SLS 16RS-825 ENGROSSED

2016 Regular Session

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SENATE BILL NO. 465

BY SENATOR BARROW

HEALTH SERVICES. Provides relative to freestanding emergency medical care facilities. (8/1/16)

AN ACT

2	To enact Part V of Chapter 11 of Title 40 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, to be
3	comprised of R.S. 40:2162.1 through 2162.16, relative to the regulation of
4	freestanding emergency medical care facilities; to provide for a short title; to
5	establish the purpose of the freestanding emergency medical facilities law; to provide
6	for definitions; to provide for the licensure of freestanding emergency medical
7	facilities; to establish minimum standards; to provide for an administrative fee; to
8	provide for a funding formula; and to provide for related matters.
9	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
10	Section 1. Part V of Chapter 11 of Title 40 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950,
11	comprised of R.S. 40:2162.1 through 2162.16, is hereby enacted to read as follow:
12	PART V. FREESTANDING EMERGENCY MEDICAL CARE FACILITIES
13	§2162.1. Short title
14	This Part may be cited as the "Freestanding Emergency Medical Care
15	Facilities Law".
16	§2162.2. Purpose
17	The purpose this Part is to authorize the Department of Health and
18	Hospitals to promulgate and publish rules and regulations to provide for

1	incarring are decess to efficient in further and under served are as as no spitals in these
2	locations close. It is the intent of the legislature to support the healthcare and
3	access needs in rural, underserved or low-income communities.
4	§2162.3. Definitions
5	As used in this Part:
6	(1) "Department" shall mean the Department of Health and Hospitals.
7	(2) "Emergency care" shall have the same meaning as set forth in R.S.
8	<u>22:1821.</u>
9	(3) "Secretary" shall mean the secretary of the Department of Health
10	and Hospitals.
11	(4) "Facility" shall mean a freestanding emergency medical care facility.
12	(5) "Freestanding emergency medical care facility" shall mean a facility.
13	structurally separate and distinct from a hospital that receives an individual
14	and provides emergency care, as defined by Paragraph (2) of this Subsection.
15	§2162.4. Licensing required
16	A. No agency, business, institution, society, corporation, person or
17	persons, or any other group shall establish or operate a freestanding emergency
18	medical care facility in this state without a license issued by the department
19	pursuant to this Part.
20	B. A license issued to a freestanding emergency medical care facility shall
21	be valid for only one geographic location, and shall be issued only for the person
22	and premises named in the license application. Each separate facility shall have
23	a separate license.
24	C. A license issued under this Part shall be valid for one year from the
25	date of issuance, unless revoked or suspended prior to that date.
26	D. A license issued under this Part shall expire on the last day of the
27	twelfth month after the date of issuance, unless otherwise renewed, or as set
28	forth in rules promulgated by the department.
29	E. A license issued under this Part shall be on a form prescribed by the
30	department.

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F. A license issued under this Part shall not be transferrable or

2	assignable.
3	G. A license issued to a freestanding emergency medical care facility
4	shall be posted in a conspicuous place on the licensed premises.
5	H. Notwithstanding the provisions of R.S. 40:2162.5, no facility, person,
6	or entity shall hold itself out to the public as a freestanding emergency medical
7	care facility or use any similar term that would give the impression that the
8	facility or person is providing emergency care unless the facility, person or
9	entity holds a license issued pursuant to this Part.
10	§2162.5. Exemptions
11	The following facilities are not required to be licensed pursuant to this
12	Part:
13	(1) An office or clinic owned and operated by a manufacturing facility
14	solely for the purposes of treating its employees and contractors.
15	(2) Temporary emergency clinics in disaster areas.
16	(3) An office or clinic of a licensed physician, dentist, optometrist, or
17	podiatrist.
18	(4) A licensed nursing home.
19	(5) A licensed hospital.
20	(6) A licensed ambulatory surgical center.
21	(7) An urgent care clinic.
22	§2162.6. Rules and regulations; licensing standards
23	A. The licensing agency of the department is hereby authorized and
24	directed to promulgate rules, regulations, and licensing standards, in
25	accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act, to provide for the licensure
26	of freestanding emergency medical care facilities, and to provide for the health,
27	safety, and welfare of persons receiving services from such facilities or
28	providers, and to provide for the safe operation of such facilities. The rules,
29	regulations, and licensing standards shall become effective upon approval of the
30	secretary of the department in accordance with the Administrative Procedure

