The original instrument and the following digest, which constitutes no part of the legislative instrument, were prepared by Alden A. Clement Jr.

## DIGEST

SB 181 Original

2018 Regular Session

Milkovich

<u>Present law</u> defines "abortion" as the performance of any of the following acts, with the specific intent of terminating a pregnancy:

- (1) Administering or prescribing any drug, potion, medicine, or any other substance to a female.
- (2) Using any instrument or external force whatsoever on a female.

<u>Present law</u> provides that <u>present law</u> relative to abortion does not apply to the female who has an abortion.

<u>Present law</u> provides that it is not unlawful for a physician to perform any of the acts defined by <u>present law</u> as abortion if performed under the following circumstances:

- (1) The physician terminates the pregnancy in order to preserve the life or health of the unborn child or to remove a stillborn child.
- (2) The physician terminates a pregnancy for the express purpose of saving the life, preventing the permanent impairment of a life sustaining organ or organs, or to prevent a substantial risk of death of the mother.
- (3) The physician terminates a pregnancy by performing a medical procedure necessary in reasonable medical judgment to prevent the death or substantial risk of death due to a physical condition, or to prevent the serious, permanent impairment of a life-sustaining organ of a pregnant woman.

Present law defines "physician" as any person licensed to practice medicine in this state.

<u>Present law</u> defines "unborn child" as the unborn offspring of human beings from the moment of fertilization until birth.

<u>Present law</u> provides that whoever commits the crime of abortion is to be imprisoned at hard labor for between one year and 10 years and fined between \$10,000 and \$100,000. <u>Present law</u> further provides that this penalty does not apply to the female who has an abortion.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> but adds that, notwithstanding any other provisions of <u>present law</u> relative to the crime of abortion, it is unlawful for a physician to perform an abortion after 15 weeks following the date of conception.

Effective upon signature of the governor or lapse of time for gubernatorial action.

(Amends R.S. 14:87(D); adds R.S. 14:87(E))