equal in quality to produce processed and grown outside of Louisiana, provided the cost of the

1 produce processed in Louisiana does not exceed the cost of the produce processed 2 outside of Louisiana by more than seven percent. 3 5 6 7 8 9 10 H. Except as otherwise provided in this Section, each procurement officer, 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 percent. 19 20 21 price as the lowest bid offered on such items. 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29

G. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section to the contrary, each procurement officer, purchasing agent, or similar official who procures or purchases products under the provisions of this Chapter shall procure or purchase eggs or crawfish which are further processed in Louisiana under the grading service of the Louisiana Department of Agriculture and Forestry and which are equal in quality to other eggs or crawfish, provided the cost of the further processed eggs or crawfish does not exceed the cost of other eggs or crawfish by more than seven percent.

- purchasing agent, or similar official who procures or purchases materials, supplies, products, provisions, or equipment under the provisions of this Chapter may purchase such materials, supplies, products, provisions, or equipment which are produced, manufactured, or assembled in Louisiana, as defined in R.S. 38:2251(A), and which are equal in quality to other materials, supplies, products, provisions, or equipment, provided that all of the following conditions are met:
- (1) The cost of such items does not exceed the cost of other items which are manufactured, processed, produced, or assembled outside the state by more than ten
- (2) The vendor of such Louisiana items agrees to sell the items at the same
- (3) In cases where more than one bidder offers Louisiana items which are within ten percent of the lowest bid, the bidder offering the lowest bid on Louisiana items is entitled to accept the price of the lowest bid made on such items.
- I. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section to the contrary, such preferences shall only apply to bidders whose Louisiana business workforce is comprised of a minimum of fifty percent Louisiana residents.
- J. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section to the contrary, such preference shall not apply to Louisiana products whose source is a clay which is

1	mined or originates in Louisiana, and which is manufactured, processed or refined
2	in Louisiana for sale as an expanded clay aggregate form different than its original
3	state. No provision of this Subsection shall affect the preferences applicable to brick
4	manufacturers.
5	K. The provisions of this Section shall not apply to treated wood poles and
6	piling.
7	§1595.1§1604.1. Preference in awarding contracts
8	A. In the awarding of contracts by any public entity, except contracts for the
9	construction, maintenance, or repair of highways and streets, and contracts financed
10	in whole or in part by contributions or loans from any agency of the United States
11	government, where both in-state and out-of-state vendors are bidding, in-state
12	vendors shall be given a preference in the same manner that any of the out-of-state
13	vendors would be given on a comparative bid in their own state. If one party to a
14	joint venture is qualified under this Section as a vendor domiciled in Louisiana, this
15	qualification shall extend to all parties to the joint venture. For the purpose of this
16	Section, a foreign corporation which was qualified to do business in the state of
17	Louisiana in the manner required by law more than six months prior to the
18	advertising of bids on a contract shall be considered to be a vendor domiciled in the
19	state of Louisiana for the purpose of awarding the contract.
20	B. For purposes of determination of the lowest responsible bidder, when
21	letting contracts where bids are received from in-state vendors and out-of-state
22	vendors, local sales and use taxes shall be excluded from the bid.
23	C. The provisions and requirements of this Section shall not be waived by
24	any public entity.
25	§1595.2§1604.2. Preference in letting contracts for public work
26	A.(1) In the letting of contracts for public work by any public entity, except
27	contracts financed in whole or in part by contributions or loans from any agency of
28	the United States government:

(a) Preference shall be given to contractors domiciled in the state of

2	of contractors domiciled in that state over contractors domiciled in the state of
3	Louisiana for the same type of work; and
4	(b) Contractors domiciled in the state of Louisiana are to be granted the same
5	preference over contractors domiciled in such state favoring contractors domiciled
6	therein with a preference over contractors domiciled in the state of Louisiana in the
7	same manner and on the same basis and to the same extent that such preference may
8	be granted in letting contracts for the same type of work by such other state to
9	contractors domiciled therein over contractors domiciled in the state of Louisiana.
10	(2) If one party to a joint venture is qualified under this Section as a
11	contractor domiciled in Louisiana, this qualification shall extend to all parties to the
12	joint venture.
13	(3) For the purpose of this Section, a foreign corporation that has qualified
14	to do business in the state of Louisiana in the manner required by law more than six
15	months prior to the advertising for bids on a contract for public work shall be
16	considered to be a contractor domiciled in the state of Louisiana for the purpose of
17	letting the contract for such public work.
18	B. The provisions and requirements of this Section shall not be waived by
19	any public entity.
20	§1595.3§1604.3. Preference in awarding contracts for certain services
21	In the awarding of contracts by any public entity, for services to organize or
22	administer rodeos and livestock shows, where state-owned facilities will be used to
23	house or contain such activities, and where both in-state and out-of-state vendors are
24	bidding, in-state vendors shall be given preference, provided such services are equal
25	in quality and do not exceed in cost by more than ten percent those services available
26	from outside the state.
27	§1595.4§1604.4. Preference for goods manufactured, or services performed, by
28	sheltered workshops; definitions; coordinating council
29	A. Every governmental body shall give a preference in its purchasing

Louisiana over contractors domiciled in a state that provides for a preference in favor

2	individuals in state-operated and state-supported sheltered workshops.
3	B. The provisions of this Section shall not be construed to limit or otherwise
4	affect the provisions of R.S. 23:3024 and 3025 regarding the sheltered industries
5	program for individuals who are blind.
6	C. There is hereby created within the Department of Health and Hospitals
7	a council whose function shall be to coordinate and facilitate the carrying out of
8	provisions of this Section. The membership of this council shall be determined by
9	the secretary of the Department of Health and Hospitals. It shall have authority to
10	designate and contract with a central nonprofit agency to assist sheltered workshops
11	in submitting applications for the selection of suitable goods and services, to
12	facilitate the allocation of orders among qualified sheltered workshops, and
13	otherwise to assist the council in performing its functions.
14	D. The Department of Health and Hospitals may adopt, promulgate, and
15	enforce such rules and regulations as are necessary and appropriate to implement the
16	provisions of this Section. The regulations shall be promulgated in accordance with
17	the Administrative Procedure Act, R.S. 49:950 et seq.
18	E. For the purposes of this Section, the following terms are defined as
19	follows:
20	(1) "Direct labor" means all labor involved in the manufacture of goods or
21	the performance of services except for supervision, instruction, administration, and
22	shipping.
23	(2) "Goods manufactured and services performed by severely handicapped
24	individuals" means goods and services for which not less than seventy-five percent
25	of the man-hours of direct labor required for manufacture or performance is provided
26	by severely handicapped individuals.
27	(3) "Qualified nonprofit agency for the severely handicapped" means an
28	agency that:
29	(a) Is incorporated under the Louisiana Nonprofit Corporation Law and

practices to goods manufactured and services performed by severely handicapped

1	operated in the interests of severely handicapped individuals, and the income of
2	which does not inure in whole or in part to the benefit of any shareholder or other
3	private individual, and
4	(b) Complies with any applicable occupational health and safety standards
5	provided by the statutes or regulations of this state or of the United States.
6	(4) "Severely handicapped individuals" means individuals with a physical,
7	mental, or substance abuse disability which constitutes a substantial obstacle to their
8	employment and is of such a nature as to prevent an individual from engaging in
9	normal competitive employment.
10	(5) "Sheltered workshop" means a facility designed to provide gainful
11	employment for severely handicapped individuals who cannot be absorbed into the
12	competitive labor market or to provide interim employment for such individuals
13	when employment opportunities for them in the competitive labor market do not
14	exist.
15	(6) "State-operated sheltered workshop" means a sheltered workshop staffed
16	by state agency personnel.
17	(7) "State-supported sheltered workshop" means a sheltered workshop funded
18	in whole or in part by the state and staffed by personnel from a qualified nonprofit
19	agency for the severely handicapped.
20	§1595.5§1604.5. Preference for items purchased from Louisiana retailers
21	A. When purchasing items at retail, every procurement officer under the
22	provisions of this Chapter or other person acting as purchasing agent shall purchase
23	items from a retail dealer located in the state of Louisiana which items are equal in
24	quality to items purchased from a retail dealer located outside the state, provided the
25	cost of items purchased from a retail dealer located in this state does not exceed by
26	more than ten percent the cost of items purchased from a retail dealer located outside
27	the state.
28	B. A retail dealer shall qualify for the preference if the dealer can show that
29	he has paid Louisiana corporate income, corporate franchise, and inventory taxes or

any combination thereof during the previous twelve-month period.

C. Retailers domiciled in the state of Louisiana are to be granted the same preference over retailers domiciled in the state favoring retailers domiciled therein with a preference over retailers domiciled in the state of Louisiana in the same manner and on the same basis and to the same extent that such preference may be granted in purchasing items of the same type by such other state to retailers domiciled therein over retailers domiciled in the state of Louisiana.

## §1595.6§1604.6. Preference for steel rolled in Louisiana

A. When purchasing steel, every person acting as purchasing agent for any agency, board, commission, department, or other instrumentality of the state or of a parish, municipality, or other unit of local government, including a levee board, drainage district, school board, or special district, shall purchase steel rolled in this state which is equal in quality to steel rolled outside the state, provided the cost of steel rolled in this state does not exceed by more than ten percent the cost of steel which is rolled outside the state.

B. The provisions of this Section shall not apply when sufficient quantities of steel rolled in Louisiana are not available.

§1595.7§1604.7. Preference for items manufactured in the United States; definitions

- A. This Section may be cited as the "Procurement of Domestic Products Act".
  - B. As used in this Section, the following definitions shall apply:
- (1) "Manufactured in the United States" means produced by a process in which the manufacturing, final assembly, processing, packaging, testing, and any other process that adds value, quality, or reliability to assembled articles, materials, or supplies, occur in the United States.
- (2) "United States" means the United States and any place subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.
- C. In the event a contract is not entered into for products purchased under the provisions of R.S. 39:1595, each procurement officer, purchasing agent, or similar

2	equipment under the provisions of this Chapter may purchase such materials,
3	supplies, products, provisions, or equipment which are manufactured in the United
4	States, and which are equal in quality to other materials, supplies, products,
5	provisions, or equipment, provided that all of the following conditions are met:
6	(1) The cost of such items does not exceed the cost of other items which are
7	manufactured outside the United States by more than five percent.
8	(2) The vendor of such items agrees to sell the items at the same price as the
9	lowest bid offered on such items.
10	(3) In cases where more than one bidder offers items manufactured in the
11	United States which are within five percent of the lowest bid, the bidder offering the
12	lowest bid on such items is entitled to accept the price of the lowest bid made on
13	such items.
14	(4) The vendor certifies that such items are manufactured in the United
15	States.
16	D. The office of state purchasing procurement may promulgate rules and
17	regulations for the implementation of this Section in accordance with the
18	Administrative Procedure Act.
19	SUBPART C.B. CANCELLATION OF INVITATIONS
20	FOR BIDS OR REQUESTS FOR PROPOSALS
21	§1599§1605. Cancellation of invitations for bids or requests for proposals
22	An invitation for bids, a request for proposals, or other solicitation may be
23	cancelled, or all bids or proposals may be rejected, only if it is determined in writing
24	by the chief procurement officer or his designee that such action is taken in the best
25	interests of the state.
26	SUBPART <del>D.</del> C. QUALIFICATIONS AND DUTIES
27	§1601§1606. Responsibility of bidders and offerers proposers
28	A. A reasonable inquiry to determine the responsibility of a bidder or offerer
29	proposer may be conducted. The unreasonable failure of a bidder or offerer

official who procures or purchases materials, supplies, products, provisions, or

2	be grounds for a determination of nonresponsibility with respect to such bidder or
3	offerer proposer.
4	B. Whenever the Chief Procurement Officer, Commissioner chief
5	procurement officer, commissioner, or head of a governmental body with such
6	authority proposes to disqualify the lowest bidder on bids of \$5,000 or more such
7	individual shall:
8	$\frac{1}{1}$ Give written notice of the proposed disqualification to such bidder and
9	include in the written notice all reasons for the proposed disqualification; and
10	2) (2) Give such bidder who is proposed to be disqualified, a reasonable
11	opportunity to be heard at an informal hearing at which such bidder is afforded the
12	opportunity to refute the reasons for the disqualification.
13	§1505BC. Except as otherwise provided by law, information furnished by
14	an offerer a proposer pursuant to this Section may not be disclosed outside of the
15	user agency or the Office of Contractual Review state central purchasing agency
16	without prior written consent of notice to the offerer proposer.
17	§1602§1607. Prequalification of suppliers
18	Prospective suppliers may be prequalified for particular types of supplies and
19	services.
20	§1603§1608. Cost or pricing data
21	A. Contractor certification. A contractor shall submit cost or pricing data
22	and shall certify that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, the cost or pricing data
23	submitted was accurate, complete, and current as of a mutually determined specified
24	date prior to the date of:
25	(1) Pricing of any contract awarded by other than competitive sealed bidding,
26	as provided in R.S. 39:1594, or small purchase procedures, as provided in R.S.
27	39:1596, where the total contract price is expected to exceed an amount established
28	by regulations; or
29	(2) Pricing of any change order or contract modification which is expected

**proposer** promptly to supply information in connection with such an inquiry may

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1	to exceed an amount established by regulations.
2	B. Price adjustment. Any contract, change order, or contract modification
3	under which a certificate is required shall contain a provision that the price to the
4	state, including profit or fee, shall be adjusted to exclude any significant sums by
5	which the procurement officer finds that such price was increased because the
6	contractor-furnished cost or pricing data was inaccurate, incomplete, or not current
7	as of the date agreed upon between the parties.
8	C. Cost or pricing data not required. The requirements of this Section need
9	not be applied to contracts:
10	(1) Where the contract price is based on adequate price competition;
11	(2) Where the contract price is based on established catalog or market prices
12	of commercial items sold in substantial quantities to the general public;
13	(3) Where contract prices are set by law or regulation; or
14	(4) In exceptional cases where it is determined in writing in accordance with
15	regulations that the requirements of this Section may be waived, and the reasons for
16	such waiver are stated in writing.
17	SUBPART E.D. TYPES OF CONTRACTS
18	§1611. Cost-plus-a-percentage-of-cost contracts
19	The cost-plus-a-percentage-of-cost system of contracting shall not be used,
20	except in case of a disaster or emergency declared by the governor.
21	§1612. Cost-reimbursement contracts
22	A. Determination required prior to use. No cost-reimbursement prime
23	contract may be made unless it is determined in writing in accordance with
24	regulations that such contract is likely to be less costly to the state than any other
25	type of contract or that it is impracticable to obtain supplies, services, or major
26	repairs of the kind or quality required except under such a contract.
27	B. Reimbursement of costs. All cost-reimbursement contracts shall contain
28	a provision that only costs recognized as allowable in accordance with cost principles

set forth in regulations will be reimbursable.

1	§1511 <u>C.</u> The notice requirement concerning use of cost-temporisement
2	type subcontract. Each contractor under a cost-reimbursement type contract shall
3	give notice, as provided for in the contract, before entering into (1) a
4	cost-reimbursement type subcontract or (2) any other type of subcontract involving
5	more than ten thousand dollars or ten percent of the estimated cost of the prime
6	contract.
7	§1512§1613. Reimbursement of costs for professional, personal, consulting, and
8	social services contracts
9	A. All cost-reimbursement type contracts shall contain a provision that only
10	costs recognized as allowable in accordance with cost principles set forth in rules and
11	regulations, issued pursuant to Part IV hereof will be reimbursable.
12	B. Payments may be made to the contractor for professional, personal,
13	consulting, and social services contracts in advance of services being performed
14	if the following conditions are met:
15	(1) The using agency has submitted, in writing, to the <del>Division of</del>
16	Administration, division of administration office of contractual review, a
17	certification that an advance is necessary in order to provide the services at the
18	lowest total cost and that there is no other cost effective source of such advance
19	funding. The certification shall include a narrative setting out the facts which
20	necessitate the advance funding.
21	(2) The advance is approved by the director of the office of contractual
22	review state chief procurement officer.
23	(3) Except as may be otherwise provided by law, the amount of such advance
24	shall be limited to a sum not to exceed twenty percent of the total contract amount,
25	excluding travel advances which shall be governed by applicable regulations.
26	(4) The contractor is a nonprofit corporation.
27	C. If local matching funds are available to fund the advance, no state monies
28	shall be advanced through the contract.

D. If federal funds are used for the advance, federal regulations and statutes

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shall govern the use and amounts of advance payments made.

E. Interagency contracts as defined in R.S. 39:1490(C) 39:1556(29) are exempt from the provisions of Subsections B and C of this Section.

F. The provisions of this Section shall not be construed to authorize payments in advance of services to be performed pursuant to a professional service contract.

