SLS 18RS-1914 ORIGINAL

2018 Regular Session

SENATE BILL NO. 555

BY SENATOR LAFLEUR

BONDS. Authorizes the securitization of the economic damage portion of the Deepwater Horizon income stream. (gov sig)

1 AN ACT

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To amend and reenact R.S. 39:91(B) and (E) and to enact Subpart F-2 of Part II-A of Chapter 1 of Subtitle I of Title 39 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, to be comprised of R.S. 39:99.51 through 99.69, relative to the issuance of bonds to securitize the state's allocation of the economic damage settlement of the Deepwater Horizon oil spill economic damage litigation; to create the Louisiana Economic Financing Corporation; to provide for the qualifications of the members of the corporation; to provide for the authority of the corporation to issue bonds; to provide for the sale of certain assets of the state to the corporation; to provide for the deposit of the proceeds of the sale into the Deepwater Horizon Economic Damages Collection Fund; to provide for the use of the monies in the Deepwater Horizon Economic Damages Collection Fund; to authorize the financing, purchase, ownership, and management of payments from the Deepwater Horizon economic damage settlement; to provide for the security for the payment of the bonds; to provide for bond validation actions; to provide for tax exemptions; to provide for ancillary contracts and derivative instruments; to provide for an effective date; and to provide for related matters.

l	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
2	Section 1. R.S. 39:91(B) and (E) are hereby amended and reenacted and Subpart F-2
3	of Part II-A of Chapter 1 of Subtitle I of Title 39 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950,
4	comprised of R.S. 39:99.51 through 99.69, is hereby enacted to read as follows:
5	§91. Deepwater Horizon Economic Damages Collection Fund
6	A.
7	* * *
8	B. All After making the deposit to the Fiscal Year 2015-2016 Deficit
9	Elimination Fund as provided in Subsection A of this Section, the treasurer
10	shall deposit the economic damages proceeds from the DWH litigation: in excess
11	of the first two hundred million dollars deposited in the Fiscal Year 2015-2016
12	Deficit Elimination Fund
13	(1) Received by the state as a result of the sale of all or a portion of the
14	economic damage proceeds as provided in Subpart F-2 of this Part, including
15	any residual interests, in the Construction Subfund within the Transportation
16	Trust Fund.
17	(2) Received by the state from the DWH litigation and which are not sold
18	as provided in Subpart F-2 of this Part, in the Construction Subfund within the
19	Transportation Trust Fund.
20	shall be deposited by the treasurer as follows:
21	(1) Forty-five percent of each such receipt of economic damages proceeds to
22	the Budget Stabilization Fund until that fund reaches the amount statutorily
23	mandated by R.S. 39:94.
24	(2) Forty-five percent of each such receipt of economic damages proceeds to
25	the Medicaid Trust Fund for the Elderly provided for in R.S. 46:2691 until an
26	amount not to exceed seven hundred million dollars has been deposited into such
27	<del>fund.</del>
28	(3) Ten percent of each such receipt of economic damages proceeds to the

Health Trust Fund provided for in R.S. 46:2731 until an amount not to exceed thirty

1	million dollars has been deposited into such fund. The proceeds deposited into the
2	Construction Subfund shall be appropriated solely for the direct costs
3	associated with actual project delivery, construction, and maintenance of
4	transportation and capital transit infrastructure projects of the state and local
5	governments, and shall not be used by the Department of Transportation and
6	Development for the payment of employee wages and related benefits or
7	employee retirement benefits.
8	* * *
9	E. This Subpart shall be null, void, and of no effect at the later of the:
10	(1) The date of the conclusion of the DWH litigation of.
11	(2) July 1, 2024.
12	(3) Two years after all outstanding bonds or other indebtedness,
13	including refunding bonds, issued pursuant to Subpart F-2 of this Part and
14	payable from the sale of all or a portion of the state's recovery of economic
15	damages as a result of the settlement of the Deepwater Horizon economic
16	damage litigation, are retired and the corporation no longer has any bonds or
17	indebtedness outstanding.
18	* * *
19	SUBPART F-2. LOUISIANA ECONOMIC
20	SETTLEMENT FINANCING CORPORATION
21	§99.51. Title
22	This Subpart shall be known and may be cited as the "Louisiana
23	<b>Economic Settlement Financing Corporation Act".</b>
24	§99.52. Definitions
25	As used in this Subpart:
26	(1) "Agreement" means the agreement or agreements, as authorized
27	under this Subpart, between the state of Louisiana, as the seller, and the
28	corporation, as the purchaser, of the DWH economic damage revenue assets.
29	The sale by the state of the DWH economic damage revenue assets pursuant to

corporation from time to time.

