**ENGROSSED** 

Regular Session, 2014

HOUSE BILL NO. 1200

BY REPRESENTATIVE STOKES

MEDICAID: Provides relative to Medicaid recovery audit contractors and procedures

1	AN ACT
2	To enact Subpart E of Part VI-A of Chapter 3 of Title 46 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes
3	of 1950, to be comprised of R.S. 46:440.11 through 440.16, relative to the Medicaid
4	recovery audit program; to provide for legislative findings and purposes; to provide
5	definitions; to establish requirements for entities that contract with the Department
6	of Health and Hospitals to recover medical assistance program funds; to provide for
7	a structure of payments by the Department of Health and Hospitals; to provide for
8	appeals by healthcare providers enrolled in the Medicaid program; to provide for
9	contractor oversight and penalties; to provide for promulgation of rules; to require
10	submittal of Medicaid state plan amendments; to provide for effectiveness; and to
11	provide for related matters.
12	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
13	Section 1. Subpart E of Part VI-A of Chapter 3 of Title 46 of the Louisiana Revised
14	Statutes of 1950, comprised of R.S. 46:440.11 through 440.16, is hereby enacted to read as
15	follows:
16	SUBPART E. RECOVERY AUDIT CONTRACTORS
17	<u>§440.11. Legislative findings; declaration; purpose</u>
18	A. The legislature hereby finds all of the following:
19	(1) States are required to implement provisions of the Patient Protection and
20	Affordable Care Act, comprised of Public Laws 111-148 and 111-152, relative to
21	Medicaid recovery audit contractors.

1	(2) The recovery audit function is a useful tool for improving Medicaid
2	program integrity and ensuring that public monies are used for appropriate and
3	necessary healthcare services.
4	(3) Healthcare providers are subject to numerous audits from the state and
5	federal health agencies and reviews by Medicaid managed care companies which
6	result in increased administrative costs that raise costs to all healthcare consumers.
7	B. The legislature hereby declares that simplifying and standardizing
8	Medicaid recovery audit functions are necessary and in the best interest of this state.
9	Therefore, the purpose of this Subpart is to provide for greater Medicaid program
10	integrity by establishing a standardized recovery audit contractor program.
11	<u>§440.12. Definitions</u>
12	As used in this Subpart, the following terms have the meaning ascribed in this
13	Section:
14	(1) "Adverse determination" means any decision rendered by the recovery
15	audit contractor that results in a payment to a provider for a claim or service being
16	reduced either partially or completely.
17	(2) "Contractor" and "recovery audit contractor" mean a Medicaid recovery
18	audit contractor selected by the department to perform audits for the purpose of
19	ensuring Medicaid program integrity in accordance with the provisions of 42 CFR
20	<u>455 et seq.</u>
21	(3) "Department" means the Department of Health and Hospitals.
22	(4) "Medicaid" and "medical assistance program" mean the medical
23	assistance program provided for in Title XIX of the Social Security Act.
24	(5) "Provider" means any healthcare entity enrolled with the department as
25	a provider in the Medicaid program.
26	§440.13. Recovery audit contractor program established; rulemaking
27	A. There is hereby established within the department a recovery audit
28	contractor program. The program shall adhere to the requirements provided in this
29	Subpart.

1	B. The department shall promulgate all rules in accordance with the
2	Administrative Procedure Act and shall submit all Medicaid state plan amendments
3	as are necessary to implement the provisions of this Subpart.
4	§440.14. Recovery audit contractors; required functions and tasks
5	A. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the
6	department shall require that its recovery audit contractor perform all of the
7	following functions and tasks:
8	(1) Review claims within three years of the date of their initial payment.
9	(2) Send a determination letter concluding an audit within sixty days of
10	receipt of all requested materials from a provider.
11	(3) Furnish in any records request to a provider adequate information for the
12	provider to identify the patient, including but not limited to claim number, medical
13	record number, patient name, and service dates.
14	(4) Exclude all of the following from its scope of review:
15	(a) Claims processed or paid within ninety days of implementation of any
16	Medicaid managed care program.
17	(b) Claims processed or paid through a capitated Medicaid managed care
18	program.
19	(c) Medical necessity reviews in which the provider has obtained prior
20	authorization for the service.
21	(5) Develop and implement a process to ensure that providers receive or
22	retain the appropriate reimbursement amount for claims within the lookback period
23	in which the contractor determines that services delivered have been improperly
24	billed, but were reasonable and necessary.
25	(6)(a) Prohibit the recoupment of overpayments by the contractor until all
26	informal and formal appeals processes have been completed.
27	(b) Nothing in this Paragraph shall apply to claims that the contractor
28	suspects to be fraudulent.

