Harrison (HB 1020)

<u>New law</u> authorizes the removal of license plates on motor vehicles operated by persons with suspended or revoked driving privileges.

<u>New law</u> provides that if the law enforcement officer determines that an operator's driving privileges are suspended or revoked, and the vehicle is registered in the state in the name of the operator, the officer must remove the license plate from the vehicle and the operator of the vehicle must be issued a notice of suspension or revocation of his driving privileges on a form to be provided by the department.

<u>New law</u> requires that a copy of the notice of suspension or revocation of driving privileges be attached to the motor vehicle license plate and requires that both the notice and license plate be delivered to the local office of motor vehicles within three calendar days of notice. Thereafter requires the department to revoke the registration of such motor vehicle after verifying that the operator of the motor vehicle is the registered owner of the vehicle. Also requires the office of motor vehicles to store any license plate removed pursuant to <u>new law</u> at the office to which it was delivered for 10 calendar days after receipt.

<u>New law</u> provides that the notice of suspension or revocation of driving privileges serves as notice of judicial review rights. Specifies that any action for judicial review of the suspension or revocation of driving privileges must be in the same manner and under the same conditions as <u>existing law</u>.

<u>New law</u> provides a 10 day period, from the notice, to comply with the law, including the payment of fees and penalties. Specifies that if the operator fails to comply within 10 business days of the receipt of the notice of driver's license suspension or revocation, the office of motor vehicles shall destroy the plate.

<u>New law</u> requires the department to investigate an allegation made by the vehicle operator that the removal of the vehicle's license plate and the suspension or revocation of his driving privileges will deprive him or his family of the necessities of life or prevent them from earning a livelihood. Further provides that if the department finds that the allegation is valid, it may issue a hardship license plate to be placed on the motor vehicle. <u>New law</u> gives the office of motor vehicles the authority to establish rules and regulations necessary to implement the provisions of <u>new law</u>.

<u>New law</u> provides that if the operator cannot prove that he was lawfully operating a motor vehicle within 10 days of the offense then he is required to pay a \$10 reinstatement fee to the Dept. of Public Safety and Corrections (DPS&C) to offset the costs of administering <u>new law</u>. Specifies the reinstatement fee shall be in addition to any other reinstatement requirements imposed for each pending suspension or revocation on the operator's driving record at the time of reinstatement.

<u>New law</u> provides that if the operator and owner of the vehicle was properly licensed in this state at the time notice was issued, any valid license plate shall be returned within 48 hours and at no cost to the owner.

<u>New law</u> requires the issuance of a temporary sticker, denoting its use in lieu of an official license plate, to be attached to the rear end of the motor vehicle. Requires that the sticker bear the date upon which it was issued in written or stamped numerals not less than three inches in height. Specifies that the temporary sticker is valid for a period of 10 days for an operator with a valid driver license to operate the vehicle on public streets and highways. After the expiration of the 10 day period, the vehicle shall not be operated on the public streets and highways until the vehicle is registered. Specifies that this does not prohibit the sale, transfer, or other reassignment of the vehicle, except that if the department determines the transfer was done to avoid compliance with the requirements of this Section.

<u>New law</u> authorizes the DPS&C, public safety services, to promulgate rules and regulations for implementation of <u>new law</u>, to include rules on the destruction of license plates. Specifies that once the department has published the notice of intent to adopt permanent rules in the State Register, and the period for public comment has expired, the department is authorized to adopt the proposed rule as an emergency rule to expedite enforcement.

<u>New law</u> provides that nothing in <u>new law</u> shall be construed as authorizing any action under <u>new law</u> if the operator is not also the registered owner of the vehicle as is reflected in the vehicle registration records.

Effective Aug. 1, 2014.

(Adds R.S. 32:415.2)