SENATE BILL NO. 301

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BY SENATOR MORRELL AND REPRESENTATIVES BAGNERIS AND MARCELLE

AN ACT

2 To amend and reenact R.S. 15:1087 and Children's Code Arts. 815, 898, 900(A), and 3 1509.1(A) and (C) and to enact Part V-A of Chapter 7 of Title 15 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, to be comprised of R.S. 15:931 through 945, relative to 4 5 juvenile justice; to provide for data compilation and reporting; to provide for 6 accountability and cost effectiveness; to provide for program evaluation and funding; to provide for certain periods of detention in juvenile facilities under certain 7 8 circumstances; and to provide for related matters. 9 Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana: Section 1. R.S. 15:1087 is hereby amended and reenacted and Part V-A of Chapter 10 11 7 of Title 15 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, comprised of R.S. 15:931 through 12 945, is hereby enacted to read as follows: 13 PART V-A. JUVENILE JUSTICE ACCOUNTABILITY 14 **AND COST EFFECTIVENESS** 15 SUBPART I. DATA AND ACCOUNTABILITY 16 §931. Purpose and policy 17 It is hereby declared to be the policy of the state of Louisiana that all government agencies and officers, all government subdivisions, and all 18 19 organizations and individuals working with children in the juvenile justice 20 system shall conduct a continuing inquiry into the efficacy, cost effectiveness, and impact on public safety of the treatment and supervision methods that the 21 22 juvenile justice system employs. The purpose of this policy is to promote 23 accountability, efficiency, and cost effectiveness, and to facilitate continuous 24 improvement by requiring regular reporting of clear and reliable data on 25 Louisiana's juvenile justice system.

1	§932. Definitions
2	As used in this Subpart, the following words shall have the following
3	meaning:
4	(1) "Episode" shall mean a singular instance in which a youth is placed
5	under the supervision, care, or custody of the office of juvenile justice.
6	(2) "Office of juvenile justice" or "the office" shall mean the Department
7	of Public Safety and Corrections, youth services, office of juvenile justice.
8	§933. Office of juvenile justice; statistical data collection; reporting
9	A. The office of juvenile justice shall collect, maintain, and regularly
10	report a record of statistical data concerning the services it provides, the youth
11	it serves, the outcomes experienced by the youth, and the funds it expends.
12	B. Publication and reporting. (1) The office of juvenile justice shall
13	tabulate, analyze, and publish electronically, on the website maintained by the
14	office of juvenile justice, on or before January fifteenth and June fifteenth of
15	each year, the complete set of statistical data required to be collected and
16	reported under this Section.
17	(2) The first such electronic publication of all data collected and reported
18	in this Section shall be published electronically no later than January 15, 2018
19	(3) The statistical data published under this Section shall not include any
20	identifying information concerning any youth served by the office of juvenile
21	justice, but shall be limited to the nonidentifying information authorized for
22	release under Children's Code Article 412(B).
23	C. Maintenance of data. All data collected and maintained under this
24	Section shall be maintained by the office and shall remain available through the
25	office's website for a minimum of five years after collection.
26	D. Data to be collected and maintained. The data collected and
27	maintained under this Section shall include but not be limited to the following
28	data points for each child served:
29	(1) Name.
30	(2) Unique identification number assigned for the purposes of analyzing

1	and reporting de-identified data.
2	(3) Date of birth.
3	(4) Gender.
4	(5) Race and ethnicity.
5	(6) Parish of residence.
6	(7) Parish in which the child was committed or placed on probation.
7	(8) Offenses with which the child was initially petitioned, with each
8	offense stored as an individual variable.
9	(9) Offenses of adjudication, including variety of status offense, if
10	applicable, with each offense stored as an individual variable.
11	(10) Date of adjudication prior to the disposition resulting in the child
12	being placed under the supervision, care, or custody of the office of juvenile
13	justice.
14	(11) Date of disposition resulting in the child being placed under the
15	supervision, care, or custody of the office of juvenile justice.
16	(12) The child's total number of prior episodes, disaggregated by
17	whether the offense leading to each episode was a misdemeanor, felony, or both.
18	(13) The most serious known offense of the child.
19	(14) Length of disposition imposed that resulted in the child being placed
20	under the supervision, care, or custody of the office of juvenile justice.
21	(15) Length of suspended commitment imposed that resulted in the child
22	being placed under the supervision, care, or custody of the office of juvenile
23	justice.
24	(16) If the child was revoked on probation or parole, whether the
25	revocation was initiated by motion of the office of juvenile justice, the district
26	attorney, or both.
27	(17) The initial judicial disposition of a child committed to the custody
28	of the office of juvenile justice.
29	(18) The initial office of juvenile justice disposition for a child committed
30	to the custody of the office of juvenile justice.