1	Act. These rules, regulations, and licensing standards shall have the effect of
2	<u>law.</u>
3	B. The licensing agency of the department shall promulgate and publish
4	rules, regulations, and licensing standards to include but not be limited to the
5	following:
6	(1) Licensing application and renewal application procedures and
7	<u>requirements.</u>
8	(2) Administration of the facility.
9	(3) Operational, staffing, and personnel requirements.
10	(4) Qualifications of required professional staff and other personnel.
11	(5) Practice standards to assure quality of care.
12	(6) Practice standards to assure the health, safety, welfare, rights, and
13	comfort of patients, clients, and persons receiving services.
14	(7) Survey and complaint investigations.
15	(8) Initial license, renewal of license, full license, and provisional license.
16	(9) Denial, revocation, suspension, and nonrenewal of licenses, and the
17	appeals therefrom.
18	(10) Planning, construction, and design of the facility.
19	(11) Such other regulations and standards as will ensure proper care and
20	treatment of patients, clients, and persons receiving services.
21	§2162.7. License issuance; application; on-site inspection
22	A. Each application for licensure of a freestanding emergency medical
	care facility shall be submitted to the department on forms provided by the
23	licensing agency and shall contain such information as the agency may require.
2324	Additional information required by the licensing agency shall be provided by
	the applicant as requested.
24	B. Following receipt of the completed application, the licensing agency
2425	shall perform an on-site survey and inspection. If, after the on-site survey and
242526	
24252627	inspection, the licensing agency finds that the facility or provider meets the

and standards adopted pursuant to this Part, a license shall be issued.

C. As a condition for renewal of a license, the licensee shall submit to the department's licensing agency, a completed annual renewal application on forms prescribed by the licensing agency which shall contain such information as required by the agency. Upon receipt of the completed annual renewal application, the licensing agency shall determine if the facility continues to meet the requirements established under this Part and the licensing rules, regulations and standards adopted pursuant to this Part. The licensing agency may perform an on-site survey and inspection upon annual renewal. If the facility continues to meet the requirements established under this Part and the licensing rules, regulations, and standards adopted pursuant to this Part, the license shall be renewed.

D. The licensing agency may perform on-site inspections as necessary to ensure compliance with the provisions of this Part.

E. Each licensing application and each licensing renewal application submitted to the department shall be accompanied by a nonrefundable licensing fee in an amount set by the secretary. The secretary shall establish licensing and survey fees in amounts reasonable and necessary to cover the costs of administering this Part.

§2162.8. Operation without license; penalty

A. A freestanding emergency medical care facility shall not operate without a license issued by the department. Any such facility operating without a license shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined no less than five hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars. Each day of violation shall constitute a separate offense. It shall be the responsibility of the department to inform the appropriate district attorney of the alleged violation to assure enforcement.

B. If a freestanding emergency medical care facility is operating without a license issued by the department, the department shall have the authority to issue an immediate cease and desist order to that facility. Any such facility

1	receiving such a cease and desist order from the department shall immediately
2	cease operations until such time as that facility is issued a license by the
3	department.
4	C. The department shall seek an injunction in the Nineteenth Judicial
5	District Court against any facility or entity that receives a cease and desist order
6	from the department under Subsection B of this Section and that does not cease
7	operations immediately. Any such facility or entity against whom an injunction
8	is granted shall be liable to the department for attorney fees, costs, and
9	damages.
10	§2162.9. Facility operation
11	A licensed freestanding emergency medical care facility shall be in
12	continuous operation twenty-four hours per day, seven days per week.
13	§2162.10. Facility care requirements; complaints
14	A. All licensed freestanding emergency medical care facilities shall
15	comply with current provisions of the Emergency Medical Treatment and
16	Active Labor Act (EMTALA).
17	B. Before a facility accepts any patient for treatment or diagnosis, the
18	facility shall enter into a referral, transmission, or admission agreement with
19	a hospital licensed in this state; such licensed hospital shall be within a
20	thirty-five mile radius of the facility.
21	C. A person may file a complaint with the department against a facility
22	licensed pursuant to this Part.
23	§2162.11. Denial, suspension, probation, or revocation of license; emergency
24	suspension
25	A.(1) The department may deny, suspend, or revoke a license for a
26	violation of this Part or a rule adopted pursuant to this Part.
27	(2) The denial, suspension, or revocation of a license by the department
28	and the appeal from that action are governed by the department's procedures.
29	B.(1) If the department finds that a facility is in repeated noncompliance
30	with this Part or rules adopted pursuant to this Part but that the noncompliance