1	(7) Refer claims it suspects to be fraudulent directly to the department for
2	investigation.
3	(8) Provide a detailed explanation in writing to a provider for any adverse
4	determination that would result in partial or full recoupment of a payment to the
5	provider. The written notification provided for in this Paragraph shall include, at
6	minimum, all of the following:
7	(a) The reason for the adverse determination.
8	(b) The specific medical criteria on which the adverse determination was
9	based.
10	(c) An explanation of the provider's appeal rights.
11	(d) If applicable, an explanation of the appropriate reimbursement
12	determined in accordance with the provisions of Paragraph (5) of this Subsection.
13	(9)(a) Limit records requests in a ninety-day period to not more than one
14	percent of the number of claims filed by the provider for the specific service being
15	reviewed in the previous state fiscal year, not to exceed two hundred records.
16	(b) The contractor shall allow a provider no less than forty-five days to
17	comply with and respond to a record request.
18	(c) If the contractor can demonstrate a significant provider error rate relative
19	to an audit of records, the contractor may make a request to the department to initiate
20	an additional records request relative to the issue being reviewed for the purposes of
21	further review and validation. The contractor shall not make the request to the
22	department until the time period for the informal appeals process has expired, and
23	the provider shall be given the opportunity to contest to the department the second
24	records request.
25	(10) Utilize provider self-audits only if mutually agreed to by the contractor
26	and provider.
27	(11) Schedule any onsite audits of a low-risk provider with advance notice
28	of not less than ten business days and make a good faith effort to establish a mutually
29	agreed upon date and time.

1	(12) Publish on its Internet website department-approved issues for review.
2	Information concerning such issues shall include, at minimum, the name and
3	description of the issue, type of provider, review period, and applicable policy
4	relative to the review.
5	(13) On a semiannual basis, develop, implement, and publish on its Internet
6	website metrics related to its performance. Such metrics shall include but not be
7	limited to the following:
8	(a) The number and type of issues reviewed.
9	(b) The number of medical records requested.
10	(c) The number of overpayments and underpayments identified by the
11	contractor.
12	(d) The aggregate dollar amounts associated with identified overpayments
13	and underpayments.
14	(e) The duration of audits from initiation to time of completion.
15	(f) The number of adverse determinations and the overturn rates of those
16	determinations at each stage of the informal and formal appeal process.
17	(g) The number of informal and formal appeals filed by providers, broken
18	out by disposition status.
19	(h) The contractor's compensation structure and dollar amount of
20	compensation.
21	(14) Post on its Internet website its contract with the department for recovery
22	audit services.
23	(15)(a) Perform a semiannual review of recovery audit issues and identify
24	any potential opportunities for improvement and correction of medical assistance
25	program policies, procedures, and infrastructure that would result in proactive and
26	efficient minimization of improper payments.
27	(b) The contractor shall submit the reviews provided for in this Paragraph
28	to the department and publish such reviews on its Internet website.

1	(16) At least semiannually, perform educational and training programs for
2	providers that encompass all of the following:
3	(a) A recapitulation of audit results, common issues and problems, and
4	mistakes identified through audits and reviews.
5	(b) A discussion of opportunities for improvement in provider performance
6	with respect to claims billing and documentation.
7	(17)(a) Allow providers to submit in electronic format the records requested
8	in association with an audit.
9	(b) If a provider must reproduce records manually because no electronic
10	format is available, or because the contractor requests a nonelectronic format, the
11	contractor shall make reasonable efforts to reimburse to the provider the cost of
12	medical records reproduction consistent with the provisions of R.S. 42 CFR 476.78.
13	B. In any contract between the department and a recovery audit contractor,
14	the payment or fee provided to the contractor for identification of Medicaid provider
15	overpayments shall be equal to that provided for identification of Medicaid provider
16	underpayments.
17	<u>§440.15. Healthcare provider appeals process</u>
18	A. A provider shall have a right to the informal and formal appeals processes
19	for determinations made by the recovery audit contractor as provided in this Section.
20	B. The contractor shall establish an informal appeals process that conforms
21	with all of the following guidelines:
22	(1) From the date of receipt of the initial findings letter by the contractor,
23	there shall be an informal discussion and consultation period wherein the provider
24	and contractor may communicate regarding any determinations for reasons including
25	but not limited to policies, criteria, and program rules pertinent to the determination.
26	(2)(a) Within forty-five days of receipt of a notification of an adverse
27	determination from the contractor, a provider shall have the right to request an
28	informal hearing of such findings, or a portion thereof, with the contractor and the

