Senate Bill 13 SLS 18RS-138 This Note has been prepared by the Actuarial Services Department of the **Engrossed with Senate Retirement** Legislative Auditor with assistance from either the Fiscal Notes staff of the Legislative Auditor or staff of the Legislative Fiscal Office. The attachment of this **Committee Amendment #776** Note provides compliance with the requirements of R.S. 24:521 as amended by **Author: Senator Peacock** Act 353 of the 2016 Regular Session. Date: March 15, 2018 LLA Note SB 13.02 **Organizations Affected: Public Retirement Systems'** Paul T. Richmond, ASA, MAAA, EA **Actuarial Committee** Manager Actuarial Services EG NO IMPACT APV

Bill Header: RETIREMENT SYSTEMS: Provides for the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee.

### Cost Summary:

The estimated actuarial and fiscal impact of SB 13 on the retirement systems and their plan sponsors is summarized below. Actuarial costs pertain to estimated changes in the *actuarial present value of future benefit payments*. Fiscal costs or savings pertain to changes to all cash flows over the next five year period including retirement system cash flows, OPEB cash flows, or cash flows related to other government entities.

An increase in actuarial costs is denoted throughout the actuarial note by "Increase" or a positive number. Actuarial savings are denoted by "Decrease" or a negative number. An increase in expenditures or revenues (fiscal impact) is denoted by "Increase" or a positive number. A decrease in expenditures or revenues is denoted by "decrease" or a negative number.

### **Estimated Actuarial Impact:**

The top part of the following chart shows the estimated change in the *actuarial present value of future benefit payments and expenses*, if any, attributable to the proposed legislation. The bottom part shows the effect on cash flows.

Actuarial Costs Pertaining to:		Actuarial Cost
The Retirement Systems		\$0
Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)		0
Other Government Entities		<u>0</u>
Total		\$0
Five Year Fiscal Cost Pertaining to:	Expenses	Revenues
The Retirement Systems	\$0	\$0
Other Post Employment Benefits	0	0
Other Government Entities	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Total	\$0	\$0

### **Bill Information**

### **Current Law**

Current law provides that the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee (PRSAC) was created within the Department of the Treasury. The chair and vice-chair of PRSAC are members of the committee elected biennially by committee members. No member may serve a chair or vice-chair for more than four consecutive years.

### **Proposed Law**

SB 13 removes PRSAC from the Department of Treasury; it is not re-assigned to any department. However, SB 13 does establish PRSAC as the public retirement and pension system advisor of the Legislature of Louisiana.

SB 13 provides that the only members of PRSAC who may serve as the chair and vice chair are the president of the Senate, or his designee, or the Speaker of the House, or his designee. The President of the Senate, or his designee, will begin to serve as chair on July 1, 2018. The Speaker of the House, or his designee, will begin to serve as vice-chair on the same date.

SB 13 provides that PRSAC may elect any other officers as it deems advisable. No such officer may serve in an office for more than four consecutive years.

### **Implications of the Proposed Changes**

Governance associated with PRSAC is reconfigured.

### I. ACTUARIAL ANALYSIS SECTION

#### A. <u>Analysis of Actuarial Costs</u> (Prepared by the LLA)

This section of the actuarial note pertains to actuarial costs or savings associated with the retirement systems, with OPEB, and with other government entities.

### 1. Retirement Systems

The actuarial present value cost of SB 13 associated with the retirement systems is expected to be \$0. Our analysis is summarized below.

The removal of PRSAC from the Department of Treasury, the identification of PSRAC as an advisor to the legislature, the change in rules regarding who may serve as chair and vice chair and the change of rules regarding other officers elected by PRSAC do not have any effect on actuarial or administrative costs.

#### 2. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

The actuarial present value cost of SB 13 associated with OPEB, including retiree health insurance premiums, is estimated to be \$0. Our analysis is summarized below.

The liability for post-retirement medical insurance protection provided to retirees is not affected by the removal of PRSAC from being within the Department of Treasury, the change in rules for officers, or the identification of PSRAC as an advisor to the legislature.

#### 3. Other Government Entities

The actuarial cost of SB 13 associated with government entities other than the 13 state and statewide retirement systems, is estimated to be \$0.

### B. <u>Actuarial Data, Methods and Assumptions</u> (Prepared by the LLA)

Unless indicated otherwise, the actuarial note for SB 13 was prepared using actuarial data, methods, and assumptions as disclosed in the most recent actuarial valuation report adopted by PRSAC. The data, methods and assumptions are being used to provide consistency with the actuary for the retirement system who may also be providing testimony to the Senate and House retirement committees.

#### C. <u>Actuarial Caveat</u> (Prepared by the LLA)

There is nothing in SB 13 that will compromise the signing actuary's ability to present an unbiased statement of actuarial opinion.

### II. FISCAL ANALYSIS SECTION

Tables A, B, C, and D have been prepared by the LLA. These tables include information developed by the LLA from its own sources as well as information supplied by Tanesha Morgan of the Legislative Fiscal Office (LFO). Table D includes all costs and savings pertaining to Louisiana government.