G. State funds may be expended to fund the advance only in the same fiscal year in which the funds are appropriated.

# §1614. Approval of accounting system

Except with respect to firm fixed-price contracts, no contract type shall be used unless it has been determined in writing by the chief procurement officer or his designee that:

- (1) The proposed contractor's accounting system will permit timely development of all necessary cost data in the form required by the specific contract type contemplated; and
- (2) The contractor's accounting system is adequate to allocate costs in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

## §1615. Multiyear contracts

A. Specified Period. Unless otherwise provided by law, a contract for supplies or services may be entered into for periods of not more than five years, if funds for the first fiscal year of the contemplated contract are available at the time of contracting. Payment and performance obligations for succeeding fiscal years shall be subject to the availability and appropriation of funds therefor. No contract shall be entered into for more than one year unless the length of the contract was clearly stated in the specifications. Any lease or similar agreement affecting the allocation of space in the state capitol shall have the prior approval of the Legislative Budgetary Control Council if it extends for more than one year. A report of all multiyear contracts shall be provided to the Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget no later than ninety days after the end of each fiscal year.

1	B. Determination prior to use. Prior to the utilization of a multiyear contract,
2	it shall be determined in writing:
3	(1) That estimated requirements cover the period of the contract and are
4	reasonably firm and continuing; and
5	(2) That such a contract will serve the best interests of the state by
6	encouraging effective competition or otherwise prompting economies in state
7	procurement.
8	A written resume of the supportive underlying facts for the foregoing
9	determinations shall be included in the determination, and the resume shall state the
10	estimated savings to be obtained by entering into a multiyear contract.
11	C. Termination due to unavailability of funds in succeeding years. When
12	funds are not appropriated to support continuation of performance in a subsequent
13	year of a multiyear contract, the contract for such subsequent year shall be
14	terminated. When a contract is terminated under these conditions, no additional
15	funds shall be paid to the contractor as a result of such action.
16	D. Educational institutions excepted. (1) An educational institution may
17	enter into a multiyear nonexclusive contract, not to exceed ten years, with a vendor
18	who has made a gift to the institution of equipment utilized for promoting products
19	and university activities at a cost to the vendor in excess of fifty thousand dollars.
20	Further, for this exception to be applicable, the contract shall cover products for
21	resale within the institution.
22	(2) The state superintendent of education may enter into a multiyear contract,
23	not to exceed ten years, with any public or private agency to act as the depository in
24	the state for school books.
25	E. With respect to all multiyear contracts, there shall be no provisions for a
26	penalty to the state for the cancellation or early payment of the contract.
27	F. The Department of Environmental Quality may enter into a multiyear
28	contract, not to exceed seven years, for the operation of privately operated vehicle

emission inspection facilities pursuant to R.S. 30:2054(B)(8). The secretary shall

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seek and consider proposals for an enhanced inspection maintenance program to be implemented no sooner than January 1, 1995, from contractors proposing to implement currently evolving, cost-effective technologies, presenting minimal public inconvenience, designed to bring Louisiana into compliance with federal ambient air quality standards and meeting EPA required program standards.

 $\S1514(A)$ <u>G</u>.(1) Unless otherwise provided in the statutes making appropriations therefor, a contract for professional, personal, consulting, or social services may be entered into for periods of not more than five years, except that:

- (a) Contracts for management of food services at public universities and colleges, contracts of retirement systems for investment management services and investment advisory services, contracts for electronic disbursement services for child support payments, contracts for prisoner dialysis, and contracts for central banking services for the state may be entered into for periods of up to five years.
- (b) Contracts for electronic benefits issuance system services as required under R.S. 46:450.1 may be entered into for periods of up to ten years. The contracts shall be for an initial contract period of six years with the state having two options for two-year extensions up to a maximum of ten years.
- (c) Contracts for national norm-referenced testing or other testing services which are to be used as part of the school and district accountability system as provided in R.S. 17:10.1 et seq. may be entered into for a period of up to twelve years. Modifications to existing contracts may be made in order to ensure the acquisition and usage of the most current tests offered by the contractor.
- (d)(i) Contracts or amendments to existing contracts issued to institutions of higher education under the authority of grants or joint agreements between the Board of Regents and federal agencies for research, educational, or infrastructure development activities, and contracts or amendments to existing contracts issued by such institutions under the authority of grants or joint agreements issued by federal agencies or private grants, may be entered into for a period corresponding to the performance period of the grant or agreement.

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(ii) Contracts or amendments to existing contracts issued to institutions of
higher education under the authority of the Board of Regents to award grants for
educational and research purposes with funds available from the Louisiana Quality
Education Support Fund, the Louisiana Fund, and the Health Excellence Fund may
be entered into for periods of not more than six years. However, such contracts may
be extended beyond the six-year limit up to an additional two years provided no
additional costs are incurred.

- (e) Contracts for the administration of the Medicaid early periodic screening diagnosis and treatment program (EPSDT), primary care case management (PCCM), and home and community-based services waivers may be entered into by the Department of Health and Hospitals for periods of up to five years.
- (2) Any such contract may be cancelled by the governmental body, provided the governmental body gives thirty days notice of such cancellation. If funds for the first fiscal year of the contemplated contract are available at the time of contracting, payment and performance obligations for succeeding fiscal years shall be subject to the availability of funds therefor.

§1514(B)<u>H</u>. Prior to the utilization of a multi-year contract, it shall be determined in writing by the commissioner of administration that (1) estimated requirements cover the period of the contract and are reasonably firm and continuing and (2) such a contract will serve the best interests of the state by encouraging effective competition or otherwise promoting economies in state procurement.

§1514(C)I. When funds are not appropriated or otherwise made available to support continuation of performance in a subsequent year of a multi-year contract, the contract for such subsequent year shall be cancelled and the contractor shall be reimbursed in accordance with the terms of the contract for the reasonable value of any nonrecurring costs incurred but not amortized in the price of the services delivered under the contract. The cost of cancellation may be paid from (1) appropriations currently available for performance of the contract; (2) appropriations currently available for procurement of similar services and not otherwise obligated,

1 or (3) appropriations made specifically for the payment of such cancellation costs. 2 §1514(D). Except for those contracts provided in Subparagraph (A)(1)(a) 3 through (e) of this Section, any contract entered into for a period of not more than five years but for a period of more than three years as authorized by this Section shall 4 5 be subject to prior approval of the Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget. §1616. Installment-purchase contract 6 7 The central purchasing agency may, on behalf of any governmental body, 8 enter into contracts for the installment purchase of supplies or equipment, including 9 but not limited to data processing equipment and telecommunications equipment, 10 procured under the Louisiana Procurement Code this Chapter and any other 11 applicable laws on the procurement of supplies or equipment, in accordance with the 12 following provisions: 13 (1) All installment-purchase contracts shall be entered into utilizing the 14 requisite procedures applicable to the particular supply or equipment being procured. (2) The term of such contract shall not exceed the economic life to the item 15 16 or items being procured, which shall be established by the central purchasing agency and shall be set forth in the invitation to bid or request for proposal, but in no case 17 shall the term of the contract exceed five years. 18 19 (3) Each contract shall contain an annual appropriation dependency clause which shall provide that the continuation of the contract is contingent upon the 20 21 continuation of an appropriation of funds by the legislature to fulfill the requirements of the contract. If the legislature fails to appropriate sufficient monies to provide for 22 the continuation of the contract or if a veto or reduction of appropriation of funds 23 24 necessitates the discontinuance of the contract, the contract shall terminate on the last day of the fiscal year for which funds were appropriated, in accordance with R.S. 25 39:1615(C). 26 27 (4) Such contracts shall also conform to any other requirements which may be established by the central purchasing agency through rules and regulations, 28 29 promulgated in accordance with law.

1	§1494§1617. Professional service contracts
2	Contracts for professional services may be awarded without the necessity of
3	competitive bidding or competitive negotiation.
4	§1521.1§1618. Contractual attorney's fees; affidavit
5	Each attorney hired on a contractual basis for professional services shall
6	submit his fee by sworn affidavit. The affidavit shall contain a detailed statement of
7	the number of hours actually worked, giving the dates and time of day, and a
8	description of the work performed. No contract fee shall be paid unless submitted
9	by affidavit as provided herein.
10	§1619. Social service contracts
11	§1484(B) A. Social services include:
12	(1) Rehabilitation and health support include services rendered by a
13	contractor with special knowledge or service available to assist individuals attain or
14	maintain a favorable condition of physical and mental health. These services include
15	but are not limited to:
16	(a) Health-related counseling.
17	(b) Alcohol or drug abuse training and treatment.
18	(c) Training to support emergency medical services.
19	(d) Services to support family planning.
20	(e) Counseling, delinquency prevention.
21	(f) Genetic disease evaluation and counseling.
22	(g) Community-based medical support services.
23	(h) Evaluation and training for physically/mentally handicapped.
24	(i) Other services in support of same.
25	(2) Habilitation and socialization include services rendered by a contractor
26	with special knowledge to assist specified client groups to enhance their
27	self-sufficiency or alleviate their dependency or isolation from the community. These
28	services include but are not limited to:
29	(a) Day care.

1	(b) Work and training.
2	(c) Early intervention for the mentally retarded disabled, developmentally
3	delayed, or physically handicapped.
4	(d) Transportation for service access.
5	(e) Homemaker, home management, and housing improvement services.
6	(f) In-home and out-of-home respite care.
7	(g) Socialization services for low income and other special needs groups.
8	(h) Nursing home ombudsman.
9	(i) Nutritional, employment, case management, senior center activities, or
10	other services to aid independent living by the elderly.
11	(j) Training and community planning services for same.
12	(3) Protection for adults and children include services rendered by a
13	contractor to provide therapeutic intervention for adults or children who are in
14	danger or threatened with danger of physical or mental injury, neglect, maltreatment,
15	extortion, or exploitation, including victims of family violence. These services
16	include but are not limited to:
17	(a) Community planning for neglect/abuse.
18	(b) Adoption.
19	(c) Substitute care.
20	(d) Education and training.
21	(e) Crisis intervention type services.
22	(f) Emergency shelter for victims of rape/family violence or services in
23	support of same.
24	(g) Training and evaluation services for same.
25	(4) Improvement of living conditions and health include services rendered by
26	an authorized contractor with special knowledge or services available to assist
27	individuals to attain or maintain favorable conditions in which to live. These services
28	include but are not limited to:
29	(a) Distribution of foodstuffs either purchased or that are made available from

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1	government-owned commodities.
2	(b) Determining the needs of the poor, and development of programs to
3	distribute the available resources.
4	(c) Determining the needs of the poor and identifying programs to alleviate
5	these poverty conditions.
6	(d) Providing services to respond to the educational/employment needs of
7	eligible individuals in the communities needing these services. The primary purpose
8	of this service is to provide the participating individuals with the skills necessary for
9	them to advance socially, academically, and occupationally.
10	(e) Providing training and evaluation of services for any of the above
11	services.
12	(5) Evaluation, testing, and remedial educational services for exceptional
13	handicapped or learning disabled nonpublic school students include services
14	rendered by a contractor with special knowledge or services available to provide
15	special educational and related services for exceptional or handicapped students
16	voluntarily enrolled in approved nonpublic schools of Louisiana who are not
17	otherwise provided with such services through either their local school program or
18	through other services afforded to them by local school boards or other public
19	agencies. These services include but are not limited to:
20	(a) Identification, assessment, appraisal, and evaluation of exceptional or
21	handicapped children.
22	(b) Development of individualized educational programs.
23	(c) The providing of instructional and supportive services to such eligible
24	students in accordance with the provisions of R.S. 17:1941, et seq. and P.L. 94-142
25	and their regulations.
26	§1494.1(A)B. Contracts for social services may be awarded without the
27	necessity of competitive bidding or competitive negotiation only if the director of the

office of contractual review state chief procurement officer determines that any

one of the following conditions is present. The using agency shall document the

2	submitted to the office of contractual review state procurement.
3	(1) The services are available only from a single source (sole source). Sole
4	source procurement shall be determined by the director of the office of contractual
5	review state chief procurement officer. A contract shall also be considered as sole
6	source if a request for proposals is issued in accordance with R.S. 39:1503
7	39:1595(B) and only one or no proposals are received.
8	(2) The state legislature has made an appropriation for that particular
9	contractor or contractors via the appropriation bill or other statutes.
10	(3) A quasi-public and/or nonprofit corporation, such as a parish voluntary
11	council on aging, an area agency on aging, an association of retarded mentally
12	disabled citizens or equivalent, an organization serving children, youth, and/or
13	families, or an organization promoting independence from public assistance has been
14	established in coordination with the state to provide the particular service involved
15	in the contract.
16	(4) Local matching funds of greater than ten percent of the contract amount
17	are required to be contributed by the contractor. Such matching funds may be in the
18	form of cash, certified expenditures or in-kind contributions, where applicable to the
19	funding source.
20	(5) The nature of the services being provided necessitates that a continuity
21	of contractors be maintained as in but not limited to therapeutic and crisis support
22	to clients and employment and training programs.
23	(6) An emergency exists which will not permit the delay in procurement
24	necessitated by the request for proposal procedure given in R.S. 39:1503 39:1595(B).
25	Such emergency shall be determined by the director of the office of contractual
26	review state chief procurement officer.
27	(7) The total contract amount is less than two hundred fifty thousand dollars
28	per twelve-month period. Service requirements shall not be artificially divided so as
29	to exempt contracts from the request for proposal process.

condition present and such documentation shall be part of the contract record

1	(8) The contract is with another governmental entity or governmental body.
2	(9) Funds are specifically designated by the federal government for a
3	particular private or public contractor or political subdivision.
4	(10) The contract is with a social service contractor who supplies services
5	under a contract in existence as of November 30, 1985, as long as such contractor
6	continues to supply substantially the same services and the using agency certifies:
7	(a) The services are satisfactory.
8	(b) They intend to continue contracting with that contractor.
9	$\S1494.1(B)\underline{C}$ . If none of the conditions given in R.S. $39:1494.1(A)$
10	39:1619(B) are determined by the director of the office of contractual review state
11	chief procurement officer to be present in a contract for social service, then that
12	contract shall be awarded through a request for proposal process in accordance with
13	R.S. 39:1503 39:1595(B) under rules and regulations issued by the office of
14	contractual review state procurement.
15	§1482.A(2) <b>D</b> . Grants or contracts or like business agreements between the
16	state and its political subdivisions or other governmental entities, or between higher
17	education boards and institutions under their jurisdiction, except this This Chapter
18	shall apply to interagency contracts as defined in R.S. 39:1490(C) 39:1556(29), and
19	to contracts or grants between the state and its political subdivisions to procure social
20	services.
21	§1495§1620. Personal service contracts
22	Contracts for personal services may be awarded without the necessity of
23	competitive bidding or competitive negotiation.
24	§1496§1621. Consulting service contracts
25	A. Contracts for consulting services which have a total maximum amount
26	of compensation less than fifty thousand dollars for a twelve-month period may be
27	awarded without the necessity of competitive bidding or competitive negotiation.
28	B. Contracts for consulting services which have a total maximum amount of
29	compensation of fifty thousand dollars or more for a twelve-month period shall be

1	awarded through a request for proposal process under rules and regulations issued
2	by the office of contractual review state procurement. Service requirements shall
3	not be artificially divided so as to exempt contracts from the request for proposal
4	process.
5	C.(1) All contracts for consulting services which have a total maximum
6	amount of compensation of one hundred forty thousand dollars or more may be
7	entered into with the assistance of a procurement support team as provided herein,
8	and in accordance with guidelines promulgated and published by the office of
9	contractual review state procurement.
10	(2) For each such consulting contract the office of contractual review state
11	<b>procurement</b> may establish a procurement support team which shall include one or
12	more representatives from each of the following:
13	(a) The office of contractual review state procurement.
14	(b) The using agency initiating the contract.
15	(c) The office of the attorney general.
16	(d) The Legislative Fiscal Office legislative fiscal office.
17	(3) Participation of the procurement support team must include, at a
18	minimum, assistance in development or review of the request for proposals,
19	evaluation of responses received to the request for proposals, and formulation of
20	recommendations to be submitted to the director of the office of contractual review
21	state procurement concerning the final contract.
22	§1496.1§1622. Performance-based energy efficiency contracts
23	A. Any state agency as defined in R.S. 39:2 may enter into a performance-
24	based energy efficiency contract for services and equipment as provided in this
25	Section. The commissioner of administration shall adopt and promulgate rules and
26	regulations necessary to implement the provisions of this Section, which rules shall
27	be consistent with the Energy Management Act of 2001. Any such rules and
28	regulations shall be adopted and promulgated only after the review and approval of

the Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget. The commissioner of administration

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shall submit the proposed rules and regulations to the Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget thirty days prior to the review and approval of such rules and regulations by the committee.

B. The contract shall be considered a consulting services contract under the provisions of this Chapter. Performance-based energy efficiency contracts shall be awarded through a request for proposal process under the provisions of this Chapter and specifically the provisions of Subsection E of this Section.