1	Medicaid program integrity division of the department by submitting a request in
2	writing to the contractor.
3	(b) The informal hearing provided for in this Paragraph shall occur within
4	thirty days of the provider's request.
5	(c) At the informal hearing, the provider shall have all of the following
6	rights:
7	(i) The right to present information orally and in writing.
8	(ii) The right to present documents.
9	(iii) The right to have the department and the contractor address any inquiry
10	the provider may make concerning the reason for the adverse determination.
11	(d) A provider may be represented by an attorney or authorized
12	representative at the informal hearing if written notice of representation identifying
13	the attorney or representative is submitted with the request for the informal hearing.
14	(3) The contractor and medical assistance program integrity division of the
15	department shall issue a final decision related to the informal appeal to the provider
16	within fifteen days of the closure of the appeal.
17	C. Within thirty days of the issuance of a final decision or determination
18	pursuant to an informal appeal conducted in accordance with Subsection B of this
19	Section, a provider may request an administrative appeal of the final decision by
20	requesting a hearing before the health and hospitals section of the division of
21	administrative law and provide a copy of the appeal to the Medicaid program
22	integrity division of the department.
23	<u>§440.16.</u> Contractor performance oversight; penalties; protections
24	A. If more than twenty-five percent of the contractor's adverse
25	determinations are overturned on appeal in any six-month period, then the House
26	Committee on Health and Welfare and the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare,
27	jointly, shall hold an oversight hearing to evaluate the contractor's performance and
28	provide the medical assistance program with direction related to corrective action
29	plans and future reevaluation of performance.

1	B. The department shall, with input from healthcare providers and in
2	accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act, promulgate rules relative to
3	appropriate and inappropriate determinations by recovery audit contractors, and to
4	establish penalties and sanctions to be associated with inappropriate determinations
5	by those contractors.
6	C. If the department or the hearing officer in a formal appeal finds that the
7	recovery audit contractor's determination was unreasonable, frivolous, or without
8	merit, then the contractor shall reimburse to the provider the provider's costs
9	associated with the appeals process.
10	Section 2.(A) This Section and Section 1 of this Act shall become effective on
11	August 15, 2014.
12	(B) Any provision of Section 1 of this Act that requires a Medicaid state plan
13	amendment in order to be implemented shall be null, void, and unenforceable until
14	the date of approval of the state plan amendment necessary for implementation, and
15	shall become enforceable upon the date of federal approval of such state plan
16	amendment.

## DIGEST

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

Stokes

HB No. 1200

Abstract: Provides relative to Medicaid recovery audit contractors and procedures.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides a legislative declaration that simplifying and standardizing Medicaid recovery audit functions are necessary and in the best interest of the state. Declares that the purpose of <u>proposed law</u> is to provide for greater Medicaid program integrity by establishing a standardized recovery audit contractor program.

<u>Proposed law</u> defines "contractor" and "recovery audit contractor" as a Medicaid recovery audit contractor selected by the Dept. of Health and Hospitals (DHH) to perform audits for the purpose of ensuring Medicaid program integrity in accordance with the provisions of federal law (42 CFR 455 et seq.).

<u>Proposed law</u> defines "adverse determination" as any decision rendered by the recovery audit contractor that results in a payment to a provider for a claim or service being reduced either partially or completely.

<u>Proposed law</u> requires that DHH promulgate all rules in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act (APA) and submit all Medicaid state plan amendments as are necessary to implement the recovery audit contractor program provided for in <u>proposed law</u>.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that DHH shall require its recovery audit contractor to perform all of the following functions and tasks:

