HLS 14RS-2420 ENGROSSED

Regular Session, 2014

1

HOUSE BILL NO. 1206

BY REPRESENTATIVE LEGER

COURTS: Provides for the consolidation of the New Orleans Traffic and Municipal Courts

AN ACT

2 To amend and reenact R.S. 13:2491, 2492, 2493, 2493.1(A)(introductory paragraph), (B), 3 (C), and (D), 2495, 2495.1(A), 2496.1, 2496.2(A), 2496.3(A), (B), (E), (F), 4 (G)(introductory paragraph), (3) and (5), 2496.4, 2497, 2498(A), (B), and (C), 2499, 5 2500(A) and (B), 2500.1, 2500.2, 2500.4, 2501, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, and 6 2519(A) and to repeal R.S. 13:2501.1, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2507.1, and 2509, relative 7 to the consolidation of the municipal and traffic courts of New Orleans; to require 8 the consolidation of the municipal and traffic courts in New Orleans; to transfer the 9 traffic court; to provide relative to jurisdiction; to eliminate the clerk of court and 10 judicial administrator for the traffic court; to transfer certain employees of the traffic 11 court to the consolidated court; to create the consolidated judicial expense fund; to 12 provide for the payment of salaries for clerks and deputy clerks; to provide relative 13 to security detail; to authorize additional costs to defray expenses of the court; and 14 to provide for related matters. 15 Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana: 16 Section 1. R.S. 13:2491, 2492, 2493, 2493.1(A)(introductory paragraph), (B), (C), 17 and (D), 2495, 2495.1(A), 2496.1, 2496.2(A), 2496.3(A), (B), (E), (F), (G)(introductory 18 paragraph), (3) and (5), 2496.4, 2497, 2498(A), (B), and (C), 2499, 2500(A) and (B), 2500.1, 19 2500.2, 2500.4, 2501, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, and 2519(A) are hereby amended and 20 reenacted to read as follows:

CODING: Words in struck through type are deletions from existing law; words <u>underscored</u> are additions.

1	CHAPTER 8. MUNICIPAL <u>AND TRAFFIC</u> COURT OF NEW ORLEANS
2	§2491. Municipal and traffic court of New Orleans
3	There is created a "Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans".
4	§2492. Four Number of judges; qualifications; election; salary; vacation
5	A. The court Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans shall consist of
6	four eight judges, all of whom must be attorneys-at-law, who shall be elected by the
7	qualified electors of the parish of Orleans. They shall not be less than thirty years
8	of age. Each shall have practiced law in the state for at least five years preceding his
9	election; and shall be a duly qualified elector of the parish of Orleans.
10	(1) Each of the four judges, one of whom shall be the judge of the housing
11	court division, for the purposes of nomination and election only, shall preside over
12	separate and distinct divisions of the court.
13	(2) The divisions provided for in Paragraph (1) of this Subsection shall be
14	designated alphabetically as Division "A", Division "B", Division "C", Division "D",
15	Division "E", Division "F", Division "G", and Division "H".
16	B. The first judges of the court elected at the congressional election of 1948
17	shall serve as follows: one of the judges for a term expiring December 31st, 1952,
18	one for a term expiring December 31st, 1954, one for a term expiring December
19	31st, 1956, and one for a term expiring December 31st, 1958. Thereafter each Each
20	of the judges shall be elected for an eight year term at the regular congressional
21	election held immediately preceding the expiration of such term. Every term shall
22	expire on December 31st of the last year thereof. Any vacancy in the court for any
23	cause where the unexpired term is less than one year shall be filled temporarily by
24	appointment by the governor until the next succeeding congressional election, at
25	which time such vacancy shall be filled for the remainder of the unexpired term by
26	election. All judges so elected shall take their office on the first day of January
27	following their election.

C. Each of the judges shall receive a salary of not less than eighteen thousand dollars per annum, payable monthly by the city of New Orleans on his own warrant.

D. Each of the judges of the municipal court Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans shall have annual vacation of thirty days, the time to be fixed by the rules of the court.