C.(1) Notwithstanding the requirements of R.S. 39:1514(A), any performance-based energy efficiency contract entered into shall be for a period equal to the lesser of twenty years or the average life of the equipment installed by the performance contractor and shall contain a guarantee of energy savings. The guarantee of energy savings shall, at a minimum, ensure a total annual savings sufficient to fully fund any financing arrangement entered into to fund the contract. In addition, any performance-based energy efficiency contract shall contain the following clause:

"The continuation of this contract is contingent upon the appropriation of funds by the legislature to fulfill the requirements of the contract. If the legislature fails to appropriate sufficient monies to provide for the continuation of the contract, the contract shall terminate on the last day of the fiscal year for which funds have been appropriated. Such termination shall be without penalty or expense to the agency, board, or commission except for payments which have been earned prior to the termination date."

- (2) Any contract entered into pursuant to this Section shall include the total units of energy saved, the method, device or financial arrangement to establish a firm amount for the savings, the cost per unit of energy, and, if applicable, the basis for any adjustment in the stated cost for the term of the contract, and for each energy saving measure included in the contract, provide the following:
  - (a) Detailed scope of work.
  - (b) Price to be paid by the state agency as the initial cost.

1	(c) Annual energy cost savings.
2	(d) Annual maintenance savings including any maintenance and operational
3	savings associated with installation; including but not limited to, services, parts,
4	materials, labor, and equipment.
5	(e) Annual new maintenance cost including operating expenses added as a
6	result of new equipment installed or services performed by the contractor.
7	(f) Total annual savings by adding annual energy cost savings to annual
8	maintenance savings minus any annual new maintenance costs.
9	(3) No payment shall be made by a state agency pursuant to a contract
10	entered into in accordance with this Section, until there is compliance with Paragraph
11	(2). However, Paragraph (2) and this Paragraph shall not invalidate nor require the
12	reissuance of a request for proposal for which notice was given pursuant to this
13	Chapter prior to June 17, 2004.
14	D. When calculating "annual energy cost savings attributable to the services
15	or equipment" installed pursuant to a performance-based energy efficiency contract
16	as defined in R.S. 39:1484(14), maintenance savings shall be included. "Maintenance
17	savings" means operating expenses eliminated and future capital replacement
18	expenditures avoided as a result of new equipment installed or services performed
19	by the performance contractor.
20	E.(1) Prior to award of any performance-based energy efficiency contract,
21	the response to the requests for proposals shall be evaluated as follows:
22	(a) A state agency that seeks to enter into a contract pursuant to this Section
23	shall conduct an initial evaluation of proposals submitted to it. Such evaluation shall
24	be consistent with the provisions of this Chapter, except that a state agency shall not
25	make a final selection from among submitted proposals.
26	(b) A state agency shall forward the results of its evaluation of each such
27	proposal to the commissioner of administration. The commissioner of administration
28	may select an independent third-party evaluation consultant to review and evaluate

the submitted proposals. The consultant shall submit the result of his evaluation to

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- the Energy Efficiency Procurement Support Team energy efficiency procurement support team and to the commissioner of administration. The Energy Efficiency Procurement Support Team energy efficiency procurement support team shall review the evaluation of the independent third-party evaluation consultant. Upon completion of such review, the Energy Efficiency Procurement Support Team energy efficiency procurement support team shall submit its recommendation to the commissioner of administration. The commissioner of administration shall review the evaluation of the independent third-party evaluation consultant and the recommendation of the Energy Efficiency Procurement Support Team energy efficiency procurement support team and shall notify the agency as to whether it may proceed with negotiation of the contract in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter. The commissioner of administration may require that the consultant selected pursuant to this Section participate on behalf of the agency in the negotiation of the contract. Upon the completion of the negotiation of the contract by the agency, the commissioner of administration shall review the negotiated contract. If the commissioner of administration approves the contract then the contract shall be submitted by the commissioner of administration to the Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget for review and approval.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Chapter, no proposer shall be selected pursuant to this Section nor shall any contract be awarded pursuant to this Section, except by the approval of both the commissioner of administration and the Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget.
- (d) An independent third-party evaluation consultant shall have no direct conflict of interest as to the agency, the proposals which the consultant is to evaluate, or to any proposer. Prior to the selection of such consultant, the legislative auditor shall certify that the consultant has no direct conflict of interest as to the agency, the proposals which the consultant is to evaluate, or to any proposer.
- (e) The provisions of Subparagraphs (a) through (d) of this Paragraph shall not be applicable when the requests for proposals or the proposed contract was

received by the division of administration prior to January 1, 2004.

(2) The legislative auditor shall conduct performance audits of performance-based energy efficiency contracts. The legislative auditor shall establish a written schedule for execution of such performance audits, and the schedule shall be posted on the website of the legislative auditor no later than February first of each year. Such schedule shall provide for periodic audits during the term of such contracts and for an audit upon the completion of any such contract. The legislative auditor shall coordinate with the commissioner of administration to develop a description of information to be included as part of each performance audit. The results of any such performance audits shall be published no later than thirty days prior to the commencement of each Regular Session of the Legislature. Audits shall be conducted on each performance-based energy efficiency contract in effect on and after January 1, 2010.

(3)(a)(i) In order to fund the cost of the evaluation, review, approval, oversight, and performance audits as provided in this Section, the request for proposal for the award of a performance-based energy efficiency contract shall require the proposer to pay a sum not to exceed two and one-half percent of the total value of the performance-based energy efficiency contract at the time that a contract is executed by that proposer.

- (ii) Notwithstanding the provisions of Item (i) of this Subparagraph, where a request for proposal or a proposed contract is exempt from the application of Subparagraphs (a) through (d) of Paragraph (1) of this Subsection, the proposer shall be required to pay a sum not to exceed one percent of the total value of the performance-based energy efficiency contract at the time that a contract is executed by that proposer.
- (b) The determination of the sum to be paid shall be made by the commissioner of administration according to the rules and regulations adopted pursuant to this Section.
  - (c) The "Energy Performance Contract Fund", hereinafter referred to as the

"fund", is hereby created in the state treasury. After compliance with the provisions of Article VII, Section 9(B) of the Constitution of Louisiana relative to the allocation of monies to the Bond Security and Redemption Fund, the treasury shall deposit into the fund an amount equal to the amount collected pursuant to Subparagraphs (a) and (b) of this Paragraph. The monies in the fund shall be used only to fund the requirements of this Section and the rules promulgated pursuant thereto. Monies in the fund shall be invested in the same manner as monies in the state general fund and any interest earned on the investment of monies in the fund shall be credited to the fund. Unexpended and unencumbered monies in the fund at the end of the fiscal year shall remain in the fund.

F. For the purposes of this Section, any appropriation to an agency shall not be deemed an appropriation of funds by the legislature to fulfill the requirements of a performance-based energy efficiency contract awarded on or after January 1, 2010, unless and until such contract has been approved in accordance with the provisions of this Section.

G. For the purposes of this Section, the Energy Efficiency Procurement Support Team energy efficiency procurement support team shall consist of an attorney chosen jointly by the speaker of the House of Representatives and the president of the Senate from the legislative services staff of the House of Representatives or the staff of the Senate and one or more representatives chosen by each of the following: the Division of Administration division of administration, facility planning and control; the using agency initiating the procurement action; and the Legislative Fiscal Office legislative fiscal office. At least four members, one from each office or agency designated, must be present to constitute a quorum. The Energy Efficiency Procurement Support Team energy efficiency procurement support team shall evaluate the submitted proposal in accordance with guidelines to be published by the Division of Administration division of administration.

§1497§1623. Certification by using agency

A. Upon seeking approval to enter into a proposed professional, personal,

1	consulting, or social service contract valued in excess of five thousand dollars, an
2	individual or individuals specifically designated by the head of the using agency for
3	such purpose shall certify to the director of the office of contractual review state
4	chief procurement officer that:
5	(1) Either no employee of that agency is both competent and available to
6	perform the services called for by the proposed contract or the services called for are
7	not the type readily susceptible of being performed by persons who are employed by
8	the state on a continuing basis.
9	(2) The services are not available as a product of a prior or existing
10	professional, personal, consulting, or social service contract.
11	(3) The requirement for consultant and social services contracts, when
12	applicable, have been publicized pursuant to R.S. 39:1503 39:1595(B).
13	(4) The using agency has developed and fully intends to implement a written
14	plan providing for:
15	(a) The assignment of specific using agency personnel to a monitoring and
16	liaison function.
17	(b) The periodic review of interim reports or other indicia of performance to
18	date.
19	(c) The ultimate use of the final product of the services.
20	(5) The cost basis for the proposed contract.
21	(6) A description of the specific objectives or deliverables associated with the
22	proposed contract and the monitoring plan therefor.
23	(7) Methods to be used to measure and determine contract performance.
24	B. In addition to the certifications required in Subsection A herein, for any
25	proposed professional, personal, consulting, or social service contract that exceeds
26	fifty thousand dollars and has a term of more than six months, a cost-benefit analysis
27	shall be conducted which indicates that obtaining such services from the private
28	sector is more cost-effective than providing such services by the using agency itself

or by an agreement with another state agency, to include both a short-term and long-

2	promulgate, as necessary, rules and regulations relative to the form and content of
3	a cost-benefit analysis.
4	§1498§1624. Approval of contract; penalties
5	A. Before approving a proposed contract for professional, personal,
6	consulting, or social services, the director of the office of contractual review state
7	chief procurement officer or an assistant shall have determined that:
8	(1) All provisions of R.S. 39:1497 39:1623 have been complied with.
9	(2) The using agency has statutory authority to enter into the proposed
10	contract.
11	(3) The contract will not establish an employer/employee relationship
12	between the state or the using agency and any prospective contractor.
13	(4) No current state employee will engage in the performance of the proposed
14	contract except as provided for in R.S. 39:1498.2 39:1626.
15	(5) No using agency has previously performed or contracted for the
16	performance of tasks which would be substantially duplicated under the proposed
17	contract without appropriate written justification.
18	(6) There has been appropriated or otherwise lawfully made available and
19	ready for expenditure sufficient monies for payment of the services called for in the
20	contract, at least for the applicable fiscal year.
21	(7) The contracting using agency has specified the purpose, duration, specific
22	goals and objectives, measures of performance, and a plan for monitoring the
23	services to be provided under the contract.
24	(8) The using agency has a written plan for the monitoring of the contract and
25	such monitoring plan has been submitted in accordance with rules and regulations
26	adopted by the office of contractual review state procurement.
27	(9) The provisions of R.S. 12:25(E) have been complied with, if the contract
28	is with a business corporation, the provisions of R.S. 12:205(E) have been complied
29	with, if the contract is with a nonprofit corporation, or the provisions of R.S.

term analysis. The office of contractual review state chief procurement officer shall

12:304(A)(11) have been complied with, if the contract is with a foreign corporation.

B. Any corporation which fails to make complete disclosure of ownership, directors, and officers as required by law shall be required, as a penalty, to refund any funds received by that corporation from the state for the contract.

# <u>§1498.1§1625</u>. Contract content

Each contract for professional, personal, consulting, or social services entered into by a governmental body as defined in R.S. 39:1484(11) 39:1556(23) shall contain as a minimum: description of the work to be performed and objectives to be met; amount and time of payments to be made; description of reports or other deliverables to be received, when applicable; date of reports or other deliverables to be received, when applicable; responsibility for payment of taxes, when applicable; circumstances under which the contract can be terminated either with or without cause; remedies for default; and a statement giving the legislative auditor the authority to audit records of the individual(s) or firm(s).

§1498.2§1626. Professional, personal, and consulting service contracts with state employees

A. State agency personnel in the medical, nursing or allied health fields, state employees who are qualified to serve as interpreters for the deaf, faculty members of public institutions of higher education, and state employees selected to serve as instructors in the paralegal studies course of the division of continuing education at a state college or university may be employed by other state agencies through a contract for professional, personal, consulting, or social services in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the office of contractual review state procurement. No such faculty member, except those who are also employed by private firms, may contract for the design or redesign of a state-owned facility in which the services of a professional architect or engineer, or both, are required.

B. Additionally, each professional, personal, consulting, and social service agreement between a governmental body as defined in R.S. 39:1484(11) 39:1556(23) and a faculty member of any state college or state university shall be subject to the

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policies and procedures promulgated by each respective state college and university and the management boards having authority over the respective institution of higher education in which the faculty member is a member and the Board of Regents. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, each such agreement shall be subject to the written approval of the president of the college or university which employs the faculty member, and written notification of agreement and approval shall be given to the appropriate management board.

C. The list of occupations exempted in this Section from the provision of R.S. 39:1498(4) 39:1624(A)(4) may be increased by rules adopted by the office of contractual review state chief procurement officer.

D. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, the Louisiana School for the Deaf is hereby authorized to enter into professional, personal, consulting, and social services contracts with an employee of the school to provide sign language and interpreting services which are independent of the employee's assigned duties and regular work hours, and for which compensation may be paid.

E. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, the Louisiana Commission for the Deaf is hereby authorized to enter into professional, personal, consulting, and social services contracts with an employee of the commission to provide sign language and interpreting services which are independent of the employee's assigned duties and regular work hours, and for which compensation may be paid; however, such contract is authorized only if a person who is not an employee of the commission is unavailable for such services.

### PART III. SUBPART E. CONTRACT MODIFICATIONS

#### AND TERMINATION

# §1519§1627. Modification of contracts

The office of contractual review state procurement may adopt and promulgate rules and regulations permitting or requiring the insertion in contracts for the procurement of professional, personal, consulting, and social services appropriate

1 clauses to enable the state to effect desired changes and modifications to such 2 contracts. §1520§1628. Termination of contracts 3 A. The office of contractual review state procurement may adopt and 5 promulgate rules and regulations relating to the termination of contracts for the procurement of professional, personal, consulting, and social services for the default 6 of the contractor. 7 8 B. The office of contractual review state procurement is authorized to issue 9 rules and regulations relating to the termination of contracts for the procurement of 10 professional, personal, consulting, and social services for the convenience of the 11 state. SUBPART F. INSPECTION OF PLANT AND AUDIT OF RECORDS 12 13 §1621§1629. Right to inspect plant The state may, at reasonable times, inspect the part of the plant or place of 14 business of a contractor or any subcontractor which is related to the performance of 15 any contract awarded or to be awarded by the state. 16 17 §1622§1629.1. Right to audit records A. Audit of persons submitting cost or pricing data. The state may, at 18 19 reasonable times and places, audit the books and records of any person who has 20 submitted cost or pricing data pursuant to R.S. 39:1603 39:1608 to the extent that 21 such books and records relate to such cost or pricing data. B. Contract audit. The state shall be entitled to audit the books and records 22 of a contractor or any subcontractor under any negotiated contract or subcontract 23 24 other than a firm fixed-price contract to the extent that such books and records relate to the performance of such contract or subcontract. Such books and records shall be 25 maintained by the contractor for a period of five years from the date of final payment 26 27 under the prime contract and by the subcontractor for a period of five years from the

# SUBPART G. DETERMINATIONS AND REPORTS

date of final payment under the subcontract.

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§1625§1630. Finality of determinations

The determinations required by R.S. 39:1595(A),<sup>†</sup> 39:1605(A), R.S. 39:1595(E),<sup>†</sup> 39:1605(A), R.S. 39:1597, R.S. 39:1598(C), R.S. 39:1599 39:1605, R.S. 39:1601 39:1606, R.S. 39:1603(C) 39:1608(C), R.S. 39:1612(A), R.S. 39:1613 39:1568.1, and R.S. 39:1614 are final and conclusive unless they are clearly erroneous, arbitrary, capricious, or contrary to law.

§1627§1630.1. Record of certain procurement actions

The chief procurement officer shall retain all contracts made under R.S. 39:1597 or R.S. 39:1598 for a minimum of six years.

#### SUBPART H. INSURANCE

# §1631. Direct purchase of insurance

Notwithstanding the provisions of R.S. 22:1171 or any other law to the contrary, the state may purchase insurance policies covering any property or insurable interests or activities of the state directly from insurers or underwriters, without the necessity for signature or countersignature of such policies as provided by R.S. 22:1171, and in lieu thereof such policy shall be signed by an official or designated representative of the company issuing the policy. The insurers or underwriters making such direct sales to the state shall reduce the policy premiums by the amount of the commissions, which would have been paid, as required by R.S. 22:1171, but for the provisions of this Section. However, if any such insurance policy is purchased in accordance with the provisions of R.S. 22:1171, the agent may credit any portion of the commission to the state, through the division of administration. The state shall be advised of the amount of any such rebate at the time the agent furnishes a bid for such policy to the state, and the amount of such rebate shall be taken into consideration in determining the cost of such policy. \$1632. Splitting of commissions prohibited

It shall be unlawful for an agent to split, pass on, or share with any person, group, organization, or other agent, except the state of Louisiana, all or any portion of the commission derived from the sale of insurance to the state; except that on

policies involving properties or exposure in more than one geographic area of the state, said commission may be split, shared, or passed on if authorized in writing by the commissioner of administration. In any such instance where the sharing of a commission on state insurance is authorized, it shall be only with a bona fide insurance agent. Whoever violates the provisions of this Section shall, upon conviction, be fined not less than one thousand dollars nor more than five thousand dollars and shall be imprisoned for not more than two years.

§1633. Authorization constitutes public record

Such written authorization as required by R.S. 39:1632 above shall constitute a public record as defined in Chapter 1 of Title 44 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950.

