2018 Regular Session

HOUSE BILL NO. 147

BY REPRESENTATIVE DWIGHT

(On Recommendation of the Louisiana State Law Institute)

ENROLLED

ACT No. 21

1	AN ACT
2	To amend and reenact R.S. 40:34.2(2)(a)(introductory paragraph), 34.5(A), and 46.4(A), to
3	enact Civil Code Article 190.1 and R.S. 40:34.5.1 and 34.5.2, and to repeal R.S.
4	40:46.9, relative to filiation; to provide for presumptions of paternity; to provide for
5	the acknowledgment of a child; to provide relative to the birth certificate of the child;
6	to provide for a three-party acknowledgment of paternity; to provide for DNA
7	testing; to provide for the creation of a form; and to provide for related matters.
8	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
9	Section 1. R.S. 40:34.2(2)(a)(introductory paragraph), 34.5(A), and 46.4(A) are
10	hereby amended and reenacted and R.S. 40:34.5.1 and 34.5.2 are hereby enacted to read as
11	follows:
12	§34.2. Original birth certificate; required contents; name of child
13	* * *
14	(2) Surname.
15	(a) Except Unless otherwise provided by law and except as otherwise
16	provided in Subparagraph (c) of this Paragraph, if the child is born to a mother who
17	either is married or was married within three hundred days prior to the birth of the
18	child, the surname of the child shall be recorded in accordance with the following
19	requirements:
20	* * *

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Revision	Comments	- 2018
	Comments	- 2010

The "unless otherwise provided by law" clause in Subparagraph (2)(a) refers to the special rule in R.S. 40:34.5.1, which provides for the possibility of a different surname of the child when the mother, the husband or former husband of the mother, and the biological father of the child execute the three-party acknowledgment under that statute. * §34.5. Original birth certificate; required contents; name of father A. If the child is born to a mother who either is married or was married within three hundred days prior to the birth of the child, the full name of the father shall be recorded in the same manner provided for the recordation of the surname of the child in R.S. 40:34.2(2)(a) and (c), unless otherwise provided by law. **Revision Comments-2018** The "unless otherwise provided by law" clause in Subsection A refers to the special rule in R.S. 40:34.5.1, which provides for the possibility of a different surname of the child when the mother, the husband or former husband of the mother, and the biological father of the child execute the three-party acknowledgment under that statute. §34.5.1. Three-party acknowledgment of paternity; effect Notwithstanding the provisions of R.S. 40:34.2(2)(a) and (c) and 34.5(A), the husband or former husband presumed to be the father of the child, the mother, and

- 23 <u>the biological father of the child may execute a three-party acknowledgment of</u>
- 24 paternity pursuant to Civil Code Article 190.1 on the form provided by the Louisiana
- 25 Department of Health. Upon receipt of that form and a certified report of blood or
- tissue sampling which indicates by a ninety-nine and nine-tenths percentage point
 threshold probability that the biological father is the father of the child, the state
- 28 <u>registrar shall:</u>
 - (1) For the father of the child, record the full name of the biological father.
 - (2) For the surname of the child, record the maiden name or surname of the
- 31 mother, at her discretion. However, if the biological father and the mother agree, the
- 32 state registrar shall record as the surname of the child the maiden name or surname
- 33 of the mother, the surname of the biological father, or a combination of the surname
- 34 of the biological father and the maiden name or surname of the mother.