E. Whenever any of the judges are temporarily absent because of court business, illness or while on vacation, a judge ad hoc may be appointed by the judges of the municipal <u>and traffic</u> court, acting en banc, to serve during the period of such temporary absence. The judge ad hoc shall have the qualifications for election to the office and his compensation shall be proportionately equal to that of the judge for whom he is appointed to serve, and shall be payable in the same manner and from the same source and/or sources as that of such judge.

F. The judge of the Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans having the most seniority shall become the senior and administrative judge during his tenure of office and shall not engage in the practice of law or share in the profits, directly or indirectly, of any law firm or legal corporation. The senior and administrative judge of the Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans shall possess the same qualifications that are required of district court judges and shall receive a salary of not less than eighteen thousand dollars per annum, but not more than the salary paid, from all sources, to the district court judges in and for the parish of Orleans. The governing authority of Orleans Parish shall determine the salary paid to the senior and administrative judge, of which the amount payable by the state to city judges of the state shall be paid by the state and the remainder shall be payable by the city of New Orleans. The salary of the senior and administrative judge shall be payable monthly on his own warrant. Should the senior judge decline the position of senior and administrative judge then the next senior judge of the municipal and traffic court may assume the position.

§2493. Jurisdiction

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

A. The jurisdiction of the court shall extend to the trial of violations of the ordinances of the city of New Orleans, except including the regulation of traffic violations within the city of New Orleans.

B. The jurisdiction of the courts shall further extend to the trial of violations of state statutes which are not triable by a jury; which jurisdiction shall be concurrent with that of the Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans. This jurisdiction shall not extend to traffic violations.

C. The jurisdiction of the court shall further extend to the trial of offenses involving traffic and the regulation thereof punishable by state statute including violations of the Criminal Code of Louisiana involving traffic and the trial of violations relating to street and highway regulatory laws and such other state laws as relate to the operation of a vehicle. The jurisdiction over state traffic offenses shall be concurrent with the Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans. In addition, every prosecution in the Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans under state law shall be filed in the court by affidavit or bill of information under the provision of state law defining the offense and such prosecution shall be brought by the city attorney of New Orleans. The jurisdiction of the court shall further extend to appeals by any person aggrieved by an administrative hearing officer's decision concerning a traffic violation enforced by the city of New Orleans' automated traffic enforcement system. Any aggrieved person shall file such appeal within thirty days after the date of such decision. The court shall have de novo review over such appeals. The court shall adopt rules regulating the manner of taking, hearing, and deciding such appeals.

<u>D.</u> When exercising said concurrent jurisdiction and in cases involving violation of an ordinance adopted pursuant to R.S. 14:143(B), all procedures shall comply with those parts of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, the Louisiana Revised Statutes, and the Code of Criminal Procedure pertaining to the prosecution of criminal cases not requiring trial by jury.

1	D, <u>E.</u> The jurisdiction of the Housing and Environmental Court Division shall
2	extend to the trial of violations of the Building Code, the Comprehensive Zoning
3	Ordinance and Chapters 28, 30, 48, and 541 of the City Code of the city of New
4	Orleans as provided by law, in addition to the general jurisdiction of the Municipal
5	and Traffic Court of New Orleans.
6	E.F. The jurisdiction of the court shall extend to the granting of an
7	injunction, preliminary injunction, or temporary restraining order pursuant to the
8	provisions of Code of Civil Procedure Articles 3601 through 3613, when irreparable
9	injury, loss, or damage may otherwise result to any person over whom the court has
10	jurisdiction pursuant to this Section or as provided by law; however, the court shall
11	not have the authority to grant injunctive relief with respect to any matter provided
12	in Code of Civil Procedure Article 3604(B)(1) and (3) and (C).
13	F.G. The court shall have no other jurisdiction.
14	§2493.1. Housing court division; jurisdiction; powers of judge; environmental
15	docket
16	A. The council of the city of New Orleans is hereby authorized to create,
17	subject to the approval of the majority of the judges of the Municipal and Traffic
18	Court of New Orleans, the Housing and Environmental Court Division of the
19	Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans, hereinafter referred to as the "housing
20	court division". In the ordinance creating the housing court division, the said council
21	shall designate the effective date of the creation of said the court. The housing court
22	division shall be assigned, and its jurisdiction shall be limited to, all violations of the
23	provisions of the following:
24	* * *
25	B. All cases involving violations of the provisions of the Building Code, The
26	Comprehensive Zoning Ordinance, or Chapters 28, 30, 37, 48, and 54 of the City
27	Code of the city of New Orleans, or the Fire Code presently pending before the
28	Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans, shall be transferred to the housing

court division for further proceedings in accordance with law.