# SUBPART I. ACQUISITION OF HOUSING SPACE

§1641. Budget for acquisition of housing space and leases by budget units

A. Contracts and agreements by and in name of state agencies. All contracts and agreements for the lease or rental of space for the housing of state agencies, their personnel, operations, equipment, or activities shall be made in the name of and by the authorized representative or representative body of the state agency but shall be made and entered into only with the approval of the commissioner of administration. The cost of such housing shall be provided for in and defrayed from the budgets of the using agencies.

- B. Contracts and agreements by and in name of the state, executed by the commissioner.
- (1) When a contract or agreement for the lease or rental of space for the housing of state agencies, their personnel, operation, equipment, or activities, shall pertain to more than one building or facility or shall pertain to a building or facility which is to house more than one state agency, their personnel, operation, equipment, or activities, such contract or agreement may be made in the name of the state and executed by the commissioner of administration, rather than in the name of and by an authorized representative or a representative body of the state agency or agencies

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to be housed in such building or buildings or facility or facilities.

(2) The commissioner of administration shall allocate space to one or more state agencies in the building or buildings or facility or facilities to which such contract or agreement pertains and shall allocate the cost of such housing to or among such using agency or agencies, which cost shall be provided for in and defrayed from the budgets of the using agency or agencies. The commissioner shall determine the amount of the allocations of the costs of such housing to the various agencies using such building or buildings and facility or facilities in such manner so that the aggregate of the amount so allocated equals the total cost of such housing. C. Definition of "agency." The definition of "agency" stated in R.S. 39:2(1) 10 shall be the sole definition of the term "state agency" employed in connection with 12 the acquisition of housing space in this and following Sections, and the fact that an

agency is supported by fees or taxes collected by, or dedicated to, the agency or which otherwise receives its operating funds through means other than direct appropriations, shall not be a test as to whether this Section shall be applicable to an agency of the state.

D. Applicability. The provisions of this Subpart shall be applicable to all agencies meeting the definition of R.S. 39:2(1) established by the laws of Louisiana. §1642. Uniform space standards; inventory and evaluation of budget unit space utilization

A. Uniform space standards. The division of administration shall prepare and utilize a uniform set of standards for determining space needs for state agencies. These standards shall also provide for a uniform method of measuring square footage or other measurements used as the basis for lease payments or other charges.

- B. Inventory of state space. The division of administration shall conduct and maintain a complete inventory of state space, both owned and leased.
- C. Evaluation of space utilization. The division of administration shall evaluate the utilization of all leased space on a continuing basis to determine the feasibility of locating state agencies in buildings to be purchased and/or constructed

by the state.

§1643. Advertisement and award of lease bids

A. Every lease for the use of five thousand square feet or more of space in a privately owned building entered into by a state agency as lessee shall be awarded pursuant to R.S. 39:1594 in accordance with the conditions for use set forth in that Section and only after evaluation of the bids in accordance with the specific criteria contained in the invitation for bids as authorized by R.S. 39:1594(E)(2). No such lease shall extend beyond a period of ten years.

B. The ten-year limitation shall not be applicable to the management boards created under Article VIII, Sections 6 and 7 of the 1974 Louisiana Constitution. §1644. Amendment of leases

A.(1) An existing lease for office or warehouse space may be renegotiated with the present lessor, but only after the division of administration has entered into a competitive negotiation process involving discussions with at least three, unless there are less than three, offerers who submit written proposals. Such proposals shall be solicited by advertising as in R.S. 39:1594(C).

(2) If it is determined by the commissioner of administration or his designee, after the evaluation of these proposals and discussions with the current lessor, that to renew the present lease would be in the best interest of the state, the renewal of an existing lease may be renegotiated or the commissioner may enter into a lease with one of these offerers proposers if determined to be in the state's best interest. In making such a determination the commissioner, or his designee, shall take into consideration, over the duration of the lease, rental rates, the amount of funds necessary to relocate, any geographical considerations particular to that state program, the amount of disruption to state business that may be incurred in moving to a new location, and any other relevant factors presented.

B. Any lease for office or warehouse space for under five thousand square feet may be amended up to but not to exceed a maximum of four thousand nine hundred ninety-nine square feet.

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C. Existing leases for office or warehouse space between a single state agency, a single lessor and affecting a single building or buildings immediately adjacent to each other which leases have different termination dates, may be renegotiated by the division of administration to perfect a single lease for the whole of the office or warehouse space utilized under the existing leases. The renegotiated lease shall not extend beyond the termination date of the latest existing lease, nor shall the price per square foot paid under the new lease result in a total payment in excess of the total of the combined payments under the preexisting leases.

D. In the event alterations or modifications of space currently under lease are required to meet changed operating requirements, a lease may be amended. Such lease amendment may, with approval of the division of administration, provide an adjustment in monthly lease payments not to exceed twenty-five percent of the original annual lease price per square foot, sufficient to reimburse the lessor for paying for the leasehold improvements; provided, however, that any adjustment in monthly lease payments shall also require the approval of the Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget and the continuance of an adjustment in excess of the current lease shall be further contingent on the appropriation of funds therefor in the following fiscal year.

E. A lease may be amended, with approval of the division of administration, to provide an adjustment in monthly lease payments not to exceed ten percent of the original annual lease price per square foot and not to exceed ten thousand dollars per year.

#### SUBPART **KJ**. ACQUISITION OF MOTOR VEHICLES

§1646. Acquisition of motor vehicles; minimum requirements for fuel efficiency; exceptions

A. Any purchase or lease of a motor vehicle by an agency which is covered by this Chapter shall be made in accordance with the provisions of this Subpart. Such vehicles shall have, at the time of acquisition, a fuel efficiency rating of no less than eighteen miles per gallon for city driving and no less than twenty-eight miles per

1	gallon for highway driving, or a combined city/highway average of twenty-four
2	miles per gallon.
3	B. For purposes of this Subpart, "motor vehicle" shall include the following
4	vehicles as they are specified or defined in administrative rule or regulation
5	prescribed by the commissioner of administration pursuant to Part XIII of Chapter
6	1 of Title 39 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950: alternative fuel vehicle,
7	sedan, and station wagon.
8	C. For purposes of this Subpart, "motor vehicle" shall not include the
9	following:
10	(1) A vehicle to be used by law enforcement personnel, certified first
11	responders and emergency personnel when required for the performance of their
12	duties, or a vehicle used in the conduct of military activities.
13	(2) A vehicle to be used by any state employee when written authorization
14	for such purchase has been provided by the department head to the commissioner of
15	administration and approved by him, or a vehicle to be used by an employee of a
16	political subdivision of the state when the governing authority of the political
17	subdivision authorizes such purchase.
18	PART IV. SPECIFICATIONS
19	§1651. Duties of the commissioner of administration
20	A. The commissioner shall promulgate regulations governing the preparation,
21	maintenance, and content of specifications for supplies, services, and major repairs
22	required by the state.
23	§1651.1. Shrimp specifications
24	Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, regulations
25	promulgated by the commissioner of administration or other purchasing entity,
26	governing the purchase or use of shrimp shall require that the bid specify the count
27	size of such shrimp and not specify size as "jumbo", "extra large", "medium",
28	"small" or any other similar term or nomenclature used in the shrimping industry.

§1652. Duties of the chief procurement officer

1	The chief procurement officer shall prepare, issue, revise, and monitor the use
2	of specifications for required supplies, services, and major repairs.
3	§1653. Exempted items
4	Specifications for supplies, services, or major repairs exempted pursuant to
5	R.S. 39:1572 may be prepared by a purchasing agency in accordance with the
6	provisions of this Part and regulations promulgated hereunder by the head of the
7	governmental body granted authority to promulgate regulations by R.S. 39:1581.
8	§1654. Relationship with using agencies
9	The director shall obtain advice and assistance from personnel of using
10	agencies in the determination of needs and development of specifications and may
11	delegate in writing to a using agency the authority to prepare and utilize its own
12	specifications, subject to regulations.
13	§1655. Maximum practicable competition
14	A. All specifications shall seek to promote overall economy for the purposes
15	intended and encourage competition in satisfying the needs of the state, and shall not
16	be unduly restrictive. A specification may be drafted which describes a product
17	which is proprietary to one company only where:
18	(1) No other kind of specification is reasonably available for the state to
19	describe its requirements; or
20	(2) There is a requirement for specifying a particular design or make of
21	product due to factors of compatibility, standardization, or maintainability; or
22	(3) Such specification includes language which specifically permits an
23	equivalent product to be supplied. Such specification shall include a description of
24	the essential characteristics of the product.
25	(4) Such specification is determined to be in the best interest of the state as
26	provided for by R.S. <del>39:1613</del> <b>39:1568.1</b> .
27	B. Except in Paragraph (2) of this Section, whenever such proprietary
28	specifications are used, the specifications shall clearly state that they are used only

to denote the quality standard of supplies, services, or major repairs desired and that

they do not restrict bidders to the specific brand, make, manufacturer, or specification named; that they are used only to set forth and convey to prospective bidders the general style, type, character, and quality of supplies, services, or major repairs desired; and that equivalent supplies, services, or major repairs will be acceptable.

§1656. Escalation clause

Bid specifications may contemplate a fixed escalation or deescalation deescalation in accordance with a recognized price index. Such index may include but not be limited to the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics, Consumer Price Index and Wholesale Price Index. Bids based on specifications which are subject to a recognized escalation index shall be legal and valid.

§1657. Specifications prepared by architects and engineers

The requirements of this Part regarding the purposes and nonrestrictiveness of specifications shall apply to all specifications, including but not limited to those proposed by architects, engineers, designers, and draftsmen for public contracts.

§1659§1658. Purchase of prostheses, orthoses, prosthetic services, and orthotic

services by a state agency from an accredited facility

Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, regulations promulgated by the commissioner of administration or other purchasing entity governing the purchase of prostheses, orthoses, prosthetic services, or orthotic services shall require that such services shall be purchased only from an accredited facility as provided in R.S. 40:1300.281; however, nothing in this Section shall prohibit a licensed occupational therapist or a licensed physical therapist from practicing within his scope of practice. In addition, the provisions of this Section shall not apply to a licensed optometrist, ophthalmologist, podiatrist, or orthopedist.

#### PART V. MODIFICATION AND TERMINATION OF CONTRACTS

#### FOR SUPPLIES, SERVICES, AND MAJOR REPAIRS

§1661. Contract clauses; administration

A. Contract clauses. Regulations may permit or require the inclusion of

1	clauses providing for equitable adjustments in prices, time for performance, or other
2	contract provisions, as appropriate, covering including but not limited to the
3	following subjects:
4	(1) The unilateral right of the state to order in writing changes in the work
5	within the general scope of the contract in any one or more of the following:
6	(a) Drawings, designs, or specifications, if the supplies to be furnished are to
7	be specially manufactured for the state in accordance therewith;
8	(b) Method of shipment or packing; or
9	(c) Place of delivery.
10	(2) The unilateral right of the state to order in writing temporary stopping of
11	the work or delaying of performance; and
12	(3) Variations between estimated quantities of work in a contract and actual
13	quantities.
14	B. Additional contract clauses. Regulations may permit or require the
15	inclusion in state contracts of clauses providing for appropriate remedies and
16	covering including but not limited to the following subjects:
17	(1) Liquidated damages as appropriate.
18	(2) Specified excuses for delay or nonperformance.
19	(3) Termination of the contract for default, and
20	(4) Termination of the contract in whole or in part for the convenience of the
21	state.
22	(5) Manufacturers' design drawings shall be supplied in duplicate for all state
23	buildings, to the appropriate state agency at the conclusion of contract.
24	(6) Security for contract performance.
25	(7) Insurance requirements including as appropriate but not limited to
26	general liability, automobile coverage, workers' compensation, and errors and
27	omissions.
28	(8) Beginning and ending dates of the contract.
29	(9) Maximum compensation to be paid the contractor.

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C. In the event any contractor fails to fulfill or comply with the terms of any contract, the chief procurement officer may award the contract to the next lowest responsible bidder subject to acceptance by that bidder and charge the difference in cost to the defaulting vendor.

D. Regulations may permit or require the inclusion in state contracts of clauses relative to reverse auctions pursuant to the implementation of the provisions of R.S. 39:1598.1.

§1521 §1662. Cost principles rules and regulations required

The Office of Contractual Review office of state purchasing shall issue rules and regulations setting forth cost principles which shall be used: (1) as guidelines in the negotiation of (a) equitable adjustments for state directed changes or modifications in contract performance and (b) settlements of contracts which have been terminated; (2) to determine the allowability of incurred costs for the purpose of reimbursing costs under contract provisions which provide for the reimbursement of costs, and (3) as appropriate in any other situation where the determination of the estimated or the incurred costs of performing contracts may be required.

#### PART VI. LEGAL AND CONTRACTUAL REMEDIES

#### SUBPART A. PRE-LITIGATION RESOLUTION

#### OF CONTROVERSIES

§1671. Authority to resolve protested solicitations and awards

A. Right to protest. Any person who is aggrieved in connection with the solicitation or award of a contract **issued by the office of state purchasing** shall protest to the chief procurement officer. Protests with respect to a solicitation shall be submitted in writing at least two days prior to the opening of bids on all matters except housing of state agencies, their personnel, operations, equipment, or activities pursuant to R.S. 39:1643 for which such protest shall be submitted at least ten days prior to the opening of bids. Protests with respect to the award of a contract shall be submitted in writing within fourteen days after contract award.

B. Authority to resolve protests. The chief procurement officer or his

1	designee shall have authority, prior to the commencement of an action in court
2	concerning the controversy, to settle and resolve a protest of an aggrieved person
3	concerning the solicitation or award of a contract. This authority shall be exercised
4	in accordance with regulations.
5	C. Decision. If the protest is not resolved by mutual agreement, the chief
6	procurement officer or his designee shall, within fourteen days, issue a decision in
7	writing. The decision shall:
8	(1) State the reasons for the action taken; and
9	(2) Inform the protestant of its right to administrative and judicial review as
10	provided in this Part Chapter.
11	D. Notice of decision. A copy of the decision under Subsection C of this
12	Section shall be mailed or otherwise furnished immediately to the protestant and any
13	other party intervening.
14	E. Finality of decision. A decision under Subsection C of this Section shall
15	be final and conclusive unless:
16	(1) The decision is fraudulent; or
17	(2) The person adversely affected by the decision has timely appealed
18	administratively to the Commissioner commissioner in accordance with R.S.
19	39:1683.
20	F. Stay of procurements during protests. In the event of a timely protest
21	under Subsection A of this Section, the state shall not proceed further with the
22	solicitation or with the awarding of the contract unless the chief procurement officer
23	makes a written determination that the awarding of the contract is necessary without
24	delay to protect the substantial interests of the state. Upon such determination by the
25	chief procurement officer, no court shall enjoin progress under the award except after
26	notice and hearing.
27	G. Award of costs to protestants. In addition to any other relief, when the
28	protest is administratively or judicially sustained and the protesting bidder or offerer
29	<b>proposer</b> should have been awarded the contract but is not, the protesting bidder or

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offerer **proposer** shall be entitled to the reasonable costs incurred in connection with the solicitation, including bid **or proposal** preparation costs other than attorney's fees, provided that any administrative determination of such costs shall be subject to the written concurrence of the attorney general.

H. Promulgation of regulations. The state director of purchasing **procurement** is hereby authorized to promulgate regulations relative to protests, in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act, to implement the provisions of R.S. 39:1598.1 39:1600(D).

§1501§1671.1. Resolution of disputes between the director of the office of contractual review state purchasing and using agencies

If a dispute arises between the director of contractual review state procurement and a using agency as to any items required to be certified by the using agency to the director pursuant to R.S. 39:1497 39:1623 and R.S. 39:1494.1 39:1619(B), or any items that must be determined by the director pursuant to the provisions of R.S. 39:1498 39:1624, either the director or the using agency may request the commissioner of administration to make a final determination on the matter.

§1672. Authority to debar or suspend

A. Applicability. This Section applies to a debarment for cause from consideration for award of contracts or a suspension from such consideration during an investigation where there is probable cause for such a debarment.