- (1) Review claims within three years of the date of their initial payment.
- (2) Send a determination letter concluding an audit within 60 days of receipt of all requested materials from a provider.
- (3) Furnish in any records request to a provider adequate information for the provider to identify the patient, including but not limited to claim number, medical record number, patient name, and service dates.
- (4) Exclude all of the following from its scope of review:
  - (a) Claims processed or paid within 90 days of implementation of any Medicaid managed care program.
  - (b) Claims processed or paid through a capitated Medicaid managed care program.
  - (c) Medical necessity reviews in which the provider has obtained prior authorization for the service.
- (5) Develop and implement a process to ensure that providers receive or retain the appropriate reimbursement amount for claims within the lookback period in which the contractor determines that services delivered have been improperly billed, but were reasonable and necessary.
- (6) Prohibit the recoupment of overpayments by the contractor until all informal and formal appeals processes have been completed, except in cases of claims that the contractor suspects to be fraudulent.
- (7) Refer claims it suspects to be fraudulent directly to DHH for investigation.
- (8) Provide a detailed explanation in writing to a provider for any adverse determination that would result in partial or full recoupment of a payment. <u>Proposed law</u> provides that such explanation include at minimum, all of the following:
  - (a) The reason for the adverse determination.
  - (b) The specific medical criteria on which the adverse determination was based.
  - (c) An explanation of the provider's appeal rights.
  - (d) If applicable, an explanation of the appropriate reimbursement determined according to the provisions of <u>proposed law</u>.
- (9) Limit records requests in a 90-day period to not more than 1% of the number of claims filed by the provider for the specific service being reviewed in the previous state fiscal year, not to exceed 200 records. <u>Proposed law</u> requires that the contractor allow a provider no less than 45 days to comply with and respond to a record request. Provides that if the contractor can demonstrate a significant provider error rate, the contractor may make a request to DHH to initiate an additional records request relative to the issue being reviewed for the purposes of further review and validation.

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Provides further that the contractor shall not make the request to DHH until the time period for the informal appeals process has expired, and that the provider shall be given the opportunity to contest the second records request.

- (10) Utilize provider self-audits only if mutually agreed to by the contractor and provider.
- (11) Schedule any onsite audits of a low-risk provider with advance notice of not less than 10 business days and make a good faith effort to establish a mutually agreed upon date and time.
- (12) Publish on its website information on DHH-approved issues for review, including the name and description of the issue, type of provider, review period, and applicable policy relative to the review.
- (13) On a semiannual basis, develop, implement, and publish on its website metrics related to its performance, including but not limited to the following:
  - (a) The number and type of issues reviewed.
  - (b) The number of medical records requested.
  - (c) The number of overpayments and underpayments identified by the contractor.
  - (d) The aggregate dollar amounts associated with identified overpayments and underpayments.
  - (e) The duration of audits from initiation to time of completion.
  - (f) The number of adverse determinations and the overturn rates of those determinations at each stage of the informal and formal appeal process.
  - (g) The number of informal and formal appeals filed by providers, broken out by disposition status.
  - (h) The contractor's compensation structure and dollar amount of compensation.
- (14) Post on its website its contract with the department for recovery audit services.
- (15) Perform a semiannual review of recovery audit issues and identify any potential opportunities for improvement and correction of medical assistance program policies, procedures, and infrastructure that would result in proactive and efficient minimization of improper payments. <u>Proposed law</u> requires the contractor to submit such reviews to DHH and to publish such reviews on its website.
- (16) At least semiannually, perform educational and training programs for providers that encompass all of the following:
  - (a) A recapitulation of audit results, common issues and problems, and mistakes identified through audits and reviews.
  - (b) A discussion of opportunities for improvement in provider performance with respect to claims billing and documentation.
- (17) Allow providers to submit in electronic format the records requested in association with an audit. <u>Proposed law</u> stipulates that if a provider must reproduce records manually because no electronic format is available, or because the contractor requests a nonelectronic format, the contractor shall make reasonable efforts to

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CODING: Words in struck through type are deletions from existing law; words <u>underscored</u> are additions.

reimburse to the provider the cost of records reproduction consistent with federal regulations.

<u>Proposed law</u> requires that any contract between the department and a recovery audit contractor set the payment or fee provided to the contractor for identification of Medicaid provider overpayments equal to that provided for identification of underpayments.

