2016 REGULAR SESSION ACTUARIAL NOTE HB 39

House Bill 39 HLS 16RS-305 Engrossed with House Retirement Committee Amendment #2784

Author: Representative J. Kevin

Pearson

Date: April 22, 2016 LLA Note HB 39.02

Organizations Affected:

Registrars of Voters Employees'

Retirement System

EG NO IMPACT APV

This Note has been prepared by the Actuarial Services Department of the Office of the Legislative Auditor. The attachment of this Note to HB 39 provides compliance with the requirements of R.S. 24:521

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Manager Actuarial Services

<u>Bill Header:</u> RETIREMENT/REGISTR VOTER: Provides relative to the maximum benefits for members of the Registrars of Voters Employees' Retirement System hired on or before December 31, 2012.

Cost Summary:

The estimated actuarial and fiscal impact of the proposed legislation is summarized below. Actuarial costs pertain to changes in the *actuarial present value of future benefit payments*. A cost is denoted by "Increase" or a positive number. Savings are denoted by "Decrease" or a negative number.

Actuarial Cost to Retirement Systems	\$0
Total Five Year Fiscal Cost	
Expenditures	\$0
Revenues	\$0

Estimated Actuarial Impact:

The chart below shows the estimated change in the *actuarial present value of future benefit payments*, if any, attributable to the proposed legislation. A cost is denoted by "Increase" or a positive number. Savings are denoted by "Decrease" or a negative number. Present value costs associated with administration or other fiscal concerns are not included in these values.

Actuarial Cost to:	<u>Change in the</u> Actuarial Present Value
All Louisiana Public Retirement Systems	\$0
Other Post Retirement Benefits	\$0
Total	\$0

Estimated Fiscal Impact:

The chart below shows the estimated fiscal impact of the proposed legislation. This represents the effect on cash flows for the retirement systems and other government entities. Fiscal costs include estimated administrative costs and costs associated with other fiscal concerns. A fiscal cost is denoted by "Increase" or a positive number. Actuarial or fiscal savings are denoted by "Decrease" or a negative number.

EXPENDITURES	2016	5-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-2020	2020-2021	5 Year Total
State General Fund	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Agy Self Generated		0	0	0	0	0	0
Stat Deds/Other		0	0	0	0	0	0
Federal Funds		0	0	0	0	0	0
Local Funds		0	0	0	 0	0	0
Annual Total	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	s <u> </u>	\$ 0

REVENUES	2016-1	7	2017-18	20	18-19	2019-2020	2020-2021	5 Year Total
State General Fund	\$	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Agy Self Generated)	0		0	0	0	0
Stat Deds/Other)	0		0	0	0	0
Federal Funds)	0		0	0	0	0
Local Funds)	0		0	0	0	 0
Annual Total	\$	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0

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Bill Information:

Current Law

Act 719 of the 2012 regular session of the legislature established a new tier of benefits for members of the Registrar of Voters Employees' Retirement System (RVRS) first employed on or after January 1, 2013. Act 526 of the 2012 regular session, which applied to members of RVRS first employed on or before December 31, 2012, changed the law to make the formulas for calculating retirement and disability benefits more concise. Prior to Act 526, retirement benefits for those first employed on or before December 31, 2013 were limited to 100% of a retiring member's final average compensation. Act 526 removed this limitation.

RVRS has continued to administer the retirement system as if the 100% limitation had not been repealed.

Proposed Law

HB 39 pertains to members first employed prior to January 1, 2013. It provides that retirement benefits for such members will be limited to 100% of a retiring member's final average compensation.

Implications of the Proposed Changes

HB 39 restores a benefit limitation that was in effect prior to January 1, 2013.

Cost Analysis:

Analysis of Actuarial Costs

Retirement Systems

There are no actuarial costs associated with HB 39. HB 39 amends current law to be consistent with administrative practices.

Other Post-Employment Benefits

There are no actuarial costs associated with HB 39 for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Analysis of Fiscal Costs

HB 39 will have no effect on fiscal costs during the five year fiscal measurement period.

Actuarial Data, Methods and Assumptions

This actuarial note was prepared using actuarial data, methods, and assumptions as disclosed in the most recent actuarial valuation report adopted by PRSAC. These assumptions and methods are in compliance with actuarial standards of practice. This data, methods, and assumptions are being used to provide consistency with the actuary for the retirement system who may also be providing testimony to the Senate and House retirement committees.

Actuarial Caveat

There is nothing in HB 39 that will compromise the signing actuary's ability to present an unbiased statement of actuarial opinion.

Actuarial Credentials:

Paul T. Richmond is the Manager of Actuarial Services for the Louisiana Legislative Auditor. He is an Enrolled Actuary, a member of the American Academy of Actuaries, a member of the Society of Actuaries and has met the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries necessary to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Dual Referral:

<u>Senate</u>	<u>House</u>
13.5.1: Annual Fiscal Cost ≥ \$100,000	6.8(F)(1): Annual Fiscal Cost \geq \$100,000
13.5.2: Annual Tax or Fee Change ≥ \$500,000	6.8(F)(2): Annual Revenue Reduction \geq \$100,000
	6.8(G): Annual Tax or Fee Change \geq \$500,000