1	C. Upon creation of the housing court division, one of the judges of the
2	Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans now provided for by R.S. 13:2492 shall
3	be assigned to serve as the judge of the housing court division of the Municipal and
4	Traffic Court of New Orleans.
5	(1) Each of the four judges provided for in R.S. 13:2492, one of whom shall
6	be the judge of the housing court division, for the purposes of nomination and
7	election only, shall preside over separate and distinct divisions of the court.
8	(2) The divisions provided for in Subparagraph (1) above shall be designated
9	alphabetically as Division "A", Division "B", Division "C", and Division "D". The
10	judge senior in point of continuous service shall preside over Division "A", and the
11	other judges of the court shall occupy the other designated divisions according to
12	their respective periods of continuous service.
13	D.(1) The jurisdiction of the Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans,
14	the Housing and Environmental Court Division of the Municipal and Traffic Court
15	of New Orleans shall extend to the trial of violations of an ordinance of the city of
16	New Orleans and the violations of state statutes which are not triable by a jury for
17	criminal prosecutions provided in R.S. 14:107.3, and any other authority provided
18	by law or home rule charter for the civil enforcement of health, safety, and welfare
19	ordinances, including but not limited to the authority provided in R.S. 13:2575 for
20	administrative adjudication for violations of public health, housing, fire code,
21	environmental building code, zoning, historic district, permitting vegetation, and
22	nuisance ordinances, as provided for and defined in R.S. 33:1374. In Orleans Parish,
23	the public authority may enforce health, safety, and welfare statutes or ordinances
24	or otherwise seek to eliminate blighted property, unsafe structures and equipment,
25	unlawful structures and structures unfit for human occupancy, housing violations, or
26	public nuisances additionally in the Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans.
27	(2) A separate environmental docket of the Housing and Environmental
28	Court Division of the Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans is established

1	into which the public authority, as defined in R.S. 33:1374, or other party, may
2	request allotment or transfer of cases brought pursuant to R.S. 33:1374.
3	* * *
4	§2495. Clerk of court
5	A. There shall be one clerk of the Municipal and Traffic Court of New
6	Orleans who shall be appointed by the judges thereof and shall be subject to removal
7	by a majority of the judges of the court, at will. The court shall adopt such rules and
8	regulations governing the functions, duties, operation, and procedure of the clerk's
9	office as may be necessary.
10	B. There shall be one clerk of the Traffic Court of New Orleans who shall
11	be appointed by the judges thereof and shall be subject to removal by a majority of
12	the judges of the court, at will. The court shall adopt such rules and regulations
13	governing the functions, duties, operation, and procedure of the clerk's office as may
14	be necessary.
15	C.B. The salaries of the clerk of municipal court and the clerk of traffic court
16	salary of the clerk of the municipal and traffic court shall be determined and set by
17	a three-fourths majority of the judges of the two courts court; the salaries salary shall
18	be the same and shall be paid from the respective consolidated judicial expense funds
19	fund of the courts court. However, if one of the funds has insufficient resources,
20	then both salaries may be paid from the remaining fund.
21	D.C. The said clerks clerk shall retain all of the benefits of their its office,
22	including but not limited to hospitalization coverage, retirement benefits, insurance
23	benefits, and sick and annual leave benefits, and they it shall be paid through the
24	payroll system utilized by the city of New Orleans for its other employees.
25	E.D. The said clerks clerk shall continue to be paid under the current method
26	used by the city of New Orleans until otherwise notified by the judges of the

municipal and traffic courts court.

§2495.1. Judicial administrator

A. There shall be one judicial administrator of the Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans, who shall be appointed by the judges thereof and shall be subject to removal by a majority of the judges of the court at will. The court shall adopt such rules and regulations governing the functions, duties, operations, and procedures of the judicial administrator's office as may be necessary. The salary and benefits shall be paid by the city of New Orleans on the warrant of the chief judge. If the city fails to pay the salary and benefits, they may be paid from the consolidated judicial expense fund of the court.