B. Authority. After reasonable notice to the person involved and reasonable opportunity for that person to be heard, the chief procurement officer shall have authority to suspend or debar a person for cause from consideration for award of contracts, provided that doing so is in the best interests of the state. The causes for debarment are set forth in Subsection C of this Section. The chief procurement officer may suspend a person from consideration for award of contracts if he determines that there is probable cause to believe that such person has engaged in any activity which might lead to debarment. The suspension shall not be for a period

2	accordance with regulations.
3	C. Causes for debarment. The causes for debarment include the following:
4	(1) Conviction for commission of a criminal offense as an incident to
5	obtaining or attempting to obtain a public or private contract or subcontract, or in the
6	performance of such contract or subcontract;
7	(2) Conviction under state or federal statutes of embezzlement, theft, forgery,
8	bribery, falsification or destruction of records, receiving stolen property, or any other
9	offense indicating a lack of business integrity or business honesty which currently,
10	seriously, and directly affects responsibility as a state contractor;
11	(3) Conviction under state or federal antitrust statutes arising out of the
12	submission of bids or proposals;
13	(4) Violation of contract provisions, as set forth below, of a character which
14	is regarded by the chief procurement officer to be so serious as to justify debarment
15	action:
16	(a) Deliberate failure without good cause to perform in accordance with the
17	specifications or within the time limit provided in the contract; or
18	(b) A recent record of failure to perform or of unsatisfactory performance in
19	accordance with the terms of one or more contracts; provided that failure to perform
20	or unsatisfactory performance caused by acts beyond the control of the contractor
21	shall not be considered to be a basis for debarment.
22	(5) Any other cause the chief procurement officer determines to be so serious
23	and compelling as to affect responsibility as a state contractor, including debarment
24	by another governmental entity for any cause listed in regulations; and
25	(6) Violation of the ethical standards set forth in Chapter 15 of Title 42.
26	D. Decision. The chief procurement officer shall issue a written decision to
27	debar or suspend. The decision shall:
28	(1) State the reasons for the action taken; and
29	(2) Inform the debarred or suspended person involved of its rights to

exceeding six months. The authority to debar or suspend shall be exercised in

1 administrative and judicial review as provided in this Part Chapter. 2 E. Notice of decision. A copy of the decision under Subsection D of this Section shall be mailed or otherwise furnished immediately to the debarred or 3 suspended person and any other party intervening. 4 F. Finality of decision. A decision under Subsection D of this Section shall 5 be final and conclusive unless: 6 7 (1) The decision is fraudulent; or 8 (2) The debarred or suspended person has timely appealed administratively 9 to the commissioner in accordance with R.S. 39:1684. 10 SUBPART B. LEGAL AND CONTRACTUAL 11 REMEDIES FOR PROFESSIONAL, PERSONAL, 12 **CONSULTING, AND SOCIAL SERVICES CONTRACTS** 13 §1523§1672.1. Applicability of Part This Part applies only to those contracts solicited and entered into after the 14 effective date of this Chapter, unless the parties agree in writing to its application to 15 a contract entered into prior to that effective date. 16 §1524§1672.2. Authority of the commissioner of administration 17 Prior to the institution of any action in a court concerning any contract, claim 18 19 or controversy, the commissioner of administration with the concurrence of the attorney general is authorized to compromise, pay, or otherwise adjust the claim by 20 21 or against or a controversy with a contractor relating to a professional, personal, 22 consulting, or social service contract entered into with the state under their respective authority, including a claim or controversy based on breach of contract, mistake, 23 24 misrepresentation, or other cause for contract modification or rescission. Nothing

herein shall limit the authority of the commissioner of administration, pursuant to

rules and regulations to issue, negotiate, or accept changes in the terms and

conditions of a contract. When authorized, such compromise, payments, or

adjustments shall be promptly paid; however, subject to any limitations or conditions

imposed by rule or regulation, the commissioner of administration shall charge back

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all or any portion of such payments to the department or departments for whose benefit the contract was let.

#### <u>§1525</u>§1672.3. Action on contract claims

This Section applies to a claim by or controversy between the state and a contractor arising out of a contract for professional, personal, consulting, or social services. If such a claim or controversy is not resolved by mutual agreement, the commissioner of administration, or his designee, shall promptly issue a decision in writing. A copy of that decision shall be mailed or otherwise furnished to the contractor, shall state the reasons for the action taken, and shall inform the contractor of his right to judicial relief as provided in this **Part Subpart**. The decision shall be final and conclusive unless fraudulent, or unless the contractor institutes suit pursuant to **R.S.** 39:1526 **this Subpart**. If the commissioner of administration, or his designee, does not issue a written decision within one hundred twenty days after written request for a final decision, or within such longer period as may be established in writing by the parties to the contract, then the contractor may proceed as if an adverse decision had been received.

#### §1526.§1672.4. Jurisdiction; actions in certain cases

A. The Nineteenth Judicial District Court, subject to appeal or review by the First Circuit Court of Appeal or by the supreme court, as otherwise permitted in civil cases by law and the state constitution, shall have jurisdiction over any claims arising out of a request for proposal or award of a contract, any controversies involving the state, or any other matters in connection with a petition for review of a decision made pursuant to this Chapter, following the exhaustion of administrative remedies as provided by law or regulation.

B. In any action by a contractor based upon any express or implied contract or breach thereof, no action shall be maintained based upon any contract or any act of any state officer which the officer is not authorized to make or do by the laws of this state, unless the contractor, acting in good faith and without actual or constructive knowledge of the lack of authorization, has commenced performance

1 under the apparent contract. In that event, the court may (1) cancel the contract and 2 reimburse the contractor only for the actual expenses incurred in performing the 3 work already performed or (2) where the best interests of the state require, allow the performance of the contract to continue. SUBPART C. LEGAL AND CONTRACTUAL 5 REMEDIES FOR OTHER THAN PROFESSIONAL, PERSONAL, 6 CONSULTING, AND SOCIAL SERVICES 7 8 §1673. Authority to resolve contract and breach of contract controversies other 9 than professional, personal, consulting, and social services 10 contracts A. Applicability. This Section applies to controversies between the state and 11 12 a contractor and which arise under or by virtue of a contract between them. This 13 includes without limitation controversies based upon breach of contract, mistake, misrepresentation, or other cause for contract modification or rescission. Any 14 contractor who seeks a remedy with regard to such controversy shall file a complaint 15 with the chief procurement officer. 16 B. Authority. The chief procurement officer or his designee is authorized, 17 prior to the commencement of an action in court concerning the controversy, to settle 18 19 and resolve, with the approval of the attorney general, a controversy described in Subsection A of this Section. This authority shall be exercised in accordance with 20 21 regulations. 22 C. Decision. If such a claim or controversy is not resolved by mutual agreement, the chief procurement officer or his designee shall promptly issue a 23 24 decision in writing. The decision shall: (1) State the reasons for the action taken; and 25 (2) Inform the contractor of its right to administrative and judicial review as 26

Section shall be mailed or otherwise furnished immediately to the contractor.

D. Notice of decision. A copy of the decision under Subsection C of this

provided in this Part Subpart.

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1	E. Finality of decision. The decision under Subsection C of this Section
2	shall be final and conclusive unless:
3	(1) The decision is fraudulent; or
4	(2) The contractor has timely appealed administratively to the commissioner
5	in accordance with R.S. 39:1685.
6	F. Failure to render timely decision. If the chief procurement officer or his
7	designee does not issue the written decision required under Subsection C of this
8	Section within sixty days after written request for a final decision, or within such
9	longer period as may be agreed upon by the parties, then the contractor may proceed
10	as if an adverse decision had been received.
11	SUBPART $ \frac{\mathbf{B}}{\mathbf{D}} $ . SOLICITATIONS OR AWARDS
12	IN VIOLATION OF LAW
13	§1676. Applicability of this Subpart
14	The provisions of this Subpart apply where it is determined administratively,
15	or upon administrative or judicial review, that a solicitation or award of a contract
16	is in violation of law.
17	§1677. Remedies prior to an award
18	If it is determined prior to award that a solicitation or proposed award of a
19	contract is in violation of law, then the solicitation or proposed award shall be
20	cancelled.
21	§1678. Remedies after an award
22	If it is determined after an award that a solicitation or award of a contract is
23	in violation of law, then:
24	(1) If the person awarded the contract has not acted fraudulently or in bad
25	faith:
26	(a) The contract may be ratified and affirmed, provided it is determined in
27	writing by the commissioner that doing so is in the best interests of the state and the
28	law violation had no significant effect on the outcome of the contract award; or
29	(b) The contract may be terminated and the person awarded the contract shall

2	to the termination, provided that any administrative determination of such costs shall
3	be subject to the written concurrence of the attorney general.
4	(2) If the person awarded the contract has acted fraudulently or in bad faith,
5	the contract shall be declared null and void.
6	§1678.1. Damages
7	A. Damages recoverable by any aggrieved person in any action brought
8	pursuant to the provisions of R.S. 39:1671 or otherwise asserted at law, shall be
9	limited exclusively to reasonable costs incurred in connection with the solicitation
10	including bid preparation costs other than attorney's fees.
11	B. Except as provided in Subsection E of this Section and R.S. 39:1678(1),
12	damages recoverable by any contractor under any contract entered into pursuant to
13	the provisions of this Chapter, shall be limited exclusively to the actual expenses
14	reasonably incurred in performance of the contract.
15	C. The provisions of R.S. 49:965.1 shall not apply to actions instituted
16	pursuant to the provisions of this Chapter.
17	D. Any administrative determination of costs or expenses recoverable by a
18	contractor or aggrieved person under Subsections A and B of this Section shall be
19	subject to the written concurrence of the attorney general.
20	E. In no event shall damages awarded by the chief procurement officer, his
21	designee, any hearing officer or any court include attorney's fees or any incidental,
22	indirect, special, or consequential damages, including but not limited to loss of use,
23	revenue or profit whether reasonably certain or not.
24	§1679. Violations; penalties
25	A. No person shall intentionally violate the Louisiana Procurement Code or
26	any rule or regulation promulgated by the commissioner of administration with
27	respect to purchasing.
28	B. Any person who intentionally violates such law, rule or regulation shall
29	be fined not more than five hundred dollars, or imprisoned for not more than six

be compensated for the actual expenses reasonably incurred under the contract prior

1	months, or both.
2	SUBPART $\leftarrow \underline{\mathbf{E}}$ . ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS PROCEDURES
3	§1681. Authority of the commissioner of administration
4	The commissioner of administration shall have the authority to review and
5	determine any appeal by an aggrieved person from a determination by the state
6	director of purchasing chief procurement officer or his designee which is
7	authorized by R.S. 39:1671, R.S. 39:1672, or R.S. 39:1673.
8	§1682. Exempted departments
9	The secretary who is vested with authority to promulgate regulations by R.S.
10	39:1581 shall have, within his department, the same authority and responsibilities to
11	review and determine appeals of decisions of the state chief procurement officer of
12	his department as are vested in the commissioner of administration by this Subpart.
13	§1683. Protest of solicitations or awards
14	A. Scope. This Section applies to an appeal addressed to the commissioner
15	of a decision under R.S. 39:1671(C).
16	B. Time limitation on filing an appeal. The aggrieved person shall file an
17	appeal within seven days of receipt of a decision under R.S. 39:1671(C).
18	C. Decision. On any appeal under Subsection A of this Section, the
19	commissioner shall decide within fourteen days whether the solicitation or award
20	was in accordance with the constitution, statutes, regulations, and the terms and
21	conditions of the solicitation. Any prior determinations by the director state chief
22	<b>procurement officer</b> or his designee shall not be final or conclusive.
23	D. Notice of decision. A copy of the decision under Subsection C of this
24	Section shall be mailed or otherwise furnished immediately to the protestant or any
25	other party intervening.
26	E. Finality of decision. A decision under Subsection C of this Section shall
27	be final and conclusive unless:
28	(1) The decision is fraudulent; or
29	(2) The person adversely affected by the decision has timely appealed to the

1	court in accordance with R.S. 39:1691(A).
2	§1684. Suspension or debarment proceedings
3	A. Scope. This Section applies to a review by the commissioner of a decision
4	under R.S. 39:1672.
5	B. Time limitation on filing an appeal. The aggrieved person shall file its
6	appeal with the commissioner within fourteen days of the receipt of a decision under
7	R.S. 39:1672(D).
8	C. Decision. The commissioner shall decide within fourteen days whether,
9	or the extent to which, the debarment or suspension was in accordance with the
10	constitution, statutes, regulations, and the best interests of the state, and was fair.
11	Any prior determination by the director state chief procurement officer or his
12	designee shall not be final or conclusive.
13	D. Notice of decision. A copy of the decision under Subsection C of this
14	Section shall be mailed or otherwise furnished immediately to the debarred or
15	suspended person or any other party interviewing.
16	E. Finality of decision. A decision under Subsection C of this Section shall
17	be final and conclusive unless:
18	(1) The decision is fraudulent; or
19	(2) The debarred or suspended person has timely appealed an adverse
20	decision of the Commissioner to the court in accordance with R.S. 39:1691(B).
21	§1685. Contract and breach of contract controversies
22	A. Scope. This Section applies to a review by the commissioner of a
23	decision under R.S. 39:1673.
24	B. Time limitation on filing an appeal. The aggrieved contractor shall file
25	its appeal with the commissioner within fourteen days of the receipt of the
26	determination under R.S. 39:1673(C).
27	C. Decision. The commissioner shall decide within fourteen days the
28	contract or breach of contract controversy. Any prior determination by the director
29	state chief procurement officer or his designee shall not be final or conclusive.

1	D. Notice of decision. A copy of the decision under Subsection C of this
2	Section shall be mailed or otherwise furnished immediately to the contractor.
3	E. Finality of decision. A decision under Subsection C of this Section shall
4	be final and conclusive unless:
5	(1) The decision is fraudulent; or
6	(2) The contractor has timely appealed an adverse decision of the
7	commissioner to the court in accordance with R.S. 39:1691(C).
8	SUBPART $ ot\! ar{ heta} ot\! E$ . ACTIONS BY OR AGAINST THE STATE; PRESCRIPTION
9	§1691. Actions by or against the state in connection with contracts
10	A. Solicitation and award of contracts. The Nineteenth Judicial District
11	Court shall have exclusive venue over an action between the state and a bidder,
12	offerer, or contractor, prospective or actual, to determine whether a solicitation or
13	award of a contract is in accordance with the constitution, statutes, regulations, and
14	the terms and conditions of the solicitation. Such actions shall extend to all kinds of
15	actions, whether for monetary damages or for declaratory, injunctive, or other
16	equitable relief.
17	B. Debarment or suspension. The Nineteenth Judicial District Court shall
18	have exclusive venue over an action between the state and a person who is subject
19	to a suspension or debarment proceeding, to determine whether the debarment or
20	suspension is in accordance with the constitution, statutes, and regulations. Such
21	actions shall extend to actions for declaratory, injunctive, or other equitable relief.
22	C. Actions under contracts or for breach of contract. The Nineteenth Judicial
23	District Court shall have exclusive venue over an action between the state and a
24	contractor who contracts with the state, for any cause of action which arises under
25	or by virtue of the contract, whether the action is on the contract or for a breach of
26	the contract or whether the action is for declaratory, injunctive, or other equitable
27	relief.
28	D. Limited finality for administrative determinations. In any judicial action

under this Section, factual or legal determination by employees, agents, or other

persons appointed by the state shall have no finality and shall not be conclusive, notwithstanding any contract provision, regulation, or rule of law to the contrary, except to the extent provided in: R.S. 39:1625 39:1630, R.S. 39:1671(E), R.S. 39:1672(F), R.S. 39:1673(E), R.S. 39:1683(E), R.S. 39:1684(E), and R.S. 39:1685(E).

E. Writs or appeals; district court decisions. Any party aggrieved by a final judgment or interlocutory order or ruling of the Nineteenth Judicial District Court may appeal or seek review thereof, as the case may be, to the Court of Appeal, First Circuit or the Supreme Court of Louisiana, as otherwise permitted in civil cases by law and the constitution.

#### §1692. Commencement of actions

A. Protested solicitations and awards. Any action under R.S. 39:1691(A) shall be commenced within fourteen days after receipt of the decision of the commissioner under R.S. 39:1683(C).

B. Debarments and suspension for cause. Any action under R.S. 39:1691(B) shall be commenced within sixty days after receipt of the decision of the commissioner under R.S. 39:1684(C).

C. Actions under contracts or for breach of contract controversies. Any action under R.S. 39:1691(C) shall be commenced within sixty days after receipt of the decision of the commissioner under R.S. 39:1685(C).

# SUBPART $\underline{\mathbf{EG}}$ . DELINQUENT PAYMENT PENALTIES

§1695. Late payment to business; penalty paid by state agency

A. If a state agency without reasonable cause fails to make any payment due within ninety days of the due date prescribed by contract, to a business awarded a contract with the state agency to supply equipment, supplies, materials, or textbooks, or to provide services, the state agency shall pay, in addition to the payment, interest on the amount due at the rate established pursuant to Civil Code Article 2924(B)(3) the judicial interest rate referenced in R.S. 13:4202(B) per year, from the ninety-first day after the due date prescribed by the contract. In applying this Section

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the contract.