corporation's requirements to pay its operating expenses, debt service, sinking

other contractual obligations to the holders or that may be incurred in connection with the issuance or repayment of the bonds, the amounts of which shall be determined by the board on or before January first and July first of each year for the next twelve months, and which, within ten days after each determination, shall be transferred and paid by the corporation to the state treasurer for deposit in and credit to the Deepwater Horizon Economic Damages Collection Fund pursuant to the agreement between the state and the corporation.

(19) "State allocation" means all economic damages to be received by the state of Louisiana beginning in 2009 and ending in 2033 as a result of the Deepwater Horizon economic damage consent decree, including all of the state of Louisiana's allocable share as determined under the decree, without giving effect to any sale of any portion of the allocable share.

(20) "Consent decree" means the settlement agreement and related documents between the state of Louisiana, other states bordering on the Gulf of Mexico, local governments, and BP Exploration & Production, Inc. settling the claims of economic damage, which consent decree was approved by the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Louisiana on April 4, 2016.

# §99.53. Corporation created; domicile; fiscal year

The Louisiana Economic Financing Corporation is hereby created as a special purpose, public corporate entity, an instrumentality independent of the state. The corporation shall be a public corporate body, intended, created, and empowered to effectuate only the purposes set forth in this Subpart, and shall have a legal existence, separate and distinct from the state of Louisiana. The domicile of the corporation shall be East Baton Rouge Parish. The corporation shall operate on a fiscal year basis commencing on July first and ending on June thirtieth of each year.

§99.54. Governing board; membership; terms; compensation and expenses; chairman and vice chairman; quorum; employees; agents;

limitation of liability

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A. The Louisiana Economic Financing Corporation shall be governed by a board which shall exercise all powers, rights, and duties conferred by this Subpart or other provisions of law upon the corporation. The board shall consist of the governor, the state treasurer, the attorney general, the president of the Senate, the speaker of the House of Representatives, or their designees, and seven members appointed by the governor with one member appointed from each congressional district and the remaining member or members appointed from the state at large. The members of the board who are appointed by the governor shall represent the state's diverse population as near as practicable, and shall have a background and significant experience in financial management and investments. The members of the board appointed by the governor shall be subject to Senate confirmation and shall serve at the pleasure of the governor for terms of four years each, or until their successors shall have been appointed and qualified, as designated by the governor. Any appointment to fill a vacancy on the board shall be made for the unexpired term of the member whose death, resignation, or removal created such vacancy. Members on the board may be appointed to an additional term.

B. The members of the board shall not receive compensation by reason of their membership on the board or attendance at meetings of the board. The appointed members of the board shall receive a per diem allowance to be established by the board in an amount not to exceed the amount of per diem authorized for members of the legislature for attendance at meetings of the corporation or its committees or for other official duties of the corporation or its board, and all members may be reimbursed for travel expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties. The travel expense reimbursement shall be fixed by the corporation in an amount not to exceed those authorized under

state travel regulations.

C. The members of the board shall annually elect a chairperson and vice chairperson, and, except for secretary-treasurer of the board, any other officers as the members determine necessary. The state treasurer shall serve as secretary-treasurer of the corporation and board. The chairperson shall sign and execute all vouchers and other orders for the disbursement of funds belonging to the corporation upon authorization by the board. The vice chairperson shall exercise the powers of the chairperson when directed by the chairperson or when the chairperson is absent. Seven members of the board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of all business of the corporation. Meetings of the board shall be held at a time and place as determined by and at the call of the chairperson or when requested by a majority of the members, provided that the board shall meet no less than once annually.