* * *

§2496.1. Crier; appointment; salary

Each judge of the Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans shall appoint his own crier. If the council of the city of New Orleans shall fail to approve the salary, each crier's salary may be paid monthly from the consolidated judicial expense fund of the court, provided that such crier's salary does not exceed the amount paid to the crier on May 1, 1984. Any increase in such salary shall be subject to the prior approval of the council of the city of New Orleans.

§2496.2. Expenses of municipal and traffic court

A. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, a majority of the judges of the Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans may authorize a payment from the consolidated judicial expense fund of the court to defray any expense of the court including salary supplements for any personnel as in their discretion may be necessary to expedite the business and function of the court.

24 * * *

§2496.3. First appearance hearing officer; appointment; salary; qualifications

A. There is hereby created the office of first appearance hearing officer of the Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans.

B. There shall be only one first appearance officer. The first appearance hearing officer shall be appointed by a majority of the duly elected judges of the

1	Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans and shall be subject to removal at will
2	by a majority of the judges of the court. The court shall adopt such rules as are
3	necessary to define the functions, duties, and operational procedures of the office of
4	the first appearance hearing officer.
5	* * *
6	E. The judges of the Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans, sitting en
7	banc, and the city of New Orleans shall provide necessary support services and
8	personnel, including minute clerks and court reporters, for the office. The supporting
9	services and personnel shall be paid for by the city of New Orleans.
10	F. Quarters necessary for the conduct of the office of the first appearance
11	hearing officer shall be provided by the governing authority of the city of New
12	Orleans or the Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans. The first appearance
13	hearing officer may hold hearings at the facilities where city prisoners are
14	incarcerated.
15	G. The first appearance hearing officer shall have all such powers and duties
16	not inconsistent with the constitution and laws of this state, the constitution and laws
17	of the United States, and the rules of the Municipal and Traffic Court of New
18	Orleans, and the duties assigned to the hearing officer by the judges of that court,
19	including the following powers and duties:
20	* * *
21	(3) To sign orders including issuance of peace bonds for cases triable in the
22	Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans.
23	* * *
24	(5) To fine and punish for contempt of court in the same manner as a judge
25	of the Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans as provided for in Code of
26	Criminal Procedure Articles 20 through 25.
27	* * *

§2496.4. Consolidated Judicial expense fund for the Municipal and Traffic Court of

New Orleans

A. There is hereby established the <u>consolidated</u> judicial expense fund for the Municipal <u>and Traffic</u> Court of New Orleans, which shall be a special account for use in administration of the court. The judicial administrator shall deposit into the fund any monies specifically designated for such purpose. The judges of the court, en banc, shall have control over and administer the funds which are annually appropriated or otherwise authorized under the law and all disbursements made therefrom. The judges shall cause to be conducted an annual audit of the fund and the books and accounts relating thereto, and shall file the audit with the legislative auditor where it shall be available for public inspection.

B. The <u>consolidated</u> judicial expense fund may be used for any operating expense of the court, including salaries for court reporters, bailiffs, minute clerks, and other court personnel, in addition to any and all other funds, salaries, expenses, or other monies that are provided, authorized, or established by law. No salary shall be paid from the <u>consolidated</u> judicial expense fund to any judges of the court.

A. The clouds of the magnitude count Magnitude and T

§2497. Deputy clerks; appointment; salaries; removal

A. The clerk of the municipal court Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans shall appoint such deputies, assistants and employees as the legislature may provide. There shall not be less than twenty deputy clerks and other employees of the court.

B. All salaries of the clerks and deputy clerks of the municipal court Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans shall be paid by the city of New Orleans. In the event that the city shall refuse or fail to pay any such salaries, the judge, or judges, of the court shall withhold from the funds collected under the jurisdiction of the court sufficient money to pay any salaries not paid by the city, and, in such event, the judge, or judges, of the court shall deposit the money withheld in a separate bank account against which a judge, or judges thereof, shall draw appropriate checks to pay such salaries.