1	(19) The total amount of time spent in secure care.
2	(20) The total amount of time spent in nonsecure care.
3	(21) The release date.
4	(22) The length of time on parole supervision.
5	(23) If any recommendation is made for the early release by the office of
6	juvenile justice.
7	(24) Whether or not the office of juvenile justice's recommendation for
8	early release was granted.
9	(25) The number of days spent in a detention center after commitment
10	to the office of juvenile justice and prior to placement in a secure or nonsecure
11	facility.
12	(26) If the child was committed to the secure custody of the office of
13	juvenile justice:
14	(a) The last school grade completed by the child before commitment.
15	(b) The last school grade completed by the child upon release from the
16	custody of the office of juvenile justice.
17	(c) If the child was on HISET or Carnegie Units while in the custody of
18	the office of juvenile justice.
19	E. Data to be reported. The reports mandated by the office of juvenile
20	justice shall include but not be limited to the following data:
21	(1) Disaggregated by race, ethnicity, gender, parish of prosecution, and
22	most serious offense of adjudication, data including:
23	(a) The total number of children admitted to the custody of the office of
24	juvenile justice during the preceding year, further disaggregated by whether the
25	admission was incident to an initial disposition, a revocation of probation, or a
26	revocation of parole.
27	(b) The total number of children who spent a minimum of one day in the
28	office of juvenile justice's secure custody during the preceding year.
29	(c) The total number of children who spent a minimum of one day in the
30	office of juvenile justice's nonsecure custody during the preceding year.

1	(d) The duration of the commitment imposed by the court for all
2	children admitted to the custody of the office of juvenile justice during the
3	preceding year.
4	(e) The average length of stay in secure custody of all children released
5	from the office of juvenile justice's secure custody in the preceding year.
6	(f) The average length of stay in nonsecure custody of all children
7	released from the office of juvenile justice's nonsecure custody in the preceding
8	<u>year.</u>
9	(g) The total number of youth placed under the probation supervision of
10	the office of juvenile justice during the preceding year.
11	(h) The total number of youth placed under the parole supervision of the
12	office of juvenile justice during the preceding year.
13	(i) The total number of youth who spent a minimum of one day under the
14	parole supervision of the office of juvenile justice during the preceding year.
15	(j) The total number of days spent by youth in a detention center after
16	commitment to the office of juvenile justice, but before placement in a
17	nonsecure or secure custody facility, during the preceding year.
18	(k) The total number of days spent by children committed to the custody
19	of the office of juvenile justice in each office of juvenile justice secure facility,
20	and in each nonsecure facility in which the office of juvenile justice places youth
21	in its custody, during the preceding year.
22	(2) The average daily caseload of office of juvenile justice probation
23	officers during the preceding year, disaggregated by legal status.
24	(3) The total cost of operating each office of juvenile justice secure
25	facility, disaggregated by facility, in the preceding year, with the following costs
26	disaggregated: cost of facilities, cost of staffing, cost of mental health treatment,
27	and cost of educational services.
28	(4) The total amount actually paid by the state of Louisiana to each
29	nonsecure facility for the custody and care of youth committed to the custody
30	of the office of juvenile justice during the preceding year.

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1	(5) The one-, two-, and three-year recidivism rates of youth served by the
2	office of juvenile justice, disaggregated by most serious offense of adjudication
3	and whether the youth was served on probation, in secure custody, or in
4	nonsecure custody.
5	F. The office shall cooperate and coordinate with courts, juvenile court
6	clerks, detention centers, and public and private agencies in the collection of this
7	statistical data. In order to facilitate the collection of the information required
8	by this Section, the department shall be authorized to inspect and copy all
9	records of the court and law enforcement agencies pertaining to youth served
10	by the department.
11	§934. Detention centers
12	A. All facilities that detain juveniles pursuant to Title VII or Title VIII
13	of the Louisiana Children's Code shall collect and maintain data on each child
14	detained. This data shall be retained permanently by the facility and shall be
15	made available for inspection during normal business hours by any court
16	exercising juvenile court jurisdiction, by the Department of Children and
17	Family Services, and by persons collecting aggregate statistical information.
18	B. The data collected and maintained shall include but not be limited to
19	the following information for each child:
20	(1) Name.
21	(2) Unique identification number assigned for the purposes of analyzing
22	and reporting de-identified data.
23	(3) Date of birth.
24	(4) Gender.
25	(5) Race and ethnicity.
26	(6) Address.
27	(7) Reason for detention, including if applicable the most serious alleged
28	offense for which the child is being detained.
29	(8) The date and time of the child's entry into and exit from the juvenile
30	detention center.