D. The board may delegate its powers to its chairperson, the secretary-treasurer, officers of the corporation, or committees of the board, with those standards for the exercise of delegated powers as the board may specify, and may, to the extent not inconsistent with the rights of the holders, revoke any such delegation.

E. Members of the board and persons acting on the corporation's behalf, while acting within the scope of their duties or employment, shall not be subject to any personal liability resulting from carrying out the powers and duties conferred on them pursuant to this Subpart, and shall have the indemnification rights provided in R.S. 13:5108.1 with respect to their actions.

## §99.55. Purposes and powers

A. The corporation is authorized to carry out the financing, purchasing, owning, and managing of the economic damage revenues and the economic damage revenue assets, the corporation being vested, subject to R.S. 39:99.59 and the other provisions of this Subpart, with all the powers of a private corporation to effectuate the purposes of the corporation including, without

1	limitation, the power to sue and be sued, to make contracts, to adopt and use a
2	corporate seal and to alter same, and is further particularly authorized and
3	empowered to:
4	(1) Purchase the economic damage revenue assets and receive, or
5	authorize the indenture trustee to receive, as the same shall become due, the
6	economic damage revenue payments.
7	(2) Adopt, or alter, or repeal any bylaws, rules, or regulations as the
8	board may deem necessary.
9	(3) Issue bonds as authorized by this Subpart and refund any bonds.
10	(4) Commence and prosecute any action or other proceeding to protect
11	or enforce any right conferred upon it by any law, contract, or other agreement.
12	(5) Pay its operating expenses.
13	(6) Determine the amounts of the residual interests, and pay and transfer
14	any residual interests to the state treasurer, semiannually, in accordance with
15	the provisions of this Subpart.
16	(7) Enter into agreements with such parties as the corporation may deem
17	necessary to effectuate the prompt and orderly transfer of the state of
18	Louisiana's allocation and for other purposes that the corporation shall deem
19	advisable.
20	(8) Do any and all other acts and things necessary, convenient,
21	appropriate or incidental in carrying out the provisions of this Subpart.
22	B. The corporation is authorized to incur obligations to pay its operating
23	expenses in any form as may be authorized by the corporation. This Subpart
24	shall govern the issuance of obligations insofar as they may be applicable.
25	C. The corporation shall prepare an operating budget annually which
26	shall be subject to approval by the State Bond Commission and the Joint
27	Legislative Committee on the Budget.
28	D. The corporation shall prepare and submit an annual report to the
29	governor, the State Bond Commission, the Senate committees on finance and

health and welfare, and the House of Representatives committees on
appropriations and health and welfare on or before March first of each year.

The annual report shall contain, among other appropriate matters, the annual
operating and financial statements of the corporation for the fiscal year ending
the preceding June thirtieth.

E. Any funds held by the corporation or by the indenture trustee may be

E. Any funds held by the corporation or by the indenture trustee may be invested and reinvested in investments and securities that are legal investments under the laws of the state of Louisiana for funds of the state, funds of the political subdivisions of the state, or tax exempt bonds as defined in R.S. 49:342(C).

#### §99.56. Corporate existence; dissolution

The corporation shall have perpetual existence. However, the board shall dissolve and terminate the existence of the corporation no later than two years after the date of final payment of all outstanding bonds and the payment or satisfaction of all other outstanding obligations and liabilities of the corporation, except to the extent necessary to remain in existence, and only for the additional time, as shall be necessary to fulfill any outstanding covenants or agreements with holders or other parties made in accordance with the provisions of this Subpart. Upon dissolution of the corporation, title to all assets and properties of the corporation shall vest in and become the property of the state of Louisiana and shall be deposited in and credited to the Deepwater Horizon Economic Damages Collection Fund. The corporation shall execute all necessary conveyances, assignments, or other documents to establish and evidence this transfer and ownership, including all conveyances or assignments of all right, title, and interest to the economic damage revenues.

