

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL OFFICE **Fiscal Note**

Fiscal Note On: SB

15

SLS 161ES

74

Bill Text Version: ORIGINAL

Opp. Chamb. Action:

Proposed Amd.:

REVISED Sub. Bill For .:

Date: March 1, 2016

Dept./Agy.: Revenue

Subject: Priority of Tax Credit Utilization

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TAX/TAXATION

OR +\$2,800,000 GF RV See Note

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Provides relative to the application of refundable tax credits. (Item #26)(gov sig)

4:19 PM

Current law prioritizes the utilization of tax credits against liabilities in an order that places refundable credits near the end of the priority list, with nonrefundable credits having no carry forward first in the list for utilization.

Proposed law moves refundable tax credits to the first priority for utilization.

Effective for tax periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016.

EXPENDITURES	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	5 -YEAR TOTAL
State Gen. Fd.	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Agy. Self-Gen.	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Ded./Other	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Federal Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Local Funds	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Annual Total	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
REVENUES	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	5 -YEAR TOTAL
State Gen. Fd.	\$2,800,000	\$23,800,000	\$25,000,000	\$25,000,000	\$25,000,000	\$101,600,000
Agy. Self-Gen.	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Ded./Other	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Federal Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Local Funds	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Annual Total	\$2,800,000	\$23,800,000	\$25,000,000	\$25,000,000	\$25,000,000	\$101,600,000

EXPENDITURE EXPLANATION

The Department of Revenue will incur costs associated with modifying its tax processing systems to apply this change, as well as for taxpayer education and inquiries. The Department has not yet determined those additional costs.

REVENUE EXPLANATION

Change {S&H}

The Department of Revenue recalculated income and franchise tax returns received in FY14 under this bill's conditions. For corporate returns, refundable credits were first applied to the income tax and then the franchise tax. Resulting tax liabilities were some \$25 million greater than under current law. The net revenue gains are relatively small because refundable credits are still paid in full, while state revenue gains result only from nonrefundable credits that are not paid. The initial analysis failed to account for the refundable credits as still payable and, thus, significantly overstated the effect of the bill. Based on the historical pattern of return filings, this liability increase would be reflected in greater net revenue collections of \$2.8 million in FY17, then stepping up to \$23.8 million in FY18 as returns under extension are received, and \$25 million by FY19 and beyond.

It should be noted that these results are based on a simulation of a single year of returns received. In particular, corporate returns exhibit a high degree of volatility, and a single year simulation is not likely to be representative of results over time. These results are highly uncertain as to particular years and for budgeting purposes.

Senate <u>Dual Referral Rules</u> <u>House</u> 13.5.1 >= \$100,000 Annual Fiscal Cost {S&H} $6.8(F)(1) >= $100,000 SGF Fiscal Cost {H & S}$ John D. Carpenter 13.5.2 >= \$500,000 Annual Tax or FeeLegislative Fiscal Officer

or a Net Fee Decrease {S}