§2498. Appeal; proceedings; record; hearing

A. There shall be a right of appeal in all cases from the municipal court Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans to the criminal district court for the parish of Orleans. The appeals shall be on the law and the facts and shall be tried by the judge of the criminal district court to whom the appeal shall be allotted upon the records made and the evidence offered in the municipal court Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans. The criminal district court shall have general and supervisory jurisdiction over the municipal court Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans, and may issue such writs and orders as may be necessary in aid of its appellate and supervisory jurisdiction.

B. The court reporters of the court shall, in all cases, take down the testimony verbatim. The stenographic notes need not be written out unless an appeal is taken, in which case the testimony shall be written out and signed by the judge. In cases of appeal the clerk shall prepare the record for the appellate court. This will consist of the affidavit bond, testimony and every document, instrument, property or thing whatsoever in possession of the court, filed in the trial of the case, together with the ordinance or ordinances on which the prosecution is based. The clerk shall make, in duplicate, a list of each specific thing, whose correctness shall be certified to by the judges to one of the lists. This record, and all it contains, and the signed list shall then be filed with the clerk of the criminal district court who will receipt for same after signing the other list. When the appeal is taken it divests the municipal court Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans from all further jurisdiction in the case.

C. In all appeals, the appeal shall be heard by one of the judges of the criminal district court. No appeal shall be taken except when taken on the day of sentence. All appeals taken from the judgment of the municipal court Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans shall be by oral or written motion in open court, and

1	they shall be returnable to the criminal district court within five days. Upon
2	application to the appellate court, this term may, in case of necessity, be extended.
3	* * *
4	§2499. Quarters, furniture and stationery; police detail
5	The city of New Orleans shall provide suitable rooms, furniture, stationery,
6	and other operating expenses for the municipal court Municipal and Traffic Court of
7	New Orleans, and the Orleans Parish Sheriff's Office, the city constable, or
8	department of police of the city of New Orleans shall detail, subject to such rules as
9	it may adopt, the necessary number of police law enforcement officers to the court,
10	to keep order and execute orders and decrees of the judges thereof.
11	§2500. Powers of judges, clerks, and court reporters
12	A. The judges of the municipal court Municipal and Traffic Court of New
13	Orleans and their clerks and court reporters may administer oaths and the judges may
14	compel witnesses to appear and testify.
15	B. The court shall possess inherently all powers necessary for the exercise
16	of its jurisdiction and the enforcement of its lawful orders including the authority to
17	issue such writs and orders as may become necessary and the court has the power to
18	punish for contempt, as provided in the Louisiana Criminal Code of Procedure,
19	Articles 20 through 25 as the same may from time to time be amended, which
20	articles define contempt and prescribe the penalties therefor.
21	* * *
22	§2500.1. Additional costs; municipal court probation department Municipal and
23	Traffic Court Probation Department; special fund
24	A. Any defendant, other than an indigent, who pleads guilty or is convicted
25	of an offense by the municipal court Municipal and Traffic Court of the city of New
26	Orleans shall be assessed costs not to exceed the sum of fifteen dollars for each
27	offense, such costs to be in addition to any fine, clerk's fees or costs or any other fee

or costs provided by law or sentence imposed by the court. When any defendant,

28

other than an indigent, fails to pay the added costs referred to hereinabove, he shall be sentenced to a term of thirty days in the House of Detention.

B. When any surety, cash, or other bond posted in the municipal court Municipal and Traffic Court of the city of New Orleans guaranteeing the appearance of any defendant in any case in the municipal court Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans has been forfeited, said the surety company or its local agent or its insurance company, or both, for which said the agent is writing bail bonds, shall be assessed the added costs provided for in Subsection A of this Section. The forfeiture of any bond referred to hereinabove shall not be set aside until the above costs have been paid, in addition to the other legal requirements of law having been met for the setting aside of the forfeiture. Costs assessed against sureties and surety companies pursuant to this Section shall be collected and administered in the same manner as that set out in Subsection C of this Section.