§99.57. Staff; counsel; assistance by state officers, departments, and agencies;

#### auditors; consultants

A. The staff of the Department of Treasury, including the staff of the State Bond Commission, may, pursuant to a cooperative endeavor agreement,

1	serve as starr to the corporation under the supervision of the state treasurer.
2	B. The attorney general shall, pursuant to a cooperative endeavor
3	agreement, serve as counsel to the corporation, and subject to approval of the
4	State Bond Commission and the attorney general, the corporation may employ
5	or retain any other attorneys as it may deem necessary and fix their
6	compensation.
7	C. State officers, departments, and agencies may render support and
8	services to the corporation within their respective functions, as requested by the
9	corporation.
10	D. The books and accounts of the corporation shall be subject to audit
11	not less than annually by the legislative auditor in accordance with R.S. 24:513.
12	The corporation shall submit to the governor, the attorney general, and the
13	Legislative Audit Advisory Council, within thirty days of its receipt, a copy of
14	every final external audit of the books and accounts of the corporation, other
15	than copies of the reports of examinations of the legislative auditor.
16	E. The corporation may employ or retain professionals, consultants,
17	agents, financial advisers, and accountants as it may deem necessary to carry
18	out its duties under this Subpart and, notwithstanding the provisions of any law
19	to the contrary, it may determine their duties and compensation subject only to
20	the approval of the State Bond Commission.
21	F. The corporation shall be subject to the Code of Governmental Ethics
22	(R.S. 42:1101 et seq.), the Open Meetings Law (R.S. 42:11 et seq.), the Public
23	Records Law (R.S. 44:1 et seq.), and the bond validation procedures law (R.S.
24	13:5121 et seq.).
25	§99.58. Exemption from taxation
26	The exercise of the powers and authorities granted by this Subpart shall
27	be in all respects for the benefit of the citizens of the state of Louisiana and for
28	the promotion of their welfare, convenience, and prosperity. Property of the
29	corporation, whether immovable, movable, corporeal, or incorporeal, and the

income, earnings, and operations of the corporation, shall be exempt from all taxation, fees, or assessments, or any other similar charges.

§99.59. Bankruptcy

Prior to the date that is one year and one day after which the corporation no longer has any bonds outstanding, the corporation is prohibited from filing and shall have no authority to file a voluntary petition under the federal bankruptcy code as it may, from time to time, be amended, and neither any public official nor any organization, entity, or other person shall authorize the corporation to be or to become a debtor under the federal bankruptcy code during that period. The provisions of this Section shall be part of any contractual obligation owed to the holders of bonds issued under this Subpart. Any contractual obligation shall not subsequently be modified by state law during the period of the contractual obligation, and the state of Louisiana hereby covenants with the holders that the state shall not limit or alter the denial of authority under this Section during the period referred to in the first sentence hereof.

§99.60. Exclusive jurisdiction and venue; service of process; bond validation actions

The Nineteenth Judicial District Court for the state of Louisiana shall have exclusive jurisdiction and venue of any suit or action of any nature brought by or against the corporation. Any suit or action to determine or contest the validity of bonds of the corporation shall be brought and conducted only in accordance with R.S. 13:5121 et seq.

# §99.61. Sale of economic damage revenue assets

A. The State Bond Commission subject to approval of the Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget and subject to approval by a majority vote of the legislature if the legislature is in session and by mail ballot during the interim, may sell and convey, from time to time, a portion of the state allocation to the corporation, up to one hundred percent from and after that date, and, in

particular, to execute and deliver an agreement on the closing date. The agreement shall provide, among other matters, that the purchase price payable by the corporation to the state for the economic damage revenue assets sold, up to one hundred percent of the state allocation from and after that date, shall consist of the net proceeds, after financing costs, of the first issue of economic damage revenue bonds and the residual interests to be paid and transferred semiannually pursuant to the provisions of this Subpart.

B. Any sale of economic damage revenue assets in accordance with this Section shall be treated as a true sale and absolute conveyance and transfer of the property, and all of the right, title, and interest in and to the property, so conveyed and transferred, and not as a pledge or any other security interest or lien for borrowing. The characterization of such a sale as an absolute transfer by the parties and shall not be negated or adversely affected if less than all of the state allocation is conveyed and transferred, nor by the state's acquisition of residual interests or a subordinate interest in the economic damage revenue assets, nor by any characterization of the corporation or its bonds for purposes of accounting, taxation, or securities regulation, nor by any other factor whatsoever.

