## **DIGEST**

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

HB 427 Engrossed

2017 Regular Session

**Dustin Miller** 

**Abstract:** Changes the qualifications for the tax credit for health care providers who relocate to certain underserved areas of the state, sets a \$1.5 million annual cap on the amount of the credits, requires the La. Dept. of Health administer the program, and limits the credit to taxable periods ending prior to Jan. 1, 2021.

<u>Present law</u> authorizes tax credits of up to five years for medical doctors who establish and maintain their primary office within 20 miles of a community hospital not owned predominately by other physicians, provided both the office and hospital are located more than 20 miles from the nearest city of 30,000 or more, and the physician relocates the office from outside the hospital's service area.

<u>Proposed law</u> deletes the criteria in <u>present law</u> and provides the tax credit to licensed physicians and primary care nurse practitioners whose primary offices are within a federally designated primary care needs geographic health professional shortage area and within a rural area as defined by the La. Dept. of Health (LDH).

<u>Present law</u> provides a tax credit for up to five years to dentists who establish and maintain a primary office within a federally designated Dental Health Professional Shortage Area.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and additionally requires that the dentist office be located in a rural area as defined by LDH.

<u>Proposed law</u> requires that LDH be responsible for receiving applications for the tax credit and certifying the eligibility of taxpayers for the credit. Requires the Dept. of Revenue, in consultation with LDH, to promulgate rules in accordance with the APA for the performance of LDH's responsibilities, including an application process for certifying the eligibility of primary care health providers to receive the credit and to claim the credit.

<u>Proposed law</u> limits the total amount of tax credits given to \$1.5 million per year. Requires the rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to <u>proposed law</u> to establish a method of allocating available tax credits, such as first-come, first-served, reservations of tax credits, or another method the Dept. of Revenue and LDH finds beneficial.

<u>Proposed law</u> is subject to a review by the House Committee on Ways and Means and the Senate Committee on Revenue and Fiscal Affairs. Such review may include an evaluation of the increase or decrease in the number of qualifying professionals.

<u>Proposed law</u> limits the effectiveness of the tax credit under <u>present and proposed law</u> to taxable periods ending prior to January 1, 2021.

(Amends R.S. 47:297(H)(2)(a), (b), and (c) and (3); Adds R.S. 47:297(H)(4)-(7))

## Summary of Amendments Adopted by House

The Committee Amendments Proposed by <u>House Committee on Ways and Means</u> to the <u>original</u> bill:

- 1. Change the rule promulgation authority <u>from LDH to</u> the Dept. of Revenue in consultation with LDH.
- 2. Clarify that LDH certifies the total amount of the tax credits and the Dept. of Revenue grants the tax credits.
- 3. Make technical changes.