The LFO has requested that the information supplied by Tanesha Morgan be included in the actuarial note verbatim and without any changes. This information is shown below under Fiscal Costs Received by the LLA from the LFO. The reader should note that complete fiscal cost information is contained within Table D. Fiscal costs developed by the LFO only reflect the portion of Table D that was supplied by the LFO.

Table A pertains to fiscal costs or savings associated with the retirement systems; Table B pertains to OPEB; Table C1 and C2 pertain to fiscal costs associated with government entities other than the retirement systems and sponsors. Table D is the cumulative sum of Tables A, B, C1 and C2.

### A. <u>Estimated Fiscal Impact – Retirement Systems</u> (Prepared by LLA using information supplied by the LFO)

1. Narrative

Table A shows the estimated fiscal impact of the proposed legislation on the retirement systems and the government entities that sponsor them. Fiscal costs and savings include both administrative and actuarial costs and savings. A fiscal cost is denoted by "Increase" or a positive number. Fiscal savings are denoted by "Decrease" or a negative number. A revenue increase is denoted by "Increase" or a positive number. A revenue decrease is denoted by "Decrease" or a negative number.

		R	Retirement Syst	tem	Fiscal Cost:	Tał	ble A		
EXPENDITURES	2018-19	)	2019-2020		2020-2021		2021-2022	2022-23	5 Year Total
State General Fund	\$ (	) \$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Agy Self Generated	\$ (	) \$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Stat Deds/Other	(	)	0		0		0	0	0
Federal Funds	(	)	0		0		0	0	0
Local Funds	(	)	0		0		0	 0	 0
Annual Total	\$ (	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0
REVENUES	2018-19	)	2019-2020		2020-2021		2021-2022	2022-23	5 Year Total
State General Fund	\$ (	) \$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Agy Self Generated	(	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Stat Deds/Other	(	)	0		0		0	0	0
Federal Funds	(	)	0		0		0	0	0
Local Funds	(	)	0		0		0	 0	 0
Annual Total	\$ (	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0

SB 13 will have no effect on retirement related fiscal costs and revenues during the five year measurement period.

## B. <u>Estimated Fiscal Impact – OPEB</u> (Prepared by LLA using information supplied by the LFO)

### 1. Narrative

Table B shows the estimated fiscal impact of SB 13 on actuarial costs or savings associated with OPEB and the government entities that sponsor these benefit programs. Fiscal costs or savings in Table B include administrative costs associated with the government entity sponsoring the OPEB program. A fiscal cost is denoted by "Increase" or a positive number. Fiscal savings are denoted by "Decrease" or a negative number. A revenue increase is denoted by "Increase" or a positive number. A revenue decrease is denoted by "Decrease" or a negative number.

		OPEB Fig	scal (	Cost: Table I	3			
EXPENDITURES	2018-19	2019-2020		2020-2021		2021-2022	2022-23	5 Year Total
State General Fund	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Agy Self Generated	0	0		0		0	0	0
Stat Deds/Other	0	0		0		0	0	0
Federal Funds	0	0		0		0	0	0
Local Funds	 0	 0		0		0	 0	 0
Annual Total	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0
REVENUES	2018-19	2019-2020		2020-2021		2021-2022	2022-23	5 Year Total
State General Fund	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Agy Self Generated	0	0		0		0	0	0
Stat Deds/Other	0	0		0		0	0	0
Federal Funds	0	0		0		0	0	0
Local Funds	 0	 0		0		0	 0	 0
Annual Total	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0

SB 13 will have no effect on OPEB related fiscal costs and revenues during the five year measurement period.

### C. <u>Estimated Fiscal Impact: Other Government Entities (unrelated to the retirement systems or OPEB)</u> (Prepared by the LLA using information supplied by the LFO)

1. Narrative

From time to time, legislation is proposed that has an indirect effect on cash flows associated with other government entities, unrelated to the retirement systems or OPEB. Table C shows the estimated fiscal impact (administrative and actuarial) of SB 13 on such government entities. Table C1 pertains to the state retirement systems. C2 is applicable to the statewide systems. A fiscal cost is denoted by "Increase" or a positive number. Fiscal savings are denoted by "Decrease" or a negative number.

# Fiscal Costs for State Government Entities Other than Retirement Systems: Table C1

			an, Legislativ	iscal Office)		
EXPENDITURES	2018-19	2019-2020	 2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-23	5 Year Total
State General Fund	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Agy Self Generated	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stat Deds/Other	0	0	0	0	0	0
Federal Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0
Local Funds	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0
Annual Total	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
REVENUES	2018-19	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-23	5 Year Total
State General Fund	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Agy Self Generated	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stat Deds/Other	0	0	0	0	0	0
Federal Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0
Local Funds	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0
Annual Total	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0

# Fiscal Costs for Statewide Government Entities Other than Retirement Systems: Table C2

	gislative Auditor)					
EXPENDITURES	2018-19	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-23	5 Year Total
State General Fund	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Agy Self Generated	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stat Deds/Other	0	0	0	0	0	0
Federal Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0
Local Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0
Annual Total	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0

REVENUES	2	2018-19	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-23	5 Year Total
State General Fund	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Agy Self Generated		0	0	0	0	0	0
Stat Deds/Other		0	0	0	0	0	0
Federal Funds		0	0	0	0	0	0
Local Funds		0	 0	 0	 0	0	 0
Annual Total	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0

SB 13 will have no effect on fiscal costs and revenues related to other government entities during the five year measurement period.