C. Costs assessed against defendants pursuant to this Section shall be collected by the clerk of the municipal court Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans. All sums so collected shall be remitted to the municipal and traffic court judicial administrator who shall deposit such sums in a bank or banks in the city of New Orleans in which deposits are insured or guaranteed by the federal government or any agency thereof. The deposits shall be credited to a special fund to be designated as the Municipal and Traffic Court Probation Department Fund which shall be administered by the judges of the municipal and traffic court.

D. There is hereby created a probation department in the municipal court Municipal and Traffic Court of the city of New Orleans which shall be funded from the Municipal and Traffic Court Probation Department Fund along with funds which may be realized from federal or state grants and any other sums which may be appropriated by the council of the city of New Orleans. The purpose of the said probation department is to provide staff to monitor the behavior of defendants and to develop a comprehensive probationary service program at the municipal court

1	Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans, which shall include but not be limited
2	to release on recognizance, restitution, diversionary, and active probation programs.
3	§2500.2. Additional court costs to defray expenses
4	A.(1) In all cases over which the Municipal and Traffic Court of New
5	Orleans has jurisdiction, there shall be assessed as costs against every defendant who
6	is convicted after trial or after he pleads guilty or who forfeits his bond a
7	nonrefundable sum of thirty dollars, which shall be in addition to all other fines,
8	costs, or forfeitures lawfully imposed.
9	(2) The sums collected under Paragraph (1) of this Subsection shall be
10	remitted to the municipal court Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans judicial
11	administrator, who shall deposit the sums to the credit of the municipal court court's
12	consolidated judicial expense fund to be used by the court to defray its expenses.
13	B.(1) In all prosecutions in the Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans,
14	including all traffic violations other than parking, there shall be taxed as costs against
15	every defendant, who is convicted after trial or plea of guilty or nolo contendere or
16	who forfeits his bond, the sum of five dollars, which shall be in addition to all other
17	fines, costs, or forfeitures lawfully imposed and which shall be transmitted to the
18	clerk of the Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans to be used by the court to
19	defray its expenses.
20	(2) The Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans shall by court rule
21	provide procedures for the timely collection and accounting of the fees imposed by
22	this Section. All fees collected under this Section shall be remitted to the municipal
23	and traffic court judicial administrator for deposit into a special fund designated as
24	the municipal and traffic court consolidated judicial expense fund.
25	C. In all prosecutions in the Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans,
26	including all traffic violations other than parking, there shall be taxed as additional
27	costs against every defendant who is convicted after trial or plea of guilty or nolo
28	contendere or who forfeits his bond, a sum not to exceed thirty dollars, which shall
29	be in addition to all other fines, costs, or forfeitures lawfully imposed and which

1	shall be transmitted to the consolidated judicial expense fund of the Municipal and
2	Traffic Court of New Orleans to be used by the court to defray its expenses.
3	§2500.4. Enumeration of fees; copies; retrieval fee
4	In addition to any other fees authorized by law, the clerk of the New Orleans
5	Municipal and Traffic Court may demand and receive the following fees:
6	(1) Copies per page uncertified, one dollar.
7	(2) Copies per page certified, two dollars.
8	(3) Computer-generated chronologies uncertified copies, two dollars.
9	(4) Computer-generated chronologies certified copies, three dollars.
10	(5) File retrieval fee, twenty dollars.
11	§2501. Fines imposed remitted monthly to city treasurer
12	Each judge of the municipal court Municipal and Traffic Court of New
13	Orleans shall see to it that all fines imposed by him are collected and remitted
14	monthly to the city treasurer of New Orleans.
15	§2512. Initiation of proceedings by affidavit or by bill of information in the
16	municipal and traffic courts court
17	Notwithstanding Code of Criminal Procedure Article 382, all proceedings in
18	the municipal and traffic courts Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans shall
19	be initiated by affidavit or bill of information. The affidavit shall consist of the
20	sworn statement of the complainant, or the police law enforcement officer, filed with
21	the court on a form approved by the respective court. The city council of the city of
22	New Orleans may designate by ordinance certain police officials who shall have the
23	power to take oaths, and verify affidavits filed by other members of the New Orleans
24	police department, the Orleans Parish Sheriff's Office or the constable. The city
25	attorney of the city of New Orleans or any of his assistants may also initiate
26	prosecutions by affidavit or bill of information on information and belief in the
27	municipal and traffic courts Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans.