1 does not endanger public health and safety, the department may schedule the 2 facility for probation rather than suspending or revoking the facility's license. 3 The department shall provide notice to the facility of the probation and of the items of noncompliance not later than the tenth day before the date the 4 5 probation period begins. The department shall designate a period of not less than thirty days during which the facility remains under probation. During the 6 7 probation period, the facility must correct the items that were in noncompliance 8 and report the corrections to the department for approval. 9 (2) The department may suspend or revoke the license of a facility that 10 does not correct items that were in noncompliance or that does not comply with 11 this Chapter or the rules adopted under this Chapter within the applicable 12 probation period. 13 C. The department may issue an emergency order to suspend a license 14 issued pursuant to this Part if the department has reasonable cause to believe 15 that the conduct of a license holder creates an immediate danger to the public 16 health and safety. 17 (1) An emergency suspension under this Section is effective immediately without a hearing on notice to the license holder. 18 19 (2) On written request of the license holder, the department shall 20 conduct a hearing not earlier than the tenth day or later than the thirtieth day 21 after the date the hearing request is received to determine if the emergency 22 suspension is to be continued, modified, or rescinded. 23 (3) A hearing and any appeal pursuant to this Section shall be governed 24 by the department's rules. 25 §2162.12. Injunction A. The department may petition a district court for a temporary 26 27 restraining order to restrain a continuing violation of the standards or licensing 28 requirements provided in this Part if the department finds that the violation 29 creates an immediate threat to the health and safety of the patients of a facility.

B. A district court, on petition of the department and on a finding by the

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1	court that a person is violating the standards or licensing requirements
2	provided in this Part, may by injunction:
3	(1) Prohibit a person from continuing a violation of the standards or
4	licensing requirements provided in this Part.
5	(2) Restrain or prevent the establishment or operation of a facility
6	without a license issued pursuant to this Part.
7	(3) Grant any other injunctive relief warranted by the facts.
8	C. The attorney general shall institute and conduct a suit authorized by
9	this Section at the request of the department.
10	D. Venue for a suit brought pursuant to this Section is in the parish in
11	which the facility is located or in East Baton Rouge Parish.
12	§2162.13. Criminal Penalty
13	A. A person commits an offense if the person violates R.S. 40:2162.4.
14	B. An offense under this Section is a Class C misdemeanor.
15	C. Each day of a continuing violation constitutes a separate offense.
16	§2162.14. Imposition of administrative penalty
17	A. The department may impose an administrative penalty on a person
18	licensed under this Part who violates this Part or a rule or order adopted
19	pursuant to this Part. A penalty collected pursuant to this Section or this Part
20	shall be deposited into the state general fund.
21	B.(1) The amount of the penalty may not exceed one thousand dollars for
22	each violation, and each day a violation continues or occurs is a separate
23	violation for purposes of imposing a penalty. The total amount of the penalty
24	assessed for a violation continuing or occurring on separate days under this
25	Subsection may not exceed five thousand dollars.
26	(2) The amount of the penalty shall be based on:
27	(a) The seriousness of the violation, including the nature, circumstances,
28	extent, and gravity of the violation.
29	(b) The threat to health or safety caused by the violation.
30	(c) The history of previous violations.

1	(d) The amount necessary to deter a future violation.
2	(e) Whether the violator demonstrated good faith, including when
3	applicable whether the violator made good faith efforts to correct the violation.
4	C.(1) If the department initially determines that a violation occurred, the
5	department shall give written notice of the report by certified mail to the
6	person. The notice shall:
7	(a) Include a brief summary of the alleged violation.
8	(b) Provide the amount of the recommended penalty.
9	(c) Inform the person of the person's right to a hearing on the occurrence
10	of the violation, the amount of the penalty, or both.
11	(d) Include a statement of the right of the person to judicial review of the
12	order.
13	D.(1) Within twenty days after the date the person receives the notice
14	required by Subsection C of this Section, the person in writing may:
15	(a) Accept the determination and recommended penalty of the
16	department.
17	(b) Make a request for a hearing on the occurrence of the violation, the
18	amount of the penalty, or both.
19	(2) If the person accepts the determination and recommended penalty or
20	if the person fails to respond to the notice, the department by order shall
21	approve the determination and impose the recommended penalty.
22	(3) If the person requests a hearing, the department shall refer the
23	matter to the division of administrative law which shall promptly set a hearing
24	date and give written notice of the time and place of the hearing to the person.
25	An administrative law judge of the division of administrative law shall conduct
26	the hearing.
27	(4) The administrative law judge shall make findings of fact and
28	conclusions of law and promptly issue to the secretary of state health services
29	a proposal for a decision about the occurrence of the violation and the amount
30	of a proposed penalty.