# §99.62. Ownership of economic damage revenue assets and economic damage revenue payments

On and after the effective date of each sale of economic damage revenue assets, the state of Louisiana shall have no right, title, or interest in or to the economic damage revenue assets sold and conveyed; and the economic damage revenue payments shall be property of the corporation and not of the state, and shall be owned, received, held, and disbursed by the corporation or the indenture trustee and not the state or the state treasury. On or before the closing date and the effective date of any subsequent sale, the state, through the attorney general, shall notify the appropriate parties that the economic damage revenue assets have been sold and conveyed to the corporation, irrevocably

1 instruct the parties or any successor agency that, subsequent to the closing date 2 or other effective date, the economic damage revenue payments are to be paid 3 directly to the corporation or to the indenture trustee or other designee for the account of the corporation, and take such other actions necessary and 4 5 appropriate to effectuate the notice and instruction. 6 §99.63. Issuance of bonds of the corporation 7 A.(1) In order to provide current assets and funds for the Deepwater 8 Horizon Economic Damages Collection Fund pursuant to this Subpart for the 9 benefit of the state, the board may provide by resolution, at one time or from 10 time to time, for the issuance of bonds of the corporation in the amount or 11 amounts as the board shall determine, subject to the approval of the State Bond 12 Commission and the Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget. 13 (2) The bonds shall be payable solely from funds of the corporation, including, without limitation, all or any combination of the following sources: 14 15 (i) Economic damage revenue assets. 16 (ii) The proceeds of the sales of any such bonds. (iii) Earnings on funds of the corporation or the indenture trustee. 17 18 (iv) Income. 19 (v) Any other funds as may become available, as shall be provided by the 20 resolution of the board authorizing any bonds. 21 (3) Bonds issued under the provisions of this Subpart shall not be 22 deemed to be nor constitute a debt or obligation of the state of Louisiana or a pledge of the full faith or credit of the state, and all bonds shall contain on their 23 24 face a statement to the effect that neither the full faith and credit nor the taxing 25 power nor any other asset or revenues of the state or any political subdivision of the state is or shall be obligated or pledged to the payment of the principal of 26 27 or the interest on the bonds. 28 B. The bonds of each issue shall be dated, shall bear interest, which may

be includable or excludable in the gross income of the holder for federal income

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tax purposes, at such fixed or variable rates, payable at or prior to maturity, and shall mature at the time or times, as may be determined by the board and may be redeemable before maturity, at the option of the corporation, at such price or prices and under such terms and conditions as may be fixed by the board, subject to the approval of the State Bond Commission and the Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget. The board shall determine the form of the bonds, the manner of execution of the bonds, and shall fix the denomination or denominations of the bonds and the place or places of payment of principal and interest, which may be at any bank or trust company within or without the state. The bonds shall be issued in registered form. The board may sell the bonds in the manner, either at public or at private sale, and for the price as it may determine to be in the best interests of the corporation, subject to approval of the State Bond Commission and the Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget. The proceeds of the bonds shall be disbursed for the purposes for which the bonds were issued under the restrictions, if any, as the laws of the state of Louisiana and the resolution authorizing the issuance of such bonds or the trust indenture may provide. The corporation may also provide for temporary bonds and for the replacement of any bond that shall become mutilated or shall be destroyed or lost. Bonds may be issued without any other proceedings or the happening of any other conditions or things than the proceedings, conditions, and things that are specified and required by this Subpart.

C. Bonds of the corporation shall not be invalid because of any irregularity or defect in the proceedings or in the issuance and sale thereof and shall be incontestable in the hands of a bona fide purchaser or holder. The corporation, after authorizing the issuance of bonds by resolution, shall publish once in a newspaper of general circulation in the parish in which the corporation is domiciled, a notice of intention to issue the bonds. The notice shall include a description of the bonds and their security. Within thirty days after the publication, any person in interest may contest the legality of the

bonds shall be presumed conclusively to be legal. Thereafter no court shall have

provisions or proceedings relating to their authorization and issuance, and the

authority to inquire into these matters.