<u>Proposed law</u> establishes that in the event of an adverse determination, a provider shall have the right to informal and formal appeals processes as provided in <u>proposed law</u>. Provides that the informal appeals process conform with the following guidelines:

- (1) From the date of receipt of the initial findings letter by the contractor, there shall be an informal discussion and consultation period wherein the provider and contractor may communicate regarding any determinations for reasons including but not limited to policies, criteria, and program rules pertinent to the determination.
- (2) Within 45 days of receipt of a notification of an adverse determination from the contractor, a provider shall have the right to request an informal hearing of such findings, or a portion thereof, with the contractor and the Medicaid program integrity division of the department by submitting a request in writing to the contractor. <u>Proposed law</u> provides for the following with respect to the informal hearing:
  - (a) The informal hearing shall occur within 30 days of the provider's request.
  - (b) At the informal hearing, the provider shall have all of the following rights:
    - (i) The right to present information orally and in writing.
    - (ii) The right to present documents.
    - (iii) The right to have DHH and the contractor address any inquiry the provider may make concerning the reason for the adverse determination.
  - (c) A provider may be represented by an attorney or authorized representative at the informal hearing if written notice of representation identifying the attorney or representative is submitted with the request for the hearing.
- (3) The contractor and medical assistance program integrity division of DHH shall issue a final decision related to the informal appeal to the provider within 15 days of the closure of the appeal.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides for the following with respect to a formal appeals process: Within 30 days of the issuance of a final decision or determination pursuant to an informal appeal conducted in accordance with <u>proposed law</u>, a provider may request an administrative appeal of the final decision by requesting a hearing before the health and hospitals section of the division of administrative law and provide a copy of the appeal to the Medicaid program integrity division of DHH.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that if more than 25% of the contractor's determinations are overturned on appeal in any six-month period, then the legislative committees on health and welfare, jointly, shall hold an oversight hearing to evaluate the contractor's performance and provide the medical assistance program with direction related to corrective action plans and future reevaluation of performance.

<u>Proposed law</u> requires DHH, with input from healthcare providers and in accordance with the APA, to promulgate rules relative to appropriate and inappropriate determinations by

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recovery audit contractors, and to establish penalties and sanctions to be associated with inappropriate determinations by those contractors.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that if DHH or the hearing officer in a formal appeal finds that the recovery audit contractor's determination was unreasonable, frivolous, or without merit, the contractor shall reimburse to the provider the provider's costs associated with the appeals process.

Effective Aug. 15, 2014; except any provision of <u>proposed law</u> requiring a Medicaid state plan amendment in order to be implemented shall be null, void, and unenforceable until the date of approval of the state plan amendment necessary for implementation, and shall become enforceable upon the date of federal approval of such state plan amendment.

(Adds R.S. 46:440.11-440.16)

Summary of Amendments Adopted by House

- Committee Amendments Proposed by <u>House Committee on Health and Welfare</u> to the <u>original</u> bill.
- 1. Added requirement that DHH submit all Medicaid state plan amendments as are necessary for implementation of proposed law.
- 2. In items to be excluded from the recovery audit contractor's scope of review, added claims processed or paid within 90 days of implementation of any Medicaid managed care program.
- 3. Relative to the exclusion from the recovery audit contractor's scope of review of claims within a Medicaid managed care program, stipulated that exclusion applies only to claims processed or paid through a capitated program.
- 4. Relative to the exclusion from the recovery audit contractor's scope of review of medical necessity reviews, stipulated that such reviews are only those in which the provider has obtained prior authorization for the service.
- 5. In provisions relative to reimbursement to providers for certain claims in which the contractor determines that services delivered were improperly billed, stipulated that such claims shall only be those within the lookback period.
- 6. Deleted requirement that the process for ensuring reimbursement to providers for certain claims include a recoupment reconciliation procedure for claims that were improperly coded or reasonable and necessary in another setting.
- 7. Deleted requirement that the written explanation to providers concerning certain adverse determinations include the qualifications of the individuals issuing the determinations.
- 8. Added provision authorizing the recovery audit contractor to make a request to DHH under certain circumstances for initiation of an additional records request relative to the issue being reviewed for the purposes of further review and validation.
- 9. Deleted a requirement that the recovery audit contractor publish on its website the process utilized for the approval of new issues for review. Added in lieu thereof a requirement that the recovery audit contractor publish on its website information on DHH-approved issues for review, including the name and description of the issue, type of provider, review period, and applicable policy relative to the review.

- 10. Modified requirement that the recovery audit contractor reimburse to the provider the cost of reproduction of certain medical records to provide that the contractor shall make reasonable efforts to provide such reimbursement.
- 11. Added an effective date of August 15, 2014, for <u>proposed law</u>; with the condition that any provision of <u>proposed law</u> requiring a Medicaid state plan amendment in order to be implemented shall be null, void, and unenforceable until the date of approval of the state plan amendment necessary for implementation, and shall become enforceable upon the date of federal approval of such state plan amendment.