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l	(9) Authority for confinement.
2	(10) The name of the officer and the law enforcement agency employing
3	the officer responsible for transporting the child to the juvenile detention
4	center.
5	(11) Whether the alleged offense occurred in a school, place of business,
6	the child's home, or other location and the name of the school if the offense is
7	alleged to have occurred in a school.
8	(12) Whether the referral source was a law enforcement agency, a school,
9	a family member, or other, including the name of the school or law enforcement
10	agency if the referring source was a school or law enforcement agency.
11	(13) The child's score on a detention screening tool or risk assessment,
12	if applicable.
13	(14) The reason for detention if the child's detention screening tool or
14	risk assessment score does not mandate detention.
15	(15) The reason for detention, which may include but not be limited to
16	pre-adjudication detention, detention while awaiting a post-disposition
17	placement, or serving a short-term program disposition.
18	(16) Date of and authority for release or transfer.
19	(17) Name of person to whom the child was released or the location
20	where the child was transferred.
21	SUBPART II. JUVENILE JUSTICE REINVESTMENT PROGRAM
22	§941. Purpose and policy
23	It is hereby declared to be the policy and intent of the state of Louisiana
24	to promote public safety and expend taxpayer funds responsibly through the use
25	of evidence-based treatment programs and practices at the local level and to
26	reinvest a portion of juvenile justice savings into community-based programs
27	and services.
28	§942. Definitions
29	For the purposes of this Subpart, the following words shall have the
30	following meaning:

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1	(1) "Commission" snall mean the Louisiana Commission on Law
2	Enforcement and Administration of Criminal Justice.
3	(2) "Out-of-home placement" shall mean placement of a child in a
4	juvenile detention center, or commitment of the child to the legal custody of the
5	office of juvenile justice, pursuant to Titles VII and VIII of the Louisiana
6	Children's Code. A child is deemed in the legal custody of the office of juvenile
7	justice from the day of judicial commitment, whether or not the child is in the
8	physical custody of the office of juvenile justice.
9	(3) "Program" shall mean the Juvenile Justice Reinvestment Program,
10	a fiscal incentive program to fund local efforts that enhance public safety while
11	reducing juvenile justice system costs.
12	§943. Program
13	A. There is hereby established, within the Louisiana Commission on Law
14	Enforcement and Administration of Criminal Justice, the Juvenile Justice
15	Reinvestment Program as a fiscal incentive program to fund local efforts that
16	enhance public safety while reducing juvenile justice system costs.
17	B. Funds appropriated for the program shall be utilized for renewable
18	grants to be awarded to judicial districts, or groups of judicial districts, for the
19	purpose of establishing community-based sanction and treatment programs,
20	including reentry programs, that provide alternatives to out-of-home
21	placement.
22	§944. Program funding
23	A. Before January 1, 2017, the Louisiana Commission on Law
24	Enforcement and Administration of Criminal Justice shall determine the
25	following:
26	(1) A baseline for calculating reductions and increases in custody
27	placements using Fiscal Year 2016 data that includes all commitments to office
28	of juvenile justice custody from each judicial district in the state.
29	(2) The average cost per day per child to the state for secure custody and
30	the average cost per day per child to the state for nonsecure custody.