## D. <u>Estimated Fiscal Impact – All Retirement Systems, OPEB, and All Government Entities</u> (Prepared by LLA)

1. Narrative

Table D shows the estimated fiscal impact of SB 13 on all government entities within the state of Louisiana. Cell values in Table D are the sum of the respective cell values in Table A, Table B, and Table C. A fiscal cost is denoted by "Increase" or a positive number. Fiscal savings are denoted by "Decrease" or a negative number. A revenue increase is denoted by "Increase" or a negative number. A revenue increase is denoted by "Decrease" or a negative number.

	<b>Total Fiscal Co</b>	st: T	Table D (Cumu	ılati	ve Costs fron	n Ta	ables A, B, C1	an	d C2)	
EXPENDITURES	2018-1	9	2019-2020		2020-2021		2021-2022		2022-23	5 Year Total
State General Fund	\$	0 \$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0
Agy Self Generated	\$	0 \$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0
Stat Deds/Other		0	0		0		0		0	0
Federal Funds		0	0		0		0		0	0
Local Funds		0	0		0		0		0	 0
Annual Total	\$	0 \$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0
REVENUES	2018-1	9	2019-2020		2020-2021		2021-2022		2022-23	 5 Year Total
State General Fund	\$	0 \$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0
Agy Self Generated		0	0		0		0		0	0
Stat Deds/Other		0	0		0		0		0	0
Federal Funds		0	0		0		0		0	0
Local Funds		0	0		0		0		0	 0
Annual Total	\$	0 \$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0

#### Fiscal Costs Received by the LLA from the LFO (Prepared by Tanesha Morgan, Legislative Fiscal Office)

1. Narrative

Proposed law provides that the House Speaker and Senate President (or their designees) rotate as the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee's chair and vice chair biennially beginning on July 1, 2018.

Fiscal Costs for Other Government Entities										
2018-19		2019-2020		2020-2021		2021-2022		2022-23		5 Year Total
\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
0		0		0		0		0		0
0		0		0		0		0		0
0		0		0		0		0		0
0		0		0		0		0		0
\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
		Fiscal           2018-19           \$         0           \$         0           0         0           0         0           0         0           \$         0           \$         0	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		2018-19         2019-2020         2020-2021           \$         0         \$         0           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0	2018-19         2019-2020         2020-2021           \$         0         \$         0         \$           0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$

REVENUES	2018-19	201	19-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-23	5 Year Total
State General Fund	\$ 0	\$	0 \$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Agy Self Generated	0		0	0	0	0	0
Stat Deds/Other	0		0	0	0	0	0
Federal Funds	0		0	0	0	0	0
Local Funds	0		0	0	 0	0	 0
Annual Total	\$ 0	\$	0 \$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0

SB 13 will have the following effects on fiscal costs and revenues related to other government entities during the five year measurement period.

2. Expenditures:

There is no anticipated direct material effect on governmental expenditures as a result of this measure.

3. Revenues:

There is no anticipated direct material effect on governmental revenues as a result of this measure.

## **Credentials of the Signatory Staff:**

Paul T. Richmond is the Manager of Actuarial Services for the Louisiana Legislative Auditor. He is an Enrolled Actuary, a member of the American Academy of Actuaries, a member of the Society of Actuaries and has met the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries necessary to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

John D. Carpenter, Legislative Fiscal Officer, and Bradley Cryer, Assistant Legislative Auditor, have supervised the preparation of the fiscal analyses contained herein.

## Information Pertaining to Article (10)(29)(F) of the Louisiana Constitution

SB 13 contains a retirement system benefit provision having an actuarial cost.

No member of any Louisiana public retirement system will receive a larger benefit with the enactment of SB 13 than what he would have received without SB 13.

## Dual Referral Relative to Total Fiscal Costs or Total Cash Flows:

The information presented below is based on information contained in Table D for the first three years following the 2018 regular session.

<u>Senate</u>		<u>Hou</u>	ise	
13.5.1	Applies to Senate or House Instruments.		6.8F	Applies to Senate or House Instruments.
	If an annual fiscal cost $\geq$ \$100,000, then bill is dual referred to:			If an annual General Fund fiscal cost $\geq$ \$100,000, then the bill is dual referred to:
	Dual Referral: Senate Finance			Dual Referral to Appropriations
13.5.2	Applies to Senate or House Instruments.		6.8G	Applies to Senate Instruments only.
	If an annual tax or fee change $\geq$ \$500,000, then the bill is dual referred to:			If a net fee decrease occurs or if an increase in annual fees and taxes $\geq$ \$500,000, then the bill is dual referred to:
	Dual Referral: Revenue and Fiscal Affairs			Dual Referral: Ways and Means