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D. Neither the members of the board, its staff, nor any other person or persons executing the bonds shall be subject to any personal liability or responsibility by reason of their issuance, and shall have the indemnification rights provided in R.S. 13:5108.1 with respect to such issuance.

§99.64. Security for payment of bonds; provisions of trust indenture or resolution

A. Any bonds issued, and any ancillary contracts or derivative instruments made under the provisions of this Subpart, may be secured by a trust indenture by and between the corporation and the indenture trustee, which may be any trust company or bank having the powers of a trust company, whether located within or without the state. The trust indenture, or the resolution of the board providing for the issuance of the bonds, may:

- (1) Pledge or assign all or any part of the income or other assets of the corporation available for such purpose.
- (2) Provide for the creation and maintenance of such reserves as the board shall determine to be proper.
- (3) Include covenants setting forth the duties of the corporation in relation to the bonds, the income of the corporation, and the economic damage revenue assets.
  - (4) Contain provisions respecting the custody, safeguarding, and

application of all monies and securities and provisions for protecting and
enforcing the rights and remedies, pursuant thereto and to the related
agreement, of the holders and other beneficiaries as may be reasonable and
proper and not in violation of law.

(5) Contain other provisions as the corporation may deem reasonable and proper for priorities and subordination among the holders and other beneficiaries. Any reference in this Subpart to a resolution of the board shall include any trust indenture authorized by the board.

B. Any pledge or security interest made by the corporation shall be valid and binding from the time when the pledge or security interest is made. The income or other assets so pledged and then or thereafter received by the corporation shall immediately be subject to the lien of the pledge or security interest without any physical delivery or further act, and the lien of any pledge or security interest shall be valid and binding as against all parties asserting or having claims of any kind in tort, contract or otherwise against the corporation, irrespective of whether the parties have notice thereof. Neither the resolution nor any other instrument by which a pledge or security interest is created need be recorded or filed to perfect such pledge or security interest.

C. Whether or not the bonds are of the form and character as to be negotiable instruments under the provisions of the Uniform Commercial Code, the bonds are hereby made negotiable instruments for all purposes, subject only to the provisions of the bonds for registration.

# §99.65. Ancillary contracts and derivative instruments

A. The corporation may execute, amend, or terminate, as it determines to be necessary or appropriate, any ancillary contracts (i) to facilitate the issuance, sale, resale, purchase, repurchase, or payments of bonds, including without limitation bond insurance, letters of credit and liquidity facilities, or (ii) to attempt to hedge risk or achieve a desirable effective interest rate or cash flow, subject to approval of the State Bond Commission and the Joint

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Legislative Committee on the Budget. The determination of the board, so approved, that an ancillary contract or the amendment or termination thereof is necessary or appropriate as aforesaid shall be conclusive. The contracts shall be made upon the terms and conditions established by the board and approved by the State Bond Commission and the Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget, including without limitation provisions as to security, default, termination, payment, remedy, and consent to service of process.

B. The corporation may execute, amend, or terminate, any derivative instrument that it determines to be necessary or appropriate to place the obligations or investments of the corporation, as represented by the bonds or the investment of their proceeds, in whole or in part, on the interest rate, cash flow or other basis desired by the board, which contract may include without limitation contracts commonly known as interest rate swap agreements, and futures or contracts providing for payments based on levels of, or changes in, interest rates, subject to approval of the State Bond Commission and the Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget. These contracts or arrangements may be executed by the corporation, subject to approval of the State Bond Commission and the Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget, in connection with, or incidental to, entering into, or maintaining any (i) agreement which secures bonds, or (ii) investment or contract providing for investment otherwise authorized by law. The determination of the board, so approved, that a derivative instrument or the amendment or termination of the derivative instrument is necessary or appropriate, shall be conclusive. These contracts and arrangements may contain such payment, security, default, remedy, and other terms and conditions as determined by the board and approved by the State Bond Commission and the Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget, after giving consideration to the creditworthiness of the counterparty or other obligated party, including any rating by any nationally recognized rating agency, and any other criteria as may be appropriate.