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1	B. Reporting and calculations.
2	(1) Beginning February 1, 2017, and continuing on February first of each
3	subsequent year, the Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement and
4	Administration of Criminal Justice shall make a report on the fiscal impact
5	realized as a result of reductions or increases in custody placements.
6	(2) The report shall be calculated based on the determinations required
7	in Subsection A of this Section and based on the total number of days spent in
8	custody by children in the same fiscal year, disaggregated by judicial district of
9	origin of each child. The office of juvenile justice shall provide data to the
10	Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement and Administration of Criminal
11	Justice as necessary for the report.
12	(3) The report shall be sent to the commissioner of administration, the
13	chair of the Senate Committee on Finance, the chair of the House Committee
14	on Appropriations, and the chair of the Juvenile Justice Reform Act
15	Implementation Commission.
16	C. It is the intent of the legislature, that beginning in the fiscal year that
17	starts July 1, 2017, and continuing indefinitely on an annual basis, a minimum
18	of seventy-five percent of all savings realized by the state from reductions in
19	custody placements below the Fiscal Year 2016 baseline be designated by the
20	governor and appropriated by the legislature for use in funding the Juvenile
21	Justice Reinvestment Program.
22	§945. Program design
23	A. The commission shall establish the program application and award
24	process, including but not limited to the following items:
25	(1) The requirements for initial and renewal grant applications,
26	including the following:
27	(a) The requirement that the children and youth planning board within
28	each judicial district will be responsible for grant application and
29	implementation for that judicial district. In the event that a group of judicial
30	districts apply jointly, each children and youth planning board within the group

1	of judicial districts shall indicate in writing its consent to the application, and
2	all applicant districts together shall designate a committee of persons who shall
3	be responsible for the grant application and implementation.
4	(b) A description of the proposed program region and the juvenile justice
5	need the program is intended to meet.
6	(c) A description of how the proposed program collaborates with schools,
7	courts, private entities serving children and families, the office of juvenile
8	justice, and local governmental departments or divisions of juvenile services.
9	(d) A description of performance measures to be utilized to measure the
10	outcome and overall impact of the program.
11	(2) The procedure for review of the grant applications and the award of
12	the grants including the following:
13	(a) A committee that includes subject matter experts to review the
14	applications.
15	(b) Criteria to be utilized in awarding the grants, including but not
16	limited to the following:
17	(i) The use of evidence-based practices in program design.
18	(ii) How the program reduces the use of out-of-home placements.
19	(iii) How the program reduces recidivism.
20	(iv) How the program establishes or utilizes educational, vocational,
21	substance abuse, behavioral health, mental health, or family intervention
22	services, and local alternatives to detention.
23	(v) Whether grant funds will be used to leverage existing funding
24	resources or increase access to existing resources.
25	(vi) Geographical distribution.
26	(vii) The number of youth potentially served by the program or service.
27	(viii) The cost of the program or service.
28	(ix) The existence of similar services in the judicial district.
29	(3) The criteria for renewal of a grant awarded by the program,
30	provided that:

1	(a) Such criteria shall include a twenty percent reduction in the relevant
2	applicant's detention admissions, commitments to the office of juvenile justice,
3	or a combination thereof, as compared to the applicant's baseline.
4	(b) If an applicant meets the reductions required in this Subsection, the
5	applicant may be considered for grant renewal. Grants are not guaranteed to
6	be renewed, and an application shall be submitted for consideration of renewal.
7	(c) If the applicant has substantially complied with the requirements of
8	the program, but has not attained the reductions required in this Subsection,
9	the applicant may apply for a grant renewal if there is a fifteen percent
10	reduction in detention admissions, commitments to the office of juvenile justice,
11	or a combination thereof during year one as compared to the applicant's
12	baseline.
13	(d) Detentions and office of juvenile justice commitments for crimes of
14	violence as specified in R.S. 14:2 shall not be counted in the calculation of
15	reductions for a judicial district.
16	B. A judicial district or group of districts may apply for the program
17	until its population of detention admissions and office of juvenile justice
18	commitments is reduced by sixty percent as compared to the applicant's
19	baseline, if the judicial district meets the reductions described in Subsection A
20	of this Section, the district may continue to apply for funding if the required
21	reductions are maintained.
22	* * *
23	§1087. Non-state providers; contracts; performance-based contracting and grant
24	<u>making</u>
25	A. For the purposes of this Section, "contract" shall mean any legally
26	binding agreement that requires the provision of services to youth or their
27	families in exchange for the direct or indirect payment, exchange, or granting
28	of funds.
29	B. In fulfilling the purpose of Subsection A of this Section:
30	(1) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, contracts with non-state