2	due ninety days after a claim is received by the state.
3	B. If it is determined by the state agency that additional evidence of the
4	validity of the claim for payment is required, such evidence shall be requested within
5	ten working days from the date the bill is received by the state agency. In instances
6	where additional evidence is required, the bill shall be reviewed and payment or
7	rejection made within thirty days from receipt of the evidence requested in the office
8	of the paying agency.
9	C. Any penalty required to be paid by a state agency pursuant to this Section
10	shall be disbursed upon warrants drawn by the state agency upon that agency's
11	operating expenses budget.
12	§1696. Reporting requirements
13	A. Whenever a state agency is required by R.S. 39:1695 to pay a penalty, it
14	shall be presumed that the fault is that of the head of the state agency and, in such
15	cases, the head of the state agency shall submit to the Joint Legislative Committee
16	on the Budget at its next regular meeting following the payment of such a penalty a
17	report on the actions taken to correct the problem.
18	B. Any state agency which requests that the legislature make a supplemental
19	appropriation for the agency shall identify at the time of the request what part of the
20	amount is necessitated because of any penalties imposed by R.S. 39:1695.
21	§1697. Disputed claims
22	A. In cases where a state agency states that payment is late due to reasonable
23	cause, and said claim is disputed by the business owed payment, upon the request of
24	a representative of the business the Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget shall
25	determine whether or not the circumstances constitute "reasonable cause" as used in
26	R.S. 39:1695.
27	B. No state agency shall be required to pay a penalty if it has submitted a
28	warrant to the state treasurer at least thirty days prior to the due date prescribed by

to a claim related in any way to an entitlement program, payment for claims shall be

1	PART VII. INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS
2	SUBPART A. DEFINITIONS
3	§1701. Definitions of terms used in this Part
4	(1) "Cooperative purchasing" means procurement conducted by or on behalf
5	of more than one public procurement unit or by a public procurement unit with an
6	external procurement activity or by a private procurement unit.
7	(2) "External procurement activity" means any buying organization not
8	located in this state which, if located in this state, would qualify as a public
9	procurement unit. An agency of the United States government is an external
10	procurement activity.
11	(3) "Local public procurement unit" means any parish, city, town,
12	governmental body, and any other subdivision of the state or public agency thereof,
13	public authority, public educational, health, or other institution, and to the extent
14	provided by law, any other entity which expends public funds for the acquisition or
15	leasing of supplies, services, major repairs, and construction, and any nonprofit
16	corporation operating a charitable hospital.
17	(4) "Private procurement unit" means any independent institution of higher
18	education in this state.
19	(5) "Public procurement unit" means either a local public procurement unit
20	or a state public procurement unit.
21	(6) "State public procurement unit" means the central purchasing agency and
22	any other purchasing agency of this state.
23	SUBPART B.A. COOPERATIVE PURCHASING
24	§1702. Cooperative purchasing authorized; participation in federal General Services
25	Administration vendor list
26	A.(1) Any public procurement unit may either participate in, sponsor,
27	conduct, or administer a cooperative purchasing agreement for the acquisition of any
28	supplies, services, major repairs, or construction with one or more public
29	procurement units or external procurement activities or one or more private

multi-party contracts between public procurement units and open-ended procurement unit contracts which are made available to local public punits.  (2) Any public procurement unit may procure materials, surequipment from federal General Services Administration supply so accordance with rules and regulations which may be adopted by purchasing agency of the division of administration. Such purchases need with the competitive bidding requirements of this Chapter. However, such supplies, or equipment shall not be purchased at a price higher than the same item listed on any available state purchasing procurement contractions and services related to homeland security from federal General Administration supply schedules. Such purchases shall:  (a) Utilize a Louisiana distributor.  (b) Use the competitive ordering procedures of the federal General Administration.  (c) Receive prior approval from the director of the Governor Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness, or his designee.  B.(1) A private procurement unit acquiring supplies through purchasing shall acquire such supplies for its own use and not for the resale in competition with private enterprise.  (2) A private procurement unit shall certify to the vendor with each the supplies covered thereby are to be acquired for its own use and purpose of resale in competition with private enterprise and shall provide	1	procurement units in accordance with an agreement entered into between the
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10 units. 20 Any public procurement unit may procure materials, surequipment from federal General Services Administration supply so accordance with rules and regulations which may be adopted by purchasing agency of the division of administration. Such purchases need with the competitive bidding requirements of this Chapter. However, such supplies, or equipment shall not be purchased at a price higher than the same item listed on any available state purchasing procurement contra (3) Any public procurement unit may procure materials, supplies, and services related to homeland security from federal General Administration supply schedules. Such purchases shall: 20 (a) Utilize a Louisiana distributor. 21 (b) Use the competitive ordering procedures of the federal General Administration. 22 (c) Receive prior approval from the director of the Governor Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness, or his designee. 23 B.(1) A private procurement unit acquiring supplies through purchasing shall acquire such supplies for its own use and not for the resale in competition with private enterprise. 23 (2) A private procurement unit shall certify to the vendor with each the supplies covered thereby are to be acquired for its own use and purpose of resale in competition with private enterprise and shall provides such certification to the Central Purchasing Agency central purchase.	3	multi-party contracts between public procurement units and open-ended state public
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Administration.  (c) Receive prior approval from the director of the Governor Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness, or his designee.  B.(1) A private procurement unit acquiring supplies through purchasing shall acquire such supplies for its own use and not for the resale in competition with private enterprise.  (2) A private procurement unit shall certify to the vendor with each the supplies covered thereby are to be acquired for its own use and purpose of resale in competition with private enterprise and shall provide such certification to the Central Purchasing Agency central purchase.	16	(a) Utilize a Louisiana distributor.
19 (c) Receive prior approval from the director of the Governor 20 Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness, or his designee. 21 B.(1) A private procurement unit acquiring supplies through 22 purchasing shall acquire such supplies for its own use and not for the 23 resale in competition with private enterprise. 24 (2) A private procurement unit shall certify to the vendor with eac 25 the supplies covered thereby are to be acquired for its own use and 26 purpose of resale in competition with private enterprise and shall provided such certification to the Central Purchasing Agency central purchase	17	(b) Use the competitive ordering procedures of the federal General Services
Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness, or his designee.  B.(1) A private procurement unit acquiring supplies through purchasing shall acquire such supplies for its own use and not for the resale in competition with private enterprise.  (2) A private procurement unit shall certify to the vendor with each the supplies covered thereby are to be acquired for its own use and purpose of resale in competition with private enterprise and shall provide such certification to the Central Purchasing Agency central purchase	18	Administration.
B.(1) A private procurement unit acquiring supplies through purchasing shall acquire such supplies for its own use and not for the resale in competition with private enterprise.  (2) A private procurement unit shall certify to the vendor with eac the supplies covered thereby are to be acquired for its own use and purpose of resale in competition with private enterprise and shall provid such certification to the Central Purchasing Agency central purchas	19	(c) Receive prior approval from the director of the Governor's Office of
purchasing shall acquire such supplies for its own use and not for the resale in competition with private enterprise.  (2) A private procurement unit shall certify to the vendor with each the supplies covered thereby are to be acquired for its own use and purpose of resale in competition with private enterprise and shall provide such certification to the Central Purchasing Agency central purchase	20	Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness, or his designee.
resale in competition with private enterprise.  (2) A private procurement unit shall certify to the vendor with each the supplies covered thereby are to be acquired for its own use and purpose of resale in competition with private enterprise and shall provide such certification to the Central Purchasing Agency central purchase.	21	B.(1) A private procurement unit acquiring supplies through cooperative
(2) A private procurement unit shall certify to the vendor with each the supplies covered thereby are to be acquired for its own use and purpose of resale in competition with private enterprise and shall provide such certification to the Central Purchasing Agency central purchase	22	purchasing shall acquire such supplies for its own use and not for the purpose of
the supplies covered thereby are to be acquired for its own use and purpose of resale in competition with private enterprise and shall provide such certification to the Central Purchasing Agency central purchases.	23	resale in competition with private enterprise.
purpose of resale in competition with private enterprise and shall provide such certification to the Central Purchasing Agency central purchases.	24	(2) A private procurement unit shall certify to the vendor with each order that
such certification to the Central Purchasing Agency central purchas	25	the supplies covered thereby are to be acquired for its own use and not for the
	26	purpose of resale in competition with private enterprise and shall provide a copy of
within the Division of Administration division of administration.	27	such certification to the Central Purchasing Agency central purchasing agency
	28	within the Division of Administration division of administration.

 $(3) Upon certification by the {\color{red} {\color{blue} Commissioner of Administration}} {\color{red} {\color{blue} {\color{blue} commissioner}}}$ 

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of administration that the purchase of one or more types of supplies by a private procurement unit under this Section may adversely affect the interests of the state by impeding the ability of the Division of Administration division of administration to attract responsible bidders for such supplies, the governor shall have the authority to limit or eliminate the right of a private procurement unit to purchase such types of supplies to the extent necessary to eliminate the adverse affect on the state.

C. No use shall be made of federal General Services Administration supply schedules under the provisions of this Section without the participation of a Louisiana licensed dealer or distributor.

§1703. Sale, acquisition, or use of supplies by a public procurement unit

Any public procurement unit may sell to, acquire from, or use any supplies belonging to another public procurement unit or external procurement activity independent of the requirements of Part III of this Chapter or of Title 38.

§1704. Cooperative use of supplies or services

Any public procurement unit may enter into an agreement, independent of the requirements of Part III of this Chapter or Title 38, with any other public procurement unit or external procurement activity for the cooperative use of supplies or services, under the terms agreed upon between the parties.

#### §1705. Joint use of facilities

Any public procurement unit may enter into agreements for the common use or lease of warehousing facilities, capital equipment, and other facilities with another public procurement unit or an external procurement activity under the terms agreed upon between the parties.

§1706. Supply of personnel, information, and technical services

A. Supply of personnel. Any public procurement unit is authorized, in its discretion, upon written request from another public procurement unit or external procurement activity, to provide personnel to the requesting public procurement unit or external procurement activity. The public procurement unit or external procurement activity making the request shall pay the public procurement unit

1	providing the personnel the direct and indirect cost of furnishing the personnel, in
2	accordance with an agreement between the parties.
3	B. Supply of services. The informational, technical, and other services of
4	any public procurement unit may be made available to any other public procurement
5	unit or external procurement activity provided that the requirements of the public
6	procurement unit tendering the services shall have precedence over the requesting
7	public procurement unit or external procurement activity. The requesting public
8	procurement unit or external procurement activity shall pay for the expenses of the
9	services so provided, in accordance with an agreement between the parties.
10	C. State information services. Upon request, the chief procurement officer
11	may make available to public procurement units the following services, among
12	others:
13	(1) Standard forms.
14	(2) Printed manuals.
15	(3) Product specifications and standards.
16	(4) Quality assurance testing services and methods.
17	(5) Qualified products lists.
18	(6) Source information.
19	(7) Common use commodities listings.
20	(8) Supplier prequalification information.
21	(9) Supplier performance ratings.
22	(10) Debarred and suspended bidders lists.
23	(11) Forms for invitations for bids, requests for proposals, instructions to
24	bidders, general contract provisions, and other contract forms; and
25	(12) Contracts or published summaries thereof, including price and time of
26	delivery information.
27	D. State technical services. The state, through the chief procurement officer
28	may provide the following technical services, among others:
29	(1) Development of products specifications.

(2) Development of quality assurance test methods, including receiving,
inspection, and acceptance procedures.
(3) Use of state product testing and inspection facilities; and
(4) Use of state personnel training programs.
E. Fees. The chief procurement officer may enter into contractual
arrangements and publish a schedule of fees for the services provided under
Subsections C and D of this Section.
§1707. Use of payments received by a supplying public procurement unit
All payments from any public procurement unit or external procurement
activity received by a public procurement unit supplying personnel or services shall
be available to the supplying public procurement unit as authorized by law.
§1708. Public procurement units in compliance with code requirements
Where the public procurement unit or external procurement activity
administering a cooperative purchase complies with the requirements of this Chapter,
any public procurement unit participating in such a purchase shall be deemed to have
complied with this Chapter. Public procurement units may not enter into a
cooperative purchasing agreement for the purpose of circumventing this Chapter.
§1709. Review of procurement requirements
To the extent possible, the chief procurement officer shall collect information
concerning the type, cost, quality, and quantity of commonly used supplies, services,
major repairs, or construction being procured or used by state public procurement
units. The chief procurement officer may also collect such information from local
public procurement units.
§1710. Local governing authorities; purchases from local vendors, payment of
certain costs
When a local governing authority purchases an item at the state bid price
through a local vendor, the local governing authority may pay to the local vendor the
costs for shipping, preparation, and delivery of the item, provided that these costs

shall not exceed the state bid price by seven percent on purchases up to ten thousand

dollars, five percent on purchases over ten thousand dollars and up to twenty thousand dollars, and three percent on purchases over twenty thousand dollars.

SUBPART <u>EB</u>. CONTRACT CONTROVERSIES

§1716. Contract controversies

Under a cooperative purchasing agreement, controversies arising between an administering public procurement unit and its bidders, offerers, or contractors shall be resolved in accordance with Part VI of this Chapter, where the administering public procurement unit is a state public procurement unit or otherwise subject to Part VI.

# PART VIII. ASSISTANCE TO SMALL AND DISADVANTAGED BUSINESSES AND WOMEN OWNED BUSINESSES

§1731. Short title

The provisions of this Part shall be known and may be cited as the Louisiana Small Business Procurement Act.

§1732. Definitions of terms used in this Part

As used in this Part, the following words and phrases shall have the meaning ascribed to them in this Section, except as otherwise may be provided or unless a different meaning is plainly required by the context:

- (1) "Small business" means a small business as defined by the Small Business Administration of the United States Government which for purposes of size eligibility or other factors meets the applicable criteria set forth in 13 Code of Federal Regulations, Part 121, as amended, and which has its principal place of business in Louisiana.
- (2) "Dominant in its field of operation" means exercising a controlling or major influence in a business activity in which a number of businesses are engaged. In determining if a business is dominant, the following criteria, among others, shall be considered: number of employees; volume of business; financial resources; competitive status or position; ownership or control of materials, processes, patents, license agreements, and facilities; sales territory; and nature of business activity.

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- (3) "Affiliate or subsidiary of a business dominant in its field of operation" means a business which is at least twenty percent owned by a business dominant in that field of operation, or by partners, officers, directors, majority shareholders, or their equivalent of a business dominant in that field of operation.
- (4) "Socially or economically disadvantaged person" means a person who has been deprived of the opportunity to develop and maintain a competitive position in the economy because of social or economic disadvantage. This disadvantage may arise from cultural, social or economic circumstances or background or physical location.
- (5) "Women owned business" means a business that is at least 51 fifty-one percent owned by a woman or women who also control and operate it. "Control" in this context means exercising the power to make policy decisions. "Operate" in this context means being actively involved in the day-to-day management. In determining whether a business is 51 fifty-one percent owned by a woman or women, the percent ownership of the woman or women shall not be diminished because she is part of a community property regime.
- (6) "Services" means the furnishing of labor, time, or effort by a contractor, not involving the delivery of a specific end product other than reports which are merely incidental to the required performance. This term shall include those services covered by **this** Chapter 16 of Title 39 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950 and services performed by an architect, engineer, or landscape architect as provided by Part VII of Chapter 10 of Title 38 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950. This term shall not include collective bargaining agreements.

### §1733. Procurement from small businesses

A. Set aside. The commissioner of the division of administration shall for each fiscal year designate and set aside for awarding to small businesses, an amount not to exceed ten percent of the value of anticipated total state procurement of goods and services excluding construction. The commissioner shall divide the procurements so designated into contract award units of economically feasible

production runs in order to facilitate offers or bids from small businesses. In making his annual designation of set aside procurements the commissioner shall attempt to vary the included procurements so that a variety of goods and services produced by different small businesses shall be set aside each year. The failure of the commissioner to set aside particular procurements shall not be deemed to prohibit or discourage small businesses from seeking the procurement award through the normal solicitation and bidding processes.

B. Contract procedure. The commissioner shall establish a contract procedure in accordance with law, for the awarding of a procurement contract under the set aside program established in this Part. Surety bonds guaranteed by the federal small business administration shall be acceptable security for a construction award under this Part.

C. Responsibility of bidder or offerer. Before making a set aside award, the commissioner shall evaluate whether the small business scheduled to receive the award is able to perform the set aside contract. This determination shall include consideration of production and financial capacity and technical competence.

D. Preference to disadvantaged persons. At least ten percent of the value of the procurements designated for set aside awards shall be awarded, if possible to businesses owned and operated by socially or economically disadvantaged persons. In the event small businesses owned and operated by socially or economically disadvantaged persons are unable to perform at least ten percent of the set aside awards, then the commissioner shall award the balance of the set aside contracts to other small businesses.

E. Preference to women. At least ten percent of the value of the procurements designated for set aside awards shall be awarded, if possible, to businesses owned and operated by women. In the event small businesses owned and operated by women are unable to perform at least ten percent of the set aside awards, then the commissioner shall award the balance of the set aside contracts to other small businesses.

F. Award of contracts after unsuccessful set aside procedures. In the event that the provisions of this Part do not operate to extend a contract award to a small business, the award shall be placed pursuant to the existing solicitation and award provisions established by law. The commissioner shall thereupon designate and set aside for small businesses additional state procurements corresponding in approximate value to the contract unable to be awarded pursuant to the provisions of this Part.

G. Conflict with other code provisions. All laws and rules pertaining to solicitations, bid evaluations, contract awards, and other procurement matters shall apply as consistent to procurements set aside for small businesses. In the event of conflict with other rules, the provisions of this Part shall govern.