§2513. Conduct of trials; rules of evidence in the municipal and traffic courts court

The trials of all cases in the municipal and traffic courts Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans, and the rules of evidence applicable thereto, shall be the same as govern the trials of misdemeanors under Title 15 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950 as they presently exist or as they may be hereafter amended.

§2514. Appeals; cost bond for transcripts from the municipal and traffic courts court

The city council of New Orleans may provide by ordinance that in all appeals from the municipal and traffic courts Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans, there shall be required the posting of a reasonable costs bond to defray the cost of preparing the transcript in connection with any such appeal. This shall not be construed to bar any appellant from taking an appeal in forma pauperis.

§2515. Application for supervisory writs; stay orders

All applications for supervisory writs of certiorari, prohibition or mandamus to the Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans from the municipal and traffic courts Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans shall be filed with the clerk of the Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans, and shall be by him allotted to the criminal court of appeals panel then sitting to hear appeals within that court under its rules, in connection with cases not appealable to the Supreme Court of Louisiana. No stay order shall be binding on the lower court unless at least two of such judges shall order such stay. The application for writs shall follow the general form and shall contain all documents and exhibits now required by Rule 12 of Rules of the Supreme Court of Louisiana, or as may be hereafter required under Rule 12.

§2516. Conviction in the municipal and traffic courts court not to be used in district court

No conviction in the traffic court of New Orleans or in the municipal court

Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans may be used in any trial in any district

court of this state arising out of the same facts and circumstances in connection with

1	which the defendant was charged in the municipal or traffic courts Municipal and
2	Traffic Court of New Orleans.
3	§2519. Procedure for granting probation to convicted defendants in the Municipal
4	and Traffic Courts Court of New Orleans
5	A. The judges of the municipal and traffic courts Municipal and Traffic
6	Court of New Orleans may in their discretion, and where the circumstances of the
7	case merit it, suspend the execution or imposition of any sentence, or defer the
8	imposition of same, in any case where the defendant has pleaded guilty or been
9	found guilty of a misdemeanor in a case before them. This may be done even though
10	the defendant has begun to serve the sentence. The period of probation during which
11	the sentence shall be suspended or deferred shall be fixed by the court at not less than
12	six months and not more than eighteen months.
13	* * *
14	Section 2. R.S. 13:2501.1, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2507.1, and 2509 are hereby repealed
15	in their entirety.
16	Section 3. The judges of the existing Traffic Court of New Orleans shall be
17	transferred to the Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans, comprising of Divisions E,
18	F, G, and H.
19	Section 4. In the event there is a vacancy in any judgeship provided for in this Act,
20	no special election shall be called to fill such vacancy until submission of the report from
21	the New Orleans Municipal and Traffic Court Task Force.
22	Section 5.(A) It is the intent of the legislature that the consolidation of these offices
23	should be accomplished with the least possible disruption of services and the least possible
24	expenditure of public funds; therefore, there is hereby created the New Orleans Municipal
25	and Traffic Court Task Force, hereinafter referred to as the "task force".
26	(B) The task force shall consist of twelve members as follows:
27	(1) The four judges of the New Orleans Traffic Court.
28	(2) The four judges of the New Orleans Municipal Court.
29	(3) The chairman of the House Committee on Judiciary.