1	providers for services to juvenile offenders assigned to the Department of Public	
2	Safety and Corrections office of juvenile justice, and/or to or their families, shall	
3	not exceed a term of five years without renewal and renegotiation. Nothing in this	
4	Section shall prohibit the department from terminating or amending such contracts	
5	prior to their expiration as otherwise provided by law.	
6	(2) Any contract entered into by the office of juvenile justice for the	
7	purpose of providing services to youth or their families shall be a	
8	performance-based contract that includes financial disincentives or	
9	consequences based on the results achieved by the contractor as measured by	
10	output, quality, or outcome measures.	
11	C. The office of juvenile justice shall annually publish a report, on or	
12	before October fifteenth of each year and beginning on October 15, 2017,	
13	describing each contract entered into for the purposes of providing services to	
14	youth or their families, and fully listing and analyzing inputs, outputs,	
15	outcomes, and results achieved under that contract during the preceding fiscal	
16	<u>year.</u>	
17	Section 2. Children's Code Articles 815, 898, 900(A), and 1509.1(A) and (C) are	
18	hereby amended and reenacted to read as follows:	
19	Art. 815. Child taken into custody; place of detention	
20	A. The peace officer or an appropriate representative of the arresting agency	
21	shall have the authority and responsibility to transport the child to the appropriate	
22	place of detention specified in Paragraphs B and C of this Article, unless the child	
23	has been released to the care of his parents pursuant to Article 814(B)(1).	
24	B. H Except as provided in Paragraph F of this Article, if the child has	
25	been taken into custody for the commission of a felony-grade delinquent act or of a	
26	misdemeanor-grade delinquent act based upon an offense against the person of	
27	another, the child shall be taken to a juvenile detention center.	

to either a shelter care facility or a juvenile detention center.

C. For Except as provided in Paragraph F of this Article, for the

commission of any other misdemeanor-grade delinquent act, the child shall be taken

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1	D. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code or other provision of
2	law to the contrary, no judge shall order that a youth who is thirteen years of age
3	or older and who is taken into custody for a felony-grade delinquent act or for a
4	misdemeanor-grade delinquent act based upon an offense against the person of
5	another be placed in a shelter care facility.
6	E. The governing authority of the parish or municipality requesting
7	placement of a juvenile in either a regional detention center or a shelter care facility
8	shall be responsible to the regional detention center or shelter care facility for the
9	cost of confinement in accordance with a schedule which may be adopted by the
10	regional detention center or shelter care facility.
11	F. No child under the age of thirteen shall be detained in a juvenile
12	detention center after being taken into custody for the alleged commission of a
13	misdemeanor-grade delinquent act.
14	* * *
15	Art. 898. Duration of a disposition based on a felony-grade adjudication
16	A. No Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, no
17	judgment of disposition shall remain in force for a period exceeding the maximum
18	term of imprisonment for the felony forming the basis for the adjudication. The court
19	shall give a child credit for time spent in secure detention prior to the imposition of
20	disposition.
21	B. When modification and parole is not prohibited by Article 897.1, if an
22	order of commitment to custody of the Department of Public Safety and Corrections
23	is subsequently modified and the child is placed on parole, the maximum term of
24	parole shall be the remainder of the sentence originally imposed.
25	C. These maximums do not apply if:
26	(1) The child was under thirteen at the time of a commitment to custody of
27	the Department of Public Safety and Corrections, in which case the judgment shall
28	terminate upon the child's reaching age eighteen.
29	(2) A portion of an order of commitment was suspended, when permitted by
30	law, in which case the term of parole shall end when the time period so suspended

(3) The child is tried as an adult and is convicted of, or pleads guilty to a felony after having been committed to the Department of Public Safety and Corrections. In this instance, after sentencing, the department shall have the authority to keep the offender in custody according to terms of the juvenile disposition, or to transfer him to serve his adult sentence. The department shall retain such authority until the expiration of the juvenile commitment when, if not effected earlier, the individual will be transferred to begin serving the adult sentence.