#### §1734. Assistance to small businesses

The commissioner of administration and the executive director of the Louisiana division of minority and women's business enterprise in the Department of Economic Development shall publicize the provisions of the set-aside program, attempt to locate small businesses able to perform set-aside procurement awards, and encourage participation. When the commissioner of administration determines that a small business is unable to perform under a set-aside contract, he shall so inform the secretary of economic development, who shall assist the small business in attempting to remedy the causes of the inability to perform a set-aside award. In assisting the small business, the executive director of the Louisiana division of minority and women's business enterprise, in cooperation with the commissioner of administration, shall use any management or financial assistance programs that may be available by or through the Louisiana division of minority and women's business enterprise or other state or governmental agencies.

# §1735. Determination of disadvantaged

The commissioner of administration shall promulgate regulations, rules, standards, and procedures for certifying that small businesses and small businesses owned and operated by socially or economically disadvantaged persons are eligible

to participate under the requirements of R.S. 39:1733 and 1734. The procedure for determination of eligibility may include self certification by a business, provided that the commissioner retains the ability to verify a self certification. The commissioner shall promulgate other regulations and rules as may be necessary to carry out the duties set forth in this Part.

§1736. Reports

The commissioner of administration shall submit an annual report to the governor and the legislature, with a copy thereof going to the Louisiana division of minority and women's business enterprise, indicating the progress being made toward the objectives and goals of this Part during each fiscal year. This report shall include the following information:

- (1) The total dollar value and number of potential set-aside awards identified during this period and the percentage of total state procurement this figure reflects.
- (2) The number of small businesses identified by and responding to the set-aside contracts actually awarded to small businesses, with appropriate designation as to the total number and value of set-aside contracts awarded to each small business, and the total number of small businesses that were awarded set-aside contracts.
- (3) The total dollar value and number of set-aside contracts awarded to small businesses owned and operated by economically or socially disadvantaged persons, with appropriate designation as to the total number and value of set-aside contracts awarded to each small business, and the percentages of the total state procurements the figures of total dollar value and the number of set asides reflect.
- (4) The total dollar value and number of set-aside contracts awarded to small businesses owned and operated by women, with appropriate designation as to the total number and value of set-aside contracts awarded to each small business, and the percentages of the total state procurements the figures of total dollar value and the number of set asides reflect.
  - (5) The number of contracts which were designated and set aside but which

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to exceed ten years.

2	awards, the lowest offer or bid on each of these awards made by the small business,
3	and the price at which these contracts were awarded pursuant to the normal
4	procurement procedures.
5	PART IX. TELECOMMUNICATIONS PROCUREMENT
6	§1751. Application
7	A. The provisions of this Part shall be applicable to any agency, as defined
8	in R.S. 36:3(1), within the executive branch of state government with respect to the
9	procurement of all telecommunications systems and telecommunications services.
10	However, nothing provided in this Part shall be construed to preempt the authorities
11	granted to the higher education boards in Article VIII of the Constitution of
12	Louisiana.
13	B. The office of telecommunications management shall, subject to the
14	provisions of this Part, have sole authority and responsibility for defining the specific
15	telecommunications systems and telecommunications services to which the
16	provisions of this Part shall be applicable. Rules and regulations shall be
17	promulgated as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Part.
18	§1752. Definitions
19	For the purposes of this Part, the following words and phrases shall be
20	defined as follows:
21	(1) "Agency" as used in this Part and in Part V of Chapter 1 of this Title shall
22	have the same meaning ascribed to it as provided in R.S. 36:3(1).
23	(2) "Competitive sealed bidding" means a method of procurement which
24	strictly follows the requirements set forth in this Chapter except for such variations
25	as are specifically established in this Part.
26	(3) "Local area network" means a limited distance data processing/
27	communications network or system used to link computers and peripheral devices.
28	(4) "Multi-year contracts" are contracts for a term of more than one year, not

were not awarded to a small business, the estimated total dollar value of these

1	(5) "Procurement" means the selling, buying, purchasing, renting, leasing,
2	or otherwise obtaining telecommunications systems, telecommunications services,
3	or their related software as well as all activities engaged in, resulting in, or expected
4	to result in the selling, buying, purchasing, renting, leasing, or otherwise obtaining
5	telecommunications systems, telecommunications services, or their related software
6	by the state or its agencies.
7	(6) "Software" means computer programs and documentation essential to
8	and necessary for a telecommunications system or telecommunications service to
9	perform productive operations.
10	(7) "Telecommunications service contract" means a contract for the
11	procurement of telecommunications services to include but not be limited to long
12	distance, pay telephone, radio paging, and utility-type services such as local dial
13	tone.
14	(8) "Telecommunications systems", which shall include telecommunications
15	equipment and related services, and "telecommunications services" are limited to the
16	equipment and services and means to provide:
17	(a) Telecommunications transmission facilities and services.
18	(b) Voice telecommunications systems and services.
19	(c) Local area network systems and services.
20	(d) Wide area network systems and services.
21	(e) Video systems and services, except those video systems and services
22	specifically reserved to the Louisiana Educational Television Authority pursuant to
23	R.S. 17:2501.
24	(f) Wireless systems and services to include but not be limited to cellular and
25	personal communications systems.
26	(g) Radio systems, to include but not be limited to two-way radio systems;
27	however, the operational abilities and priorities of two-way communications of the
28	departments in the executive branch shall not be impeded.

(h) Intercom and electro-mechanical paging systems.

1	(i) Any and all systems and services based on emerging and future
2	telecommunications technologies relating to Subparagraphs (a) through (h) of this
3	Paragraph.
4	(9) "Telecommunications systems contract" means a contract for the
5	procurement of telecommunications systems including equipment and related
6	services to include but not be limited to installation and maintenance.
7	(10) "Telecommunications systems lease contract" means a contract between
8	a supplier of telecommunications systems and the division of administration, office
9	of telecommunications management, or the procuring agency, through which
10	telecommunications systems may be procured for a term which shall not exceed ten
11	years. The contract may be either an operating lease, installment purchase, or a
12	financed lease without a balloon payment.
13	(11) "Telecommunications transmission facility" means any transmission
14	medium, switch, instrument, wiring system, or other facility which is used, in whole
15	or in part, to provide any transmission.
16	(12) "Utility" means any telecommunications service provided by the office
17	of telecommunications management and used in the essential operations of a state
18	agency, such as local dial tone, wide area network, and local area network.
19	(13) "Wide area network" means a data processing/communications network
20	or system generally utilizing common carrier facilities to link geographically
21	dispersed local area networks to other local area networks or computer systems.
22	§1753. Types of contracts permitted
23	A. The types of contracts permitted in the procurement of
24	telecommunications systems and telecommunications services are defined in this
25	Part, and the provisions of this Part supplement the provisions of R.S. 39:1551
26	through 1736.
27	B. The office of telecommunications management, through the state
28	purchasing office, may, on behalf of any state agency, enter into telecommunications

systems contracts in accordance with the following provisions:

2	as defined in this Part. An invitation to bid format may be utilized with written
3	approval from the director of the office of telecommunications management.
4	(2) The term of such contracts shall not exceed five years.
5	C. The office of telecommunications management, through the state
6	purchasing office, may on behalf of any state agency, enter into telecommunications
7	services contracts in accordance with the following provisions:
8	(1) Contracts of this type shall be entered into through a request for proposals
9	as defined in this Part. An invitation to bid format may be utilized with written
10	approval from the director of the office of telecommunications management.
11	(2) The term of such contracts shall not exceed ten years.
12	D. The office of telecommunications management, through the state
13	purchasing office, may on behalf of any state agency, enter into a
14	telecommunications systems lease contract for an operating lease, installment
15	purchase, or financed lease for telecommunications systems in accordance with the
16	following provisions:
17	(1) All contracts of this type shall be entered into through a request for
18	proposals as defined in this Part.
19	(2) The justification of such contracts must be approved by the office of
20	telecommunications management prior to issuance of a request for proposals. Such
21	justification shall identify and consider all cost factors relevant to that contract.
22	(3) The term of such contracts shall not exceed ten years, except financed
23	contracts shall be for a term not to exceed the economic life of the system or ten
24	years, whichever is less.
25	(4) Upon the advance written approval of the office of telecommunications
26	management, state agencies may extend operating leases of telecommunications
27	systems on a month-to-month basis for a period not to exceed one calendar year for
28	the stated lease prices.
29	E. Notwithstanding the provisions of R.S. 39:1615 to the contrary, the use

(1) Contracts of this type shall be entered into through a request for proposals

1	of a multi-year contract for telecommunications systems and telecommunications
2	services shall be in accordance with rules and regulations and under the following
3	conditions:
4	(1) The director of the office of telecommunications management shall
5	approve in writing the use of a multi-year contract over one year, not to exceed three
6	years.
7	(2) The director of the state purchasing office shall approve in writing the use
8	of a multi-year contract over three years, not to exceed five years.
9	(3) The commissioner of administration, or his designee, shall approve in
10	writing the use of a multi-year contract over five years.
11	§1754. Methods of procurement
12	A. The office of telecommunications management, through the state
13	purchasing office, may procure telecommunications systems and
14	telecommunications services by a request for proposals to conform with the
15	following requirements:
16	(1) Public notice of the request for proposals shall be the same as for an
17	invitation to bid as provided in R.S. 39:1594(C).
18	(2)(a) The request for proposals shall indicate the relative importance of all
19	evaluation factors and shall clearly define the work, service, or solution to be
20	provided under the contract, the functional specifications, the criteria to be used in
21	evaluating the proposals, and the time frames within which the work must be
22	completed or the service provided.
23	(b) For telecommunications systems lease contracts, the request for
24	proposals shall require that proposals contain a declaration as to the maximum price
25	for which the system may be purchased following the termination of the lease
26	contract. No other basis of evaluation shall be used except that set out in the request
27	for proposals.
28	(3) The office of telecommunications management shall evaluate all

proposals to determine the proposal most advantageous to the state, taking into

consideration all evaluation criteria set forth in the request for proposals, and shall make a recommendation of award to the state purchasing office.

- (4) The office of telecommunications management may request that the state purchasing office reject all proposals when it is deemed that such action is in the best interest of the state.
- B. The office of telecommunications management may procure telecommunications systems and telecommunications services in accordance with the law or regulations, or both, which govern the state purchasing office, the division of administration.

## §1755. General provisions

The following general provisions shall apply to all procurements under this Part:

- (1) No contracts entered into shall have an initial effective date earlier than the date on which such contract receives approval as required by this Part.
- (2) All changes, modifications, and amendments to any contract hereunder shall be approved in advance by the office of telecommunications management and the state purchasing office, in addition to any other approvals required by law.
- (3) Where written proposals or bids are submitted by vendors, the proposal or bid of the successful vendor shall be incorporated into the final contract consummated with that vendor.
- (4) All contracts must contain the following annual appropriation dependency clause: "The continuation of this contract is contingent upon the continuation of an appropriation of funds by the Legislature to fulfill the requirements of the contract. If the Legislature fails to appropriate sufficient monies to provide for the continuation of a contract or if such appropriation is reduced by the veto of the governor or by any means provided in the appropriations act to prevent the total appropriations for the year from exceeding revenues for that year or for any other lawful purpose and the effect of such reduction is to provide insufficient monies for the continuation of the contract, the contract shall terminate

on the last day of the fiscal year for which funds were appropriated."

(5) The provisions of this Part shall, with respect to the procurement of telecommunications systems or telecommunications services, supersede specifications of any contradictory or conflicting provisions of the following statutes:

R.S. 38:2211 et seq. with respect to awarding of public contracts, and R.S. 39:1551 through 1736. The provisions of this Part do not relate to the procurement of services covered by R.S. 39:1481 through 1526.

Section 2. Chapter 16 of Subtitle III of Title 39 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, comprised of R.S. 39:1481 through 1526, is hereby repealed.

Section 3. This Act shall become effective on January 1, 2015; if vetoed by the governor and subsequently approved by the legislature, this Act shall become effective on January 1, 2015, or on the day following such approval by the legislature, whichever is later.

The original instrument and the following digest, which constitutes no part of the legislative instrument, were prepared by Martha S. Hess.

#### **DIGEST**

Walsworth (SB 480)

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<u>Present law</u> provides for procurement by public bodies, including provisions for a central purchasing agency, for procurement regulations, source selection for items to be purchased and methods for such purchases, for bid procedures, for types of contracts, for specifications, for contract modification, termination and contract clauses, for legal and contractual remedies and for administrative appeals, and for cooperative purchasing.

<u>Present law</u> sets forth the underlying purposes and policies of the procurement code, as well as the rules of construction and application to be used in interpreting the provisions of the code. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>. <u>Proposed law</u> repeals certain exclusions regarding the procurement of professional, personal, consulting and social services. <u>Proposed law</u> further provides that contracts awarded by an agency for the benefit of an industry, payment of which comes from self-generated funds received from that industry, are exempt from the requirements of the procurement code provided that any such contract is awarded through a competitive process. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides that procurement provisions shall not apply to professional services for engineering design contracts, construction contracts, or contracts for surveying for certain maintenance and construction projects entered into by the Department of Transportation and Development. <u>Proposed law</u> further provides that procurement provisions shall not apply to consulting contracts with appraisers, foresters, economists, right-of-way agents, title abstractors, asbestos abatement inspectors, negotiators, accountants and cost consultants relating to acquisition of rights-of-way for maintenance and construction projects entered into by the Department of Transportation and Development. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> further provides that procurement provisions shall not apply to grants or contracts or nonsocial service contracts or like business agreements between the state and

Coding: Words which are struck through are deletions from existing law; words in **boldface type and underscored** are additions.

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its political subdivision or other governmental entities, or between higher education boards and institutions under their jurisdictions. <u>Proposed law retains present law.</u>

<u>Proposed law</u> changes the "director of the office of contractual review" to the "state chief procurement officer" in regards to delegation of authority to procure services with private grant funds or federal funds specifically provided for contracts of an institution of higher education.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that procurement provisions shall not apply to procurements conducted by a higher education entity operating under a pilot procurement code under the LA GRAD act.

<u>Present law</u> provides numerous definitions for purposes of the procurement code. <u>Proposed law</u> adds definitions for the following for following terms and phrases: "central purchasing agency", "complex procurement", "electronic", "information technology", "operating service", "services", "signature", and "state chief procurement officer".

<u>Present law</u> provides for public access to procurement information. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for contract change orders and recording of such changes by the recorder of mortgages at the parish level. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>, but changes "purchasing" to "procurement".

<u>Present law</u> provides for written determinations to be retained in an official contract file in the central purchasing agency, other purchasing agencies, or by the governmental body administering the contract. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> authorizes the commissioner of administration to promulgate regulations governing the procurement, management, and control of any and all supplies, services, and major repairs required to be procured by the state. <u>Proposed law</u> retains these provisions.

<u>Present law</u> provides for the central purchasing agency within the division of administration, to be headed by a director. <u>Proposed law</u> retains provisions of <u>present law</u> but provides that it is to be headed by the state chief procurement officer. Further provides for his qualifications, appointment, and authority, including the appointment of assistants and other employees, and adds to the <u>present law</u> the duty to ensure compliance with the procurement code and implementing regulations by reviewing and monitoring procurements.

<u>Present law</u> provides that the chief legal adviser to the state director of purchasing shall be the attorney general. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for appointment of assistants and delegation of authority by the state director of purchasing. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>, but changes "director of purchasing" to "state chief procurement officer".

<u>Present law</u> provides for reporting requirements for any reports deemed necessary by the commissioner of administration. Proposed law retains present law.

<u>Present law</u> provides for mandatory information requirements for contracts let without competition under the authority of an executive order related to Hurricanes Katrina or Rita. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>, but changes "purchasing" to "procurement".

<u>Present law</u> provides for use of other types of contracts, such as brand name contracts and multiple award contracts. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for reporting on certain contract payments, subcontractors, and performance related to the Road Home Program. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>, but

specifies the reporting shall be for professional, personal, consulting, and social services contracts.

<u>Present law</u> provides for reports of procurement actions. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> but specifies such reports are for procurement actions related to professional, personal, consulting, and social services contracts.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>. <u>Proposed law</u> further provides that no contract for professional, personal, consulting, or social services shall be entered into by a using agency with any contractor for which a delinquent final evaluation report remains outstanding for a contract with such using agency.

<u>Present law</u> provides for centralization of procurement authority and for certain exemptions. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law.</u>

<u>Present law</u> provides for exemptions to procurement regulations and provides certain exceptions for the Department of Transportation and Development and Department of Education. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and further specifies that exemptions from central purchasing do not apply to professional services, personal services, consulting services, social services, information technology or vehicle acquisition.

<u>Present law</u> exempts the Board of Trustees of State Colleges and Universities from central purchasing requirements. <u>Proposed law</u> changes "Board of Trustees of State Colleges and Universities" to "University of Louisiana System".