2 (5) The speaker of the House of Representatives, or his designee. 3 (6) The president of the Senate, or his designee. 4 (C)(1) The purpose of the task force shall be to study and establish the methods and procedures to effectuate the consolidation of the New Orleans Traffic Court and the New 5 6 Orleans Municipal Court, and to specifically consider in its study, the operation of the 7 courts, their governance, administration, information technology, legal authority, subject 8 matter jurisdiction, process and operation, economies of scale and greater efficiencies, 9 protection of rights and access to justice and procedural fairness. 10 (2) The task force shall work in conjunction with the Judicial Council of the 11 Supreme Court and the National Center for State Courts. 12 (D) Members of the task force shall serve without compensation or per diem. 13 (E) The task force shall submit a report of its findings and recommendations to the 14 speaker of the House and the president of the Senate, no later than thirty days prior to the 15 start of the 2015 Regular Session of the Louisiana Legislature. 16 Section 6. The legislature hereby specifically states that this Act is in no way and 17 to no extent intended to nor shall it be construed in any manner which will impair the 18 contractual or other obligations of any office transferred by this Act. 19 Section 7. This Act shall not be construed or applied in any way which will prevent 20 full compliance with the requirements of any Act of Congress of the United States or any 21 regulation made thereunder by which federal aid or other federal assistance has been or 22 hereafter is made available. 23 Section 8. This Section and Section 5 of this Act shall become effective upon 24 signature by the governor or, if not signed by the governor, upon expiration of the time for 25 bills to become law without signature by the governor, as provided by Article III, Section 26 18 of the Constitution of Louisiana. If vetoed by the governor and subsequently approved 27 by the legislature, this Act shall become effective on the day following such approval. 28 Section 9. Sections 1 through 4, and 6 and 7 of this Act shall become effective on 29 January 1, 2017.

(4) The chairman of the Senate Committee on Judiciary B.

DIGEST

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

Leger HB No. 1206

Abstract: Provides for the consolidation of the municipal and traffic courts of New Orleans.

<u>Present law</u> provides for the Municipal Court and Traffic Courts of New Orleans and the judgeships and clerks of court for each court and their respective salaries, terms of office, qualifications, powers and duties and employees and personnel. <u>Present law</u> further provides for jurisdiction of the courts and procedures relative to trials and appeals, judicial administrators, judicial expense funds and use of such funds, quarters for the court, additional costs, and enumeration of fees and fines.

<u>Proposed law</u> consolidates the Municipal Court of New Orleans and the Traffic Court of New Orleans and creates the Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans and provides for its jurisdiction.

<u>Proposed law</u> transfers the four judges from the traffic court to the consolidated court and creates four additional judgeships to be comprised of Divisions "E", "F", "G", and "H".

<u>Proposed law</u> provides for one clerk of court and judicial administrator for the consolidated court.

<u>Proposed law</u> creates a consolidated judicial expense fund and requires all funds from the municipal and traffic court to be transferred and deposited into this separate account.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides for the transfer of all property of the traffic court to the consolidated court.

<u>Proposed law</u> authorizes the Orleans Parish Sheriff's Office and the Constable's Office for the city of New Orleans, to provide security detail for the consolidated court.

Sections 5 and 8 of this Act become effective upon signature of the governor or lapse of time for gubernatorial action; all other sections become effective on Jan. 1, 2017.

(Amends R.S. 13:2491, 2492, 2493, 2493.1(A)(intro. para.), (B), (C), and (D), 2495, 2495.1(A), 2496.1, 2496.2(A), 2496.3(A), (B), (E), (F), (G)(intro. para.), (3) and (5), 2496.4, 2497, 2498(A), (B), and (C), 2499, 2500(A) and (B), 2500.1, 2500.2, 2500.4, 2501, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, and 2519(A); Repeals R.S. 13:2501.1, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2507.1, and 2509)

Summary of Amendments Adopted by House

Committee Amendments Proposed by House Committee on Judiciary to the original bill.

- 1. Removed requirements which designated that the judge senior in point of service would preside over Division "A" and all other judges would occupy other divisions according to their respective periods of continuous service.
- 2. Removed provisions that abolished judgeships occupying Divisions "G" and "H" upon expiration of their terms on Dec. 31, 2014.

Page 19 of 20

CODING: Words in struck through type are deletions from existing law; words <u>underscored</u> are additions.

3. Created the New Orleans Municipal and Traffic Court Task Force and provided for its members and purpose and required the task force to submit a report of its findings and recommendations 30 days prior to the start of the 2015 R.S. of the Legislature.

- 4. Added provisions to prohibit a special election in the event there is a vacancy in any judgeship until submission of the report by the task force.
- 5. Deleted provisions relative to the establishment of a separate account as the consolidated expense fund.
- 6. Provided for the effective date for the creation of the task force upon signature of the governor and provided that all other provisions relative to the consolidation of the courts are to become effective Jan. 1, 2017.