1	§99.66. Bonds exempt from taxation
2	The bonds, their transfer, and the income therefrom, including any
3	profit made on their sale, shall at all times be free and exempt from taxation by
4	the state of Louisiana and by any other political subdivision of the state.
5	§99.67. Bond and other proceeds received by the state
6	All proceeds and monies received by the state, whether received as
7	purchase price for economic damage revenue assets sold or as the residual
8	interests or in any other way pursuant to this Subpart, shall be deposited in and
9	credited to the Deepwater Horizon Economic Damages Collection Fund.
10	§99.68. Pledge and agreement
11	The state covenants and agrees with the corporation, and the holders of
12	the bonds in which the corporation has included such pledge and agreement,
13	that the state shall:
14	(1) Irrevocably direct the necessary parties or any successor agency to
15	transfer all conveyed economic damage revenue payments directly to the
16	corporation or its assignee.
17	(2) Enforce the corporation's rights to receive the economic damage
18	revenue payments to the full extent permitted by the law.
19	(3) Not amend the state law in any manner that would materially impair
20	the rights of the holders.
21	(4) Not limit or alter the rights of the corporation to fulfill the terms of
22	its agreements with the holders.
23	(5) Not in any way impair the rights and remedies of the holders or the
24	security for the bonds until such bonds, together with the interest thereon and
25	all costs and expenses in connection with any action or proceeding by or on
26	behalf of the holders, are fully paid and discharged.
27	§99.69. Construction and effect
28	This Subpart and all powers granted hereby shall be liberally construed
29	to effectuate its and their purposes, without implied limitations thereon. This

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Subpart shall constitute full and complete authority for all things in this Subpart contemplated to be done. All rights and powers granted pursuant to this Subpart shall be cumulative with those derived from other sources and shall not, except as expressly stated in this Subpart, be construed in limitation thereof. Insofar as the provisions of this Subpart are inconsistent with the provisions of any other law, general or special, the provisions of this Subpart shall control. If a provision of this Subpart or its application is held invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other provisions or application of this Subpart which can be given effect without the invalid provisions or application.

Section 2. This Act shall become effective upon signature by the governor or, if not signed by the governor, upon expiration of the time for bills to become law without signature by the governor, as provided by Article III, Section 18 of the Constitution of Louisiana. If vetoed by the governor and subsequently approved by the legislature, this Act shall become effective on the day following such approval.

The original instrument and the following digest, which constitutes no part of the legislative instrument, were prepared by Martha S. Hess.

## DIGEST 2018 Regular Session

LaFleur

<u>Proposed law</u> creates the Louisiana Economic Financing Corporation as a special purpose, public corporate entity, which is an independent instrumentality of the state, and domiciled in East Baton Rouge Parish.

<u>Proposed law</u> creates a board consisting of the governor, the state treasurer, the attorney general, the president of the Senate, and speaker of the House of Representatives, or their designees, and seven members appointed by the governor with one member appointed from each of the seven congressional districts.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that the members of the board appointed by the governor shall be subject to Senate confirmation, shall represent the state's diverse population as near as practicable, and shall have a background and significant experience in financial management and investments. Provides that the members of the board appointed by the governor serve at the pleasure of the governor for terms of four years each, or until their successors shall have been appointed and qualified. Also provides that the board members shall not receive compensation but shall receive a per diem for attending meetings of the corporation or committees and may be reimbursed for travel expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides for annual election of a chairperson and vice chairperson. Provides for the state treasurer to serve as secretary-treasurer of the corporation and board. Provides that seven members of the board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of all business of the corporation. Provides that the board shall meet no less than once annually.

Coding: Words which are struck through are deletions from existing law; words in **boldface type and underscored** are additions.

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<u>Proposed law</u> provides that the corporation's purpose is to carry out the financing, purchasing, owning, and managing of the state allocation of the Deepwater Horizon economic damage revenues. Provides that upon dissolution of the corporation, title to all assets and properties of the corporation shall vest in and become the property of the state and shall be deposited in and credited to the Deepwater Horizon Economic Damages Collection Fund.

