SENATE SUMMARY OF HOUSE AMENDMENTS

SB 209 By Senator Ward

KEYWORD AND SUMMARY AS RETURNED TO THE SENATE

SALT DOMES. Provides for permitting requirements of solution mining injection wells and solution mined caverns. (8/1/14)

SUMMARY OF HOUSE AMENDMENTS TO THE SENATE BILL

- 1. Limits reimbursement to a person who owns noncommercial residential immovable property.
- 2. Requires the offer of reimbursement to be based on an appraisal by a qualified professional.
- 3. Changes the calculation of the value <u>from</u> the estimated value 180 days prior to the declaration disaster <u>to</u> the estimated value prior to the incident.
- 4. Changes the requirement that reimbursement be made within 30 days from the notice of an intention to seek reimbursement to 30 days of the acceptance of the offer.
- 5. Adds requirement that the property be transferred without encumbrances to the permittee.

DIGEST OF THE SENATE BILL AS RETURNED TO THE SENATE

Ward SB No. 209

<u>Present law</u> provides that the commissioner of conservation shall make, after notice and hearing, any reasonable rules, regulations, and orders that are necessary to control the drilling, operating, and plugging of solution mining injection wells, the permitting of such wells, and the resulting solution mined cavern.

<u>Present law</u> provides that such permits include reimbursement to the state or any political subdivision of the state for reasonable and extraordinary costs incurred responding to or mitigating a disaster caused by a violation of a rule, regulation, or order issued by the commissioner. Requires that such costs are subject to the approval by the director of Governor's Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness (GOHSEP) prior to being submitted to the permittee for reimbursement.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and authorizes the commissioner to adopt rules and regulations in accordance with the APA to collect reimbursement.

<u>Proposed law</u> requires that permits include reimbursement to any person who owns noncommercial residential immovable property located within an area under mandatory or forced evacuation for a period of more than 180 days, without interruption, due to a violation of a rule, regulation, or order issued by the commissioner.

<u>Proposed law</u> requires an offer of reimbursement to be for the replacement value of the property. Further requires that the replacement value of the property will be calculated based on the estimated value of the property prior to the incident resulting in the declaration of the disaster or emergency.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that the reimbursement will be made to the property owner within 30 days after notice by the property owner to the permittee indicating acceptance of the offer, and showing proof of continuous ownership prior to and during an evacuation that lasts more than 180 days, provided that the offer for reimbursement is accepted within 30 days of receipt, and transfers the immovable property free and clear of any liens, mortgages, or encumbrances to the permittee.

Effective August 1, 2014.	
(Amends R.S. 30:4(M)(6)(b); adds R.S. 30:4(M)(6)(c))	
	Thomas L. Tyler
	Deputy Chief of Staff