<u>Present law</u> provides for state procurement regulations to be promulgated by the commissioner of administration for all procurements except those regulations promulgated by the secretary of the Department of Transportation and Development, the State Superintendent of Education, certain exempted departments. <u>Present law</u> further specifies the promulgatory power of the commissioner shall not be delegated, that regulations shall not change existing contract rights, and that required clauses in contracts shall be incorporated only with consent of both parties. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> requires the commissioner of administration to maintain a close and cooperative relationship with the using agencies. Further provides for the Procurement Advisory Council and other advisory groups, including the Drug Procurement Advisory Council. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides that all state contracts shall be awarded by competitive sealed bidding unless otherwise authorized by law. <u>Proposed law</u> provides for the following methods of source selection:

- (1) Competitive sealed bids.
- (2) Competitive sealed proposals.
- (3) Small purchases.
- (4) Sole source.
- (5) Emergency procurements.
- (6) Other procurement methods.
  - (a) Unstable market conditions.
  - (b) Group purchasing organizations.

- (c) Used equipment.
- (d) Reverse auctions.
- (e) Negotiation of noncompetitive contracts.

<u>Present law</u> provides that contracts exceeding the amount established by executive order for small purchases shall be awarded by competitive sealed bidding. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>. <u>Proposed law</u> includes "purchasing agencies of" the state of Louisiana along with the division of administration as locations where evidence of agency, corporate, or partnership authority shall be required for submission of a bid. <u>Proposed law</u> specifies the bidder submits or provides on request one of several official documents acceptable to the public entity, including registration on an electronic Internet database maintained by the public entity.

<u>Present law</u> provides for certain circumstances whereby a competitive request for proposal may be used. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and specifies that approval and written determination requirements for such requests for proposal shall not apply to requests for proposal for professional, personal, consulting, or social services.

<u>Present law</u> and specifies that consulting, social, and some professional services shall indicate the relative importance of price and other evaluation factors, shall clearly define the tasks to be performed under the contract, the criteria to be used in evaluating the proposals, and the time frames within which the work must be completed. <u>Proposed law</u> further specifies that all other requests for proposals shall clearly state the technological or other outcome desired from the procurement of the technological or complex systems or services, if applicable, and shall indicate the relative importance of price and other evaluation factors, the criteria to be used in evaluating the proposals, and the time frames within which the work must be completed. <u>Proposed law</u> further delineates certain conditions whereby written or oral discussions need not be conducted with responsible offerers who submit proposals.

<u>Present law</u> describes the minimum types of information needed to submit in requests for proposal. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and adds "performance measurements" and "monitoring plan" to those types of information.

<u>Present law</u> provides for the validity of professional, personal, consulting, and social services contracts. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> but changes approval from the director of the office of contractual review to the director of the office of state procurement.

<u>Present law</u> provides for small purchases not exceeding the amounts established by executive order of the governor may be made in accordance with small purchase procedures prescribed by such executive order. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for sole source procurements. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for emergency procurements. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for other procurement methods, including unstable market conditions, group purchasing, used equipment, reverse auction, and negotiation, and provides for rules and regulations of each method. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for multisource generic drug contracts. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present</u> law.

<u>Present law</u> provides for the right to reject bids from Communist countries. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for limitations on consultants competing for contracts. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for preference in awarding contracts for all types of products produced, manufactured, assembled, grown, or harvested in Louisiana, with certain exceptions. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for preference in awarding contracts to in-state vendors. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for preference in letting contracts for public work to contractors domiciled in the state of Louisiana. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for preference in awarding contracts for certain services where stateowned facilities will be used for rodeos and livestock shows, with preference for in-state vendors. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for preference for goods manufactured, or services performed, by severely handicapped individuals in sheltered workshops. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for preference for items purchased from Louisiana retailers. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for preference for steel rolled in Louisiana. <u>Proposed law</u> retains present law.

<u>Present law</u> provides for preference for items manufactured in the United States. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for cancellation of invitations for bids or requests for proposal, including qualifications and duties. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>, but changes "offerors" to "proposers".

<u>Proposed law</u> further changes the "office of contractual review" to the "state central purchasing agency" in regards to disclosure rules.

Present law provides for pregualification of suppliers. Proposed law retains present law.

<u>Present law</u> provides for cost or pricing data as submitted by contractors. <u>Proposed law</u> retains present law.

<u>Present law</u> provides for preference for types of contracts. <u>Present law</u> provides that cost-plus-a-percentage-of-cost contracts shall not be used. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>, but specifies that such contracts may be used in the case of a disaster or emergency declared by the governor.

Present law provides for cost-reimbursement contracts. Proposed law retains present law.

<u>Present law</u> provides for reimbursement of costs. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and specifies reimbursement of costs for professional, personal, consulting, and social services contracts.

<u>Present law</u> provides for approval of the contractor's accounting system by the chief procurement officers. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for multi-year contracts. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> but removes provision that any contract entered into for a period of not more than five years, but for more than three years shall be subject to prior approval of the Joint Legislative Committee on the

Budget.

<u>Present law</u> provides for installment-purchase contracts. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for professional service contracts without the necessity of competitive bidding or competitive negotiation. Proposed law retains present law.

<u>Present law</u> provides for contractual attorney's fees to be submitted by sworn affidavit. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for contracts related to social services. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and specifies these contracts as "social services contracts". <u>Proposed law</u> further provides definitions for social services, changes "retarded" to "mentally disabled", and changes "director of contractual review" to "state chief procurement officer".

<u>Present law</u> provides for personal service contracts without the necessity of competitive bidding or competitive negotiation. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for consulting service contracts without the necessity of competitive bidding or competitive negotiation. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> but specifies such contracts have a maximum amount of compensation less than \$50,000 for a twelve month period. <u>Proposed law</u> further changes "contractual review" to "state procurement".

<u>Present law</u> provides for performance-based energy efficiency contracts. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for certification by using agency before entering into a proposed professional, personal, consulting, or social service contract in excess of \$5,000. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>, but changes "director of the office of contractual review" to "chief procurement officer".

<u>Present law</u> provides for approval of contracts and penalties for submission of faulty information by corporations. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>, but changes "director of the office of contractual review" to "chief procurement officer" and changes "contractual review" to "state procurement".

<u>Present law</u> provides for contract content, including minimum requirements and other specifications. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for professional, personal, and consulting contracts with state employees. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>, but changes "contractual review" to "state procurement" and "office of contractual review" to "office of chief procurement officer".

<u>Present law</u> provides for contract modifications and termination. <u>Present law</u> provides for modification of professional, personal, consulting, and social services contracts. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>, but changes "contractual review" to "state procurement."

<u>Present law</u> provides for termination of professional, personal, consulting, and social services contracts for default of the contractor. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>, but changes "contractual review" to "state procurement".

<u>Present law</u> provides for inspection of plant and audit of records. <u>Present law</u> provides for the right to inspect the part of the plant or place of business of a contractor or any subcontractor which is related to the performance of any contract awarded or to be awarded by the state. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>. <u>Present law</u> provides for the audit by the state of persons submitting cost or pricing data and also for contract audits. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for determinations and reports. <u>Present law</u> provides for finality of determinations unless they are clearly erroneous, arbitrary, capricious, or contrary to law. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>. <u>Present law</u> provides for record of certain procurement actions for a minimum of six years. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for purchase of insurance. <u>Present law</u> provides for direct purchase of insurance policies by the state covering any property or insurable interests or activities of the state directly from insurers or underwriters, without the necessity for signature or countersignature of such policies and in lieu thereof such policy shall be signed by an official or designated representative of the company issuing the policy. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>, but removes provision referring to R.S. 22:1171, which was repealed in 1996.

<u>Present law</u> prohibits splitting of insurance commissions derived from the sale of insurance to the state by insurance agents, unless written authorization is provided by the commission of administration. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>. <u>Present law</u> provides that the written authorization provided by the commissioner of administration on certain split insurance commissions constitutes public record. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for acquisition of housing space by state agencies. <u>Present law</u> provides all contracts and agreements for the lease or rental of space for the housing of state agencies, their personnel, operations, equipment, or activities shall be made in the name of and by the authorized representative or representative body of the state agency but shall be made and entered into only with the approval of the commissioner of administration. The cost of such housing shall be provided for in and defrayed from the budgets of the using agencies. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for uniform space standards for state agencies, including inventory and evaluation of budget unit space utilization, to be prepared by the division of administration. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for the advertisement and award of every lease bid for the use of five thousand square feet or more of space in a privately owned building entered into by a state agency as lessee. <u>Present law</u> provides no such lease shall extend beyond a period of ten years. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for the amendment of existing leases for office or warehouse space by renegotiation with the present lessor, only after the division of administration has entered into a competitive negotiation process involving discussions with offerors who submit written proposals. <u>Present law</u> provides for other conditions pertaining to the renegotiation of an existing lease for office or warehouse space. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for the acquisition of motor vehicles by state agencies. <u>Present law</u> provides for purchase or lease of motor vehicles by state agencies and further provides for minium requirements for fuel efficiency and exceptions for law enforcement personnel, first responders and emergency personnel, and military vehicles, and other exceptions. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for specifications for supplies, services, and major repairs required by the state and further provides for the duties of the commissioner of administration in promulgating rules and regulations governing such supplies, services and major repairs. <u>Proposed law retains present law.</u>

<u>Present law</u> provides for shrimp specifications by the commissioner of administration, specifically in reference to count size. <u>Proposed law retains present law.</u>

<u>Present law</u> provides for the duties of the chief procurement officer, who is charged with preparing, issuing, revising, and monitoring the use of specifications for required supplies services, and major repairs. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for the chief procurement officer to establish a relationship with using agencies in the determination of needs and development of specifications and further provides he may delegate in writing to a using agency the authority to prepare and utilize its own specifications, subject to regulations. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for maximum practicable competition for all specifications, that they promote overall economy for the purposes intended and encourage competition in satisfying the needs of the state, and shall not be unduly restrictive. Proposed law retains present law.

<u>Present law</u> specifies that bid specifications may contain and escalation clause. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>, and specifies such escalation or de-escalation shall be in accordance with a recognized price index, including but not limited to the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics, Consumer Price Index and Wholesale Price Index.

<u>Present law</u> provides for specifications prepared by architects, engineers, designers, and draftsmen for public contracts. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for purchase of prostheses, orthoses, prosthetic services, and orthotic services by a state agency from an accredited facility, provided there are no prohibitions on a licensed occupational therapist or a licensed physical therapist from practicing within his scope of practice. <u>Present law</u> exempts licensed optometrists, ophthalmologists, podiatrists, or orthopedists from these provisions. <u>Proposed law retains present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for the modification and termination of contracts for supplies, services, and major repairs. <u>Present law</u> provides for contract clauses providing for equitable adjustments in prices, time for performance, or other contract provisions including but not limited to:

- (1) The unilateral right of the state to order in writing changes in the work within the general scope of the contract in any one or more of the following:
  - (a) Drawings, designs, or specifications, if the supplies to be furnished are to be specially manufactured for the state in accordance therewith;
  - (b) Method of shipment or packing; or
  - (c) Place of delivery.
- (2) The unilateral right of the state to order in writing temporary stopping of the work or delaying of performance; and
- (3) Variations between estimated quantities of work in a contract and actual quantities.

Proposed law retains present law.

<u>Present law</u> provides for additional contract clauses, including but not limited to the following subjects:

- (1) Liquidated damages as appropriate.
- (2) Specified excuses for delay or nonperformance.
- (3) Termination of the contract for default.
- (4) Termination of the contract in whole or in part for the convenience of the state.
- (5) Manufacturers' design drawings shall be supplied in duplicate for all state buildings, to the appropriate state agency at the conclusion of contract.

Proposed law adds the following contract clauses:

- (6) Security for contract performance.
- (7) Insurance requirements including as appropriate, but not limited to, general liability, automobile coverage, workers compensation, and errors and omissions.
- (8) Beginning and ending dates of the contract.
- (9) Maximum compensation to be paid the contractor.

<u>Present law</u> provides for cost principles rules and regulations required. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and changes the "office of contractual review" to the "office of state purchasing".

<u>Present law</u> provides for legal and contractual remedies, including pre-litigation resolution of controversies. <u>Present law</u> provides that the chief procurement officer has the right to resolve protests. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and specifies that contracts "issued by the office of state purchasing" for the grievance process under the right to protest.

<u>Present law</u> provides for resolution of disputes between the director of the office of contractual review and using agencies. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and changes "contractual review" to "state procurement".

<u>Present law</u> provides for the authority to debar or suspend, including applicability, authority, causes for debarment, decision, notice of decision, and finality of decision. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides for legal and contractual remedies for professional, personal, consulting, and social services contracts, combining <u>present law</u> which includes applicability, authority of the commissioner of administration, action on contract claims, and any other application to a claim by or controversy between the state and a contractor arising out of a contract for professional, personal, consulting, or social services.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides for legal and contractual remedies for other than professional, personal, consulting, and social services contracts, combining <u>present law</u> which includes authority to resolve contract and breach of contract controversies, applicability, authority, decision, notice of decision, finality of decision, and failure to render a timely decision.

<u>Present law</u> provides for solicitations or awards in violation of law, including applicability, remedies prior to an award, remedies after an award, and damages. <u>Proposed law</u> retains present law.

<u>Present law</u> provides for violations and penalties for violating the Louisiana Procurement Code or any rule or regulation promulgated by the commissioner of administration with respect to purchasing. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for administrative appeals procedures, including authority of the commissioner of administration. <u>Proposed law</u> retains present law and changes "director of purchasing" to "chief procurement officer".

<u>Present law</u> provides for the secretaries of exempted departments to have the same authority and responsibilities to review and determine appeals of decisions of the chief procurement officer of his department as are vested in the commissioner of administration. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for protest of solicitations or awards, including scope, time limitation on filing an appeal, decision, notice of decision, and finality of decision. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for suspension or debarment proceedings, including scope, time limitation on filing an appeal, decision, notice of decision, and finality of decision. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for contract and breach of contract controversies, including scope, time limitation on filing an appeal, decision, notice of decision, and finality of decision. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>, but changes "director" to "state chief procurement officer".

<u>Present law</u> provides for actions by or against the state in connection with contracts, including solicitation and award of contracts with the Nineteenth Judicial District Court having exclusive venue over an action between the state and a bidder, offeror, or contractor, prospective or actual, to determine whether a solicitation or award of a contract is in accordance with the constitution, statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the solicitation. <u>Present law</u> further provides for debarment or suspension, actions under contracts or for breach of contract, limited finality for administrative determinations, writs or appeals and district court decisions. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for commencement of actions, including protested solicitations and awards, debarments and suspension for cause, and actions under contracts or for breach of contract controversies. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for delinquent payment penalties. <u>Present law</u> further provides for late payment to business and penalty paid by state agency. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and provides for interest on the amount due based on the judicial interest rate referenced in R.S. 13:4202(B).

<u>Present law</u> provides for reporting requirements whenever a state agency is required to pay a penalty, including submission to the Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget at its next regular meeting following the payment of such a penalty a report on the actions taken to correct the problem. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for disputed claims where a state agency states that payment is late due to reasonable cause, and said claim is disputed by the business owed payment, upon the request of a representative of the business the Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget shall determine whether or not the circumstances constitute "reasonable cause" as used in R.S. 39:1695. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for cooperative purchasing and participation in federal General Services Administration vendor list. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and changes "purchasing" to "procurement".

<u>Present law</u> provides for the sale, acquisition, or use of supplies by a public procurement unit. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for cooperative use of supplies or services. <u>Proposed law</u> retains present law.

Present law provides for joint use of facilities. Proposed law retains present law.

<u>Present law</u> provides for supply of personnel, information, and technical services. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for use of payments received by a supplying public procurement unit. <u>Proposed law retains present law.</u>

<u>Present law</u> provides for public procurement units to be in compliance with code requirements. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for the chief procurement officer to review procurement requirements. <u>Proposed law retains present law.</u>

<u>Present law</u> provides for local governing authorities purchasing from local vendors and payment of certain costs, such as shipping, preparation, and delivery of the item. <u>Present law</u> provides that these costs shall not exceed the state bid price by seven percent on purchases up to \$10,000; five percent on purchases over \$10,000 and up to \$20,000; and three percent on purchases over \$20,000. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for contract controversies and resolutions under cooperative purchasing agreements. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for assistance to small and disadvantaged businesses and women owned business; provides for definitions; procurement from small businesses, including set aside, contract procedure, responsibility of bidder or offeror, preference to disadvantaged persons, preference to women, award of contracts after unsuccessful set aside procedures, and conflict with other code provisions. <u>Present law</u> also provides for assistance to small businesses. <u>Present law</u> further provides for determination of disadvantaged businesses and annual reports submitted to the governor and the legislature by the commissioner of administration, among other services. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides for telecommunications procurement, including application, definitions, types of contracts permitted, and methods of procurement. <u>Proposed law</u> retains present law.

Effective January 1, 2015.

(Amends R.S. 39:1551-1554.1, 1556-1558, 1561-1569.1, 1571-1572, 1581, 1586-1587, 1593-1598, 1600-1608, 1611-1633, 1641-1644, 1646, 1651-1658, 1661-1662, 1671-1673, 1676-1679, 1681-1685, 1691-1692, 1695-1697, 1702-1710, 1716, 1731-1736, and 1751-1755; repeals R.S. 39:1481-1526)