1	(5) Based on the findings of fact, conclusions of law, and proposal for a
2	decision, the secretary by order may:
3	(a) Find that a violation occurred and impose a penalty.
4	(b) Find that a violation did not occur.
5	§2162.15. Payment and collection of administrative penalty; judicial review
6	A. Within thirty days after the date an order of the department imposing
7	an administrative penalty becomes final, the person shall:
8	(1) Pay the penalty.
9	(2) File a petition for judicial review of the department's order contesting
10	the occurrence of the violation, the amount of the penalty, or both.
11	B. Within the thirty day period prescribed by Subsection A of this
12	Section, a person who files a petition for judicial review may:
13	(1) Stay enforcement of the penalty by:
14	(a) Paying the penalty to the court for placement in an escrow account;
15	<u>or</u>
16	(b) Giving the court a supersede as bond approved by the court that:
17	(i) Is for the amount of the penalty; and
18	(ii) Is effective until all judicial review of the secretary's order is final;
19	<u>or</u>
20	(2) Request the court to stay enforcement of the penalty by:
21	(a) Filing with the court a sworn affidavit of the person stating that the
22	person is financially unable to pay the penalty and is financially unable to give
23	the bond.
24	(b) Sending a copy of the affidavit to the secretary by certified mail.
25	C. If the department receives a copy of an affidavit pursuant to this
26	Section, the secretary may file with the court, within five days after the date the
27	copy is received, a contest to the affidavit. The court shall hold a hearing on the
28	facts alleged in the affidavit as soon as practicable and shall stay the
29	enforcement of the penalty on finding that the alleged facts are true. The person
30	who files an affidavit has the burden of proving that the person is financially

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1	unable to pay the penalty or to give a bond.
2	D. If the person does not pay the penalty and the enforcement of the
3	penalty is not stayed, the penalty may be collected. The attorney general may
4	sue to collect the penalty.
5	E. If the court sustains the finding that a violation occurred, the court
6	may uphold or reduce the amount of the penalty and order the person to pay
7	the full or reduced amount of the penalty.
8	F. If the court does not sustain the finding that a violation occurred, the
9	court shall order that a penalty is not owed.
10	G. If the person paid the penalty and if the amount of the penalty is
11	reduced or the penalty is not upheld by the court, the court shall order, when
12	the court's judgment becomes final, that the appropriate amount plus accrued
13	interest be remitted to the person within thirty days after the date that the
14	judgment of the court becomes final. The interest accrues at the rate charged
15	on loans to depository institutions by the New York Federal Reserve Bank. The
16	interest shall be paid for the period beginning on the date the penalty is paid
17	and ending on the date the penalty is remitted.
18	H. If the person gave a bond and the penalty is not upheld by the court,
19	the court shall order, when the court's judgment becomes final, the release of
20	the bond. If the person gave a bond and the amount of the penalty is reduced,
21	the court shall order the release of the bond after the person pays the reduced
22	amount.
23	§2162.16. Funding formula
24	A. The Department of Health and Hospitals shall develop a funding
25	formula to provide for payment of enhanced reimbursement rates to
26	freestanding emergency care facilities. The source of funds for any enhanced
27	rates shall be from efficiencies achieved through patient care management of
28	the Medicaid Bayou Health plans and savings achieved through reduced
29	utilization of hospital based emergency departments.

B. The department is hereby authorized to promulgate any rules or

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regulations, in accordance with the Administrative Procedures Act, as may be

necessary to carry out the purpose of this Section.

The original instrument was prepared by Jerry J. Guillot. The following digest, which does not constitute a part of the legislative instrument, was prepared by Christine Arbo Peck.

DIGEST

SB 465 Engrossed

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2016 Regular Session

Barrow

Enacts the "Freestanding Emergency Medical Care Facilities Law".

<u>Proposed law</u> provides relative to the regulation of freestanding emergency medical care facilities; provides for the licensure of freestanding emergency medical facilities; establishes minimum standards; provides for a funding formula; and provides for an administrative fee.

Effective August 1, 2016.

(Adds R.S. 40:2162.1-2162.16)

Summary of Amendments Adopted by Senate

Committee Amendments Proposed by Senate Committee on Health and Welfare to the original bill

1. Replaces licensing provisions of the bill with language consistent with existing Louisiana licensing laws for other health care facilities and includes a funding formula provision.