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1	§34.5.2. Form and notice for three-party acknowledgment of paternity
2	The Louisiana Department of Health, office of public health, shall develop
3	a form, and a notice of consequences of executing the form, for the purposes of
4	implementing R.S. 40:34.5.1. The form shall include the following:
5	(1) A declaration in authentic form by the husband or former husband
6	presumed to be the father of the child that he is not the father of the child.
7	(2) A declaration in authentic form by the biological father that he is the
8	father of the child and that a certified report of blood or tissue sampling indicates by
9	a ninety-nine and nine-tenths percentage point threshold probability that he is the
10	biological father of the child.
11	(3) A declaration in authentic form by the mother, husband or former
12	husband presumed to be the father of the child, and the biological father of the child
13	that each understands the form and has executed it voluntarily, and that each has
14	received written notice of the consequences of executing the form.
15	* * *
15 16	 * * * \$46.4. Change of paternal filiation; disavowal of paternity <u>or three-party</u>
16	§46.4. Change of paternal filiation; disavowal of paternity or three-party
16 17	§46.4. Change of paternal filiation; disavowal of paternity or three-party acknowledgment
16 17 18	 §46.4. Change of paternal filiation; disavowal of paternity <u>or three-party</u> <u>acknowledgment</u> A. If the surname of the child, the name of the father of the child, or other
16 17 18 19	 §46.4. Change of paternal filiation; disavowal of paternity <u>or three-party</u> <u>acknowledgment</u> A. If the surname of the child, the name of the father of the child, or other information pertaining to the father as it was entered on the birth certificate was that
16 17 18 19 20	 §46.4. Change of paternal filiation; disavowal of paternity or three-party acknowledgment A. If the surname of the child, the name of the father of the child, or other information pertaining to the father as it was entered on the birth certificate was that of the man who was presumed to be the father of the child under Civil Code Article
16 17 18 19 20 21	 §46.4. Change of paternal filiation; disavowal of paternity or three-party acknowledgment A. If the surname of the child, the name of the father of the child, or other information pertaining to the father as it was entered on the birth certificate was that of the man who was presumed to be the father of the child under Civil Code Article 185, 186, or 195, and if the man or his successor, after the birth certificate was
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 §46.4. Change of paternal filiation; disavowal of paternity or three-party acknowledgment A. If the surname of the child, the name of the father of the child, or other information pertaining to the father as it was entered on the birth certificate was that of the man who was presumed to be the father of the child under Civil Code Article 185, 186, or 195, and if the man or his successor, after the birth certificate was prepared, obtains a final and definitive judgment disavowing paternity of the child
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	§46.4. Change of paternal filiation; disavowal of paternity or three-party acknowledgment A. If the surname of the child, the name of the father of the child, or other information pertaining to the father as it was entered on the birth certificate was that of the man who was presumed to be the father of the child under Civil Code Article 185, 186, or 195, and if the man or his successor, after the birth certificate was prepared, obtains a final and definitive judgment disavowing paternity of the child or the parties execute the three-party acknowledgment provided in Civil Code Article
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	 §46.4. Change of paternal filiation; disavowal of paternity or three-party acknowledgment A. If the surname of the child, the name of the father of the child, or other information pertaining to the father as it was entered on the birth certificate was that of the man who was presumed to be the father of the child under Civil Code Article 185, 186, or 195_a and if the man or his successor, after the birth certificate was prepared, obtains a final and definitive judgment disavowing paternity of the child or the parties execute the three-party acknowledgment provided in Civil Code Article 190.1, the state registrar, upon receipt of a certified copy of that judgment or of the
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	 §46.4. Change of paternal filiation; disavowal of paternity or three-party acknowledgment A. If the surname of the child, the name of the father of the child, or other information pertaining to the father as it was entered on the birth certificate was that of the man who was presumed to be the father of the child under Civil Code Article 185, 186, or 195¹ and if the man or his successor; after the birth certificate was prepared; obtains a final and definitive judgment disavowing paternity of the child or the parties execute the three-party acknowledgment provided in Civil Code Article 190.1, the state registrar, upon receipt of a certified copy of that judgment or of the three-party acknowledgment and certified report of blood or tissue sampling which

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1	(1) Strikethroughs: Strike through the surname of the child, the name of the
2	father of the child, and all other information pertaining to him, in particular, his age,
3	race, ethnicity, residence, birthplace, and social security number.
4	(2) Additions:
5	(a) If the judgment of disavowal does not trigger the presumption of
6	paternity established in the first sentence of the second paragraph of Civil Code
7	Article 186, the state registrar shall amend the birth certificate as follows: for the
8	surname of the child, enter the maiden name or surname of the mother of the child,
9	at her discretion.
10	(b) If the judgment of disavowal action triggers the presumption of paternity
11	established in the first sentence of the second paragraph of Civil Code Article 186,
12	the state registrar shall amend the birth certificate as follows:
13	(i) For the surname of the child, enter either that of the second husband of
14	the mother of the child or, if both he and the mother agree, her maiden name or
15	surname or a combination of his surname and her maiden name or surname.
16	(ii) For the name of the father of the child, his age, race, ethnicity, residence,
17	birthplace, and social security number, enter those of the second husband of the
18	mother.
19	(c) If the state registrar receives the three-party acknowledgment provided
20	in R.S. 40:34.5.1, the state registrar shall amend the birth certificate as follows:
21	(i) For the surname of the child, enter the maiden name or surname of the
22	mother, at her discretion. However, if the biological father and the mother agree, the
23	state registrar shall enter as the surname of the child the maiden name or surname of
24	the mother, the surname of the biological father, or a combination of the surname of
25	the biological father and the maiden name or surname of the mother.
26	(ii) For the name of the father of the child, his race, ethnicity, residence,
27	birthplace, and social security number, enter those of the biological father.
28	* * *
29	Section 2. Civil Code Article 190.1 is hereby enacted to read as follows:
30	Art. 190.1. Three-party acknowledgment; alternative to disavowal; time period

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1	If blood or tissue sampling indicates by a ninety-nine and nine-tenths
2	percentage point threshold probability that the biological father is the father of the
3	child and he is not the husband or former husband presumed to be the father of the
4	child, then the husband or former husband presumed to be the father of the child, the
5	mother, and the biological father of the child may execute a three-party
6	acknowledgment in authentic form declaring that the husband or former husband is
7	not the father of the child and that the biological father is the father of the child.
8	When a three-party acknowledgment is executed, the husband or former husband is
9	not presumed to be the father of the child. The biological father who has
10	acknowledged the child by three-party acknowledgment is presumed to be the father
11	of the child.
12	To have effect, this acknowledgment shall be executed no later than ten years
13	from the day of the birth of the child but never more than one year from the day of
14	the death of the child. These time periods are peremptive.
15 16 17	Revision Comments - 2018 For the method of changing the child's birth certificate, see R.S. 40:34.5.1 and 34.5.2.
18	Section 3. R.S. 40:46.9 is hereby repealed in its entirety.
19	Section 4. This Act shall become effective upon signature by the governor or, if not
20	signed by the governor, upon expiration of the time for bills to become law without signature
21	by the governor, as provided by Article III, Section 18 of the Constitution of Louisiana. If
22	vetoed by the governor and subsequently approved by the legislature, this Act shall become
23	effective on the day following such approval.

SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA

APPROVED: _____

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