- (4) The judgment expires by its own terms, is modified when permitted by law, or is vacated.
 - (5) The child reaches age twenty-one.
- (6) The child is ordered to participate in a juvenile drug court program operated by a court of this state, as a condition of probation, so long as the child is a full-time participant in such juvenile drug court program.
- B. If a child is adjudicated delinquent for a felony-grade offense that is not a crime of violence as defined in R.S. 14:2 and is committed to the custody of the Department of Public Safety and Corrections pursuant to Article 897(D):
- (1) The total duration of the commitment served shall not exceed nine months, including credit for time spent in secure detention prior to the imposition of the disposition unless all of the following conditions are met:
- (a) The child is brought in person before the court for a contradictory modification hearing, pursuant to Article 909 et seq., before the lapse of the maximum duration of the initial nine-month commitment.
- (b) The court finds by clear and convincing evidence that continued outof-home placement is necessary for completion of the child's treatment.
- (2) If the child's commitment is continued beyond eighteen months, a contradictory modification hearing shall occur not less than every six months from the date of the disposition. At any such hearing, if the court determines extending the child's out-of-home placement is not necessary to complete treatment, the child shall be released. The total duration of disposition shall not

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1	exceed the maximum provided in this Article.
2	(3) The provisions of this Paragraph may be waived at the time of
3	disposition if the waiver is knowing, intelligent, and voluntary and made after
4	the child is afforded an adequate and meaningful opportunity to consult with
5	<u>counsel.</u>
6	C. If a child is adjudicated delinquent for a felony-grade offense that is
7	not a crime of violence as defined in R.S. 14:2 and is placed on probation:
8	(1) The duration of the probation shall not exceed eighteen months unless
9	all of the following conditions are met:
10	(a) The child is brought in person before the court for a contradictory
11	modification hearing, as provided in Article 909 et seq., before the lapse of the
12	maximum duration of the initial eighteen-month probationary period.
13	(b) The court finds by clear and convincing evidence that continued
14	probation is necessary for completion of the child's treatment.
15	(2) If probation is continued beyond eighteen months, a contradictory
16	modification hearing shall occur not less than every six months from the
17	disposition. At any such hearing, if the court determines extending the child's
18	probation is not necessary to complete treatment, the child shall be released.
19	The total duration of disposition shall not exceed the maximum provided in this
20	Article.
21	(3) The provisions of this Paragraph may be waived at the time of
22	disposition if the waiver is knowing, intelligent, and voluntary and made after
23	the child is afforded an adequate and meaningful opportunity to consult with
24	counsel.
25	* * *
26	Art. 900. Duration of a disposition based on a misdemeanor-grade adjudication
27	A. No judgment of disposition shall remain in force for a period exceeding
28	the maximum term of imprisonment for the offense which forms the basis for the
29	adjudication, except that if the child is placed on probation, the term of probation
30	may extend for a maximum of two years one year, or for such longer period of time

1	as the child is a full-time participant in a juvenile drug court program operated by a
2	court of this state, if such participation has been ordered by the court as a condition
3	of the child's probation. The court shall give a child credit for time spent in secure
4	detention prior to the imposition of disposition.
5	* * *
6	Art. 1509.1. Penalties for contempt; children
7	A. In delinquency proceedings, when a child is adjudged guilty of direct
8	contempt of court or constructive contempt of court for repeated disobedience of the
9	court's judgment of disposition, the court may:
10	(1) For a first offense in any twelve-month period, commit the child to a
11	juvenile detention center or other suitable facility for not more than fifteen seven
12	days, including the time spent in detention for the contempt prior to the contempt
13	hearing.
14	(2) For a second offense in any twelve-month period, commit the child
15	to a juvenile detention center or other suitable facility for not more than ten
16	days, including the time spent in detention for the contempt prior to the
17	contempt hearing.
18	(3) For a third or subsequent offense in any twelve-month period,
19	commit the child to a juvenile detention center or other suitable facility for not
20	more than fifteen days, including the time spent in detention for the contempt
21	prior to the contempt hearing.
22	* * *
23	C. In families in need of services proceedings, when the child is adjudged
24	guilty of direct contempt of court or constructive contempt of court for repeated
25	disobedience of the court's judgment of disposition, the court may:
26	(1) Commit the child to a shelter care facility for not more than fifteen days,
27	including time spent there for the contempt prior to the contempt hearing.
28	(2) Commit the child to a secure detention facility for not more than fifteen
29	seven days, including time spent there for the contempt prior to the contempt

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hearing, if the court finds that all of the following have occurred:

1	(a) A judgment	of disposition was entered pursuant to Article 782.	
2	(b) The child willfully violated the judgment of disposition.		
3	(c) All sanctions	s other than secure confinement have been exhausted or are	
4	clearly inappropriate.		
5	Section 3. This Act shall	ll be known as the "Juvenile Justice Accountability and Cos	
6	Effectiveness Act of 2016".		
		PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE	
		SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES	
		GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA	
		GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF LOOISIANA	
	APPROVED:		

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