<u>Present law</u> provides for the creation of the Deepwater Horizon Economic Damages Collection Fund, and provides that all economic damage proceeds from the Deepwater Horizon litigation in excess of the first \$200 million deposited into the FY 15-16 Deficit Elimination Fund, shall be deposited into the Economic Damages Collection Fund and then deposited as follows:

- (1) 45% to the Budget Stabilization Fund.
- (2) 45% to the Trust Fund for the Elderly.
- (3) 10% to the Health Trust Fund.

<u>Proposed law</u> revises <u>present law</u> to provide that after making the \$200 million to the Fiscal Year 2015-2016 Deficit Elimination Fund, the treasurer shall deposit the economic damage proceeds received by the state as a result of the sale of all or a portion of the economic damage proceeds as provided in <u>proposed law</u>, including any residual interests, in the Construction Subfund within the Transportation Trust Fund. <u>Proposed law</u> further provides that the economic damage proceeds received by the state from the DWH litigation and which are not sold as provided in <u>proposed law</u>, shall be deposited in the Construction Subfund within the Transportation Trust Fund. The proceeds deposited into the Construction Subfund shall be appropriated solely for the direct costs associated with actual project delivery, construction, and maintenance of transportation and capital transit infrastructure projects of the state and local governments, and shall not be used by the Department of Transportation and Development for the payment of employee wages and related benefits or employee retirement benefits.

<u>Proposed law</u> further provides that <u>present law</u> shall be null and void no later than two years after such time as any bonds or indebtedness issued pursuant to <u>proposed law</u> are retired and the corporation has no outstanding indebtedness.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that the staff of the Department of Treasury, including that of the State Bond Commission, may, pursuant to a cooperative endeavor agreement, serve as staff to the corporation under the supervision of the state treasurer. Further provides that the attorney general shall, pursuant to a cooperative endeavor agreement, serve as counsel to the corporation, and, subject to the approval of the attorney general and the State Bond Commission, the corporation may employ or retain such other attorneys as it may deem necessary and fix their compensation.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that the books and accounts of the corporation shall be subject to audit not less than annually by the legislative auditor. Provides that the corporation may employ or retain such professionals, consultants, agents, financial advisers, and accountants as it may deem necessary to carry out its duties under the <u>proposed law</u> and, the provisions of any other law to the contrary notwithstanding, may determine their duties and compensation subject only to the approval of the State Bond Commission.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides exemption from all taxation, fees, or assessments, or any other similar charges for all property of the corporation.

<u>Proposed law</u> prohibits the corporation from filing for voluntary bankruptcy while bonds are outstanding.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that the corporation is subject to the Code of Governmental Ethics, the Open Meetings Law, the Public Records Law, and the bond validation procedures law.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that the State Bond Commission, subject to approval of the Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget and subject to approval by a majority vote of the legislature if the legislature is in session and by mail ballot during the interim, is authorized to sell and convey, from time to time, a portion of the state allocation to the corporation, up to one hundred percent thereof.

<u>Proposed law</u> further provides that, in order to provide current assets and funds for the Deepwater Horizon Economic Damages Collection Fund, the corporation board may provide for the issuance of bonds, subject to the approval of the State Bond Commission and Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that such bonds shall be payable solely from funds of the corporation, including, without limitation, all or any combination of the following sources:

- (1) Economic damage revenue assets.
- (2) The proceeds of the sales of any such bonds.
- (3) Earnings on funds of the corporation or the indenture trustee.
- (4) Income.
- (5) Such other funds as may become available.

<u>Proposed law</u> further provides that bonds issued under the provisions of <u>proposed law</u> shall not be deemed to nor constitute a debt or obligation of the state or a pledge of the faith or credit of the state. Provides for security for payment of bonds through trust indentures. Provides for ancillary contracts and derivative instruments to facilitate the issuance, sale, resale, purchase, repurchase or payments of bonds or the making or performance of swap contracts, subject to the approval of the State Bond Commission and Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that the bonds shall be exempt from taxation by the state and by any other political subdivision of the state. Provides that all proceeds and monies received by the state, whether received as economic damage revenue assets sold or as the residual interests, shall be deposited in and credited to the Deepwater Horizon Economic Damages Collection Fund.

Effective upon signature of the governor or lapse of time for gubernatorial action.

(Amends R.S. 39:91(B) and (E); adds R.S. 39:99.51-99.69)